

# Vijay Ganji

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

57  
papers

1,651  
citations

361045

20  
h-index

288905

40  
g-index

58  
all docs

58  
docs citations

58  
times ranked

2466  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Serum vitamin D concentrations are related to depression in young adult US population: the Third National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey. <i>International Archive of Medicine</i> , 2010, 3, 29.	1.2	171
2	Demographic, health, lifestyle, and blood vitamin determinants of serum total homocysteine concentrations in the third National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 1988â€“1994. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2003, 77, 826-833.	2.2	167
3	Serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D concentrations are associated with prevalence of metabolic syndrome and various cardiometabolic risk factors in US children and adolescents based on assay-adjusted serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D data from NHANES 2001â€“2006. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2011, 94, 225-233.	2.2	157
4	Serum 25-Hydroxyvitamin D Concentrations and Prevalence Estimates of Hypovitaminosis D in the U.S. Population Based on Assay-Adjusted Data,2. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2012, 142, 498-507.	1.3	154
5	Sex, age, geographical location, smoking, and alcohol consumption influence serum selenium concentrations in the USA: third national health and nutrition examination survey, 1988â€“1994. <i>Journal of Trace Elements in Medicine and Biology</i> , 2003, 17, 13-18.	1.5	98
6	Trends in Serum Folate, RBC Folate, and Circulating Total Homocysteine Concentrations in the United States: Analysis of Data from National Health and Nutrition Examination Surveys, 1988â€“1994, 1999â€“2000, and 2001â€“2002. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2006, 136, 153-158.	1.3	93
7	Frequent consumption of milk, yogurt, cold breakfast cereals, peppers, and cruciferous vegetables and intakes of dietary folate and riboflavin but not vitamins B-12 and B-6 are inversely associated with serum total homocysteine concentrations in the US population. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2004, 80, 1500-1507.	2.2	67
8	Population reference values for plasma total homocysteine concentrations in US adults after the fortification of cereals with folic acid. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2006, 84, 989-994.	2.2	50
9	Serum Vitamin D Concentration $\geq 75$ nmol/L Is Related to Decreased Cardiometabolic and Inflammatory Biomarkers, Metabolic Syndrome, and Diabetes; and Increased Cardiorespiratory Fitness in US Adults. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020, 12, 730.	1.7	39
10	Serum leptin concentrations are not related to dietary patterns but are related to sex, age, body mass index, serum triacylglycerol, serum insulin, and plasma glucose in the US population. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2009, 6, 3.	1.3	37
11	Proportion of individuals with low serum vitamin B-12 concentrations without macrocytosis is higher in the postâ€“folic acid fortification period than in the preâ€“folic acid fortification period. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2007, 86, 1187-1192.	2.2	36
12	Population Determinants of Serum Lycopene Concentrations in the United States: Data from the Third National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 1988â€“1994. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2005, 135, 567-572.	1.3	35
13	Zinc bioavailability and tea consumption. <i>Plant Foods for Human Nutrition</i> , 1994, 46, 267-276.	1.4	31
14	Glycemic load is associated with HDL cholesterol but not with the other components and prevalence of metabolic syndrome in the third National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 1988â€“1994. <i>International Archive of Medicine</i> , 2009, 2, 3.	1.2	29
15	Demographic, Lifestyle, and Health Characteristics and Serum B Vitamin Status Are Determinants of Plasma Total Homocysteine Concentration in the Post-Folic Acid Fortification Period, 1999â€“2004. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2009, 139, 345-352.	1.3	27
16	Incorporation of ground flaxseed into bakery products and its effect on sensory and nutritional characteristics â€“ a pilot study. <i>Journal of Foodservice</i> , 2009, 20, 52-59.	0.5	26
17	Population Reference Values for Serum Methylmalonic Acid Concentrations and Its Relationship with Age, Sex, Race-Ethnicity, Supplement Use, Kidney Function and Serum Vitamin B12 in the Post-Folic Acid Fortification Period. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2018, 10, 74.	1.7	25
18	Loss of function mutation in toll-like receptor-4 does not offer protection against obesity and insulin resistance induced by a diet high in trans fat in mice. <i>Journal of Inflammation</i> , 2011, 8, 2.	1.5	23

