

Katherine Conigrave

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

143
papers

4,982
citations

136950
32
h-index

102487
66
g-index

144
all docs

144
docs citations

144
times ranked

5364
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Opportunities for intervention for alcohol and other drug use problems for men before prison: A qualitative study. <i>Health Promotion Journal of Australia</i> , 2023, 34, 570-578.	1.2	0
2	Patterns of drinking in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples as self-reported on the Grog Survey App: A representative urban and remote sample. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2022, 41, 114-124.	2.1	9
3	Coming of age: 21% of years of providing opioid substitution treatment within an Aboriginal community-controlled primary health service. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2022, 41, 260-264.	2.1	5
4	Perspectives of prisoners on alcohol and other drug group treatment approaches. <i>International Journal of Prisoner Health</i> , 2022, 18, 55-65.	0.9	4
5	Support for Aboriginal health services in reducing harms from alcohol: 2-year service provision outcomes in a cluster randomized trial. <i>Addiction</i> , 2022, 117, 796-803.	3.3	6
6	Effects of service-wide support on regularity of alcohol screening of clients in Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Community Controlled Health Services: a cluster randomised trial. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2022, 17, 13.	2.6	0
7	“The Drug Survey App”: a protocol for developing and validating an interactive population survey tool for drug use among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2022, 17, 17.	2.6	2
8	Alcohol among young people in Iraq: a systematic scoping review. <i>Discover Psychology</i> , 2022, 2, 1.	0.9	3
9	More than three times as many Indigenous Australian clients at risk from drinking could be supported if clinicians used AUDIT-C instead of unstructured assessments. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2022, 17, 23.	2.6	3
10	Alcohol: from Mesopotamia to Modern Iraq. <i>Journal of Ethnicity in Substance Abuse</i> , 2021, 20, 343-365.	0.9	3
11	A Context-Specific Instrument to Record Drinking Behaviour: A Pilot Study on Implications of Identifying the Context of Risky Drinking. <i>Community Mental Health Journal</i> , 2021, 57, 167-177.	2.0	1
12	Acceptability and feasibility of a computer-based application to help Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians describe their alcohol consumption. <i>Journal of Ethnicity in Substance Abuse</i> , 2021, 20, 16-33.	0.9	22
13	A Delphi yarn: applying Indigenous knowledges to enhance the cultural utility of SMART Recovery Australia. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2021, 16, 2.	2.6	4
14	Support can increase use of the AUDIT-C in Australian Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services: a cluster randomized trial. <i>Addiction</i> , 2021, 116, 2304-2315.	3.3	8
15	A multi-methods yarn about <scp>SMART</scp> Recovery: First insights from Australian Aboriginal facilitators and group members. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2021, 40, 1013-1027.	2.1	7
16	Health Risks, Preventive Behaviours and Respiratory Illnesses at the 2019 Arbaeen: Implications for COVID-19 and Other Pandemics. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 3287.	2.6	7
17	Alcohol consumption and dependence is linked to the extent that people experience need satisfaction while drinking alcohol in two Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2021, 16, 23.	2.6	5
18	Prevalence and correlates of alcohol dependence in an Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander representative sample: Using the Grog Survey App. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2021, , .	2.1	6

