David M Howard

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Πλυίο Μ.Ηουλαρ

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Apolipoprotein E e4 allele status and later-life depression in the Lothian Birth Cohort 1936. Psychological Medicine, 2022, 52, 3816-3824.	2.7	5
2	Sex-Dependent Shared and Nonshared Genetic Architecture Across Mood and Psychotic Disorders. Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 91, 102-117.	0.7	61
3	Using major depression polygenic risk scores to explore the depressive symptom continuum. Psychological Medicine, 2022, 52, 149-158.	2.7	9
4	Identifying the Common Genetic Basis of Antidepressant Response. Biological Psychiatry Global Open Science, 2022, 2, 115-126.	1.0	31
5	Methylome-wide association study of early life stressors and adult mental health. Human Molecular Genetics, 2022, 31, 651-664.	1.4	7
6	Associations between alcohol use and accelerated biological ageing. Addiction Biology, 2022, 27, e13100.	1.4	19
7	Comparison of symptom-based versus self-reported diagnostic measures of anxiety and depression disorders in the GLAD and COPING cohorts. Journal of Anxiety Disorders, 2022, 85, 102491.	1.5	20
8	Epigenome-wide association study of alcohol consumption in N = 8161 individuals and relevance to alcohol use disorder pathophysiology: identification of the cystine/glutamate transporter SLC7A11 as a top target. Molecular Psychiatry, 2022, 27, 1754-1764.	4.1	18
9	Blood-based epigenome-wide analyses of cognitive abilities. Genome Biology, 2022, 23, 26.	3.8	20
10	Effects of depression on employment and social outcomes: a Mendelian randomisation study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2022, 76, 563-571.	2.0	17
11	DNA methylome-wide association study of genetic risk for depression implicates antigen processing and immune responses. Genome Medicine, 2022, 14, 36.	3.6	16
12	Methylome-wide association study of antidepressant use in Generation Scotland and the Netherlands Twin Register implicates the innate immune system. Molecular Psychiatry, 2022, 27, 1647-1657.	4.1	10
13	Structural neuroimaging measures and lifetime depression across levels of phenotyping in UK biobank. Translational Psychiatry, 2022, 12, 157.	2.4	7
14	Exploring polygenicâ€environment and residualâ€environment interactions for depressive symptoms within the UK Biobank. Genetic Epidemiology, 2022, 46, 219-233.	0.6	4
15	Genetic architecture of 11 major psychiatric disorders at biobehavioral, functional genomic and molecular genetic levels of analysis. Nature Genetics, 2022, 54, 548-559.	9.4	101
16	Complex trait methylation scores in the prediction of major depressive disorder. EBioMedicine, 2022, 79, 104000.	2.7	4
17	Clarifying the causes of consistent and inconsistent findings in genetics. Genetic Epidemiology, 2022, 46, 372-389.	0.6	4
18	Gene–Environment Correlation over Time: A Longitudinal Analysis of Polygenic Risk Scores for Schizophrenia and Major Depression in Three British Cohorts Studies. Genes, 2022, 13, 1136.	1.0	1

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19	Alcohol use disorder is associated with DNA methylation-based shortening of telomere length and regulated by TESPA1: implications for aging. Molecular Psychiatry, 2022, 27, 3875-3884.	4.1	7
20	Polygenic scores for schizophrenia and major depression are associated with psychosocial risk factors in children: evidence of gene–environment correlation. Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines, 2022, 63, 1140-1152.	3.1	4
21	Genetic and shared couple environmental contributions to smoking and alcohol use in the UK population. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 4344-4354.	4.1	10
22	Birth weight associations with DNA methylation differences in an adult population. Epigenetics, 2021, 16, 783-796.	1.3	18
23	Epigenome-wide association study and multi-tissue replication of individuals with alcohol use disorder: evidence for abnormal glucocorticoid signaling pathway gene regulation. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 2224-2237.	4.1	32
24	Epigenetic prediction of major depressive disorder. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 5112-5123.	4.1	44
25	CRISPR disruption and UK Biobank analysis of a highly conserved polymorphic enhancer suggests a role in male anxiety and ethanol intake. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 2263-2276.	4.1	9
26	Association of polygenic score for major depression with response to lithium in patients with bipolar disorder. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 2457-2470.	4.1	44
