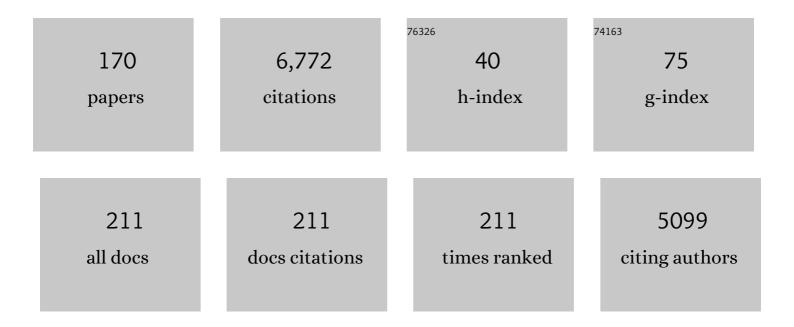
Catherine Deneux-tharaux

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Conservative management or cesarean hysterectomy for placenta accreta spectrum? LocalÂresources and organization of care matter. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 226, 872.	1.3	7
2	Conservative management or cesarean hysterectomy for placenta percreta? A subgroup analysis of the PACCRETA study is needed. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 227, 117-118.	1.3	1
3	World Health Organization Recommendation for Using Uterine Balloon Tamponade to Treat Postpartum Hemorrhage. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 139, 458-462.	2.4	9
4	Conservative management or cesarean hysterectomy for placenta accreta spectrum: the PACCRETA prospective study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 226, 839.e1-839.e24.	1.3	27
5	Assessing conservative management vs cesarean hysterectomy for placenta accreta spectrum: the importance of comparing data collected at the same study period. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, , .	1.3	1
6	Severe maternal morbidity among undocumented migrant women in the PreCARE prospective cohort study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2022, 129, 1762-1771.	2.3	8
7	Implicit biases and differential perinatal care for migrant women: Methodological framework and study protocol of the BiP study part 3✰,✰✰. Journal of Gynecology Obstetrics and Human Reproduction, 2022, 51, 102340.	1.3	7
8	Placenta accreta spectrum – variations in clinical practice and maternal morbidity between the <scp>UK</scp> and France: a populationâ€based comparative study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2022, 129, 1676-1685.	2.3	7
9	6th Report on maternal deaths in France 2013-2015, lessons learned to improve care. Journal of Gynecology Obstetrics and Human Reproduction, 2022, 51, 102367.	1.3	1
10	Tranexamic acid for the prevention of postpartum hemorrhage in women undergoing cesarean delivery. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 226, 755-756.	1.3	5
11	Antepartum severe maternal morbidity: A populationâ€based study of risk factors and delivery outcomes. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2022, 36, 171-180.	1.7	3
12	Posttraumatic Stress Disorder Symptoms 2 Months After Vaginal Delivery. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 139, 63-72.	2.4	20
13	Fibrinogen concentrate and maternal outcomes in severe postpartum hemorrhage: A population-based cohort study with a propensity score-matched analysis. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 2022, 81, 110874.	1.6	1
14	Tranexamic acid for the prevention of blood loss after cesarean among women with twins: a secondary analysis of the TRAnexamic Acid for Preventing Postpartum Hemorrhage Following a Cesarean Delivery randomized clinical trial. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 227, 889.e1-889.e17.	1.3	6
15	Exploring the socioeconomic disparities of maternal body mass index: a national study in France. European Journal of Public Health, 2022, 32, 528-534.	0.3	4
16	Postdischarge outcomes of readmitted women included in the PACCRETA study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 227, 795-798.	1.3	1
17	An economic evaluation of tranexamic acid to prevent postpartum haemorrhage in women with vaginal delivery: the randomised controlled TRAAP trial. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2021, 128, 114-120.	2.3	7
18	Understanding maternal mortality in women with obesity and the role of care they receive: a national case-control study. International Journal of Obesity, 2021, 45, 258-265.	3.4	20

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Gestational anaemia and severe acute maternal morbidity: a populationâ€based study*. Anaesthesia, 2021, 76, 61-71.	3.8	23
20	A total blood volume or more transfused during pregnancy or after childbirth: Individual patient data from six international population-based observational studies. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0244933.	2.5	3
21	Management of major obstetric hemorrhage prior to peripartum hysterectomy and outcomes across nine European countries. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2021, 100, 1345-1354.	2.8	5
22	Contribution of Prepregnancy Obesity to Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Severe Maternal Morbidity. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 137, 864-872.	2.4	7
23	Prevalence of hypertensive disorders during pregnancy in France (2010â€2018): The Nationwide CONCEPTION Study. Journal of Clinical Hypertension, 2021, 23, 1344-1353.	2.0	21
24	Evaluation of the severe preeclampsia classification criterion for antiphospholipid syndrome in a study of 40 patients. Arthritis Research and Therapy, 2021, 23, 134.	3.5	4
