Barnaby Nelson

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

300	10,833	54	93
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
355	12,945 ext. citations	4.7	6.6
ext. papers		avg, IF	L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
300	Characterizing Use of a Multicomponent Digital Intervention to Predict Treatment Outcomes in First-Episode Psychosis: Cluster Analysis <i>JMIR Mental Health</i> , 2022 , 9, e29211	6	1
299	Outcomes for first-episode psychosis after entry via an at-risk mental state clinic compared to direct entry to a first episode of psychosis service: A systematic review and meta-analysis <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2022 , 240, 214-219	3.6	0
298	Proportion and characteristics of young people in a first-episode psychosis clinic who first attended an at-risk mental state service or other specialist youth mental health service <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2022 , 241, 94-101	3.6	1
297	Young migrants to Australia identified as being at ultra-high risk for psychosis: Pathways to care and clinical characteristics <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2022 , 241, 156-160	3.6	
296	The association of plasma inflammatory markers with omega-3 fatty acids and their mediating role in psychotic symptoms and functioning: An analysis of the NEURAPRO clinical trial. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2022 , 99, 147-156	16.6	O
295	Impact of smoking behavior on cognitive functioning in persons at risk for psychosis and healthy controls: A longitudinal study - CORRIGENDUM <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2022 , 65, e17	6	
294	Digital technology for addressing cognitive impairment in recent-onset psychosis: A perspective <i>Schizophrenia Research: Cognition</i> , 2022 , 28, 100247	2.8	O
293	Identifying Electroencephalography Biomarkers in Individuals at Clinical High Risk for Psychosis in an International Multi-Site Study <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2022 , 13, 828376	5	1
292	The association between social deprivation and the rate of identification of individuals at Ultra-High Risk for psychosis and transition to psychosis <i>International Journal of Social Psychiatry</i> , 2022 , 207640221087608	8.5	
291	The lived experience of psychosis: a bottom-up review co-written by experts by experience and academics <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2022 , 21, 168-188	14.4	3
2 90	Pineal morphology of the clinical high-risk state for psychosis and different psychotic disorders <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2022 , 244, 1-7	3.6	
289	Basic self-disturbance trajectories in clinical high risk for psychosis: a one-year follow-up study. <i>European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2021 , 1	5.1	0
288	Momentary Manifestations of Negative Symptoms as Predictors of Clinical Outcomes in People at High Risk for Psychosis: Experience Sampling Study. <i>JMIR Mental Health</i> , 2021 , 8, e30309	6	1
287	The incidence and admission rate for first-episode psychosis in young people before and during the COVID-19 pandemic in Melbourne, Australia. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 48674211053578	2.6	О
286	The MAC-P program: A pilot study of a mindfulness and compassion program for youth with psychotic experiences. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 1326-1334	3.3	3
285	Clinical, cognitive and neuroanatomical associations of serum NMDAR autoantibodies in people at clinical high risk for psychosis. <i>Molecular Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 26, 2590-2604	15.1	7
284	Omega-3 fatty acids and neurocognitive ability in young people at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 874-881	3.3	3

(2021-2021)