27	Polygenic contributions to alcohol use and alcohol use disorders across population-based and clinically ascertained samples. Psychological Medicine, 2021, 51, 1147-1156.	2.7	18
28	The influence of X chromosome variants on trait neuroticism. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 483-491.	4.1	17
29	Mental health before and during the COVID-19 pandemic in two longitudinal UK population cohorts. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2021, 218, 334-343.	1.7	330
30	Structural brain correlates of serum and epigenetic markers of inflammation in major depressive disorder. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2021, 92, 39-48.	2.0	53
31	Educational attainment impacts drinking behaviors and risk for alcohol dependence: results from a two-sample Mendelian randomization study with ~780,000 participants. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 1119-1132.	4.1	58
32	Functional brain defects in a mouse model of a chromosomal t(1;11) translocation that disrupts DISC1 and confers increased risk of psychiatric illness. Translational Psychiatry, 2021, 11, 135.	2.4	3
33	Multiple measures of depression to enhance validity of major depressive disorder in the UK Biobank. BJPsych Open, 2021, 7, e44.	0.3	27
34	A Comparison of Ten Polygenic Score Methods for Psychiatric Disorders Applied Across Multiple Cohorts. Biological Psychiatry, 2021, 90, 611-620.	0.7	103
35	Genome-wide association study of more than 40,000 bipolar disorder cases provides new insights into the underlying biology. Nature Genetics, 2021, 53, 817-829.	9.4	629
36	Bi-ancestral depression GWAS in the Million Veteran Program and meta-analysis in >1.2 million individuals highlight new therapeutic directions. Nature Neuroscience, 2021, 24, 954-963.	7.1	207

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37	Genome-wide association studies identify 137 genetic loci for DNA methylation biomarkers of aging. Genome Biology, 2021, 22, 194.	3.8	90
38	Genetic Overlap Profiles of Cognitive Ability in Psychotic and Affective Illnesses: A Multisite Study of Multiplex Pedigrees. Biological Psychiatry, 2021, 90, 373-384.	0.7	5
39	Transcriptome-based polygenic score links depression-related corticolimbic gene expression changes to sex-specific brain morphology and depression risk. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2021, 46, 2304-2311.	2.8	5
40	Age and sexâ€related variability in the presentation of generalized anxiety and depression symptoms. Depression and Anxiety, 2021, 38, 1054-1065.	2.0	10
41	The Genetic Architecture of Depression in Individuals of East Asian Ancestry. JAMA Psychiatry, 2021, 78, 1258.	6.0	88
42	Associations between major psychiatric disorder polygenic risk scores and blood-based markers in UK biobank. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2021, 97, 32-41.	2.0	9
43	Comparison of depression and anxiety symptom networks in reporters and non-reporters of lifetime trauma in two samples of differing severity. Journal of Affective Disorders Reports, 2021, 6, 100201.	0.9	4
44	Identification of epigenome-wide DNA methylation differences between carriers of APOE Îμ4 and APOE Îμ2 alleles. Genome Medicine, 2021, 13, 1.	3.6	76
45	Hair glucocorticoids are associated with childhood adversity, depressive symptoms and reduced global and lobar grey matter in Generation Scotland. Translational Psychiatry, 2021, 11, 523.	2.4	13
46	SNP and Haplotype Regional Heritability Mapping (SNHap-RHM): Joint Mapping of Common and Rare Variation Affecting Complex Traits. Frontiers in Genetics, 2021, 12, 791712.	1.1	2
47	Lifestyle and Genetic Factors Modify Parent-of-Origin Effects on the Human Methylome. EBioMedicine, 2021, 74, 103730.	2.7	5
48	Genome-wide association study of antidepressant treatment resistance in a population-based cohort using health service prescription data and meta-analysis with GENDEP. Pharmacogenomics Journal, 2020, 20, 329-341.	0.9	45
49	Genetic contributions to two special factors of neuroticism are associated with affluence, higher intelligence, better health, and longer life. Molecular Psychiatry, 2020, 25, 3034-3052.	4.1	60
50	Genetic stratification of depression by neuroticism: revisiting a diagnostic tradition. Psychological Medicine, 2020, 50, 2526-2535.	2.7	27
51	Factors associated with sharing e-mail information and mental health survey participation in large population cohorts. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 49, 410-421.	0.9	67