25	Maternal Intensive Care Unit Admission as an Indicator of Severe Acute Maternal Morbidity: A Population-Based Study. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2021, , .	2.2	7
26	Effectiveness of uterine tamponade devices for refractory postpartum haemorrhage after vaginal birth: a systematic review. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2021, 128, 1732-1743.	2.3	9
27	Importance of the Assessment Time Window for Intravenous Tranexamic Acid and Thromboembolic Events. JAMA Surgery, 2021, , .	4.3	3
28	Use of labour neuraxial analgesia according to maternal immigration status: a national cross-sectional retrospective population-based study in France. British Journal of Anaesthesia, 2021, 127, 942-952.	3.4	5
29	Methods of induction of labor and women's experience: a population-based cohort study with mediation analyses. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2021, 21, 621.	2.4	6
30	Repeated maternal ICU admission: Results from a nationwide analysis. Anaesthesia, Critical Care & Pain Medicine, 2021, 40, 100905.	1.4	0
31	Clinical profiles of placenta accreta spectrum: the PACCRETA populationâ€based study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2021, 128, 1646-1655.	2.3	24
32	An Economic Evaluation of Tranexamic Acid to Prevent Postpartum Hemorrhage in Women With Vaginal Delivery: The Randomized Controlled TRAAP Trial. Obstetric Anesthesia Digest, 2021, 41, 184-185.	0.1	0
33	A population-based analysis of French transfusion practices for women experiencing severe postpartum hemorrhage. International Journal of Obstetric Anesthesia, 2020, 42, 11-19.	0.4	19
34	Monitoring severe acute maternal morbidity across Europe: A feasibility study. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2020, 34, 416-426.	1.7	14
35	Delivery Hospital Characteristics and Postpartum Maternal Mortality: A National Case–Control Study in France. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2020, 130, 52-62.	2.2	9
36	Association between planned mode of delivery and severe maternal morbidity in women with breech presentations: A secondary analysis of the PREMODA prospective general population study. Journal of Gynecology Obstetrics and Human Reproduction, 2020, 49, 101662.	1.3	7

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37	Do obstetricians apply the national guidelines? A vignetteâ€based study assessing practices for the prevention of preterm birth. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2020, 127, 467-476.	2.3	16
38	Association between Migrant Women's Legal Status and Prenatal Care Utilization in the PreCARE Cohort. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 7174.	2.6	15
39	P79â€Predictors of adverse neonatal outcome during the pregnancy of women with antiphospholipid syndrome in the French GR2 prospective study. , 2020, , .		0
40	Epidemiological analysis of peripartum hysterectomy across nine European countries. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2020, 99, 1364-1373.	2.8	33
41	Anaphylaxis in pregnancy: a populationâ€based multinational European study. Anaesthesia, 2020, 75, 1469-1475.	3.8	16
42	Severe maternal morbidity by mode of delivery in women with twin pregnancy and planned vaginal delivery. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 4944.	3.3	7
43	Increased risk of severe maternal morbidity in women with twin pregnancies resulting from oocyte donation. Human Reproduction, 2020, 35, 1922-1932.	0.9	11
44	Risk factors and high-risk subgroups of severe acute maternal morbidity in twin pregnancy: A population-based study. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0229612.	2.5	8
45	TRAAP2 - TRAnexamic Acid for Preventing postpartum hemorrhage after cesarean delivery: a multicenter randomized, doubleblind, placebo- controlled trial – a study protocol. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2020, 20, 63.	2.4	29
46	Maternal obesity and severe pre-eclampsia among immigrant women: a mediation analysis. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 5215.	3.3	13
47	AB0433â€HIGH RISK OF MATERNAL THROMBOTIC AND SEVERE HEMORRHAGIC COMPLICATIONS IN 119 PROSPECTIVE PREGNANCIES ASSOCIATED WITH ANTIPHOSPHOLIPID SYNDROME (GR2 STUDY). Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, 2020, 79, 1515.1-1516.	0.9	0
48	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0229612.		0
49	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0229612.		0
50	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0229612.		0
51	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0229612.		0
52	The International Network of Obstetric Survey Systems study of uterine rupture: a descriptive multi ountry populationâ€based study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2019, 126, 370-381.	2.3	47
