

Steve Kornblau

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

180
papers

9,902
citations

43973

48
h-index

39575

94
g-index

183
all docs

183
docs citations

183
times ranked

13719
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Targetable Kinase-Activating Lesions in Ph-like Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2014, 371, 1005-1015.	13.9	1,161
2	Reverse phase protein array: validation of a novel proteomic technology and utility for analysis of primary leukemia specimens and hematopoietic stem cells. <i>Molecular Cancer Therapeutics</i> , 2006, 5, 2512-2521.	1.9	607
3	Melphalan and purine analog-containing preparative regimens: reduced-intensity conditioning for patients with hematologic malignancies undergoing allogeneic progenitor cell transplantation. <i>Blood</i> , 2001, 97, 631-637.	0.6	551
4	Efficacy, Safety, and Biomarkers of Response to Azacitidine and Nivolumab in Relapsed/Refractory Acute Myeloid Leukemia: A Nonrandomized, Open-Label, Phase II Study. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2019, 9, 370-383.	7.7	380
5	BCR-ABL1 Compound Mutations Combining Key Kinase Domain Positions Confer Clinical Resistance to Ponatinib in Ph Chromosome-Positive Leukemia. <i>Cancer Cell</i> , 2014, 26, 428-442.	7.7	292
6	Inhibition of the Mitochondrial Protease ClpP as a Therapeutic Strategy for Human Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Cancer Cell</i> , 2015, 27, 864-876.	7.7	265
7	Functional proteomic profiling of AML predicts response and survival. <i>Blood</i> , 2009, 113, 154-164.	0.6	235
8	Deregulation of DUX4 and ERG in acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2016, 48, 1481-1489.	9.4	231
9	Simultaneous activation of multiple signal transduction pathways confers poor prognosis in acute myelogenous leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2006, 108, 2358-2365.	0.6	230
10	Mutant NPM1 Maintains the Leukemic State through HOX Expression. <i>Cancer Cell</i> , 2018, 34, 499-512.e9.	7.7	209
11	WTAP is a novel oncogenic protein in acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2014, 28, 1171-1174.	3.3	208
12	Prognostic impact and targeting of CRM1 in acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2013, 121, 4166-4174.	0.6	184
13	Profiling of somatic mutations in acute myeloid leukemia with FLT3-ITD at diagnosis and relapse. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 2491-2501.	0.6	180
14	Metabolic gatekeeper function of B-lymphoid transcription factors. <i>Nature</i> , 2017, 542, 479-483.	13.7	175
15	Venetoclax Combined With FLAG-IDA Induction and Consolidation in Newly Diagnosed and Relapsed or Refractory Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2021, 39, 2768-2778.	0.8	173
16	BCL-2 family proteins as 5-Azacitidine-sensitizing targets and determinants of response in myeloid malignancies. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2014, 28, 1657-1665.	3.3	171
17	<i>Ebf1</i> or <i>Pax5</i> haploinsufficiency synergizes with STAT5 activation to initiate acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2011, 208, 1135-1149.	4.2	140
18	Notch activation inhibits AML growth and survival: a potential therapeutic approach. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2013, 210, 321-337.	4.2	139