52	Stratifying major depressive disorder by polygenic risk for schizophrenia in relation to structural brain measures. Psychological Medicine, 2020, 50, 1653-1662.	2.7	13
53	Classical Human Leukocyte Antigen Alleles and C4 Haplotypes Are Not Significantly Associated With Depression. Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 87, 419-430.	0.7	27
54	Bivariate genome-wide association analyses of the broad depression phenotype combined with major depressive disorder, bipolar disorder or schizophrenia reveal eight novel genetic loci for depression. Molecular Psychiatry, 2020, 25, 1420-1429.	4.1	68

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55	A major role for common genetic variation in anxiety disorders. Molecular Psychiatry, 2020, 25, 3292-3303.	4.1	243
56	A large-scale genome-wide association study meta-analysis of cannabis use disorder. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2020, 7, 1032-1045.	3.7	200
57	Genetic comorbidity between major depression and cardioâ€metabolic traits, stratified by age at onset of major depression. American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics, 2020, 183, 309-330.	1.1	33
58	Epigenetic measures of ageing predict the prevalence and incidence of leading causes of death and disease burden. Clinical Epigenetics, 2020, 12, 115.	1.8	109
59	Epigenomeâ€wide analyses identify DNA methylation signatures of dementia risk. Alzheimer's and Dementia: Diagnosis, Assessment and Disease Monitoring, 2020, 12, e12078.	1.2	8
60	The effects of polygenic risk for psychiatric disorders and smoking behaviour on psychotic experiences in UK Biobank. Translational Psychiatry, 2020, 10, 330.	2.4	6
61	Educational attainment reduces the risk of suicide attempt among individuals with and without psychiatric disorders independent of cognition: a bidirectional and multivariable Mendelian randomization study with more than 815,000 participants. Translational Psychiatry, 2020, 10, 388.	2.4	27
62	A phenome-wide association and Mendelian Randomisation study of polygenic risk for depression in UK Biobank. Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 2301.	5.8	81
63	Genetic stratification of depression in UK Biobank. Translational Psychiatry, 2020, 10, 163.	2.4	19
64	Automated classification of depression from structural brain measures across two independent communityâ€based cohorts. Human Brain Mapping, 2020, 41, 3922-3937.	1.9	27
65	Expression quantitative trait loci-derived scores and white matter microstructure in UK Biobank: a novel approach to integrating genetics and neuroimaging. Translational Psychiatry, 2020, 10, 55.	2.4	8
66	Genome-wide gene-environment analyses of major depressive disorder and reported lifetime traumatic experiences in UK Biobank. Molecular Psychiatry, 2020, 25, 1430-1446.	4.1	116
67	Molecular Genetic Risk for Psychosis Is Associated With Psychosis Risk Symptoms in a Population-Based UK Cohort: Findings From Generation Scotland. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2020, 46, 1045-1052.	2.3	12
68	Rediscovering the value of families for psychiatric genetics research. Molecular Psychiatry, 2019, 24, 523-535.	4.1	43
69	52 A PHENOME-WIDE ASSOCIATION AND MENDELIAN RANDOMISATION STUDY OF POLYGENIC RISK FOR DEPRESSION IN UK BIOBANK. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2019, 29, S88.	0.3	Ο
70	Indicators of mental disorders in UK Biobank—A comparison of approaches. International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 2019, 28, e1796.	1.1	77
71	The Genetic Links to Anxiety and Depression (GLAD) Study: Online recruitment into the largest recontactable study of depression and anxiety. Behaviour Research and Therapy, 2019, 123, 103503.	1.6	47
72	White Matter Microstructure and Its Relation to Longitudinal Measures of Depressive Symptoms in Mid- and Late Life. Biological Psychiatry, 2019, 86, 759-768.	0.7	31

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73	Familial t(1;11) translocation is associated with disruption of white matter structural integrity and oligodendrocyte–myelin dysfunction. Molecular Psychiatry, 2019, 24, 1641-1654.	4.1	18
74	Quantifying betweenâ€cohort and betweenâ€sex genetic heterogeneity in major depressive disorder. American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics, 2019, 180, 439-447.	1.1	35
75	Genome-wide by environment interaction studies of depressive symptoms and psychosocial stress in UK Biobank and Generation Scotland. Translational Psychiatry, 2019, 9, 14.	2.4	87
76	The role of neuroticism in self-harm and suicidal ideation: results from two UK population-based cohorts. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2019, 54, 1505-1518.	1.6	14
