

Robert E Seegmiller

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5360067/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

31
papers

751
citations

471509

17
h-index

526287

27
g-index

31
all docs

31
docs citations

31
times ranked

834
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Assessment of Gross Fetal Malformations: The Modernized Wilson Technique and Skeletal Staining. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2019, 1965, 421-434.	0.9	3
2	Understanding chondrodysplasia (<i>cho</i>): A comprehensive review of <i>cho</i> as an animal model of birth defects, disorders, and molecular mechanisms. <i>Birth Defects Research</i> , 2019, 111, 237-247.	1.5	4
3	Col11a1 Regulates Bone Microarchitecture during Embryonic Development. <i>Journal of Developmental Biology</i> , 2015, 3, 158-176.	1.7	36
4	Structural Variations in Articular Cartilage Matrix Are Associated with Early-Onset Osteoarthritis in the Spondyloepiphyseal Dysplasia Congenita (Sedc) Mouse. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2013, 14, 16515-16531.	4.1	14
5	Osteoarthritis-like changes in the heterozygous sedc mouse associated with the HtrA1â€Ddr2â€Mmp-13 degradative pathway: a new model of osteoarthritis. <i>Osteoarthritis and Cartilage</i> , 2012, 20, 430-439.	1.3	49
6	Assessment of Gross Fetal Malformations: The Modernized Wilson Technique and Skeletal Staining. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2012, 889, 451-463.	0.9	5
7	Regulation of Collagen Fibril Nucleation and Initial Fibril Assembly Involves Coordinate Interactions with Collagens V and XI in Developing Tendon. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2011, 286, 20455-20465.	3.4	118
8	The Heterozygous Disproportionate Micromelia (<i>dmm</i>) Mouse: Morphological Changes in Fetal Cartilage Precede Postnatal Dwarfism and Compared With Lethal Homozygotes Can Explain the Mild Phenotype. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , 2008, 56, 1003-1011.	2.5	10
9	Collagen XI chain misassembly in cartilage of the chondrodysplasia (<i>cho</i>) mouse. <i>Matrix Biology</i> , 2007, 26, 597-603.	3.6	54
10	Aggrecan 1 expression in <i>dmm</i> mice. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2006, 20, A545.	0.5	0
11	Combination therapy with folic acid and methionine in the prevention of retinoic acid-induced cleft palate in mice. <i>Birth Defects Research Part A: Clinical and Molecular Teratology</i> , 2003, 67, 168-173.	1.6	18
12	Auditory function associated with Col11a1 haploinsufficiency in chondrodysplasia (<i>cho</i>) mice. <i>Hearing Research</i> , 2003, 175, 178-182.	2.0	22
13	Protein consequences of the Col2a1 C-propeptide mutation in the chondrodysplastic <i>dmm</i> mouse. <i>Matrix Biology</i> , 2003, 22, 449-453.	3.6	24
14	Altered mandibular development precedes the time of palate closure in mice homozygous for disproportionate micromelia: An oral clefting model supporting the Pierre-Robin sequence. <i>Teratology</i> , 2002, 65, 116-120.	1.6	38
15	The mechanism of palatal clefting in the Col11a1 mutant mouse. <i>Archives of Oral Biology</i> , 2001, 46, 865-869.	1.8	32
16	Developmental toxicity of carbon black oil in mice. <i>Teratology</i> , 2000, 62, 227-232.	1.6	8
17	A developmental toxicity study of tretinoin administered topically and orally to pregnant Wistar rats. <i>Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology</i> , 1997, 36, S60-S66.	1.2	20
18	Comparative developmental dermal toxicity and mutagenicity of carbazole and benzo[a]carbazole. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 1997, 16, 2113-2117.	4.3	10

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Disproportionate micromelia (Dmm) in mice caused by a mutation in the C-propeptide coding region of Col2a1. <i>Developmental Dynamics</i> , 1997, 208, 25-33.	1.8	55
20	Pulmonary hypoplasia associated with reduced thoracic space in mice with disproportionate micromelia (DMM). <i>The Anatomical Record</i> , 1994, 238, 454-462.	1.8	11
21	Morphological differences elicited by two weak acids, retinoic and valproic, in rat embryos grown in vitro. <i>Teratology</i> , 1991, 43, 133-150.	1.6	29
22	Thoracic Volume Reduction as a Mechanism for Pulmonary Hypoplasia in Chondrodystrophic Mice. <i>Pediatric Pathology</i> , 1990, 10, 919-929.	0.5	10
23	Technique for estimating fetal mouse thoracic volumes through image analysis of histological sections. <i>The Anatomical Record</i> , 1989, 225, 176-179.	1.8	5
24	Pulmonary Hypoplasia in Mice Homozygous for the Cartilage Matrix Deficiency (Cmd) Gene: A Model for a Human Congenital Disorder. <i>Pediatric Pathology</i> , 1989, 9, 501-512.	0.5	10
25	Chondrodystrophic mice with coincidental agnathia: Evidence for the tongue obstruction hypothesis in cleft palate. <i>Teratology</i> , 1988, 38, 565-570.	1.6	22
26	Evaluation of the teratogenic potential of Delalutin (17 β -hydroxyprogesterone caproate) in mice. <i>Teratology</i> , 1983, 28, 201-208.	1.6	43
27	Structural and Associative Properties of Cartilage Matrix Constituents in Mice with Hereditary Chondrodysplasia (cho). <i>Connective Tissue Research</i> , 1981, 9, 69-77.	2.3	9
28	Congenital malformations in Utah. <i>Teratology</i> , 1980, 22, 187-199.	1.6	14
29	Normal production of cartilage glycosaminoglycan in mice homozygous for the chondrodysplasia gene. <i>Teratology</i> , 1976, 13, 317-325.	1.6	18
30	Histological and fine structural changes during chondrogenesis in micromelia induced by 6-aminonicotinamide. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 1972, 28, 555-572.	2.0	40
31	Coenzyme competition and precursor specificity during teratogenesis induced by 6-aminonicotinamide. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 1972, 28, 573-582.	2.0	20