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19	Factors influencing engagement and utilisation of opium tincture-assisted treatment for opioid use disorder: A qualitative study in Tehran, Iran. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2021, , .	2.1	1
20	Predictors of length of treatment, discharge reason, and re-admission to Aboriginal alcohol and other drug residential rehabilitation services in New South Wales, Australia. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2021, , .	2.1	0
21	New Australian guidelines for the treatment of alcohol problems: an overview of recommendations. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2021, 215, S3-S32.	1.7	34
22	Alcohol dependence in a community sample of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians: harms, getting help and awareness of local treatments. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2021, 16, 65.	2.6	1
23	Indigenous Australian drinking risk: Comparing risk categorisations based on recall of recent drinking occasions to AUDIT-C screening in a representative sample. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2021, , .	2.1	1
24	Revision of the Australian guidelines to reduce health risks from drinking alcohol. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2021, 215, 518-524.	1.7	13
25	Drink driving among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians: What has been done and where to next?. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2021, , .	2.1	1
26	Arbaeen public health concerns: A pilot cross-sectional survey. <i>Travel Medicine and Infectious Disease</i> , 2020, 35, 101546.	3.0	10
27	What is the prevalence of current alcohol dependence and how is it measured for Indigenous people in Australia, New Zealand, Canada and the United States of America? A systematic review. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2020, 15, 32.	2.6	13
28	Understanding the client characteristics of Aboriginal residential alcohol and other drug rehabilitation services in New South Wales, Australia. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2020, 15, 27.	2.6	10
29	Identifying risk and protective factors, including culture and identity, for methamphetamine use in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities: Relevance of the "communities that care" model. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2020, 266, 113451.	3.8	10
30	Onset and trajectory of alcohol and other drug use among Aboriginal men entering a prison treatment program: A qualitative study. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2020, 39, 704-712.	2.1	4
31	What can primary care services do to help First Nations people with unhealthy alcohol use? A systematic review: Australia, New Zealand, USA and Canada. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2020, 15, 31.	2.6	10
32	Survey methods and characteristics of a sample of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous people who have recently used methamphetamine: the NIMAC survey. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2020, 39, 646-655.	2.1	11
33	Drinking risk varies within and between Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander samples: a meta-analysis to identify sources of heterogeneity. <i>Addiction</i> , 2020, 115, 1817-1830.	3.3	19
34	Recruiting a representative sample of urban South Australian Aboriginal adults for a survey on alcohol consumption. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2020, 20, 183.	3.1	16
35	"That thing in his head": Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal Australian caregiver responses to neurodevelopmental disability diagnoses. <i>Sociology of Health and Illness</i> , 2020, 42, 1581-1596.	2.1	15
36	A systematic review of approaches to improve practice, detection and treatment of unhealthy alcohol use in primary health care: a role for continuous quality improvement. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2020, 21, 33.	2.9	17

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37	Alcohol treatment systems in Muslim majority countries: Case study of alcohol treatment policy in Iran. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2020, 80, 102753.	3.3	8
38	Asking young Aboriginal people who use illicit drugs about their healthcare preferences using audioâ€œcomputerâ€œassisted selfâ€œinterviewing. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2019, 38, 482-493.	2.1	3
39	Short screening tools for risky drinking in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians: modified AUDIT-C and a new approach. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2019, 14, 22.	2.6	14
40	Alcohol policy in Iran: Policy content analysis. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2019, 73, 185-198.	3.3	19
41	Patterns of drinking in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples as self-reported on the Grog Survey App: a stratified sample. <i>BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making</i> , 2019, 19, 180.	3.0	8
42	Asking about the last four drinking occasions on a tablet computer as a way to record alcohol consumption in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians: a validation. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2019, 14, 15.	2.6	27
43	Integrated learning in a drug and alcohol university degree for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults: a case study. <i>AlterNative</i> , 2019, 15, 44-51.	1.5	1
44	Supporting Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services to deliver alcohol care: protocol for a cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019, 9, e030909.	1.9	12
45	A Web-Based Therapeutic Program (We Can Do This) for Reducing Methamphetamine Use and Increasing Help-Seeking Among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander People: Protocol for a Randomized Wait-List Controlled Trial. <i>JMIR Research Protocols</i> , 2019, 8, e14084.	1.0	4
46	Standardised alcohol screening in primary health care services targeting Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples in Australia. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2018, 13, 5.	2.6	15
47	Developing a tablet computer-based application (â€œAppâ€œ™) to measure self-reported alcohol consumption in Indigenous Australians. <i>BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making</i> , 2018, 18, 8.	3.0	29
48	Supporting the Aboriginal alcohol and other drug workforce in New South Wales, Australia. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2017, 36, 523-526.	2.1	3
49	Insights into the effective management of support groups for Aboriginal Australian women with substance use disorders. <i>Society, Health & Vulnerability</i> , 2016, 7, 29474.	1.1	0
50	Ready, set, go: a cross-sectional survey to understand priorities and preferences for multiple health behaviour change in a highly disadvantaged group. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2016, 16, 488.	2.2	9
51	Last Drinks Laws: A Health Perspective. <i>Current Issues in Criminal Justice</i> , 2016, 28, 111-116.	1.4	3
52	Extent of alcohol prohibition in civil policy in Muslim majority countries: the impact of globalization. <i>Addiction</i> , 2016, 111, 1703-1713.	3.3	66
53	Civil alcohol policy in Muslim majority countries: need for global tools, expert support and local partnerships. <i>Addiction</i> , 2016, 111, 1718-1719.	3.3	2
54	Mind the gap: What is the difference between alcohol treatment need and access for <sc>A</sc>boriginal and <sc>T</sc>orres <sc>S</sc>trait <sc>I</sc>slander <sc>A</sc>ustralians?. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2016, 35, 456-460.	2.1	10