77	Genome-wide association study identifies 30 loci associated with bipolar disorder. Nature Genetics, 2019, 51, 793-803.	9.4	1,191
78	Impact of Polygenic Risk for Schizophrenia on Cortical Structure in UK Biobank. Biological Psychiatry, 2019, 86, 536-544.	0.7	62
79	Parent of origin genetic effects on methylation in humans are common and influence complex trait variation. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 1383.	5.8	37
80	Associations between vascular risk factors and brain MRI indices in UK Biobank. European Heart Journal, 2019, 40, 2290-2300.	1.0	204
81	Pharmaco-epidemiology of antidepressant exposure in a UK cohort record-linkage study. Journal of Psychopharmacology, 2019, 33, 482-493.	2.0	11
82	Genomic structural equation modelling provides insights into the multivariate genetic architecture of complex traits. Nature Human Behaviour, 2019, 3, 513-525.	6.2	511
83	Insulin resistance: Genetic associations with depression and cognition in population based cohorts. Experimental Neurology, 2019, 316, 20-26.	2.0	10
84	Uncovering the Genetic Architecture of Major Depression. Neuron, 2019, 102, 91-103.	3.8	113
85	A meta-analysis of genome-wide association studies of epigenetic age acceleration. PLoS Genetics, 2019, 15, e1008104.	1.5	83
86	Childhood intelligence attenuates the association between biological ageing and health outcomes in later life. Translational Psychiatry, 2019, 9, 323.	2.4	15
87	Genome-wide analysis identifies molecular systems and 149 genetic loci associated with income. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 5741.	5.8	110
88	Genomic Relationships, Novel Loci, and Pleiotropic Mechanisms across Eight Psychiatric Disorders. Cell, 2019, 179, 1469-1482.e11.	13.5	935
89	Association of Whole-Genome and NETRIN1 Signaling Pathway–Derived Polygenic Risk Scores for Major Depressive Disorder and White Matter Microstructure in the UK Biobank. Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2019, 4, 91-100.	1.1	16
90	The Neurobiology of Personal Control During Reward Learning and Its Relationship to Mood. Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2019, 4, 190-199.	1.1	17

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91	Genome-Wide Association Study Meta-Analysis of the Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test (AUDIT) in Two Population-Based Cohorts. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2019, 176, 107-118.	4.0	326
92	How data science can advance mental health research. Nature Human Behaviour, 2019, 3, 24-32.	6.2	37
93	Genome-wide meta-analysis of depression identifies 102 independent variants and highlights the importance of the prefrontal brain regions. Nature Neuroscience, 2019, 22, 343-352.	7.1	1,589
94	Cohort profile for the STratifying Resilience and Depression Longitudinally (STRADL) study: A depression-focused investigation of Generation Scotland, using detailed clinical, cognitive, and neuroimaging assessments. Wellcome Open Research, 2019, 4, 185.	0.9	27
95	Common schizophrenia alleles are enriched in mutation-intolerant genes and in regions under strong background selection. Nature Genetics, 2018, 50, 381-389.	9.4	1,332
96	Genome-wide association study of depression phenotypes in UK Biobank identifies variants in excitatory synaptic pathways. Nature Communications, 2018, 9, 1470.	5.8	415
97	Association analysis in over 329,000 individuals identifies 116 independent variants influencing neuroticism. Nature Genetics, 2018, 50, 6-11.	9.4	327
98	Self-reported medication use validated through record linkage to national prescribing data. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2018, 94, 132-142.	2.4	75
99	Genome-wide meta-analyses of stratified depression in Generation Scotland and UK Biobank. Translational Psychiatry, 2018, 8, 9.	2.4	66
100	Genomic analysis of family data reveals additional genetic effects on intelligence and personality. Molecular Psychiatry, 2018, 23, 2347-2362.	4.1	131
101	Genome-wide association analyses identify 44 risk variants and refine the genetic architecture of major depression. Nature Genetics, 2018, 50, 668-681.	9.4	2,224
102	Brain cortical characteristics of lifetime cognitive ageing. Brain Structure and Function, 2018, 223, 509-518.	1.2	44
103	Does Childhood Trauma Moderate Polygenic Risk for Depression? A Meta-analysis of 5765 Subjects From the Psychiatric Genomics Consortium. Biological Psychiatry, 2018, 84, 138-147.	0.7	87