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19	Treatment of Philadelphia Chromosome-Positive Early Chronic Phase Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia With Daily Doses of Interferon Alpha and Low-Dose Cytarabine. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 1999, 17, 284-284.	0.8	135
20	Recurrent expression signatures of cytokines and chemokines are present and are independently prognostic in acute myelogenous leukemia and myelodysplasia. <i>Blood</i> , 2010, 116, 4251-4261.	0.6	134
21	Highly Phosphorylated FOXO3A Is an Adverse Prognostic Factor in Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2010, 16, 1865-1874.	3.2	130
22	Concomitant inhibition of DNA methyltransferase and BCL-2 protein function synergistically induce mitochondrial apoptosis in acute myelogenous leukemia cells. <i>Annals of Hematology</i> , 2012, 91, 1861-1870.	0.8	129
23	MLL-Rearranged Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemias Activate BCL-2 through H3K79 Methylation and Are Sensitive to the BCL-2-Specific Antagonist ABT-199. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2015, 13, 2715-2727.	2.9	118
24	A genome-wide association study of susceptibility to acute lymphoblastic leukemia in adolescents and young adults. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 125, 680-686.	0.6	110
25	hnRNP K Is a Haploinsufficient Tumor Suppressor that Regulates Proliferation and Differentiation Programs in Hematologic Malignancies. <i>Cancer Cell</i> , 2015, 28, 486-499.	7.7	110
26	Blockade of adaptive defensive changes in cholesterol uptake and synthesis in AML by the addition of pravastatin to idarubicin + high-dose Ara-C: a phase 1 study. <i>Blood</i> , 2007, 109, 2999-3006.	0.6	107
27	Atg7 suppression enhances chemotherapeutic agent sensitivity and overcomes stroma-mediated chemoresistance in acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 128, 1260-1269.	0.6	104
28	Comprehensive mutational analysis of primary and relapse acute promyelocytic leukemia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2016, 30, 1672-1681.	3.3	99
29	Phase I/II study of the hypoxia-activated prodrug PR104 in refractory/relapsed acute myeloid leukemia and acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2015, 100, 927-934.	1.7	93
30	Phase I study of mitoxantrone plus etoposide with multidrug blockade by SDZ PSC-833 in relapsed or refractory acute myelogenous leukemia.. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 1997, 15, 1796-1802.	0.8	88
31	p53 pathway dysfunction is highly prevalent in acute myeloid leukemia independent of TP53 mutational status. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2017, 31, 1296-1305.	3.3	87
32	Treatment with a 5-day versus a 10-day schedule of decitabine in older patients with newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukaemia: a randomised phase 2 trial. <i>Lancet Haematology</i> , 2019, 6, e29-e37.	2.2	84
33	Variable slope normalization of reverse phase protein arrays. <i>Bioinformatics</i> , 2009, 25, 1384-1389.	1.8	82
34	High levels of constitutive WAF1/Cip1 protein are associated with chemoresistance in acute myelogenous leukemia. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 1995, 1, 1051-7.	3.2	79
35	Synergistic Targeting of AML Stem/Progenitor Cells With IAP Antagonist Birinapant and Demethylating Agents. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2014, 106, djt440.	3.0	75
36	RUNX1-targeted therapy for AML expressing somatic or germline mutation in RUNX1. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 59-73.	0.6	75

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37	Low expression of PP2A regulatory subunit B55 $\hat{\pm}$ is associated with T308 phosphorylation of AKT and shorter complete remission duration in acute myeloid leukemia patients. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2011, 25, 1711-1717.	3.3	71
38	Preclinical and Early Clinical Evaluation of the Oral AKT Inhibitor, MK-2206, for the Treatment of Acute Myelogenous Leukemia. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2014, 20, 2226-2235.	3.2	71
39	Network-based systems pharmacology reveals heterogeneity in LCK and BCL2 signaling and therapeutic sensitivity of T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Nature Cancer</i> , 2021, 2, 284-299.	5.7	70
40	The prognostic impact of BCL2 protein expression in acute myelogenous leukemia varies with cytogenetics. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 1999, 5, 1758-66.	3.2	68
41	Antagonism of B cell enhancer networks by STAT5 drives leukemia and poor patient survival. <i>Nature Immunology</i> , 2017, 18, 694-704.	7.0	67
42	Disruption of Wnt/ $\hat{\beta}$ 2-Catenin Exerts Antileukemia Activity and Synergizes with FLT3 Inhibition in FLT3-Mutant Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2018, 24, 2417-2429.	3.2	65
43	Clinical and laboratory studies of 2-chlorodeoxyadenosine +/- cytosine arabinoside for relapsed or refractory acute myelogenous leukemia in adults. <i>Leukemia</i> , 1996, 10, 1563-9.	3.3	60
44	Dynamic Single-Cell Network Profiles in Acute Myelogenous Leukemia Are Associated with Patient Response to Standard Induction Therapy. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2010, 16, 3721-3733.	3.2	59
45	Abnormal expression of FLI1 protein is an adverse prognostic factor in acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2011, 118, 5604-5612.	0.6	58
46	Superior efficacy of cotreatment with BET protein inhibitor and BCL2 or MCL1 inhibitor against AML blast progenitor cells. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2019, 9, 4.	2.8	57
47	BAX and PKC α modulate the prognostic impact of BCL2 expression in acute myelogenous leukemia. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2000, 6, 1401-9.	3.2	50
48	Proteomic Profiling Identifies Distinct Protein Patterns in Acute Myelogenous Leukemia CD34+CD38-Stem-Like Cells. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e78453.	1.1	48
49	Integrative genomic analyses reveal mechanisms of glucocorticoid resistance in acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Nature Cancer</i> , 2020, 1, 329-344.	5.7	44
50	Single cell T cell landscape and T cell receptor repertoire profiling of AML in context of PD-1 blockade therapy. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 6071.	5.8	44
51	Surface Adjustment of Reverse Phase Protein Arrays using Positive Control Spots. <i>Cancer Informatics</i> , 2012, 11, CIN.S9055.	0.9	40
52	Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation in Adult Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia: Frequent Complications with Fibrinogen Levels Less than 100 mg/dl. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 1996, 21, 85-92.	0.6	37
53	Phosphorylation of GSK3 $\hat{\pm}$ / $\hat{\beta}$ 2 correlates with activation of AKT and is prognostic for poor overall survival in acute myeloid leukemia patients. <i>BBA Clinical</i> , 2015, 4, 59-68.	4.1	37
54	Clinical Outcomes and Co-Occurring Mutations in Patients with RUNX1-Mutated Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2017, 18, 1618.	1.8	37