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55	Randomized Controlled Trial of Mailed Personalized Feedback for Risky Drinkers in the Emergency Department: The Impact on Alcohol Consumption, Alcohol-Related Injuries, and Repeat Emergency Department Presentations. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2015, 39, 1260-1266.	2.4	7
56	Cannabis use and violence in three remote Aboriginal Australian communities: Analysis of clinic presentations. <i>Transcultural Psychiatry</i> , 2015, 52, 827-839.	1.6	7
57	Does a Retrospective Seven-day Alcohol Diary Reflect Usual Alcohol Intake for a Predominantly Disadvantaged Australian Aboriginal Population?. <i>Substance Use and Misuse</i> , 2015, 50, 308-319.	1.4	11
58	Who are the New South Wales Aboriginal drug and alcohol workforce? A first description. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2015, 34, 312-322.	2.1	11
59	Identifying Aboriginal-specific AUDIT-C and AUDIT-3 cutoff scores for at-risk, high-risk, and likely dependent drinkers using measures of agreement with the 10-item Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2014, 9, 17.	2.6	34
60	Better methods to collect self-reported alcohol and other drug use data from Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2014, 33, 466-472.	2.1	22
61	Needs of Aboriginal Australian women with comorbid mental and alcohol and other drug use disorders. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2014, 33, 473-481.	2.1	9
62	A cross-sectional survey assessing the acceptability and feasibility of self-report electronic data collection about health risks from patients attending an Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Service. <i>BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making</i> , 2014, 14, 34.	3.0	20
63	Use of AUDIT-C as a tool to identify hazardous alcohol consumption in admitted trauma patients. <i>Injury</i> , 2014, 45, 1440-1444.	1.7	35
64	Self-perceived problem with alcohol use among opioid substitution treatment clients. <i>Addictive Behaviors</i> , 2013, 38, 2018-2021.	3.0	11
65	The role of an Aboriginal women's group in meeting the high needs of clients attending outpatient alcohol and other drug treatment. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2013, 32, 618-626.	2.1	17
66	Opioid substitution therapy clients' preferences for targeted versus general primary health care outlets. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2013, 32, 211-214.	2.1	9
67	Defining a service for people who use drugs as "low-threshold": What should be the criteria?. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2013, 24, 220-222.	3.3	37
68	Are primary health care centres that target injecting drug users attracting and serving the clients they are designed for? A case study from Sydney, Australia. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2013, 24, 326-332.	3.3	15
69	Sexually transmitted infections, sexual risk behaviours and perceived barriers to safe sex among drug users. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2013, 37, 311-315.	1.8	10
70	Healthcare utilisation and disclosure of injecting drug use among clients of Australia's needle and syringe programs. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2013, 37, 148-154.	1.8	28
71	The cost of providing primary health care services from a needle and syringe program: A case study. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2013, 32, 312-319.	2.1	4
72	Pressing need for more evidence to guide efforts to address substance use among young Indigenous Australians. <i>Health Promotion Journal of Australia</i> , 2013, 24, 87-97.	1.2	17