104	Epigenetic signatures of starting and stopping smoking. EBioMedicine, 2018, 37, 214-220.	2.7	67
105	Transancestral GWAS of alcohol dependence reveals common genetic underpinnings with psychiatric disorders. Nature Neuroscience, 2018, 21, 1656-1669.	7.1	490
106	Genetics of self-reported risk-taking behaviour, trans-ethnic consistency and relevance to brain gene expression. Translational Psychiatry, 2018, 8, 178.	2.4	29
107	Epigenetic prediction of complex traits and death. Genome Biology, 2018, 19, 136.	3.8	146
108	DISC1 regulates N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor dynamics: abnormalities induced by a Disc1 mutation modelling a translocation linked to major mental illness. Translational Psychiatry, 2018, 8, 184.	2.4	21

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109	Addendum: Genome-wide association study of depression phenotypes in UK Biobank identifies variants in excitatory synaptic pathways. Nature Communications, 2018, 9, 3578.	5.8	16
110	Estimation of Genetic Correlation via Linkage Disequilibrium Score Regression and Genomic Restricted Maximum Likelihood. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2018, 102, 1185-1194.	2.6	119
111	Cortical Brain Abnormalities in 4474 Individuals With Schizophrenia and 5098 Control Subjects via the Enhancing Neuro Imaging Genetics Through Meta Analysis (ENIGMA) Consortium. Biological Psychiatry, 2018, 84, 644-654.	0.7	627
112	Resting-State Connectivity and Its Association With Cognitive Performance, Educational Attainment, and Household Income in the UK Biobank. Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2018, 3, 878-886.	1.1	46
113	DNA Methylation Signatures of Depressive Symptoms in Middle-aged and Elderly Persons. JAMA Psychiatry, 2018, 75, 949.	6.0	78
114	Common variants on 6q16.2, 12q24.31 and 16p13.3 are associated with major depressive disorder. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2018, 43, 2146-2153.	2.8	36
115	Selective advantage of implementing optimal contributions selection and timescales for the convergence of long-term genetic contributions. Genetics Selection Evolution, 2018, 50, 24.	1.2	7
116	DNA sequence-level analyses reveal potential phenotypic modifiers in a large family with psychiatric disorders. Molecular Psychiatry, 2018, 23, 2254-2265.	4.1	19
117	Genetic and environmental contributions to psychological resilience and coping. Wellcome Open Research, 2018, 3, 12.	0.9	15
118	Genetic and environmental determinants of stressful life events and their overlap with depression and neuroticism. Wellcome Open Research, 2018, 3, 11.	0.9	15
119	Genetic and environmental determinants of stressful life events and their overlap with depression and neuroticism. Wellcome Open Research, 2018, 3, 11.	0.9	19
120	A Combined Pathway and Regional Heritability Analysis Indicates NETRIN1 Pathway Is Associated With Major Depressive Disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2017, 81, 336-346.	0.7	32
121	Genome-wide Association for Major Depression Through Age at Onset Stratification: Major Depressive Disorder Working Group of the Psychiatric Genomics Consortium. Biological Psychiatry, 2017, 81, 325-335.	0.7	175
122	Exploration of haplotype research consortium imputation for genome-wide association studies in 20,032 Generation Scotland participants. Genome Medicine, 2017, 9, 23.	3.6	110
123	Assessing the presence of shared genetic architecture between Alzheimer's disease and major depressive disorder using genome-wide association data. Translational Psychiatry, 2017, 7, e1094-e1094.	2.4	38
124	An Analysis of Two Genome-wide Association Meta-analyses Identifies a New Locus for Broad Depression Phenotype. Biological Psychiatry, 2017, 82, 322-329.	0.7	84
125	Genome-wide Regional Heritability Mapping Identifies a Locus Within the TOX2 Gene Associated With Major Depressive Disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2017, 82, 312-321.	0.7	26
126	Effects of environmental risks and polygenic loading for schizophrenia on cortical thickness. Schizophrenia Research, 2017, 184, 128-136.	1.1	42

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127	Do regional brain volumes and major depressive disorder share genetic architecture? A study of Generation Scotland (n=19 762), UK Biobank (n=24 048) and the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing (n=5766). Translational Psychiatry, 2017, 7, e1205-e1205.	2.4	45
128	Genome-wide association study of alcohol consumption and genetic overlap with other health-related traits in UK Biobank (N=112 117). Molecular Psychiatry, 2017, 22, 1376-1384.	4.1	351