283	Pre-training inter-rater reliability of clinical instruments in an international psychosis research project. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 230, 104-107	3.6	5	
282	The Indirect Effect of Trauma via Cognitive Biases and Self-Disturbances on Psychotic-Like Experiences. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 12, 611069	5	1	
281	Evidence Map of Mindfulness for Stages of Psychosis: State of the Literature and Implications for Future Research. <i>Mindfulness</i> , 2021 , 12, 1860-1877	2.9	1	
280	Response to 'Diagnostic uncertainty, antipsychotic dosing, and optimal psychosocial interventions: Unanswered questions in first-episode psychosis'. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 231, 1-2	3.6		
279	Cannabidiol for at risk for psychosis youth: A randomized controlled trial. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 ,	3.3	4	
278	Preventive interventions for individuals at ultra high risk for psychosis: An updated and extended meta-analysis. <i>Clinical Psychology Review</i> , 2021 , 86, 102005	10.8	9	
277	Cognitive ability and metabolic physical health in first-episode psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research: Cognition</i> , 2021 , 24, 100194	2.8	2	
276	Basic self-disturbance in subjects at clinical high risk for psychosis: Relationship with clinical and functional outcomes at one year follow-up. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2021 , 300, 113942	9.9	1	
275	Association of Structural Magnetic Resonance Imaging Measures With Psychosis Onset in Individuals at Clinical High Risk for Developing Psychosis: An ENIGMA Working Group Mega-analysis. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 78, 753-766	14.5	17	
274	Improving treatments for psychotic disorders: beyond cognitive behaviour therapy for psychosis. <i>Psychosis</i> , 2021 , 13, 78-84	1.2	5	
273	Prediction of clinical outcomes beyond psychosis in the ultra-high risk for psychosis population. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 642-651	3.3	4	
272	Dysregulated Lipid Metabolism Precedes Onset of Psychosis. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 89, 288-297	7.9	10	
271	Integrating clinical staging and phenomenological psychopathology to add depth, nuance, and utility to clinical phenotyping: a heuristic challenge. <i>Lancet Psychiatry,the</i> , 2021 , 8, 162-168	23.3	7	
270	Toward a Complex Network of Risks for Psychosis: Combining Trauma, Cognitive Biases, Depression, and Psychotic-like Experiences on a Large Sample of Young Adults. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2021 , 47, 395-404	1.3	1	
269	Development of Proteomic Prediction Models for Transition to Psychotic Disorder in the Clinical High-Risk State and Psychotic Experiences in Adolescence. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 78, 77-90	14.5	19	
268	The reality of at risk mental state services: a response to recent criticisms. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2021 , 51, 212-218	6.9	14	
267	Processing speed and brain volume in individuals at clinical high-risk for psychosis with comorbid eating disorders: A brief report. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 227, 92-94	3.6	0	
266	Stress reactivity as a putative mechanism linking childhood trauma with clinical outcomes in individuals at ultra-high-risk for psychosis: Findings from the EU-GEI High Risk Study. <i>Epidemiology and Psychiatric Sciences</i> , 2021 , 30, e40	5.1	3	

265	Distinguishing schizophrenia spectrum from non-spectrum disorders among young patients with first episode psychosis and at high clinical risk: The role of basic self-disturbance and neurocognition. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 228, 19-28	3.6	5
264	Intervention strategies for ultra-high risk for psychosis: Progress in delaying the onset and reducing the impact of first-episode psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 228, 344-356	3.6	3
263	Greater preference for eveningness is associated with negative symptoms in an ultra-high risk for psychosis sample. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 1793-1798	3.3	1
262	The associations between migrant status and ethnicity and the identification of individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis and transition to psychosis: a systematic review. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 56, 1923-1941	4.5	3
261	Obsessive-Compulsive Symptoms and Other Symptoms of the At-risk Mental State for Psychosis: A Network Perspective. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2021 , 47, 1018-1028	1.3	2
260	Differentiating the effect of antipsychotic medication and illness on brain volume reductions in first-episode psychosis: A Longitudinal, Randomised, Triple-blind, Placebo-controlled MRI Study. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2021 , 46, 1494-1501	8.7	5
259	Toxoplasma gondii, Herpesviridae and long-term risk of transition to first-episode psychosis in an ultra high-risk sample. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 233, 24-30	3.6	
258	Investigation of structural brain correlates of neurological soft signs in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2021 , 271, 1475-1485	5.1	
257	Impact of Comorbid Affective Disorders on Longitudinal Clinical Outcomes in Individuals at Ultra-high Risk for Psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2021 ,	1.3	2
256	Impact of smoking Behavior on cognitive functioning in persons at risk for psychosis and healthy controls: A longitudinal study. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 64, e60	6	1
255	Characterization and prediction of clinical pathways of vulnerability to psychosis through graph signal processing. <i>ELife</i> , 2021 , 10,	8.9	1
254	Functional Connectivity in Antipsychotic-Treated and Antipsychotic-Naive Patients With First-Episode Psychosis and Low Risk of Self-harm or Aggression: A Secondary Analysis of a Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 78, 994-1004	14.5	6
253	Shared Decision Making With Young People at Ultra High Risk of Psychotic Disorder. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 12, 683775	5	0
252	Association between tobacco use and symptomatology in individuals at ultra-high risk to develop a psychosis: A longitudinal study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 236, 48-53	3.6	1
251	Patients', carers' and clinicians' attitudes towards alternative terms to describe the at-risk for psychosis state. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 237, 69-75	3.6	0
250	The association between migrant status and transition in an ultra-high risk for psychosis population. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 56, 943-952	4.5	O
249	Cognitive functioning throughout adulthood and illness stages in individuals with psychotic disorders and their unaffected siblings. <i>Molecular Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 26, 4529-4543	15.1	7
248	Integrating trauma, self-disturbances, cognitive biases, and personality into a model for the risk of psychosis: a longitudinal study in a non-clinical sample. <i>European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2021 , 1	5.1	O

