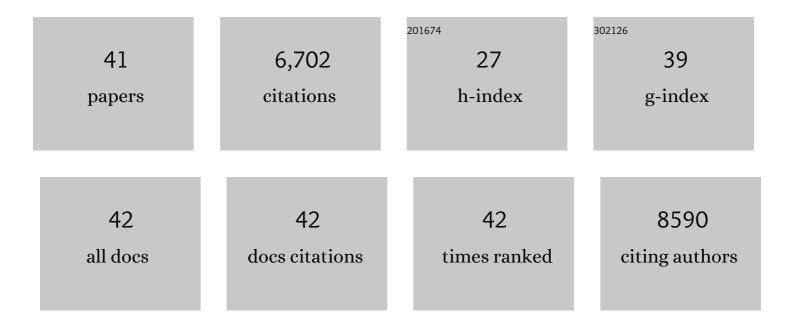
## Christy M Mccain

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5466273/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Niche conservatism as an emerging principle in ecology and conservation biology. Ecology Letters, 2010, 13, 1310-1324.	6.4	1,387
2	Evolution and the latitudinal diversity gradient: speciation, extinction and biogeography. Ecology Letters, 2007, 10, 315-331.	6.4	1,361
3	Global analysis of bird elevational diversity. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2009, 18, 346-360.	5.8	383
4	ELEVATIONAL GRADIENTS IN DIVERSITY OF SMALL MAMMALS. Ecology, 2005, 86, 366-372.	3.2	337
5	Could temperature and water availability drive elevational species richness patterns? A global case study for bats. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2007, 16, 1-13.	5.8	307
6	The midâ€domain effect applied to elevational gradients: species richness of small mammals in Costa Rica. Journal of Biogeography, 2004, 31, 19-31.	3.0	299
7	Phylogeny, niche conservatism and the latitudinal diversity gradient in mammals. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2010, 277, 2131-2138.	2.6	219
8	Assessing the threat to montane biodiversity from discordant shifts in temperature and precipitation in a changing climate. Ecology Letters, 2011, 14, 1236-1245.	6.4	214
9	Vertebrate range sizes indicate that mountains may be â€~higher' in the tropics. Ecology Letters, 2009, 12, 550-560.	6.4	189
10	Latitude, elevational climatic zonation and speciation in New World vertebrates. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2012, 279, 194-201.	2.6	186
11	The origin and maintenance of montane diversity: integrating evolutionary and ecological processes. Ecography, 2014, 37, 711-719.	4.5	182
12	Body size and activity times mediate mammalian responses to climate change. Global Change Biology, 2014, 20, 1760-1769.	9.5	153
13	AREA AND MAMMALIAN ELEVATIONAL DIVERSITY. Ecology, 2007, 88, 76-86.	3.2	149
14	Global analysis of reptile elevational diversity. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2010, 19, 541-553.	5.8	124
15	Different evolutionary histories underlie congruent species richness gradients of birds and mammals. Journal of Biogeography, 2012, 39, 825-841.	3.0	84
16	Elevational species richness gradients in a hyperdiverse insect taxon: a global metaâ€study on geometrid moths. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2017, 26, 412-424.	5.8	83
17	Environmental harshness is positively correlated with intraspecific divergence in mammals and birds. Molecular Ecology, 2014, 23, 259-268.	3.9	82
18	Midpoint attractors and species richness: Modelling the interaction between environmental drivers and geometric constraints. Ecology Letters, 2016, 19, 1009-1022.	6.4	75

CHRISTY M MCCAIN

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
19	When does diversity fit null model predictions? Scale and range size mediate the mid-domain effect. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2007, 16, 305-312.	5.8	73
20	Using functional and phylogenetic diversity to infer avian community assembly along elevational gradients. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2020, 29, 232-245.	5.8	67
21	A Systematic Review of Global Drivers of Ant Elevational Diversity. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0155404.	2.5	57
22	Population variability complicates the accurate detection of climate change responses. Global Change Biology, 2016, 22, 2081-2093.	9.5	51
23	Elevational Rapoport's rule is not pervasive on mountains. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2013, 22, 750-759.	5.8	47
24	Habitat quality and disturbance drive lichen species richness in a temperate biodiversity hotspot. Oecologia, 2019, 190, 445-457.	2.0	36
25	Climate change and elevational range shifts in insects. Current Opinion in Insect Science, 2021, 47, 111-118.	4.4	35
26	Small mammal species richness is directly linked to regional productivity, but decoupled from food resources, abundance, or habitat complexity. Journal of Biogeography, 2018, 45, 2533-2545.	3.0	33
27	Metabolic theory and elevational diversity of vertebrate ectotherms. Ecology, 2010, 91, 601-609.	3.2	31
28	A taxonomically broad metagenomic survey of 339 species spanning 57 families suggests cystobasidiomycete yeasts are not ubiquitous across all lichens. American Journal of Botany, 2019, 106, 1090-1095.	1.7	29
29	Species turnover in vertebrate communities along elevational gradients is idiosyncratic and unrelated to species richness. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2016, 25, 299-310.	5.8	23
30	Disentangling elevational richness: a multiâ€scale hierarchical Bayesian occupancy model of Colorado ant communities. Ecography, 2019, 42, 977-988.	4.5	20
31	Unusually large upward shifts in coldâ€adapted, montane mammals as temperature warms. Ecology, 2021, 102, e03300.	3.2	11
32	Natural population variability may be masking the moreâ€individuals hypothesis. Ecology, 2020, 101, e03035.	3.2	10
33	Field sampling is biased against small-ranged species of high conservation value: a case study on the sphingid moths of East Africa. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2018, 27, 3533-3544.	2.6	8
34	Elevational richness patterns of sphingid moths support area effects over climatic drivers in a nearâ€global analysis. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2019, 28, 917-927.	5.8	6
35	Multiple dimensions of bird beta diversity support that mountains are higher in the tropics. Journal of Biogeography, 2021, 48, 2455-2468.	3.0	6
36	Evidence of substrate endemism of lichens on Fox Hills Sandstone: Discovery and description of Lecanora lendemeri as new to science. Bryologist, 2019, 122, 246.	0.6	5

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Most lichens are rare, and degree of rarity is mediated by lichen traits and biotic partners. Diversity and Distributions, 2022, 28, 1810-1819.	4.1	4
38	Is the ecological belt zonation of the Swiss Alps relevant for moth diversity and turnover?. Acta Oecologica, 2017, 80, 1-7.	1.1	2
39	Robust discrimination of <i>Reithrodontomys megalotis</i> and <i>R. montanus</i> (Mammalia:) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784 Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington, 2015, 128, 1-10.	1314 rgBT 0.3	/Overlock 1 1
40	Assessing the risks to United States and Canadian mammals caused by climate change using a trait-mediated model. Journal of Mammalogy, 0, , .	1.3	1
41	AREA AND MAMMALIAN ELEVATIONAL DIVERSITY. , 2007, 88, 76.		1