129	Subcortical volume and white matter integrity abnormalities in major depressive disorder: findings from UK Biobank imaging data. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 5547.	1.6	91
130	Genome-wide haplotype-based association analysis of major depressive disorder in Generation Scotland and UK Biobank. Translational Psychiatry, 2017, 7, 1263.	2.4	23
131	Contribution of copy number variants to schizophrenia from a genome-wide study of 41,321 subjects. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 27-35.	9.4	838
132	Use of haplotypes to identify regions harbouring lethal recessive variants in pigs. Genetics Selection Evolution, 2017, 49, 57.	1.2	8
133	Haplotype-based association analysis of general cognitive ability in Generation Scotland, the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing, and UK Biobank. Wellcome Open Research, 2017, 2, 61.	0.9	4
134	Electronic health record and genome-wide genetic data in Generation Scotland participants. Wellcome Open Research, 2017, 2, 85.	0.9	14
135	Cognitive Test Scores in UK Biobank: Data Reduction in 480,416 Participants and Longitudinal Stability in 20,346 Participants. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0154222.	1.1	175
136	Psychological distress, neuroticism, and cause-specific mortality: early prospective evidence from UK Biobank. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2016, 70, 1136-1139.	2.0	40
137	Identification of polymorphic and off-target probe binding sites on the Illumina Infinium MethylationEPIC BeadChip. Genomics Data, 2016, 9, 22-24.	1.3	264
138	Molecular Genetic Contributions to Social Deprivation and Household Income in UK Biobank. Current Biology, 2016, 26, 3083-3089.	1.8	177
139	Shared Genetics and Couple-Associated Environment Are Major Contributors to the Risk of Both Clinical and Self-Declared Depression. EBioMedicine, 2016, 14, 161-167.	2.7	32
140	Genetic influences on schizophrenia and subcortical brain volumes: large-scale proof of concept. Nature Neuroscience, 2016, 19, 420-431.	7.1	204
141	Polygenic risk for coronary artery disease is associated with cognitive ability in older adults. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 45, 433-440.	0.9	16
142	Genetic and Environmental Risk for Chronic Pain and the Contribution of Risk Variants for Major Depressive Disorder: A Family-Based Mixed-Model Analysis. PLoS Medicine, 2016, 13, e1002090.	3.9	60
143	Effects of a Balanced Translocation between Chromosomes 1 and 11 Disrupting the DISC1 Locus on White Matter Integrity. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0130900.	1.1	21
144	Epidemiology and Heritability of Major Depressive Disorder, Stratified by Age of Onset, Sex, and Illness Course in Generation Scotland: Scottish Family Health Study (GS:SFHS). PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0142197.	1.1	101

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145	Cortical Surface Area Differentiates Familial High Risk Individuals Who Go on to Develop Schizophrenia. Biological Psychiatry, 2015, 78, 413-420.	0.7	33
146	The UK10K project identifies rare variants in health and disease. Nature, 2015, 526, 82-90.	13.7	1,014
147	The cortical thickness phenotype of individuals with DISC1 translocation resembles schizophrenia. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2015, 125, 3714-3722.	3.9	16
148	The ENIGMA Consortium: large-scale collaborative analyses of neuroimaging and genetic data. Brain Imaging and Behavior, 2014, 8, 153-182.	1.1	696
149	Cortical thickness in first-episode schizophrenia patients and individuals at high familial risk: A cross-sectional comparison. Schizophrenia Research, 2013, 151, 259-264.	1.1	69
150	Prediction of Depression in Individuals at High Familial Risk of Mood Disorders Using Functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e57357.	1.1	37
151	A t(1;11) translocation linked to schizophrenia and affective disorders gives rise to aberrant chimeric DISC1 transcripts that encode structurally altered, deleterious mitochondrial proteins. Human Molecular Genetics, 2012, 21, 3374-3386.	1.4	61
152	Are There Progressive Brain Changes in Schizophrenia? A Meta-Analysis of Structural Magnetic Resonance Imaging Studies. Biological Psychiatry, 2011, 70, 88-96.	0.7	442
153	Cohort profile for the STratifying Resilience and Depression Longitudinally (STRADL) study: A depression-focused investigation of Generation Scotland, using detailed clinical, cognitive, and neuroimaging assessments. Wellcome Open Research, 0, 4, 185.	0.9	12