(2020-2020)

247	Has improved treatment contributed to the declining rate of transition to psychosis in ultra-high-risk cohorts?. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 ,	3.6	7
246	The potential impact of COVID-19 on psychosis: A rapid review of contemporary epidemic and pandemic research. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 222, 79-87	3.6	163
245	Transdiagnostic clinical staging in youth mental health: a first international consensus statement. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 19, 233-242	14.4	61
244	Do schizotypal or borderline personality disorders predict onset of psychotic disorder or persistent attenuated psychotic symptoms in patients at high clinical risk?. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 220, 275-	-217	2
243	Psychosocial Intervention With or Without Antipsychotic Medication for First-Episode Psychosis: A Randomized Noninferiority Clinical Trial. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin Open</i> , 2020 , 1,	2.2	21
242	Cognitive functioning in ultra-high risk for psychosis individuals with and without depression: Secondary analysis of findings from the NEURAPRO randomized clinical trial. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 218, 48-54	3.6	4
241	Sex differences in cognitive functioning of patients at-risk for psychosis and healthy controls: Results from the European Gene-Environment Interactions study. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 63, e25	6	8
240	Commentary: Preventive Treatments for Psychosis: Umbrella Review (Just the Evidence). <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 11, 488	5	2
239	Neuroharmony: A new tool for harmonizing volumetric MRI data from unseen scanners. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2020 , 220, 117127	7.9	14
238	Distress related to attenuated psychotic symptoms: Static and dynamic association with transition to psychosis, non-remission and transdiagnostic symptomatology in clinical high-risk patients in an international intervention trial. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin Open</i> , 2020 ,	2.2	2
237	Emotion Recognition and Adverse Childhood Experiences in Individuals at Clinical High Risk of Psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2020 , 46, 823-833	1.3	7
236	Clinical risk factors for psychosis 2020 , 249-268		1
235	New paradigms to study psychosis risk 2020 , 399-416		
234	The placement of anomalous self-experiences within schizotypal personality in a nonclinical sample. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 218, 219-225	3.6	5
233	Impaired olfactory ability associated with larger left hippocampus and rectus volumes at earliest stages of schizophrenia: A sign of neuroinflammation?. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2020 , 289, 112909	9.9	2
232	Prevalence of subthreshold positive symptoms in young people without psychotic disorders presenting to a youth mental health service. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 215, 446-448	3.6	3
231	The Prodrome of Psychotic Disorders: Identification, Prediction, and Preventive Treatment. <i>Child and Adolescent Psychiatric Clinics of North America</i> , 2020 , 29, 57-69	3.3	6
230	Perceptual biases and metacognition and their association with anomalous self experiences in first episode psychosis. <i>Consciousness and Cognition</i> , 2020 , 77, 102847	2.6	9