53	Tranexamic acid for childbirth: why, when, and for whom. Expert Review of Hematology, 2019, 12, 753-761.	2.2	13
54	Differential rates of cesarean delivery by maternal geographical origin: a cohort study in France. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2019, 19, 217.	2.4	18

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55	Comparison of effectiveness and safety of cervical ripening methods for induction of labour: A populationâ€based study using coarsened exact matching. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2019, 33, 313-322.	1.7	7
56	Non-clinical interventions to prevent postpartum haemorrhage and improve its management: A systematic review. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2019, 240, 300-309.	1.1	4
57	Risk factors, management, and outcomes of amniotic fluid embolism: A multicountry, population-based cohort and nested case-control study. PLoS Medicine, 2019, 16, e1002962.	8.4	30
58	Anaphylaxis-related mortality in the obstetrical setting: analysis of the French National Confidential Enquiry into Maternal Deaths from 2001 to 2012. British Journal of Anaesthesia, 2019, 123, e151-e153.	3.4	11
59	Maternal admissions to intensive care units in France: Trends in rates, causes and severity from 2010 to 2014. Anaesthesia, Critical Care & Pain Medicine, 2019, 38, 363-369.	1.4	7
60	148: Mode of conception and risk of severe acute maternal morbidity in twin pregnancies. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 220, S113-S114.	1.3	0
61	147: Risk factors of severe maternal morbidity in twin pregnancy: national population-based cohort study in France. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 220, S112-S113.	1.3	0
62	Risk of severe maternal morbidity associated with cesarean delivery and the role of maternal age: a population-based propensity score analysis. Cmaj, 2019, 191, E352-E360.	2.0	65
63	Risk of severe maternal morbidity associated with inÂvitro fertilisation: a populationâ€based study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2019, 126, 1033-1041.	2.3	18
64	Monitoring quality of obstetric care from hospital discharge databases: A Delphi survey to propose a new set of indicators based on maternal health outcomes. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0211955.	2.5	12
65	Maternal admissions to Intensive Care Units in France: trends in rates, causes and severity. European Journal of Public Health, 2019, 29, .	0.3	1
66	Severe Acute Maternal Morbidity in Twin Compared With Singleton Pregnancies. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 133, 1141-1150.	2.4	45
67	Associations between maternal obesity and severe maternal morbidity: Findings from the French <scp>EPIMOMS</scp> populationâ€based study. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2019, 33, 7-16.	1.7	34
68	Defining definitions: a Delphi study to develop a core outcome set for conditions of severe maternal morbidity. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2019, 126, 394-401.	2.3	65
69	The impact of reclassifying suicides in pregnancy and in the postnatal period on maternal mortality ratios. BJOC: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2019, 126, 1088-1092.	2.3	10
70	Épidémiologie de la mortalité maternelle en France, 2010–2012. Anesthésie & Réanimation, 2018,	4016-35.	0
71	Association between inadequate antenatal care utilisation and severe perinatal and maternal morbidity: an analysis in the Pre <scp>CARE</scp> cohort. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2018, 125, 587-595.	2.3	52

⁷²Maternal Death Due to Amniotic Fluid Embolism: A National Study in France. Anesthesia and Analgesia,
2018, 126, 175-182.2.229

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Authors' reply re: Association between inadequate antenatal care utilisation and severe perinatal and maternal morbidity: an analysis in the Pre <scp>CARE</scp> cohort. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2018, 125, 626-626.	2.3	1
74	The Oxytocin Product Correlates with Total Oxytocin Received during Labor: A Research Methods Study. American Journal of Perinatology, 2018, 35, 078-083.	1.4	6
75	Intrauterine fetal deaths related to antiphospholipid syndrome: a descriptive study of 65 women. Arthritis Research and Therapy, 2018, 20, 249.	3.5	12
76	Tranexamic Acid for the Prevention of Blood Loss after Vaginal Delivery. New England Journal of Medicine, 2018, 379, 731-742.	27.0	178
77	Undiagnosed abnormal postpartum blood loss: Incidence and risk factors. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0190845.	2.5	27
78	585: Severe acute maternal morbidity in France: the epimoms population-based study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 216, S345-S346.	1.3	17
