Una Macleod

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/530343/publications.pdf

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69 papers 2,043 citations

236925 25 h-index 254184 43 g-index

70 all docs

70 docs citations

times ranked

70

3042 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The expanding role of primary care in cancer control. Lancet Oncology, The, 2015, 16, 1231-1272.	10.7	399
2	Time-to-diagnosis and symptoms of myeloma, lymphomas and leukaemias: a report from the Haematological Malignancy Research Network. BMC Blood Disorders, 2013, 13, 9.	0.9	94
3	Evaluation of risk assessment tools for suspected cancer in general practice: a cohort study. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, e30-e36.	1.4	86
4	Palliative Care among Heart Failure Patients in Primary Care: A Comparison to Cancer Patients Using English Family Practice Data. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e113188.	2.5	83
5	Patient, Carer and Professional Perspectives on Barriers and Facilitators to Quality Care in Advanced Heart Failure. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e93288.	2.5	72
6	Help seeking for cancer â€~alarm' symptoms: a qualitative interview study of primary care patients in the UK. British Journal of General Practice, 2015, 65, e96-e105.	1.4	63
7	Identifying potentially inappropriate prescribing in older people with dementia: a systematic review. European Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, 2019, 75, 467-481.	1.9	60
8	Understanding diagnosis of lung cancer in primary care: qualitative synthesis of significant event audit reports. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, e37-e46.	1.4	56
9	Safety netting for primary care: evidence from a literature review. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, 69, e70-e79.	1.4	55
10	Primary and secondary care management of women with early breast cancer from affluent and deprived areas: retrospective review of hospital and general practice records. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 320, 1442-1445.	2.3	52
11	Primary care oncology: essential if high quality cancer care is to be achieved for all. Family Practice, 2002, 19, 577-578.	1.9	52
12	Interventions to improve the uptake of cervical cancer screening among lower socioeconomic groups: A systematic review. Preventive Medicine, 2018, 111, 323-335.	3.4	52
13	Yorkshire Lung Screening Trial (YLST): protocol for a randomised controlled trial to evaluate invitation to community-based low-dose CT screening for lung cancer versus usual care in a targeted population at risk. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e037075.	1.9	48
14	Attributions of Cancer â€~Alarm' Symptoms in a Community Sample. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e114028.	2.5	47
15	Risk factors for emergency presentation with lung and colorectal cancers: a systematic review. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e006965-e006965.	1.9	47
16	Mirtazapine added to SSRIs or SNRIs for treatment resistant depression in primary care: phase III randomised placebo controlled trial (MIR). BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2018, 363, k4218.	2.3	44
17	Multiple myeloma: routes to diagnosis, clinical characteristics and survival – findings from a <scp>UK</scp> populationâ€based study. British Journal of Haematology, 2017, 177, 67-71.	2.5	39
18	Comorbidity and socioeconomic deprivation: an observational study of the prevalence of comorbidity in general practice. European Journal of General Practice, 2004, 10, 24-26.	2.0	37

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19	The diagnostic test accuracy of rectal examination for prostate cancer diagnosis in symptomatic patients: a systematic review. BMC Family Practice, 2018, 19, 79.	2.9	36
20	Patients' needs following colorectal cancer diagnosis: where does primary care fit in?. British Journal of General Practice, 2011, 61, e692-e699.	1.4	35
21	Reducing the time before consulting with symptoms of lung cancer: a randomised controlled trial in primary care. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, e47-e54.	1.4	34
22	Embedding electronic decision-support tools for suspected cancer in primary care: a qualitative study of GPs' experiences. Primary Health Care Research and Development, 2015, 16, 548-555.	1.2	32
23	Exploring GPs' experiences of using diagnostic tools for cancer: a qualitative study in primary care. Family Practice, 2015, 32, 101-105.	1.9	28
24	The Adaptation, Face, and Content Validation of a Needs Assessment Tool: Progressive Disease for People with Interstitial Lung Disease. Journal of Palliative Medicine, 2016, 19, 549-555.	1.1	28
25	Illness identity as an important component of candidacy: Contrasting experiences of help-seeking and access to care in cancer and heart disease. Social Science and Medicine, 2016, 168, 101-110.	3.8	28
26	Myeloma: Patient accounts of their pathways to diagnosis. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0194788.	2.5	26
27	Developing a complex intervention to reduce time to presentation with symptoms of lung cancer. British Journal of General Practice, 2012, 62, e605-e615.	1.4	25
28	Attitudes of newly qualified doctors towards a career in general practice: a qualitative focus group study. British Journal of General Practice, 2017, 67, e253-e259.	1.4	24
29	In search of the cancer candidate: can lay epidemiology help?. Sociology of Health and Illness, 2013, 35, 575-591.	2.1	22
30	Combining mirtazapine with SSRIs or SNRIs for treatment-resistant depression: the MIR RCT. Health Technology Assessment, 2018, 22, 1-136.	2.8	21
31	Patient non-attendance at urgent referral appointments for suspected cancer and its links to cancer diagnosis and one year mortality: A cohort study of patients referred on the Two Week Wait pathway. Cancer Epidemiology, 2019, 63, 101588.	1.9	20
32	Does the use of specialist palliative care services modify the effect of socioeconomic status on place of death? A systematic review. Palliative Medicine, 2016, 30, 434-445.	3.1	16
33	Mass media and risk factors for cancer: the under-representation of age. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 490.	2.9	16
34	Lung cancer symptom appraisal among people with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease: A qualitative interview study. Psycho-Oncology, 2019, 28, 718-725.	2.3	16
35	The impact of consent on observational research: a comparison of outcomes from consenters and non consenters to an observational study. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2008, 8, 15.	3.1	15
36	Emergency admissions and subsequent inpatient care through an emergency oncology service at a tertiary cancer centre: service users' experiences and views. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2019, 27, 451-460.	2.2	15