229	The neurophenomenology of early psychosis: An integrative empirical study. <i>Consciousness and Cognition</i> , 2020 , 77, 102845	2.6	25
228	Association of Adverse Outcomes With Emotion Processing and Its Neural Substrate in Individuals at Clinical High Risk for Psychosis. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 77, 190-200	14.5	14
227	Migrant status and identification as ultra-high risk for psychosis and transitioning to a psychotic disorder. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2020 , 141, 52-59	6.5	10
226	Evidence for preventive treatments in young patients at clinical high risk of psychosis: the need for context. <i>Lancet Psychiatry,the</i> , 2020 , 7, 378-380	23.3	8
225	Basic symptoms in young people at ultra-high risk of psychosis: Association with clinical characteristics and outcomes. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 216, 255-261	3.6	8
224	Dynamic prediction systems of transition to psychosis using joint modelling: extensions to the base system. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 216, 207-212	3.6	2
223	Transdiagnostic early intervention, prevention, and prediction in psychiatry 2020 , 27-37		1
222	Prevalence, dimensionality and clinical relevance of self-disturbances and psychotic-like experiences in Polish young adults: a latent class analysis approach. <i>International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research</i> , 2020 , 29, e1809	4.3	4
221	Trajectories of symptom severity and functioning over a three-year period in a psychosis high-risk sample: A secondary analysis of the Neurapro trial. <i>Behaviour Research and Therapy</i> , 2020 , 124, 103527	5.2	7
220	Relationship between jumping to conclusions and clinical outcomes in people at clinical high-risk for psychosis. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2020 , 1-9	6.9	4
219	Transcending false dichotomies and diagnostic silos to reduce disease burden in mental disorders. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 55, 1095-1103	4.5	6
218	The challenges of neuroimaging the self, perspective-taking and psychosis risk. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 54, 1037-1038	2.6	
217	Does cortical brain morphology act as a mediator between childhood trauma and transition to psychosis in young individuals at ultra-high risk?. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 224, 116-125	3.6	2
216	The interplay between childhood trauma, cognitive biases, psychotic-like experiences and depression and their additive impact on predicting lifetime suicidal behavior in young adults. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2020 , 50, 116-124	6.9	17
215	Relationship between allostatic load and clinical outcomes in youth at ultra-high risk for psychosis in the NEURAPRO study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 226, 38-43	3.6	7
214	The NEURAPRO Biomarker Analysis: Long-Chain Omega-3 Fatty Acids Improve 6-Month and 12-Month Outcomes in Youths at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 87, 243-252	7.9	22
213	Supplementation with the omega-3 long chain polyunsaturated fatty acids: Changes in the concentrations of omega-3 index, fatty acids and molecular phospholipids of people at ultra high risk of developing psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 226, 52-60	3.6	0
212	The prognostic significance of attenuated psychotic symptoms in help-seeking youth. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 215, 277-283	3.6	4

211	Towards Precision Medicine in Psychosis: Benefits and Challenges of Multimodal Multicenter Studies-PSYSCAN: Translating Neuroimaging Findings From Research into Clinical Practice. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2020 , 46, 432-441	1.3	34	
210	The relation of basic self-disturbance to self-harm, eating disorder symptomatology and other clinical features: Exploration in an early psychosis sample. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2020 , 14, 275-282	3.3	6	
209	Comparison of erythrocyte omega-3 index, fatty acids and molecular phospholipid species in people at ultra-high risk of developing psychosis and healthy people. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 226, 44-51	3.6	14	
208	Basic self-disturbances are associated with Sense of Coherence in patients with psychotic disorders. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020 , 15, e0230956	3.7	3	
207	Pluripotential Risk and Clinical Staging: Theoretical Considerations and Preliminary Data From a Transdiagnostic Risk Identification Approach. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 11, 553578	5	4	
206	O5.1. GREY MATTER BRAIN CHANGES IN MEDICATED AND UNMEDICATED FIRST EPISODE PSYCHOSIS: A RANDOMISED PLACEBO-CONTROLLED TRIAL. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2019 , 45, S172-S17	3 ^{1.3}	1	
205	O13.7. PERSISTENT NEGATIVE SYMPTOMS IN INDIVIDUALS AT ULTRA HIGH RISK FOR PSYCHOSIS. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2019 , 45, S203-S203	1.3	78	
204	38.1 MIGRANTS FROM AFRICA TO AUSTRALIA HAVE AN INCREASED RISK OF DEVELOPING A PSYCHOTIC DISORDER BUT ARE UNDER-REPRESENTED IN ULTRA-HIGH RISK FOR PSYCHOSIS CLINICS. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2019 , 45, S149-S149	1.3	1	
203	Aripiprazole compared with placebo for auditory verbal hallucinations in youth with borderline personality disorder: Protocol for the VERBATIM randomized controlled trial. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 1373-1381	3.3	6	
202	Staging model in psychiatry: Review of the evolution of electroencephalography abnormalities in major psychiatric disorders. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 1319-1328	3.3	10	
201	Hallucinations Beyond Voices: A Conceptual Review of the Phenomenology of Altered Perception in Psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2019 , 45, S67-S77	1.3	46	
200	Individualized Prediction of Transition to Psychosis in 1,676 Individuals at Clinical High Risk: Development and Validation of a Multivariable Prediction Model Based on Individual Patient Data Meta-Analysis. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 10, 345	5	18	
199	The use of formal criteria to assess psychological models of hallucinations: a systematic review. <i>Psychosis</i> , 2019 , 11, 238-247	1.2		
198	33.1 ETHICAL ISSUES IN EARLY INTERVENTION. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2019 , 45, S143-S143	1.3	78	
197	Gender differences of patients at-risk for psychosis regarding symptomatology, drug use, comorbidity and functioning - Results from the EU-GEI study. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 59, 52-59	6	15	
196	The relationship between childhood trauma and clinical characteristics in ultra-high risk for psychosis youth. <i>Psychosis</i> , 2019 , 11, 28-41	1.2	4	
195	O6.5. INVESTIGATING VARIABLES FROM THE NAPLS RISK CALCULATOR FOR PSYCHOSIS IN THE EU-GEI HIGH RISK STUDY. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2019 , 45, S177-S178	1.3	78	
194	Importance of Variable Selection in Multimodal Prediction Models in Patients at Clinical High Risk for Psychosis and Recent-Onset Depression. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 76, 339	14.5	7	

