

Bethany K Redel

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

18
papers

482
citations

840776

11
h-index

888059

17
g-index

18
all docs

18
docs citations

18
times ranked

554
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Gene editing provides a tool to investigate genes involved in reproduction of pigs. <i>Molecular Reproduction and Development</i> , 2023, 90, 459-468.	2.0	0
2	Production of Pigs From Porcine Embryos Generated in vitro. <i>Frontiers in Animal Science</i> , 2022, 3, .	1.9	10
3	Neither gonadotropin nor cumulus cell expansion is needed for the maturation of competent porcine oocytes in vitro. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2021, 105, 533-542.	2.7	8
4	Cardiovascular Development and Congenital Heart Disease Modeling in the Pig. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2021, 10, e021631.	3.7	21
5	Effects of RAD51-stimulatory compound 1 (RS-1) and its vehicle, DMSO, on pig embryo culture. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2021, 105, 44-52.	2.9	3
6	Challenges and Considerations during In Vitro Production of Porcine Embryos. <i>Cells</i> , 2021, 10, 2770.	4.1	15
7	A porcine model of phenylketonuria generated by CRISPR/Cas9 genome editing. <i>JCI Insight</i> , 2020, 5, .	5.0	29
8	In Vitro Maturation, Fertilization, and Culture of Pig Oocytes and Embryos. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2019, 2006, 93-103.	0.9	23
9	Pharmacologic treatment of donor cells induced to have a Warburg effect-like metabolism does not alter embryonic development in vitro or survival during early gestation when used in somatic cell nuclear transfer in pigs. <i>Molecular Reproduction and Development</i> , 2018, 85, 290-302.	2.0	5
10	Glutamine supplementation enhances development of in vitro-produced porcine embryos and increases leucine consumption from the medium. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2018, 99, 938-948.	2.7	42
11	Quadrupling efficiency in production of genetically modified pigs through improved oocyte maturation. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, E5796-E5804.	7.1	102
12	Glycine supplementation in vitro enhances porcine preimplantation embryo cell number and decreases apoptosis but does not lead to live births. <i>Molecular Reproduction and Development</i> , 2016, 83, 246-258.	2.0	33
13	Meganucleases Revolutionize the Production of Genetically Engineered Pigs for the Study of Human Diseases. <i>Toxicologic Pathology</i> , 2016, 44, 428-433.	1.8	21
14	PS48 can replace bovine serum albumin in pig embryo culture medium, and improve in vitro embryo development by phosphorylating AKT. <i>Molecular Reproduction and Development</i> , 2015, 82, 315-320.	2.0	23
15	Arginine increases development of in vitro-produced porcine embryos and affects the protein arginine methyltransferase-dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase-nitric oxide axis. <i>Reproduction, Fertility and Development</i> , 2015, 27, 655.	0.4	32
16	Dickkopf-Related Protein 1 Inhibits the WNT Signaling Pathway and Improves Pig Oocyte Maturation. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e95114.	2.5	23
17	Glycolysis in preimplantation development is partially controlled by the Warburg Effect. <i>Molecular Reproduction and Development</i> , 2012, 79, 262-271.	2.0	82
18	Replacement of bovine serum albumin with N-methyl-D-aspartic acid and homocysteine improves development, but not live birth. <i>Molecular Reproduction and Development</i> , 2012, 79, 310-310.	2.0	10