79	Authors' reply Quantifying haemorrhage is a central difficulty when dealing with primary postpartum haemorrhage. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2017, 124, 526-527.	2.3	0
80	Pregnancy Complications and Women's Longâ€Term Health: Challenges for Research and Care. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2017, 31, 219-220.	1.7	3
81	Re: Does tranexamic acid prevent postpartum haemorrhage? A systematic review of randomised controlled trials. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2017, 124, 982-982.	2.3	8
82	Invasive therapies for primary post-partum haemorrhage as missed opportunities for medical prevention. Current Opinion in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 29, 66-70.	2.0	1
83	Exploring the hypothesis of differential care for African immigrant and native women in France with hypertensive disorders during pregnancy: a qualitative study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2017, 124, 1858-1865.	2.3	31
84	Risk of Tranexamic Acid for Treatment of Postpartum Hemorrhage. American Journal of Kidney Diseases, 2017, 69, 160.	1.9	2
85	Risk factors for chronic post-traumatic stress disorder development one year after vaginal delivery: a prospective, observational study. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 8724.	3.3	40
86	Oxytocin administration during spontaneous labor: Guidelines for clinical practice. Introduction and methodology. Journal of Gynecology Obstetrics and Human Reproduction, 2017, 46, 465-467.	1.3	1
87	Oxytocin administration during spontaneous labor: Guidelines for clinical practice. Guidelines short text. Journal of Gynecology Obstetrics and Human Reproduction, 2017, 46, 539-543.	1.3	21
88	Tranexamic Acid for the Management of Obstetric Hemorrhage. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 130, 1386-1386.	2.4	7
89	Association between maternal social deprivation and prenatal care utilization: the PreCARE cohort study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2017, 17, 126.	2.4	46
90	Comparison of postpartum haemorrhage guidelines: discrepancies underline our lack of knowledge. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2017, 124, 718-722.	2.3	47

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	NAITRE study on the impact of conditional cash transfer on poor pregnancy outcomes in underprivileged women: protocol for a nationwide pragmatic cluster-randomised superiority clinical trial in France. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e017321.	1.9	3
92	Staff and Institutional Factors Associated with Substandard Care in the Management of Postpartum Hemorrhage. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0151998.	2.5	9
93	Caesarean Delivery and Postpartum Maternal Mortality: A Population-Based Case Control Study in Brazil. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0153396.	2.5	73
94	Intensive care and pregnancy: Epidemiology and general principles of management of obstetrics ICU patients during pregnancy. Anaesthesia, Critical Care & Pain Medicine, 2016, 35, S51-S57.	1.4	35
95	Hospital-Level Factors Associated with Anesthesia-Related Adverse Events in Cesarean Deliveries, New York State, 2009–2011. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2016, 122, 1947-1956.	2.2	24
96	Tranexamic acid for preventing postpartum blood loss at cesarean delivery: is evidence sufficient?. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2016, 95, 836-836.	2.8	8
97	Re: The risks of planned vaginal breech delivery versus planned caesarean section for term breech birth: a metaâ€analysis including observational studies. BJOC: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 123, 145-147.	2.3	8
98	Authors' reply re: Invasive therapies for primary postpartum haemorrhage: a populationâ€based study in France. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 123, 1034-1034.	2.3	1
99	Invasive therapies for primary postpartum haemorrhage: a populationâ€based study in France. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 123, 598-605.	2.3	24
100	Why women with previous caesarean and eligible for a trial of labour have an elective repeat caesarean delivery? A national study in France. BJOC: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 123, 1664-1673.	2.3	16
101	Prophylactic tranexamic acid in addition to uterotonics may prevent blood loss for vaginal and caesarean deliveries. Evidence-Based Medicine, 2016, 21, 97-97.	0.6	7
102	Association entre les intervalles d'augmentation de l'oxytocine pendant le travail et le risque d'hémorragie du post-partum. Revue Sage - Femme, 2016, 15, 238-245.	0.1	1
