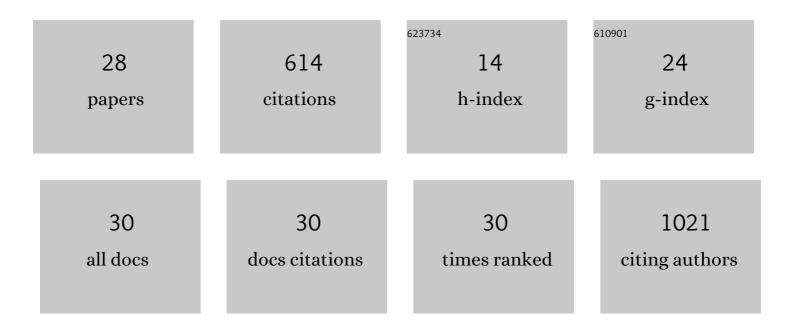
Karen M Davison

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Refugee status is associated with double the odds of psychological distress in mid-to-late life: Findings from the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. International Journal of Social Psychiatry, 2021, 67, 747-760.	3.1	5
2	A Comparison of Mental Health, Food Insecurity, and Diet Quality Indicators between Foreign-Born Immigrants of Canada and Native-Born Canadians. Journal of Hunger and Environmental Nutrition, 2021, 16, 109-132.	1.9	15
3	Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) in mid-age and older adults differs by immigrant status and ethnicity, nutrition, and other determinants of health in the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA). Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2021, 56, 963-980.	3.1	9
4	Interventions to Support Mental Health among Those with Health Conditions That Present Risk for Severe Infection from Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19): A Scoping Review of English and Chinese-Language Literature. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 7265.	2.6	6
5	Nutritional Factors, Physical Health and Immigrant Status Are Associated with Anxiety Disorders among Middle-Aged and Older Adults: Findings from Baseline Data of The Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA). International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 1493.	2.6	11
6	Psychological distress in older adults linked to immigrant status, dietary intake, and physical health conditions in the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA). Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 265, 526-537.	4.1	24
7	Close Relations Matter: The Association Between Depression and Refugee Status in the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA). Journal of Immigrant and Minority Health, 2020, 22, 946-956.	1.6	18
8	Depression in middle and older adulthood: the role of immigration, nutrition, and other determinants of health in the Canadian longitudinal study on aging. BMC Psychiatry, 2019, 19, 329.	2.6	33
9	Food Security in the Context of Paternal Incarceration: Family Impact Perspectives. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 776.	2.6	5
10	Medical nutrition therapy in Canadian federal correctional facilities. BMC Health Services Research, 2019, 19, 89.	2.2	8
11	Comparison of Nutrigenomics Technology Interface Tools for Consumers and Health Professionals: A Sequential Explanatory Mixed Methods Investigation. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2019, 21, e12580.	4.3	7
12	Cereal fiber, fruit fiber, and type 2 diabetes: Explaining the paradox. Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications, 2018, 32, 240-245.	2.3	59
13	Independent associations and effect modification between lifetime substance use and recent mood disorder diagnosis with household food insecurity. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0191072.	2.5	16
14	Comparison of Nutrigenomics Technology Interface Tools for Consumers and Health Professionals: Protocol for a Mixed-Methods Study. JMIR Research Protocols, 2018, 7, e115.	1.0	5
15	The development of a national nutrition and mental health research agenda with comparison of priorities among diverse stakeholders. Public Health Nutrition, 2017, 20, 712-725.	2.2	17
16	Food Insecurity, Poor Diet Quality, and Suboptimal Intakes of Folate and Iron Are Independently Associated with Perceived Mental Health in Canadian Adults. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 274.	4.1	55
17	Defining Research Priorities for Nutrition and Mental Health: Insights from Dietetics Practice. Canadian Journal of Dietetic Practice and Research, 2016, 77, 35-42.	0.6	5
18	Association of moderate and severe food insecurity with suicidal ideation in adults: national survey data from three Canadian provinces. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2015, 50, 963-972.	3.1	88

KAREN M DAVISON

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Food insecurity in adults with mood disorders: prevalence estimates and associations with nutritional and psychological health. Annals of General Psychiatry, 2015, 14, 21.	2.7	35
20	Sex differences and eating disorder risk among psychiatric conditions, compulsive behaviors and substance use in a screened Canadian national sample. General Hospital Psychiatry, 2014, 36, 411-414.	2.4	16
21	Lipophilic Statin Use and Suicidal Ideation in a Sample of Adults With Mood Disorders. Crisis, 2014, 35, 278-282.	1.2	20
22	Nutrient- and non-nutrient-based natural health product (NHP) use in adults with mood disorders: prevalence, characteristics and potential for exposure to adverse events. BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine, 2013, 13, 80.	3.7	9
23	The relationships among psychiatric medications, eating behaviors, and weight. Eating Behaviors, 2013, 14, 187-191.	2.0	15
24	Energy under-reporting in adults with mood disorders: prevalence and associated factors. Eating and Weight Disorders, 2013, 18, 323-327.	2.5	4
25	Nutrient Intakes are Correlated with Overall Psychiatric Functioning in Adults with Mood Disorders. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2012, 57, 85-92.	1.9	61
26	Food intake and blood cholesterol levels of community-based adults with mood disorders. BMC Psychiatry, 2012, 12, 10.	2.6	28
27	Vitamin and Mineral Intakes in Adults with Mood Disorders: Comparisons to Nutrition Standards and Associations with Sociodemographic and Clinical Variables. Journal of the American College of Nutrition, 2011, 30, 547-558.	1.8	27
28	Primary Health Care, Mental Health, And the Dietitian's Role. Canadian Journal of Dietetic Practice and Research, 2006, 67, S47-S53.	0.6	11