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73	The reliability of sensitive information provided by injecting drug users in a clinical setting: Clinician-administered versus audio computer-assisted self-interviewing (ACASI). <i>AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV</i> , 2012, 24, 1496-1503.	1.2	69
74	Linkage into specialist hepatitis C treatment services of injecting drug users attending a needle syringe program-based primary healthcare centre. <i>Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment</i> , 2012, 43, 440-445.	2.8	28
75	Translation of tobacco policy into practice in disadvantaged and marginalized subpopulations: a study of challenges and opportunities in remote Australian Indigenous communities. <i>Health Research Policy and Systems</i> , 2012, 10, 23.	2.8	15
76	Smoking or Alcohol Dependence Among Indigenous Australians: Treatment May Be Needed, Not Just Education. <i>Heart Lung and Circulation</i> , 2012, 21, 626-631.	0.4	8
77	The Alcohol Awareness project: community education and brief intervention in an urban Aboriginal setting. <i>Health Promotion Journal of Australia</i> , 2012, 23, 219-225.	1.2	36
78	Randomized Controlled Trial of Mailed Personalized Feedback for Problem Drinkers in the Emergency Department: The Shortâ€Term Impact. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2012, 36, 523-531.	2.4	18
79	Opportunistic and continuing health care for injecting drug users from a nurseâ€run needle syringe programâ€based primary healthâ€care clinic. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2012, 31, 114-115.	2.1	7
80	The accessibility, acceptability, health impact and cost implications of primary healthcare outlets that target injecting drug users: A narrative synthesis of literature. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2012, 23, 94-102.	3.3	87
81	Primary healthcare outlets that target injecting drug users: Opportunity to make services accessible and acceptable to the target group. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2012, 23, 109-110.	3.3	8
82	Prevalence and characteristics of patients with risky alcohol consumption presenting to emergency departments in rural Australia. <i>EMA - Emergency Medicine Australasia</i> , 2012, 24, 266-276.	1.1	15
83	Can we measure daily tobacco consumption in remote Indigenous communities? Comparing self-reported tobacco consumption with community-level estimates in an Arnhem Land study. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2011, 30, 166-172.	2.1	13
84	Patients admitted for inpatient cannabis detoxification: withdrawal symptoms and impacts of common comorbidities. <i>Journal of Substance Use</i> , 2011, 16, 392-405.	0.7	11
85	HIV Awareness of Outgoing Female Migrant Workers of Bangladesh: A Pilot Study. <i>Journal of Immigrant and Minority Health</i> , 2010, 12, 940-946.	1.6	8
86	Harm reduction healthcare: From an alternative to the mainstream platform?. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2010, 21, 131-133.	3.3	23
87	Using breath carbon monoxide to validate self-reported tobacco smoking in remote Australian Indigenous communities. <i>Population Health Metrics</i> , 2010, 8, 2.	2.7	47
88	Characteristics and comorbidity of drug and alcoholâ€related emergency department presentations detected by nursing triage text. <i>Addiction</i> , 2010, 105, 897-906.	3.3	42
89	Forming a national multicentre collaboration to conduct clinical trials: Increasing highâ€quality research in the drug and alcohol field. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2010, 29, 469-474.	2.1	6
90	Cannabis use in remote Indigenous communities in Australia: endemic yet neglected. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2009, 190, 228-229.	1.7	19

