

# Iolanda Lazaro Lopez

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

35  
papers

1,247  
citations

331670

21  
h-index

377865

34  
g-index

36  
all docs

36  
docs citations

36  
times ranked

2039  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Meta-Inflammation and De Novo Lipogenesis Markers Are Involved in Metabolic Associated Fatty Liver Disease Progression in BTBR ob/ob Mice. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2022, 23, 3965.	4.1	8
2	KHK, PNPLA3 and PPAR as Novel Targets for the Anti-Steatotic Action of Bempedoic Acid. <i>Biomedicines</i> , 2022, 10, 1517.	3.2	6
3	Linoleic Acid Status in Cell Membranes Inversely Relates to the Prevalence of Symptomatic Carotid Artery Disease. <i>Stroke</i> , 2021, 52, 703-706.	2.0	5
4	Circulating Omega-3 Fatty Acids and Incident Adverse Events in Patients With Acute Myocardial Infarction. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2020, 76, 2089-2097.	2.8	19
5	Effects of a Low Dose of Caffeine Alone or as Part of a Green Coffee Extract, in a Rat Dietary Model of Lean Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease without Inflammation. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020, 12, 3240.	4.1	23
6	Ellagic Acid as a Tool to Limit the Diabetes Burden: Updated Evidence. <i>Antioxidants</i> , 2020, 9, 1226.	5.1	40
7	Short-term treatment with high dose liraglutide improves lipid and lipoprotein profile and changes hormonal mediators of lipid metabolism in obese patients with no overt type 2 diabetes mellitus: a randomized, placebo-controlled, cross-over, double-blind clinical trial. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2019, 18, 141.	6.8	30
8	Mechanisms underlying the cardiometabolic protective effect of walnut consumption in obese people: A cross-over, randomized, double-blind, controlled inpatient physiology study. <i>Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism</i> , 2019, 21, 2086-2095.	4.4	33
9	SOCS1-targeted therapy ameliorates renal and vascular oxidative stress in diabetes via STAT1 and PI3K inhibition. <i>Laboratory Investigation</i> , 2018, 98, 1276-1290.	3.7	45
10	Nrf2 Activation Provides Atheroprotection in Diabetic Mice Through Concerted Upregulation of Antioxidant, Anti-inflammatory, and Autophagy Mechanisms. <i>Frontiers in Pharmacology</i> , 2018, 9, 819.	3.5	59
11	Interplay between HSP90 and Nrf2 pathways in diabetes-associated atherosclerosis. <i>Clínica E Investigaci3n En Arteriosclerosis</i> , 2017, 29, 51-59.	0.8	21
12	Interplay between HSP90 and Nrf2 pathways in diabetes-associated atherosclerosis. <i>Clínica E Investigaci3n En Arteriosclerosis (English Edition)</i> , 2017, 29, 51-59.	0.2	0
13	Suppressor of Cytokine Signaling-1 Peptidomimetic Limits Progression of Diabetic Nephropathy. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2017, 28, 575-585.	6.1	54
14	Gene delivery of suppressors of cytokine signaling (SOCS) inhibits inflammation and atherosclerosis development in mice. <i>Basic Research in Cardiology</i> , 2015, 110, 8.	5.9	28
15	Targeting HSP90 Ameliorates Nephropathy and Atherosclerosis Through Suppression of NF- $\kappa$ B and STAT Signaling Pathways in Diabetic Mice. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2015, 64, 3600-3613.	0.6	64
16	Peptide-based inhibition of $\kappa$ B kinase/nuclear factor- $\kappa$ B pathway protects against diabetes-associated nephropathy and atherosclerosis in a mouse model of type 1 diabetes. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2015, 58, 1656-1667.	6.3	40
17	Suppressor of Cytokine Signaling 1-Derived Peptide Inhibits Janus Kinase/Signal Transducers and Activators of Transcription Pathway and Improves Inflammation and Atherosclerosis in Diabetic Mice. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2014, 34, 1953-1960.	2.4	59
18	Parallel evolution of circulating FABP4 and NT-proBNP in heart failure patients. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2013, 12, 72.	6.8	19

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19	Akt and ERK/Nrf2 activation by PUFA oxidation-derived aldehydes upregulates FABP4 expression in human macrophages. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2013, 230, 216-222.	0.8	16
20	Peptide Inhibitor of NF- $\kappa$ B Translocation Ameliorates Experimental Atherosclerosis. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2013, 182, 1910-1921.	3.8	52
21	Gene Deficiency in Activating Fc $\gamma$ 3 Receptors Influences the Macrophage Phenotypic Balance and Reduces Atherosclerosis in Mice. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e66754.	2.5	25
22	FABP4 predicts atherogenic dyslipidemia development. The PREDIMED study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2012, 222, 229-234.	0.8	28
23	Lifestyle Changes Lower FABP4 Plasma Concentration in Patients With Cardiovascular Risk. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed )</i> , 2012, 65, 152-157.	0.6	3
24	Cambios de estilo de vida disminuyen las concentraciones plasmáticas de FABP4 en pacientes con riesgo cardiovascular. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia</i> , 2012, 65, 152-157.	1.2	13
25	Fatty acid-binding protein-4 plasma levels are associated to metabolic abnormalities and response to therapy in girls and young women with androgen excess. <i>Gynecological Endocrinology</i> , 2011, 27, 935-939.	1.7	12
26	FABP4 plasma levels are increased in familial combined hyperlipidemia. <i>Journal of Lipid Research</i> , 2010, 51, 1173-1178.	4.2	11
27	The APOA5 $\Delta$ 1131 T>C variant enhances the association between RBP4 and hypertriglyceridemia in diabetes. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2010, 20, 243-248.	2.6	8
28	APOH is increased in the plasma and liver of type 2 diabetic patients with metabolic syndrome. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2010, 209, 201-205.	0.8	38
29	Fatty acid-binding protein 4 is associated with endothelial dysfunction in patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2010, 213, 329-331.	0.8	55
30	FABP4 plasma levels are increased in familial combined hyperlipidemia. <i>Journal of Lipid Research</i> , 2010, 51, 1173-1178.	4.2	26
31	The fatty acid binding protein-4 (FABP4) is a strong biomarker of metabolic syndrome and lipodystrophy in HIV-infected patients. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2008, 199, 147-153.	0.8	32
32	Plasma Fatty Acid-Binding Protein 4 Increases with Renal Dysfunction in Type 2 Diabetic Patients without Microalbuminuria. <i>Clinical Chemistry</i> , 2008, 54, 181-187.	3.2	49
33	Plasma fatty acid binding protein 4 is associated with atherogenic dyslipidemia in diabetes. <i>Journal of Lipid Research</i> , 2008, 49, 1746-1751.	4.2	80
34	Fatty acid binding protein 4 is increased in metabolic syndrome and with thiazolidinedione treatment in diabetic patients. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2007, 195, e150-e158.	0.8	140
35	Retinol-binding protein 4 as a plasma biomarker of renal dysfunction and cardiovascular disease in type 2 diabetes. <i>Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2007, 262, 496-503.	6.0	106