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55	A phase 1/2 study of ruxolitinib and decitabine in patients with post-myeloproliferative neoplasm acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2020, 34, 2489-2492.	3.3	37
56	Reverse phase protein array profiling reveals distinct proteomic signatures associated with chronic myeloid leukemia progression and with chronic phase in the CD34 ⁺ compartment. <i>Cancer</i> , 2012, 118, 5283-5292.	2.0	36
57	Progeny Clustering: A Method to Identify Biological Phenotypes. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015, 5, 12894.	1.6	36
58	Effective therapy for AML with RUNX1 mutation by cotreatment with inhibitors of protein translation and BCL2. <i>Blood</i> , 2022, 139, 907-921.	0.6	34
59	Distinct protein signatures of acute myeloid leukemia bone marrow-derived stromal cells are prognostic for patient survival. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2018, 103, 810-821.	1.7	33
60	The mitochondrial peptidase, neurolysin, regulates respiratory chain supercomplex formation and is necessary for AML viability. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2020, 12, .	5.8	33
61	Retinoblastoma protein expression is frequently altered in chronic lymphocytic leukemia. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 1994, 54, 242-6.	0.4	33
62	The protein phosphatase 2A regulatory subunit B55 [±] is a modulator of signaling and microRNA expression in acute myeloid leukemia cells. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research</i> , 2014, 1843, 1969-1977.	1.9	32
63	Targeting nuclear β -catenin as therapy for post-myeloproliferative neoplasm secondary AML. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2019, 33, 1373-1386.	3.3	32
64	Anti-apoptotic ARC protein confers chemoresistance by controlling leukemia-microenvironment interactions through a NF κ B/IL1 β signaling network. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2016, 7, 20054-20067.	0.8	32
65	Transglutaminase 2 expression in acute myeloid leukemia: Association with adhesion molecule expression and leukemic blast motility. <i>Proteomics</i> , 2013, 13, 2216-2224.	1.3	31
66	MLN0128, a novel mTOR kinase inhibitor, disrupts survival signaling and triggers apoptosis in AML and AML stem/ progenitor cells. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2016, 7, 55083-55097.	0.8	31
67	Neurotoxicity associated with fludarabine and cytosine arabinoside chemotherapy for acute leukemia and myelodysplasia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 1993, 7, 378-83.	3.3	31
68	Venetoclax combined with FLAG ⁺ induction and consolidation in newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukemia. <i>American Journal of Hematology</i> , 2022, 97, 1035-1043.	2.0	31
69	Focal Adhesion Kinase as a Potential Target in AML and MDS. <i>Molecular Cancer Therapeutics</i> , 2017, 16, 1133-1144.	1.9	30
70	Clinical implications of decreased retinoblastoma protein expression in acute myelogenous leukemia. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 1992, 52, 4587-90.	0.4	30
71	BH3 Profiling Discriminates Response to Cytarabine-Based Treatment of Acute Myelogenous Leukemia. <i>Molecular Cancer Therapeutics</i> , 2013, 12, 2940-2949.	1.9	29
72	Loss of TRIM62 Expression Is an Independent Adverse Prognostic Factor in Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Clinical Lymphoma, Myeloma and Leukemia</i> , 2015, 15, 115-127.e15.	0.2	28