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91	Validation of the Bayesian Alcoholism Test Compared to Single Biomarkers in Detecting Harmful Drinking. <i>Alcohol and Alcoholism</i> , 2009, 44, 398-402.	1.6	7
92	Genetical genomic determinants of alcohol consumption in rats and humans. <i>BMC Biology</i> , 2009, 7, 70.	3.8	148
93	Five-year longitudinal study of cannabis users in three remote Aboriginal communities in Arnhem Land, Northern Territory, Australia. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2009, 28, 623-630.	2.1	24
94	Attitudes and beliefs of emergency department staff regarding alcohol-related presentations. <i>International Emergency Nursing</i> , 2009, 17, 23-30.	1.5	54
95	Staff Perceptions of Syringe Dispensing Machines in Australia: A Pilot Study. <i>Substance Use and Misuse</i> , 2009, 44, 490-501.	1.4	5
96	An outcome evaluation of the New South Wales Sober Driver Programme: a remedial programme for recidivist drink drivers. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2008, 27, 65-74.	2.1	20
97	Evaluation of a community-driven preventive youth initiative in Arnhem Land, Northern Territory, Australia. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2008, 27, 75-82.	2.1	30
98	Client satisfaction and risk behaviours of the users of syringe dispensing machines: a pilot study. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2008, 27, 13-19.	2.1	18
99	Improving services for prevention and treatment of substance misuse for Aboriginal communities in a Sydney Area Health Service. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2008, 27, 152-159.	2.1	30
100	Promising performance of a juvenile justice diversion programme in remote Aboriginal communities, Northern Territory, Australia. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2008, 27, 433-438.	2.1	10
101	Young people who attend specialist alcohol treatment: who are they and do they need special treatment?. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2008, 32, 336-340.	1.8	1
102	BIOMARKER: Assessment of alcohol consumption among hepatitis C-positive people receiving opioid maintenance treatment using direct ethanol metabolites and self-report: a pilot study. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2008, 13, 416-422.	2.6	16
103	The effectiveness and safety of syringe vending machines as a component of needle syringe programmes in community settings. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2008, 19, 436-441.	3.3	39
104	HIV and sexual risk behaviors among recognized high-risk groups in Bangladesh: need for a comprehensive prevention program. <i>International Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2008, 12, 363-370.	3.3	40
105	Improving alcohol and tobacco history taking by junior medical officers. <i>Alcohol and Alcoholism</i> , 2008, 43, 320-325.	1.6	3
106	Heavy cannabis use and depressive symptoms in three Aboriginal communities in Arnhem Land, Northern Territory. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2008, 188, 605-608.	1.7	38
107	Wa! Ningeningma arakba akina da! (Oh! Now I know, that's it!). <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2008, 188, 113-116.	1.7	9
108	High levels of cannabis use persist in Aboriginal communities in Arnhem Land, Northern Territory. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2007, 187, 594-595.	1.7	16