193	Frontal slow wave resting EEG power is higher in individuals at Ultra High Risk for psychosis than in healthy controls but is not associated with negative symptoms or functioning. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019 , 208, 293-299	3.6	3
192	Does reason for referral to an ultra-high risk clinic predict transition to psychosis?. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 318-321	3.3	5
191	At-risk studies and clinical antecedents of psychosis, bipolar disorder and depression: a scoping review in the context of clinical staging. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2019 , 49, 177-189	6.9	34
190	The approved Italian version of the comprehensive assessment of at-risk mental states (CAARMS-ITA): Field test and psychometric features. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 810-817	3.3	20
189	The construct validity of the Inventory of Psychotic-Like Anomalous Self-Experiences (IPASE) as a measure of minimal self-disturbance: Preliminary data. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 686-691	3.3	16
188	A Moving Target 2019 , 67-80		
187	Basic self-disturbances independently predict recovery in psychotic disorders: A seven year follow-up study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019 , 212, 72-78	3.6	8
186	Mindfulness and compassion for youth with psychotic symptoms: A description of a group program and a consumer experience. <i>Psychosis</i> , 2019 , 11, 342-349	1.2	6
185	Relationship Between Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids and Psychopathology in the NEURAPRO Clinical Trial. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 10, 393	5	13
184	Transdiagnostic psychiatry: premature closure on a crucial pathway to clinical utility for psychiatric diagnosis. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 18, 359-360	14.4	8
183	Attenuated Psychosis Syndromes Among Australian Youth and Young Adults: Early Identification and Intervention 2019 , 67-84		
182	Improving functional outcomes in early-stage bipolar disorder: The protocol for the REsearch into COgnitive and behavioural VERsatility trial. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 1470-1479	3.3	6
181	Investigation of peripheral complement factors across stages of psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019 , 204, 30-37	3.6	29
180	Testing a neurophenomenological model of basic self disturbance in Pearly psychosis. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 18, 104-105	14.4	14
179	Neurocognition as a predictor of transition to psychotic disorder and functional outcomes in ultra-high risk participants: Findings from the NEURAPRO randomized clinical trial. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019 , 206, 67-74	3.6	25
178	A combination of self-disturbances and psychotic-like experiences. A cluster analysis study on a non-clinical sample in Poland. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2019 , 273, 394-401	9.9	9
177	Current versus recently resolved attenuated psychotic symptoms: Same level of risk for transition to psychosis?. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019 , 204, 450-451	3.6	3
176	Persistent negative symptoms in individuals at Ultra High Risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019 , 206, 355-361	3.6	24