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37	Disease-related factors affecting timely lymphoma diagnosis: a qualitative study exploring patient experiences. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, 69, e134-e145.	1.4	15
38	Selfâ€reported skin concerns: An epidemiological study of communityâ€dwelling older people. International Journal of Older People Nursing, 2018, 13, e12195.	1.3	14
39	Low cancer suspicion following experience of a cancer †warning sign†M. European Journal of Cancer, 2015, 51, 2473-2479.	2.8	13
40	Family Caregivers Who Would Be Unwilling to Provide Care at the End of Life Again: Findings from the Health Survey for England Population Survey. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0146960.	2.5	13
41	Experience of, awareness of and help-seeking for potential cancer symptoms in smokers and non-smokers: A cross-sectional study. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0183647.	2.5	13
42	The complex relationship between household income of family caregivers, access to palliative care services and place of death: A national household population survey. Palliative Medicine, 2018, 32, 357-365.	3.1	12
43	An integrated understanding of the complex drivers of emergency presentations and admissions in cancer patients: Qualitative modelling of secondary-care health professionals' experiences and views. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0216430.	2.5	12
44	Non-attendance at urgent referral appointments for suspected cancer: a qualitative study to gain understanding from patients and GPs. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, 69, e850-e859.	1.4	12
45	â€~Unpacking' pathways to lymphoma and myeloma diagnosis: Do experiences align with the Model of Pathways to Treatment? Findings from a UK qualitative study with patients and relatives. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e034244.	1.9	12
46	Psychometric Properties of the Needs Assessment Toolâ€"Progressive Disease Cancer in U.K. Primary Care. Journal of Pain and Symptom Management, 2018, 56, 602-612.	1.2	11
47	REDUCE (Reviewing long-term antidepressant use by careful monitoring in everyday practice) internet and telephone support to people coming off long-term antidepressants: protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2020, 21, 419.	1.6	11
48	Mirtazapine added to selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors for treatment-resistant depression in primary care (MIR trial): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2016, 17, 66.	1.6	10
49	Place of death: is home always best?. British Journal of Hospital Medicine (London, England: 2005), 2011, 72, 441-443.	0.5	9
50	Developing a community-based intervention to improve quality of life in people with colorectal cancer: a complex intervention development study. BMJ Open, 2013, 3, e002596.	1.9	9
51	Time intervals from first symptom to diagnosis for head and neck cancers: An analysis of linked patient reports and medical records from the UK. Cancer Epidemiology, 2019, 59, 37-45.	1.9	8
52	Core intended learning outcomes for tackling health inequalities in undergraduate medicine. BMC Medical Education, 2015, 15, 66.	2.4	7
53	<scp>GP</scp> s' perceptions and experiences of public awareness campaigns for cancer: a qualitative enquiry. Health Expectations, 2016, 19, 377-387.	2.6	7
54	Perceived colorectal cancer candidacy and the role of candidacy in colorectal cancer screening. Health, Risk and Society, 2019, 21, 352-372.	1.7	7

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55	Making sense of bodily sensations: Do shared cancer narratives influence symptom appraisal?. Social Science and Medicine, 2019, 223, 31-39.	3.8	6
56	The association between normalising attributions and help-seeking for cancer alarm symptoms in the community: a cross-sectional survey. Lancet, The, 2014, 384, S86.	13.7	4
57	A cluster randomised trial of a Needs Assessment Tool for adult Cancer patients and their carers (NAT-C) in primary care: A feasibility study. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0245647.	2.5	3
58	Geographical distance and reduced access to palliative radiotherapy: systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ Supportive and Palliative Care, 2022, , bmjspcare-2021-003356.	1.6	3
59	Rapid review of factors associated with flexible sigmoidoscopy screening use. Preventive Medicine, 2019, 120, 8-18.	3.4	2
60	Non-attendance at urgent referral appointments for suspected cancer: a qualitative study to gain understanding from patients and GPs. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, , bjgp1919X706625.	1.4	2
61	Use of a GP-endorsed 12 months' reminder letter to promote uptake of bowel scope screening: protocol for a randomised controlled trial in a hard-to-reach population. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e022263.	1.9	2
62	Barriers to provision of high quality care for patients with end stage heart failure. BMJ Supportive and Palliative Care, 2012, 2, A17.3-A18.	1.6	1
63	A qualitative exploration of women's perspectives and acceptability of including new cancer awareness information in allâ€elear breast or cervical screening results. European Journal of Cancer Care, 2022, , .	1.5	1
64	Translating qualitative data into intervention content using the Theoretical Domains Framework and stakeholder co-design: a worked example from a study of cervical screening attendance in older women. BMC Health Services Research, 2022, 22, 610.	2.2	1
65	A MIXED METHOD STUDY EXPLORING A PALLIATIVE CARE APPROACH FOR PEOPLE WITH ADVANCED HEART FAILURE. BMJ Supportive and Palliative Care, 2014, 4, A11.1-A11.	1.6	0
66	Recognition and referral of cancer symptoms in primary care. Practice Nursing, 2015, 26, 426-431.	0.1	0
67	Using primary care-based paper and telephone interventions to increase uptake of bowel scope screening in Yorkshire: a protocol of a randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e024616.	1.9	0
68	173â€ldentifying inappropriate prescribing in older people with dementia: a systematic review. , 2018, , .		0
69	63â€Systematic review of prognostic variables associated with mortality in adult patients with heart failure. , 2020, , .		0