103	510: Risk of severe maternal morbidity associated with in vitro fertilization. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, S277-S278.	1.3	0
104	Postpartum haemorrhage: prevention and treatment. Expert Review of Hematology, 2016, 9, 1043-1061.	2.2	91
105	Shoulder dystocia: guidelines for clinical practice from the French College of Gynecologists and Obstetricians (CNGOF). European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2016, 203, 156-161.	1.1	40
106	<scp>WHO</scp> Statement on Caesarean Section Rates. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 123, 667-670.	2.3	672
107	Postpartum hemorrhage: guidelines for clinical practice from the French College of Gynaecologists and Obstetricians (CNGOF). European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2016, 198, 12-21.	1.1	211
108	A global reference for caesarean section rates (Câ€Model): a multicountry crossâ€sectional study. BJOC: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 123, 427-436.	2.3	92

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109	Tranexamic Acid for Prevention PPH: a Promising Drug But Today Only a Promising Drug. Transfusion Medicine Reviews, 2016, 30, 100.	2.0	6
110	Variations in Postpartum Hemorrhage Management among Midwives: A National Vignette-Based Study. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0152863.	2.5	14
111	Pregnancy in sickle cell disease is at very high risk. Blood, 2015, 125, 3216-3217.	1.4	9
112	What is the optimal rate of caesarean section at population level? A systematic review of ecologic studies. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, 57.	3.1	356
113	What Is the True Incidence of Postpartum Hemorrhage?. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2015, 121, 1397.	2.2	1
114	Authors' reply re: Stabilising the caesarean rate: which target population?. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2015, 122, 1713-1714.	2.3	2
115	Duration of Expulsive Efforts and Risk of Postpartum Hemorrhage in Nulliparous Women: A Population-Based Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0142171.	2.5	23
116	Pregnancy-Related ICU Admissions in France. Critical Care Medicine, 2015, 43, 78-86.	0.9	55
117	Severity of postâ€partum hemorrhage after vaginal delivery is not predictable from clinical variables available at the time postâ€partum hemorrhage is diagnosed. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Research, 2015, 41, 199-206.	1.3	18
118	Stabilising the caesarean rate: which target population?. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2015, 122, 690-699.	2.3	68
119	Tranexamic acid for the prevention and treatment of postpartum haemorrhage. British Journal of Anaesthesia, 2015, 114, 576-587.	3.4	97
120	Study protocol. TRAAP - TRAnexamic Acid for Preventing postpartum hemorrhage after vaginal delivery: a multicenter randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2015, 15, 135.	2.4	46
121	Maternal mortality among women with sickle-cell disease in France, 1996–2009. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2015, 194, 183-188.	1.1	32
122	141: The oxytocin product is a simple and accurate tool to estimate oxytocin exposure during labor. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 212, S87.	1.3	1
123	Quality of reporting of studies evaluating time to diagnosis: a systematic review in paediatrics. Archives of Disease in Childhood, 2014, 99, 244-250.	1.9	19
124	Severe postpartum haemorrhage after vaginal delivery: a statistical process control chart to report seven years of continuous quality improvement. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2014, 178, 169-175.	1.1	5
125	Pitfalls of National Routine Death Statistics for Maternal Mortality Study. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2014, 28, 479-488.	1.7	9
126	Why Children with Severe Bacterial Infection Die: A Population–Based Study of Determinants and Consequences of Suboptimal Care with a Special Emphasis on Methodological Issues. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e107286.	2.5	39

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127	<scp>PACCRETA</scp> : Clinical situations at high risk of Placenta <scp>ACCRETA</scp> /Percreta: impact of diagnostic methods and management on maternal morbidity. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2013, 92, 476-482.	2.8	40
128	Transfusion practices in postpartum hemorrhage: a populationâ€based study. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2013, 92, 404-413.	2.8	27
129	Effect of routine controlled cord traction as part of the active management of the third stage of labour on postpartum haemorrhage: multicentre randomised controlled trial (TRACOR). BMJ, The, 2013, 346, f1541-f1541.	6.0	73