175 Psychosis High-Risk States **2019**, 838-858

174	Longitudinal Cognitive Performance in Individuals at Ultrahigh Risk for Psychosis: A 10-year Follow-up. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2019 , 45, 1101-1111	1.3	13
173	Can antipsychotic dose reduction lead to better functional recovery in first-episode psychosis? A randomized controlled-trial of antipsychotic dose reduction. The reduce trial: Study protocol. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 1345-1356	3.3	10
172	Staged treatment and acceptability guidelines in early psychosis study (STAGES): A randomized placebo controlled trial of intensive psychosocial treatment plus or minus antipsychotic medication for first-episode psychosis with low-risk of self-harm or aggression. Study protocol and baseline	3.3	10
171	Perceptual abnormalities in an ultra-high risk for psychosis population relationship to trauma and co-morbid disorder. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 231-240	3.3	4
170	Broad clinical high-risk mental state (CHARMS): Methodology of a cohort study validating criteria for pluripotent risk. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 379-386	3.3	45
169	Varieties of Self Disorder: A Bio-Pheno-Social Model of Schizophrenia. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2018 , 44, 720-727	1.3	59
168	T30. TIPPING POINTS IPREDICTING TRANSITIONS TO PSYCHOSIS IN AT-RISK YOUNG PEOPLE. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2018 , 44, S124-S125	1.3	1
167	Clinical trajectories in the ultra-high risk for psychosis population. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 197, 550-556	3.6	34
166	Effects of Cannabis Use in Those at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis 2018 , 167-181		3
165	Youth mental health services in Italy: An achievable dream?. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2018 , 12, 433-443	3.3	8
164	Child Maltreatment and Clinical Outcome in Individuals at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis in the EU-GEI High Risk Study. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2018 , 44, 584-592	1.3	25
163	The role of self-disturbances and cognitive biases in the relationship between traumatic life events and psychosis proneness in a non-clinical sample. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 193, 218-224	3.6	31
162	Staged Treatment in Early Psychosis: A sequential multiple assignment randomised trial of interventions for ultra high risk of psychosis patients. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2018 , 12, 292-306	3.3	38
161	The Ultra-High-Risk for psychosis groups: Evidence to maintain the status quo. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 195, 543-548	3.6	20
160	Impaired action self-monitoring and cognitive confidence among ultra-high risk for psychosis and first-episode psychosis patients. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2018 , 47, 67-75	6	17
159	A new method for analysing transition to psychosis: Joint modelling of time-to-event outcome with time-dependent predictors. <i>International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research</i> , 2018 , 27,	4.3	16
158	Screening for the ultra-high risk state in a youth mental health service. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 202, 401-403	3.6	3

157	Stability in basic self-disturbances and diagnosis in a first treated psychosis: A seven year follow-up study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 202, 274-280	3.6	10
156	Dynamic prediction of transition to psychosis using joint modelling. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 202, 333-340	3.6	13
155	Enhancing social functioning in young people at Ultra High Risk (UHR) for psychosis: A pilot study of a novel strengths and mindfulness-based online social therapy. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 202, 369-3	3 3 7	53
154	Self-disturbances, cognitive biases and insecure attachment as mechanisms of the relationship between traumatic life events and psychotic-like experiences in non-clinical adults - A path analysis. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2018 , 259, 571-578	9.9	24
153	Impaired mismatch negativity to frequency deviants in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis, and preliminary evidence for further impairment with transition to psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 191, 95-100	3.6	22
152	Pre-onset risk characteristics for mania among young people at clinical high risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 192, 345-350	3.6	2
151	Recent Meta-Analyses in the Clinical High Risk for Psychosis Population: Clinical Interpretation of Findings and Suggestions for Future Research. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2018 , 9, 502	5	17
150	The impact of psychotic experiences in the early stages of mental health problems in young people. <i>BMC Psychiatry</i> , 2018 , 18, 214	4.2	12
149	Beyond the "at risk mental state" concept: transitioning to transdiagnostic psychiatry. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2018 , 17, 133-142	14.4	196
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142	Negative Psychosis Prevention Trials-Reply. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2017 , 74, 652-653	14.5	3
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138	Using clinical information to make individualized prognostic predictions in people at ultra high risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2017 , 184, 32-38	3.6	44
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(2013-2014)

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