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19	Population References for Plasma Total Homocysteine Concentrations for U.S. Children and Adolescents in the Post-Folic Acid Fortification Era. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2005, 135, 2253-2256.	1.3	22
20	Serum lipid responses to psyllium fiber: differences between pre- and post-menopausal, hypercholesterolemic women. <i>Nutrition Journal</i> , 2008, 7, 22.	1.5	22
21	Hemoglobin and hematocrit values are higher and prevalence of anemia is lower in the post-folic acid fortification period than in the pre-folic acid fortification period in US adults. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2009, 89, 363-371.	2.2	22
22	The effectiveness of a short food frequency questionnaire in determining vitamin D intake in children. <i>Dermato-Endocrinology</i> , 2013, 5, 205-210.	1.9	22
23	Fish oil rich diet in comparison to saturated fat rich diet offered protection against lipopolysaccharide-induced inflammation and insulin resistance in mice. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2011, 8, 16.	1.3	21
24	Race-, gender- and age-specific differences in dietary micronutrient intakes of US children. <i>International Journal of Food Sciences and Nutrition</i> , 2003, 54, 485-490.	1.3	20
25	Influence of two breakfast meals differing in glycemic load on satiety, hunger, and energy intake in preschool children. <i>Nutrition Journal</i> , 2010, 9, 53.	1.5	19
26	Association of serum vitamin D concentrations with dietary patterns in children and adolescents. <i>Nutrition Journal</i> , 2018, 17, 58.	1.5	19
27	Serum vitamin D concentrations are inversely related to prevalence of metabolic syndrome in Qatari women. <i>BioFactors</i> , 2020, 46, 180-186.	2.6	19
28	Dietary patterns and cardiovascular disease risk among Chinese adults: a prospective cohort study. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020, 74, 1725-1735.	1.3	19
29	Impact of food safety training on the knowledge, practice, and attitudes of food handlers working in fast-food restaurants. <i>British Food Journal</i> , 2019, 121, 937-949.	1.6	18
30	Psyllium husk fiber supplementation to the diets rich in soybean or coconut oil: Hypocholesterolemic effect in healthy humans. <i>International Journal of Food Sciences and Nutrition</i> , 1996, 47, 103-110.	1.3	17
31	Visceral adiposity index is a better predictor of type 2 diabetes than body mass index in Qatari population. <i>Medicine (United States)</i> , 2020, 99, e21327.	0.4	17
32	Nutrient intakes of 3, 4 and 7 year age group children: Analysis of diets reported in 1987-1988 Nationwide Food Consumption Survey. <i>Nutrition Research</i> , 1995, 15, 623-631.	1.3	16
33	Serum vitamin D is associated with improved lung function markers but not with prevalence of asthma, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 11542.	1.6	13
34	Serum 25-Hydroxyvitamin D Is Inversely Associated with Monocyte Percentage to HDL Cholesterol Ratio among Young Healthy Adults in Qatar. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021, 13, 127.	1.7	12
35	Serum total homocysteine concentration determinants in non-Hispanic White, non-Hispanic Black, and Mexican-American populations of the United States. <i>Ethnicity and Disease</i> , 2004, 14, 476-82.	1.0	12
36	Serum Magnesium and Cognitive Function Among Qatari Adults. <i>Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience</i> , 2020, 12, 101.	1.7	10

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37	Population prevalence, attributable risk, and attributable risk percentage for high methylmalonic acid concentrations in the post-folic acid fortification period in the US. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2012, 9, 2.	1.3	9
38	Validation of Vitamin D-Specific Food Frequency Questionnaire against Food Records for Qatari Women. <i>Foods</i> , 2020, 9, 195.	1.9	9
39	Macronutrients, cholesterol, sodium and fiber intakes of 10 year old children by age, gender and race. <i>Nutrition Research</i> , 1998, 18, 465-473.	1.3	7
40	Fast food and sweet intake pattern is directly associated with the prevalence of asthma in a Qatari population. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2022, 76, 428-433.	1.3	7
41	Association of Serum 25-Hydroxyvitamin D Concentration with Breast Cancer Risk in Postmenopausal Women in the US. <i>Journal of Personalized Medicine</i> , 2022, 12, 944.	1.1	6
42	Pesticide residues in foods and water in Qatar and their impact on food exposure risk assessment. <i>British Food Journal</i> , 2021, 123, 4082-4096.	1.6	5
43	Supervised practice program guided by the Accreditation Council for Education in Nutrition and Dietetics standards improves potential employability of nutrition/dietetics graduates: perspective of employers and preceptors. <i>BMC Medical Education</i> , 2019, 19, 458.	1.0	4
44	The Impact of Mineral Supplementation on Polycystic Ovarian Syndrome. <i>Metabolites</i> , 2022, 12, 338.	1.3	4
45	Arsenic, cadmium, and lead contents of rice imported into Qatar-impact on intake. <i>British Food Journal</i> , 2019, 122, 99-106.	1.6	3
46	Temporal Relation between Double Fortification of Wheat Flour with Iron and Folic Acid, and Markers and Prevalence of Anemia in Children. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021, 13, 2013.	1.7	3
47	Association between food intake patterns and serum vitamin D concentrations in US adults. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2023, 129, 864-874.	1.2	3
48	Dietary intake of fried and processed foods in the USA is inversely associated with obesity but positively associated with glucose intolerance. <i>Nutrition and Food Science</i> , 2014, 44, 6-16.	0.4	2
49	Serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D concentrations are inversely associated with body adiposity measurements but the association with bone mass is non-linear in postmenopausal women. <i>Journal of Steroid Biochemistry and Molecular Biology</i> , 2021, 212, 105923.	1.2	2
50	Trends in metabolic syndrome in the US adolescents -NHANES 1999-2004. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2008, 22, 678-23.	0.2	1
51	Trends in indicators and prevalence of anemia in US adults: comparative analysis of pre- and post-folic acid fortification surveys. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2006, 20, LB98.	0.2	0
52	Trends in prevalence of megaloblastic anemia in US adults: comparative analysis of pre- and post-folic acid fortification surveys. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2006, 20, .	0.2	0
53	The association between glycemic load and metabolic syndrome in a nationally representative sample, NHANES III. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2006, 20, .	0.2	0
54	Prevalence of anemia is lower in post-folic acid fortification period compared to pre-fortification period. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2008, 22, 678.11.	0.2	0

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55	Tollâ€like receptorâ€4 (TLRâ€4) deficiency did not offer protection against trans fat or high fat dietâ€induced hyperinsulinemia and hyperglycemia in mice. FASEB Journal, 2009, 23, 221.2.	0.2	0
56	Association of serum 25â€hydroxyvitamin D [25(OH)D] concentrations with dietary patterns in US children. FASEB Journal, 2012, 26, 369.1.	0.2	0
57	Agreement level of vitamin D intake between food frequency questionnaire and 24-h food recall in young Qatari women. British Food Journal, 2022, ahead-of-print, .	1.6	0