130	Delivery for women with a previous cesarean: guidelines for clinical practice from the French College of Gynecologists and Obstetricians (CNGOF). European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2013, 170, 25-32.	1.1	155
131	5: Should routine controlled cord traction be part of the active management of third stage of labor? The Tracor multicenter randomized controlled trial. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 208, S4.	1.3	1
132	136: Duration of expulsive efforts and postpartum hemorrhage risk in nulliparous women. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 208, S70-S71.	1.3	0
133	Ten Years of Confidential Inquiries Into Maternal Deaths in France, 1998–2007. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 122, 752-760.	2.4	115
134	Effect of routine controlled cord traction as part of the active management of the third stage of labour on postpartum haemorrhage: multicentre randomised controlled trial (TRACOR). BMJ, The, 2013, 346, f2542-f2542.	6.0	0
135	Manual Rotation to Decrease Operative Delivery in Posterior or Transverse Positions. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 122, 634-640.	2.4	50
136	Association Between Fibrinogen Level and Severity of Postpartum Hemorrhage. Obstetric Anesthesia Digest, 2013, 33, 99-100.	0.1	0
137	Effect of routine controlled cord traction as part of the active management of the third stage of labour on postpartum haemorrhage: multicentre randomised controlled trial (TRACOR). BMJ, The, 2013, 347, f6619-f6619.	6.0	1
138	Induction of Labor and Risk of Postpartum Hemorrhage in Low Risk Parturients. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e54858.	2.5	54
139	Postpartum Haemorrhage in Canada and France: A Population-Based Comparison. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e66882.	2.5	27
140	Association between fibrinogen level and severity of postpartum haemorrhage: secondary analysis of a prospective trial. British Journal of Anaesthesia, 2012, 108, 984-989.	3.4	229
141	Understanding regional differences in maternal mortality: a national case–control study in France. BJOC: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2012, 119, 573-581.	2.3	25
142	Critical care and transfusion management in maternal deaths from postpartum haemorrhage. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2011, 158, 183-188.	1.1	41
143	Hospital discharge data can be used for monitoring procedures and intensive care related to severe maternal morbidity. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2011, 64, 1014-1022.	5.0	96
144	Postpartum Hemorrhage Resulting From Uterine Atony After Vaginal Delivery. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 117, 21-31.	2.4	153

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
145	Prostaglandin E2 Analogue Sulprostone for Treatment of Atonic Postpartum Hemorrhage. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 118, 257-265.	2.4	27
146	Clinical audit: a useful tool for reducing severe postpartum haemorrhages?. International Journal for Quality in Health Care, 2011, 23, 583-589.	1.8	25
147	Oxytocin during labour and risk of severe postpartum haemorrhage: a population-based, cohort-nested case-control study. BMJ Open, 2011, 1, e000514-e000514.	1.9	186
148	Effect of a Collector Bag for Measurement of Postpartum Blood Loss After Vaginal Delivery: Cluster Randomised Trial in 13 European Countries. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2010, 65, 358-360.	0.4	0
149	Author response to: Factors relating to a rising incidence of major postpartum haemorrhage. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2010, 117, 370-371.	2.3	0
150	Confidential enquiries into maternal deaths. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2010, 117, 894-895.	2.3	9
151	Multifaceted intervention to decrease the rate of severe postpartum haemorrhage: the PITHAGORE6 clusterâ€randomised controlled trial. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2010, 117, 1278-1287.	2.3	83
152	Effect of a collector bag for measurement of postpartum blood loss after vaginal delivery: cluster randomised trial in 13 European countries. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2010, 340, c293-c293.	2.3	98
153	Pulmonary embolism in pregnancy. Lancet, The, 2010, 375, 1778.	13.7	0
154	Policies for manual removal of placenta at vaginal delivery: variations in timing within Europe. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2009, 116, 119-124.	2.3	28
155	Management of placenta accreta. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2009, 116, 1536-1537.	2.3	13
156	Practices for prevention, diagnosis and management of postpartum haemorrhage: impact of a regional multifaceted intervention. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2009, 116, 1325-1333.	2.3	35
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