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73	Lenalidomide as Initial Treatment of Elderly Patients with Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL). <i>Blood</i> , 2008, 112, 45-45.	0.6	28
74	A Crowdsourcing Approach to Developing and Assessing Prediction Algorithms for AML Prognosis. <i>PLoS Computational Biology</i> , 2016, 12, e1004890.	1.5	28
75	Characterization of the ETO and AML1-ETO proteins involved in the 8;21 translocation in acute myelogenous leukemia. <i>European Journal of Haematology</i> , 1998, 60, 217-225.	1.1	27
76	Preclinical activity of the novel B-cell-specific Moloney murine leukemia virus integration site 1 inhibitor PTC 209 in acute myeloid leukemia: Implications for leukemia therapy. <i>Cancer Science</i> , 2015, 106, 1705-1713.	1.7	27
77	A quantitative analysis of heterogeneities and hallmarks in acute myelogenous leukaemia. <i>Nature Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2019, 3, 889-901.	11.6	27
78	PKR inhibits the DNA damage response, and is associated with poor survival in AML and accelerated leukemia in NHD13 mice. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 1585-1594.	0.6	26
79	Use of Reverse Phase Protein Microarrays to Study Protein Expression in Leukemia: Technical and Methodological Lessons Learned. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2011, 785, 141-155.	0.4	26
80	Essential role for cyclic-AMP responsive element binding protein 1 (CREB) in the survival of acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2015, 6, 14970-14981.	0.8	25
81	Inhibition of mitochondrial complex I reverses NOTCH1-driven metabolic reprogramming in T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2022, 13, 2801.	5.8	25
82	The metabolic enzyme hexokinase 2 localizes to the nucleus in AML and normal haematopoietic stem and progenitor cells to maintain stemness. <i>Nature Cell Biology</i> , 2022, 24, 872-884.	4.6	25
83	Low expression of ASH2L protein correlates with a favorable outcome in acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2017, 58, 1207-1218.	0.6	24
84	Superior efficacy of co-targeting GF11/KDM1A and BRD4 against AML and post-MPN secondary AML cells. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2021, 11, 98.	2.8	24
85	Epidermal growth factor receptor is expressed and active in a subset of acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Journal of Hematology and Oncology</i> , 2016, 9, 64.	6.9	20
86	Decomposing the Apoptosis Pathway Into Biologically Interpretable Principal Components. <i>Cancer Informatics</i> , 2018, 17, 117693511877108.	0.9	20
87	Ultra-accurate Duplex Sequencing for the assessment of pretreatment ABL1 kinase domain mutations in Ph+ ALL. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2020, 10, 61.	2.8	20
88	Studying The Right Cell In Acute Myelogenous Leukemia: Dynamic Changes Of Apoptosis And Signal Transduction Pathway Protein Expression In Chemotherapy Resistant Ex-Vivo Selected "Survivor Cells". <i>Cell Cycle</i> , 2006, 5, 2769-2777.	1.3	19
89	Modeling Protein Expression and Protein Signaling Pathways. <i>Journal of the American Statistical Association</i> , 2012, 107, 1372-1384.	1.8	19
90	Cathepsin G Is Expressed by Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia and Is a Potential Immunotherapeutic Target. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2017, 8, 1975.	2.2	18

