

Sabuj Kanti Mistry

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

46
papers

776
citations

516561

16
h-index

610775

24
g-index

49
all docs

49
docs citations

49
times ranked

720
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A Syndemic Perspective on the Management of Non-communicable Diseases Amid the COVID-19 Pandemic in Low- and Middle-Income Countries. <i>Frontiers in Public Health</i> , 2020, 8, 508.	1.3	103
2	Exploring fear of COVID-19 and its correlates among older adults in Bangladesh. <i>Globalization and Health</i> , 2021, 17, 47.	2.4	71
3	Determinants of early initiation of breastfeeding in Ethiopia: a population-based study using the 2016 demographic and health survey data. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2019, 19, 69.	0.9	59
4	Perceived fear of COVID-19 and its associated factors among Nepalese older adults in eastern Nepal: A cross-sectional study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0254825.	1.1	34
5	Older adults with non-communicable chronic conditions and their health care access amid COVID-19 pandemic in Bangladesh: Findings from a cross-sectional study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0255534.	1.1	30
6	Community Health Workers Can Provide Psychosocial Support to the People During COVID-19 and Beyond in Low- and Middle- Income Countries. <i>Frontiers in Public Health</i> , 2021, 9, 666753.	1.3	29
7	Community health workers involvement in preventative care in primary healthcare: a systematic scoping review. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019, 9, e031666.	0.8	28
8	Gestational diabetes mellitus (GDM) and adverse pregnancy outcome in South Asia: A systematic review. <i>Endocrinology, Diabetes and Metabolism</i> , 2021, 4, e00285.	1.0	28
9	Exploring depressive symptoms and its associates among Bangladeshi older adults amid COVID-19 pandemic: findings from a cross-sectional study. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2021, 56, 1487-1497.	1.6	27
10	Individual, maternal- and household-level factors associated with stunting among children aged 0–23 months in Bangladesh. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2019, 22, 85-94.	1.1	26
11	Prevalence and Risk Factors of Cardiovascular Diseases among Bangladeshi Adults: Findings from a Cross-sectional Study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Global Health</i> , 2019, 9, 176-184.	1.1	26
12	Maternal nutrition counselling is associated with reduced stunting prevalence and improved feeding practices in early childhood: a post-program comparison study. <i>Nutrition Journal</i> , 2019, 18, 47.	1.5	25
13	Changes in Tobacco Use Patterns during COVID-19 and Their Correlates among Older Adults in Bangladesh. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 1779.	1.2	23
14	Relationship of sleep pattern and snoring with chronic disease: findings from a nationwide population-based survey. <i>Sleep Health</i> , 2018, 4, 40-48.	1.3	20
15	Community Health Workers as Healthcare Navigators in Primary Care Chronic Disease Management: a Systematic Review. <i>Journal of General Internal Medicine</i> , 2021, 36, 2755-2771.	1.3	20
16	Assessing Community Based Improved Maternal Neonatal Child Survival (IMNCS) Program in Rural Bangladesh. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0136898.	1.1	20
17	Trends and determinants of perinatal mortality in Bangladesh. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0221503.	1.1	18
18	Socio-demographic characteristics, lifestyle factors, multi-morbid conditions and depressive symptoms among Nepalese older adults. <i>BMC Psychiatry</i> , 2020, 20, 261.	1.1	18