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109	Assessing the role of syringe dispensing machines and mobile van outlets in reaching hard-to-reach and high-risk groups of injecting drug users (IDUs): a review. Harm Reduction Journal, 2007, 4, 14.	3.2	42
110	The effects of alcohol consumption, psychological distress and smoking status on emergency department presentations in New South Wales, Australia. BMC Public Health, 2007, 7, 46.	2.9	16
111	Detection of and intervention for excessive alcohol and tobacco use among adult hospital in-patients. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2007, 26, 127-133.	2.1	24
112	Pre-operative screening for excessive alcohol consumption among patients scheduled for elective surgery. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2007, 26, 119-125.	2.1	22
113	The influence of structured education and clinical experience on the attitudes of medical students towards substance misusers. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2007, 26, 191-200.	2.1	62
114	Hazardous alcohol consumption and other barriers to antiviral treatment among hepatitis C positive people receiving opioid maintenance treatment. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2007, 26, 231-239.	2.1	30
115	Increasing prevalence of HIV, and persistent high-risk behaviours among drug users in Bangladesh: need for a comprehensive harm reduction programme. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2007, 26, 445-454.	2.1	7
116	Predictive capacity of the AUDIT questionnaire for alcohol-related harm. Addiction, 2006, 90, 1479-1485.	3.3	92
117	The relationship between self-reported alcohol intake and the morbidities managed by GPs in Australia. BMC Family Practice, 2006, 7, 17.	2.9	17
118	Effectiveness of skills-based training using the Drink-less package to increase family practitioner confidence in intervening for alcohol use disorders. BMC Medical Education, 2006, 6, 8.	2.4	14
119	Changes in cannabis use and its consequences over 3 years in a remote indigenous population in northern Australia. Addiction, 2006, 101, 696-705.	3.3	37
120	THE EFFECTIVENESS OF A TAILORED INTERVENTION FOR EXCESSIVE ALCOHOL CONSUMPTION PRIOR TO ELECTIVE SURGERY. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2006, 41, 643-649.	1.6	37
121	Do elective surgery patients use the internet to look for information about their condition?. ANZ Journal of Surgery, 2004, 74, 304-307.	0.7	11
122	Traditional markers of excessive alcohol use. Addiction, 2003, 98, 31-43.	3.3	223
123	Alcohol for the Prevention of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus?. Treatments in Endocrinology: Guiding Your Management of Endocrine Disorders, 2003, 2, 145-152.	1.8	26
124	ALCOHOL USE IN CHINA. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2003, 38, 537-542.	1.6	273
125	Roles of Drinking Pattern and Type of Alcohol Consumed in Coronary Heart Disease in Men. New England Journal of Medicine, 2003, 348, 109-118.	27.0	727
126	COMBINING CARBOHYDRATE-DEFICIENT TRANSFERRIN AND GAMMA-GLUTAMYLTRANSFERASE TO INCREASE DIAGNOSTIC ACCURACY FOR PROBLEM DRINKING. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2003, 38, 574-582.	1.6	40

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127	The long-term effectiveness of brief interventions for unsafe alcohol consumption: a 10-year follow-up. <i>Addiction</i> , 2002, 97, 665-675.	3.3	111
128	CDT, GGT, and AST As Markers of Alcohol Use: The WHO/ISBRA Collaborative Project. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2002, 26, 332-339.	2.4	247
129	CDT, GGT, and AST as markers of alcohol use: the WHO/ISBRA collaborative project. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2002, 26, 332-9.	2.4	61
130	Perioperative Morbidity and Mortality in Chronic Alcoholic Patients. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2001, 25, 164S-170S.	2.4	34
131	The validity of an Australian modification of the AUDIT questionnaire. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2001, 20, 143-154.	2.1	11
132	Perioperative Morbidity and Mortality in Chronic Alcoholic Patients. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2001, 25, 164S-170S.	2.4	113
133	Alcohol and the Pancreas. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2001, 25, 244S-250S.	2.4	13
134	Cost effectiveness of brief interventions for reducing alcohol consumption. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2001, 52, 863-870.	3.8	108
135	Alcohol and the Pancreas. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2001, 25, 244S-250S.	2.4	4
136	Platelet Adenylyl Cyclase Activity as a Trait Marker of Alcohol Dependence. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2000, 24, 810-821.	2.4	29
137	Should We Use Carbohydrate-deficient Transferrin instead of γ -Glutamyltransferase for Detecting Problem Drinkers? A Systematic Review and Metaanalysis. <i>Clinical Chemistry</i> , 2000, 46, 1894-1902.	3.2	84
138	Platelet Adenylyl Cyclase Activity as a Trait Marker of Alcohol Dependence. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2000, 24, 810-821.	2.4	10
139	The New South Wales Driver Assessment Programme: a pilot programme for assessment of drink drivers. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 1996, 15, 369-376.	2.1	0
140	Predictive capacity of the AUDIT questionnaire for alcohol-related harm. <i>Addiction</i> , 1995, 90, 1479-1485.	3.3	157
141	The AUDIT questionnaire: choosing a cut-off score. <i>Addiction</i> , 1995, 90, 1349-1356.	3.3	444
142	Problem drinking in emergency department patients: the scope for early intervention. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 1991, 154, 801-805.	1.7	63
143	“Even though you hate everything that's going on, you know they are safer at home”: The role of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander families in methamphetamine use harm reduction and their own support needs. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 0, , .	2.1	4