Isabelle Soerjomataram

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Global cancer statistics 2018: GLOBOCAN estimates of incidence and mortality worldwide for 36 cancers in 185 countries. Ca-A Cancer Journal for Clinicians, 2018, 68, 394-424.	157.7	62,121
2	Global Cancer Statistics 2020: GLOBOCAN Estimates of Incidence and Mortality Worldwide for 36 Cancers in 185 Countries. Ca-A Cancer Journal for Clinicians, 2021, 71, 209-249.	157.7	52,977
3	Cancer statistics for the year 2020: An overview. International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 149, 778-789.	2.3	2,480
4	Global Burden of Human Papillomavirus and Related Diseases. Vaccine, 2012, 30, F12-F23.	1.7	1,254
5	Proportion and number of cancer cases and deaths attributable to potentially modifiable risk factors in the United States. Ca-A Cancer Journal for Clinicians, 2018, 68, 31-54.	157.7	970
6	Global burden of cancer attributable to high body-mass index in 2012: a population-based study. Lancet Oncology, The, 2015, 16, 36-46.	5.1	718
7	Recent trends of cancer in Europe: A combined approach of incidence, survival and mortality for 17 cancer sites since the 1990s. European Journal of Cancer, 2008, 44, 1345-1389.	1.3	645
8	Progress in cancer survival, mortality, and incidence in seven high-income countries 1995–2014 (ICBP) Tj ETQo	0 0 0 rgB	T /Qyerlock 1
9	Global burden of cancer in 2008: a systematic analysis of disability-adjusted life-years in 12 world regions. Lancet, The, 2012, 380, 1840-1850.	6.3	503
10	Recent trends in incidence of five common cancers in 26 European countries since 1988: Analysis of the European Cancer Observatory. European Journal of Cancer, 2015, 51, 1164-1187.	1.3	403
11	An overview of prognostic factors for long-term survivors of breast cancer. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2008, 107, 309-330.	1.1	396
12	Global cancer incidence in older adults, 2012 and 2035: A populationâ€based study. International Journal of Cancer, 2019, 144, 49-58.	2.3	396
13	Planning for tomorrow: global cancer incidence and the role of prevention 2020–2070. Nature Reviews Clinical Oncology, 2021, 18, 663-672.	12.5	319
14	Impact of scaled up human papillomavirus vaccination and cervical screening and the potential for global elimination of cervical cancer in 181 countries, 2020–99: a modelling study. Lancet Oncology, The, 2019, 20, 394-407.	5.1	279
15	Obesity and cancer: An update of the global impact. Cancer Epidemiology, 2016, 41, 8-15.	0.8	217
16	The global cancer burden and human development: A review. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2018, 46, 27-36.	1.2	176

17	Status of implementation and organization of cancer screening in The European Union Member States—Summary results from the second European screening report. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 142, 44-56.	2.3	169
18	Global, regionalÂand national burden of primary liver cancer by subtype. European Journal of Cancer, 2022, 161, 108-118.	1.3	125

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19	Measuring the societal burden of cancer: The cost of lost productivity due to premature cancerâ€related mortality in <scp>E</scp> urope. International Journal of Cancer, 2015, 136, E136-45.	2.3	123
20	Convergence of decreasing male and increasing female incidence rates in major tobacco-related cancers in Europe in 1988–2010. European Journal of Cancer, 2015, 51, 1144-1163.	1.3	117
21	Performance of colorectal cancer screening in the European Union Member States: data from the second European screening report. Gut, 2019, 68, 1232-1244.	6.1	113
22	Essential TNM: a registry tool to reduce gaps in cancer staging information. Lancet Oncology, The, 2019, 20, e103-e111.	5.1	92
23	Effect on longevity of one-third reduction in premature mortality from non-communicable diseases by 2030: a global analysis of the Sustainable Development Goal health target. The Lancet Global Health, 2018, 6, e1288-e1296.	2.9	90
24	Ovarian cancer today and tomorrow: A global assessment by world region and Human Development Index using <scp>GLOBOCAN</scp> 2020. International Journal of Cancer, 2022, 151, 1535-1541.	2.3	82
25	An assessment of GLOBOCAN methods for deriving national estimates of cancer incidence. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2016, 94, 174-184.	1.5	81
26	Productivity losses due to premature mortality from cancer in Brazil, Russia, India, China, and South Africa (BRICS): A population-based comparison. Cancer Epidemiology, 2018, 53, 27-34.	0.8	75
27	Epidemiology of Multiple Primary Cancers. Methods in Molecular Biology, 2009, 471, 85-105.	0.4	73
28	Colon and rectal cancer survival in seven high-income countries 2010–2014: variation by age and stage at diagnosis (the ICBP SURVMARK-2 project). Gut, 2021, 70, 114-126.	6.1	71
29	Excess of cancers in Europe: A study of eleven major cancers amenable to lifestyle change. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 120, 1336-1343.	2.3	70
30	Cancer patterns and trends in Central and South America. Cancer Epidemiology, 2016, 44, S23-S42.	0.8	70
31	Estimating and validating disability-adjusted life years at the global level: a methodological framework for cancer. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2012, 12, 125.	1.4	61
32	Urban greenways have the potential to increase physical activity levels cost-effectively. European Journal of Public Health, 2014, 24, 190-195.	0.1	56
33	Impact of a smoking and alcohol intervention programme on lung and breast cancer incidence in Denmark: An example of dynamic modelling with Prevent. European Journal of Cancer, 2010, 46, 2617-2624.	1.3	55
34	Benchmarking life expectancy and cancer mortality: global comparison with cardiovascular disease 1981-2010. BMJ, The, 2017, 357, j2765.	3.0	50
35	Cancers related to lifestyle and environmental factors in France in 2015. European Journal of Cancer, 2018, 105, 103-113.	1.3	50
36	International trends in COPD mortality, 1995–2017. European Respiratory Journal, 2019, 54, 1901791.	3.1	50