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91	RSK inhibitor BI-D1870 inhibits acute myeloid leukemia cell proliferation by targeting mitotic exit. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2020, 11, 2387-2403.	0.8	18
92	Analysis of CD7 expression in acute myelogenous leukemia: martingale residual plots combined with 'optimal' cutpoint analysis reveals absence of prognostic significance. <i>Leukemia</i> , 1995, 9, 1735-41.	3.3	17
93	Apoptosis regulating proteins as targets of therapy for haematological malignancies. <i>Expert Opinion on Investigational Drugs</i> , 1999, 8, 2027-2057.	1.9	16
94	Recognition of Recurrent Protein Expression Patterns in Pediatric Acute Myeloid Leukemia Identified New Therapeutic Targets. <i>Molecular Cancer Research</i> , 2018, 16, 1275-1286.	1.5	16
95	Role of MSC-derived galectin 3 in the AML microenvironment. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research</i> , 2018, 1865, 959-969.	1.9	16
96	Comparative analysis of the effects of sample source and test methodology on the assessment of protein expression in acute myelogenous leukemia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2005, 19, 1550-1557.	3.3	15
97	STAT activation status differentiates leukemogenic from non-leukemogenic stem cells in AML and is suppressed by arsenic in t(6;9)-positive AML. <i>Genes and Cancer</i> , 2014, 5, 378-392.	0.6	14
98	LGALS3 is connected to CD74 in a previously unknown protein network that is associated with poor survival in patients with AML. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2019, 44, 126-137.	2.7	14
99	Unexpected High Incidence of Severe Toxicities Associated with Alpha Interferon, Low-Dose Cytosine Arabinoside and All-Trans Retinoic Acid in Patients with Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 1999, 35, 483-489.	0.6	13
100	Targeted therapy in acute myeloid leukemia: current status and new insights from a proteomic perspective. <i>Expert Review of Proteomics</i> , 2020, 17, 1-10.	1.3	13
101	BTK inhibition sensitizes acute lymphoblastic leukemia to asparaginase by suppressing the amino acid response pathway. <i>Blood</i> , 2021, 138, 2383-2395.	0.6	13
102	Levels of retinoblastoma protein expression in newly diagnosed acute myelogenous leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 1994, 84, 256-61.	0.6	13
103	Low and maximally phosphorylated levels of the retinoblastoma protein confer poor prognosis in newly diagnosed acute myelogenous leukemia: a prospective study. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 1998, 4, 1955-63.	3.2	13
104	Recurrent Patterns of Protein Expression Signatures in Pediatric Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia: Recognition and Therapeutic Guidance. <i>Molecular Cancer Research</i> , 2018, 16, 1263-1274.	1.5	12
105	VEGFC Antibody Therapy Drives Differentiation of AML. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2018, 78, 5940-5948.	0.4	12
106	Loss of H3K27 methylation identifies poor outcomes in adult-onset acute leukemia. <i>Clinical Epigenetics</i> , 2021, 13, 21.	1.8	12
107	Preemptive control of graft-versus-host disease in a murine allogeneic transplant model using retrovirally transduced murine suicidal lymphocytes. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2001, 61, 3355-60.	0.4	12
108	Histone Modification Patterns Using RPPA-Based Profiling Predict Outcome in Acute Myeloid Leukemia Patients. <i>Proteomics</i> , 2018, 18, e1700379.	1.3	11

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109	Altered Expression of Retinoblastoma (RB) Protein in Acute Myelogenous Leukemia Does not Result from Methylation of the Rb Promotor. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 1999, 35, 283-288.	0.6	10
110	Control of graft-versus-host disease with maintenance of the graft-versus-leukemia effect in a murine allogeneic transplant model using retrovirally transduced murine suicidal lymphocytes. <i>Experimental Hematology</i> , 2007, 35, 842-853.	0.2	10
111	Network analysis of reverse phase protein expression data: Characterizing protein signatures in acute myeloid leukemia cytogenetic categories t(8;21) and inv(16). <i>Proteomics</i> , 2012, 12, 2084-2093.	1.3	10
112	Heat shock factor 1 (HSF1-pSer326) predicts response to bortezomib-containing chemotherapy in pediatric AML: a COG report. <i>Blood</i> , 2021, 137, 1050-1060.	0.6	10
113	Azacitidine (AZA) with Nivolumab (Nivo), and AZA with Nivo + Ipilimumab (Ipi) in Relapsed/Refractory (R/R) Acute Myeloid Leukemia: Clinical and Immune Biomarkers of Response. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 136, 43-45.	0.6	10
114	Update of the Hyper-CVAD and Imatinib Mesylate Regimen in Philadelphia (Ph) Positive Acute Lymphocytic Leukemia (ALL).. <i>Blood</i> , 2004, 104, 2738-2738.	0.6	9
115	Anti-Apoptotic Proteins, HSP90 and Activated STAT3 Contribute to Busulfan Resistance of Myeloid Leukemia Cells.. <i>Blood</i> , 2007, 110, 3472-3472.	0.6	9
116	PKC ζ Regulates Translation Initiation through PKR and eIF2 γ in Response to Retinoic Acid in Acute Myeloid Leukemia Cells. <i>Leukemia Research and Treatment</i> , 2012, 2012, 1-17.	2.0	8
117	The effects of sample handling on proteomics assessed by reverse phase protein arrays (RPPA): Functional proteomic profiling in leukemia. <i>Journal of Proteomics</i> , 2021, 233, 104046.	1.2	8
118	Cyclophosphamide, Etoposide, Carboplatin and Cytosine Arabinoside—A New Salvage Regimen for Relapsed or Refractory Acute Myelogenous Leukemia. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 1998, 28, 371-375.	0.6	7
119	Biological properties of ligand-dependent activation of the MET receptor kinase in acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2015, 29, 1218-1221.	3.3	7
120	Mycoplasma contamination of leukemic cell lines alters protein expression determined by reverse phase protein arrays. <i>Cytotechnology</i> , 2018, 70, 1529-1535.	0.7	7
121	Proteomic Profiling of Acute Promyelocytic Leukemia Identifies Two Protein Signatures Associated with Relapse. <i>Proteomics - Clinical Applications</i> , 2019, 13, 1800133.	0.8	7
122	Phase II trial of CPX-351 in patients with acute myeloid leukemia at high risk for induction mortality. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2020, 34, 2914-2924.	3.3	7
123	Decoupling Lineage-Associated Genes in Acute Myeloid Leukemia Reveals Inflammatory and Metabolic Signatures Associated With Outcomes. <i>Frontiers in Oncology</i> , 2021, 11, 705627.	1.3	7
124	Identification of mutations that cooperate with defects in B cell transcription factors to initiate leukemia. <i>Oncogene</i> , 2021, 40, 6166-6179.	2.6	7
125	Tumor Trp53 status and genotype affect the bone marrow microenvironment in acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017, 8, 83354-83369.	0.8	7
126	Clinical relevance of proteomic profiling in de novo pediatric acute myeloid leukemia: a Children's Oncology Group study. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2022, , .	1.7	7