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	A Controlled Before-and-After Perspective on the Improving Maternal, Neonatal, and Child Survival Program in Rural Bangladesh: An Impact Analysis. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0161647.	1.1	13
20	Prevalence of and factors associated with hypertension according to JNC 7 and ACC/AHA 2017 guidelines in Bangladesh. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 15420.	1.6	12
21	Prevalence and correlates of depressive symptoms among Rohingya (forcibly displaced Myanmar) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overl (Cambridge, England), 2021, 8, e23.	1.0	11
22	Misconceptions about COVID-19 among older Rohingya (forcefully displaced Myanmar nationals) adults in Bangladesh: findings from a cross-sectional study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e050427.	0.8	10
23	Difficulties faced by older Rohingya (forcibly displaced Myanmar nationals) adults in accessing medical services amid the COVID-19 pandemic in Bangladesh. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2021, 6, e007051.	2.0	10
24	Prevalence of non-communicable chronic conditions, multimorbidity and its correlates among older adults in rural Nepal: a cross-sectional study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e041728.	0.8	9
25	Recognizing the roles of primary health care in addressing non-communicable diseases in low- and middle-income countries: Lesson from COVID-19, implications for the future. <i>Journal of Global Health</i> , 2021, 11, 03120.	1.2	9
26	Household drinking water <i>E. coli</i> contamination and its associated risk with childhood diarrhea in Bangladesh. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution Research</i> , 2022, 29, 32180-32189.	2.7	9
27	Factors associated with mobile phone usage to access maternal and child healthcare among women of urban slums in Dhaka, Bangladesh: a cross-sectional study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e043933.	0.8	8
28	COVID-19 vaccination coverage is extremely low among older population in Bangladesh: findings from a cross-sectional study. <i>Human Vaccines and Immunotherapeutics</i> , 2022, 18, 1-8.	1.4	8
29	Are older adults of Rohingya community (Forcibly Displaced Myanmar Nationals or FDMNs) in Bangladesh fearful of COVID-19? Findings from a cross-sectional study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0253648.	1.1	7
30	Prevalence of and factors associated with prehypertension and hypertension among Bangladeshi young adults: An analysis of the Bangladesh Demographic and Health Survey 2017-18. <i>Clinical Epidemiology and Global Health</i> , 2021, 12, 100912.	0.9	7
31	Functional status and its associated factors among community-dwelling older adults in rural Nepal: findings from a cross-sectional study. <i>BMC Geriatrics</i> , 2021, 21, 335.	1.1	6
32	Older adults with pre-existing noncommunicable conditions and their healthcare access amid COVID-19 pandemic: a cross-sectional study in eastern Nepal. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022, 12, e056342.	0.8	6
33	Demographic, Socio-economic and Lifestyle Determinants of Under- and Over-nutrition among Bangladeshi Adult Population: Results from a Large Cross-Sectional Study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Global Health</i> , 2018, 8, 134.	1.1	4
34	Breastfeeding is a protective factor for overweight/obesity among young children in Bangladesh: Findings from a nationwide data. <i>Children and Youth Services Review</i> , 2020, 119, 105525.	1.0	4
35	COVID-19 related misconceptions among older adults in Bangladesh: findings from a cross-sectional study. <i>F1000Research</i> , 0, 10, 216.	0.8	4
36	Demographic, Socio-economic and Lifestyle Determinants of Under- and Over-nutrition among Bangladeshi Adult Population: Results from a Large Cross-Sectional Study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Global Health</i> , 2018, 8, 134.	1.1	4

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37	Trends in Complementary Feeding Indicators and Intake from Specific Food Groups among Children Aged 6â€“23 Months in Bangladesh. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022, 19, 550.	1.2	4
38	Assessment of non-communicable disease related lifestyle risk factors among adult population in Bangladesh. <i>Journal of Biosocial Science</i> , 2022, 54, 651-671.	0.5	3
39	Prevalence and correlates of total sleep time among the older adults during COVID-19 pandemic in Bangladesh. <i>Sleep Epidemiology</i> , 2021, 1, 100008.	0.7	3
40	Biosocial and disease conditions are associated with good quality of life among older adults in rural eastern Nepal: Findings from a cross-sectional study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0242942.	1.1	3
41	A qualitative study to understand drivers of psychoactive substance use among Nepalese youth. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0259021.	1.1	3
42	Factors associated with women's approval on intimate partner violence in Bangladesh: A cross-sectional analysis of latest demographic and health survey 2017â€“18. <i>Heliyon</i> , 2021, 7, e08582.	1.4	3
43	Learning from a codesign exercise aimed at developing a navigation intervention in the general practice setting. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2022, 39, 1070-1079.	0.8	2
44	Exploring Factors Associated with Womenâ€™s Willingness to Provide Digital Fingerprints in Accessing Healthcare Services: A Cross-Sectional Study in Urban Slums of Bangladesh. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022, 19, 40.	1.2	2
45	Was there any change in tobacco smoking among adults in Bangladesh during 2009â€“2017? Insights from two nationally representative cross-sectional surveys. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e057896.	0.8	2
46	Perceived Change in Tobacco Use and Its Associated Factors among Older Adults Residing in Rohingya Refugee Camps during the COVID-19 Pandemic in Bangladesh. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 12349.	1.2	1