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37	Cancer causes and prevention: A condensed appraisal in Europe in 2008. European Journal of Cancer, 2008, 44, 1390-1403.	1.3	43
38	Occupational exposures and cancer: a review of agents and relative risk estimates. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 75, 604-614.	1.3	43
39	On the avoidability of breast cancer in industrialized societies: older mean age at first birth as an indicator of excess breast cancer risk. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2008, 111, 297-302.	1.1	42
40	Population Attributable and Preventable Fractions: Cancer Risk Factor Surveillance, and Cancer Policy Projection. Current Epidemiology Reports, 2016, 3, 201-211.	1.1	41
41	The influence of birth cohort and calendar period on global trends in ovarian cancer incidence. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 146, 749-758.	2.3	40
42	Cancers in France in 2015 attributable to occupational exposures. International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health, 2019, 222, 22-29.	2.1	39
43	Cancer incidence and mortality in Australia from 2020 to 2044 and an exploratory analysis of the potential effect of treatment delays during the COVID-19 pandemic: a statistical modelling study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2022, 7, e537-e548.	4.7	38
44	Cancer prevention policy in the EU: Best practices are now well recognised; no reason for countries to lag behind. Journal of Cancer Policy, 2018, 18, 40-51.	0.6	35
45	Most colorectal cancer survivors live a large proportion of their remaining life in good health. Cancer Causes and Control, 2012, 23, 1421-1428.	0.8	32
46	Prostate cancer burden in Central and South America. Cancer Epidemiology, 2016, 44, S131-S140.	0.8	32
47	Comparison of liver cancer incidence and survival by subtypes across seven highâ€income countries. International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 149, 2020-2031.	2.3	30
48	The fraction of lung cancer incidence attributable to fine particulate air pollution in France: Impact of spatial resolution of air pollution models. Environment International, 2018, 121, 1079-1086.	4.8	27
49	The risk of cancer attributable to diagnostic medical radiation: Estimation for France in 2015. International Journal of Cancer, 2019, 144, 2954-2963.	2.3	27
50	Exploring variations in ovarian cancer survival by age and stage (ICBP SurvMark-2): A population-based study. Gynecologic Oncology, 2020, 157, 234-244.	0.6	27
51	Tobacco-related cancers in Europe: The scale of the epidemic in 2018. European Journal of Cancer, 2020, 139, 27-36.	1.3	25
52	U.S. Burden of Cancer by Race and Ethnicity According to Disability-Adjusted Life Years. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2016, 51, 673-681.	1.6	24
53	Cancers attributable to tobacco smoking in France in 2015. European Journal of Public Health, 2018, 28, 707-712.	0.1	24
54	Cancer and the risk of coronavirus disease 2019 diagnosis, hospitalisation and death: A populationâ€based multistate cohort study including 4 618 377 adults in Catalonia, Spain. International Journal of Cancer, 2022, 150, 782-794.	2.3	24