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127	Comparison of the Transcriptomic Signatures in Pediatric and Adult CML. <i>Cancers</i> , 2021, 13, 6263.	1.7	7
128	Harnessing graft-versus-malignancy: non-myeloablative preparative regimens for allogeneic haematopoietic transplantation, an evolving strategy for adoptive immunotherapy. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2000, 111, 18-29.	1.2	6
129	Age-related changes of healthy bone marrow cell signaling in response to growth factors provide insight into low risk MDS. , 2014, 86, 383-396.		6
130	Survivor Cells Predict Which Patients Will Respond to Therapy with VNP40101M and Ara-C.. <i>Blood</i> , 2004, 104, 2027-2027.	0.6	6
131	New Directions in the Biology and Therapy of Chronic Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 1992, 6, 89-95.	0.6	5
132	Quantitive Expression of Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen by Western Blot (PCNAWB) in Peripheral Blasts Correlates with Remission Induciton in Patients with Acute Myelogenous Leukemia. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 1995, 19, 235-241.	0.6	5
133	Age-related changes of healthy bone marrow cell signaling in response to growth factors provide insight into low risk MDS. , 2013, , n/a-n/a.		5
134	Sotatercept (ACE-011) for Anemia of Myelofibrosis: A Phase 2 Study. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 136, 10-11.	0.6	5
135	Cladribine, Idarubicin, Cytarabine (ara-C), and Venetoclax in Treating Patients with Acute Myeloid Leukemia and High-Risk Myelodysplastic Syndrome. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 136, 7-9.	0.6	5
136	Proteomic Profiling of 150 Proteins in 511 Acute Myelogenous Leukemia (AML) Patient Samples Using Reverse Phase Proteins Arrays (RPPA) Reveals Recurrent Proteins Expression Signatures with Prognostic Implications. <i>Blood</i> , 2008, 112, 759-759.	0.6	5
137	Cycling Toward Leukemia Stem Cell Elimination Wtih a Selective Sonic Hedgehog Antagonist,. <i>Blood</i> , 2011, 118, 3776-3776.	0.6	5
138	Antagonizing IAPs by SMAC Mimetic TL32711 Induces Apoptosis in AML Cells Including AML Stem/Progenitor Cells Alone and in Combination with Chemotherapy. <i>Blood</i> , 2011, 118, 66-66.	0.6	5
139	Peptide microarray of pediatric acute myeloid leukemia is related to relapse and reveals involvement of DNA damage response and repair. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2019, 10, 4679-4690.	0.8	5
140	High Throughput Proteomic Analysis of 559 Acute Myelogenous Leukemia (AML) Patient Samples on a Single Slide Using Reverse Phase Proteins Arrays (RPPA): Analysis of Signal Transduction Pathway (STP) and Apoptosis Regulating Proteins.. <i>Blood</i> , 2006, 108, 107-107.	0.6	5
141	Proteomic profiling based classification of CLL provides prognostication for modern therapy and identifies novel therapeutic targets. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2022, 12, 43.	2.8	5
142	RPPA-based proteomics recognizes distinct epigenetic signatures in chronic lymphocytic leukemia with clinical consequences. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2022, 36, 712-722.	3.3	4
143	EphrinB1 Activation As a Potential New Treatment Option in AML. <i>Blood</i> , 2011, 118, 5235-5235.	0.6	4
144	Bortezomib is significantly beneficial for de novo pediatric AML patients with low phosphorylation of the NF- κ B subunit RelA. <i>Proteomics - Clinical Applications</i> , 2021, , 2100072.	0.8	4

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