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55	Cancers in France in 2015 attributable to high body mass index. Cancer Epidemiology, 2018, 52, 15-19.	0.8	23
56	International differences in lung cancer survival by sex, histological type and stage at diagnosis: an ICBP SURVMARK-2 Study. Thorax, 2022, 77, 378-390.	2.7	23
57	Burden of Cancer in a Large Consortium of Prospective Cohorts in Europe. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2016, 108, djw127.	3.0	22
58	Does Alcohol Use Affect Cancer Risk?. Current Nutrition Reports, 2019, 8, 222-229.	2.1	20
59	Reducing inequalities in lung cancer incidence through smoking policies. Lung Cancer, 2011, 73, 268-273.	0.9	19
60	Impact of tobacco control policies implementation on future lung cancer incidence in Europe: An international, population-based modeling study. Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The, 2021, 4, 100074.	3.0	19
61	Scenarios of future lung cancer incidence by educational level: Modelling study in Denmark. European Journal of Cancer, 2010, 46, 2625-2632.	1.3	18
62	Tobaccoâ€ a ttributable burden of cancer according to socioeconomic position in France. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 143, 478-485.	2.3	16
63	Paid and unpaid productivity losses due to premature mortality from cancer in Europe in 2018. International Journal of Cancer, 2022, 150, 580-593.	2.3	15
64	Impact of the <scp>COVID</scp> â€19 pandemic on populationâ€based cancer registry. International Journal of Cancer, 2022, 150, 273-278.	2.3	15
65	Inequalities in cancer incidence and mortality across medium to highly developed countries in the twenty-first century. Cancer Causes and Control, 2016, 27, 999-1007.	0.8	14
66	Breast cancer diagnosis, patterns of care and burden of disease in Queensland, Australia (1998–2004): does being Indigenous make a difference?. International Journal of Public Health, 2016, 61, 435-442.	1.0	14
67	Cigarette smoking-attributable burden of cancer by race and ethnicity in the United States. Cancer Causes and Control, 2017, 28, 981-984.	0.8	14
68	Modelling the impact of increased alcohol taxation on alcohol-attributable cancers in the WHO European Region. Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The, 2021, 11, 100225.	3.0	13
69	Exploring the impact of cancer registry completeness on international cancer survival differences: a simulation study. British Journal of Cancer, 2021, 124, 1026-1032.	2.9	12
70	The long road towards cancer prevention: 4 steps backward and 8 forward. European Journal of Cancer, 2010, 46, 2660-2662.	1.3	11
71	The impact of reclassifying cancers of unspecified histology on international differences in survival for small cell and nonâ€small cell lung cancer (<scp>ICBP SurvMark</scp> â€2 project). International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 149, 1013-1020.	2.3	11
72	New cancer cases attributable to diet among adults aged 30–84 years in France in 2015. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 120, 1171-1180.	1.2	10

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73	Populationâ€based cancer staging for oesophageal, gastric, and pancreatic cancer 2012â€2014: International Cancer Benchmarking Partnership <scp>SurvMark</scp> â€2. International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 149, 1239-1246.	2.3	10
74	Estimated number of cancers attributable to occupational exposures in France in 2017: an update using a new method for improved estimates. Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology, 2023, 33, 125-131.	1.8	10
75	Fewer Cancer Cases in 4 Countries of the WHO European Region in 2018 through Increased Alcohol Excise Taxation: A Modelling Study. European Addiction Research, 2021, 27, 189-197.	1.3	10
76	CanStaging+: an electronic staging tool for population-based cancer registries. Lancet Oncology, The, 2021, 22, 1069.	5.1	9
77	COVID-19 and Cancer Global Modelling Consortium (CCGMC): A global reference to inform national recovery strategies. Journal of Cancer Policy, 2022, 32, 100328.	0.6	6
78	Cancer Premature Mortality Costs in Europe in 2020: A Comparison of the Human Capital Approach and the Friction Cost Approach. Current Oncology, 2022, 29, 3552-3564.	0.9	5
79	Did alcohol protect against death from breast cancer in Russia?. Lancet, The, 2009, 374, 975.	6.3	3
80	Cancers in France in 2015 attributable to insufficient physical activity. Cancer Epidemiology, 2019, 60, 216-220.	0.8	3
81	A way to explore the existence of "immortals―in cancer registry data – An illustration using data from ICBP SURVMARK-2. Cancer Epidemiology, 2022, 76, 102085.	0.8	3
82	Five ways to improve international comparisons of cancer survival: lessons learned from ICBP SURVMARK-2. British Journal of Cancer, 2022, 126, 1224-1228.	2.9	3
83	An innovative method to estimate lifetime prevalence of carcinogenic occupational circumstances: the example of painters and workers of the rubber manufacturing industry in France. Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology, 2020, 31, 769-776.	1.8	2

84 Occupational Factors in the Social Gradients in Cancer Incidence. , 2021, , 205-219.

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