

Thomas B Smith

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

111
papers

9,676
citations

47409

49
h-index

43601

95
g-index

112
all docs

112
docs citations

112
times ranked

11601
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Genotype–environment associations across spatial scales reveal the importance of putative adaptive genetic variation in divergence. <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2022, 15, 1390-1407.	1.5	3
2	Population structure, inbreeding and stripe pattern abnormalities in plains zebras. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2021, 30, 379-390.	2.0	17
3	Persistent panmixia despite extreme habitat loss and population decline in the threatened tricolored blackbird (<i>Agelaius tricolor</i>). <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2021, 14, 674-684.	1.5	3
4	Bird communities in African cocoa agroforestry are diverse but lack specialized insectivores. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2021, 58, 1237-1247.	1.9	14
5	Local adaptation in thermal tolerance for a tropical butterfly across ecotone and rainforest habitats. <i>Biology Open</i> , 2021, 10, .	0.6	15
6	Leveraging genomics to understand threats to migratory birds. <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2021, 14, 1646-1658.	1.5	6
7	The American Kestrel (<i>Falco sparverius</i>) genoscape: implications for monitoring, management, and subspecies boundaries. <i>Auk</i> , 2021, 138, .	0.7	12
8	PICT: A low-cost, modular, open-source camera trap system to study plant–insect interactions. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 12, 1389-1396.	2.2	27
9	Linking climate niches across seasons to assess population vulnerability in a migratory bird. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021, 27, 3519-3531.	4.2	14
10	A general theory of avian migratory connectivity. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2021, 24, 1848-1858.	3.0	25
11	Genomic vulnerability and socio-economic threats under climate change in an African rainforest bird. <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2021, 14, 1239-1247.	1.5	9
12	Precipitation and vegetation shape patterns of genomic and craniometric variation in the central African rodent <i>Praomys misonnei</i> . <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2020, 287, 20200449.	1.2	13
13	Assessing the impact of China's timber industry on Congo Basin land use change. <i>Area</i> , 2019, 51, 340-349.	1.0	18
14	Bacterial diversity is positively correlated with soil heterogeneity. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2018, 9, e02079.	1.0	68
15	Genomic signals of selection predict climate-driven population declines in a migratory bird. <i>Science</i> , 2018, 359, 83-86.	6.0	333
16	Climate warming causes declines in crop yields and lowers school attendance rates in Central Africa. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018, 610-611, 503-510.	3.9	17
17	Growth factor gene IGF1 is associated with bill size in the black-bellied seedcracker <i>Pyrenestes ostrinus</i> . <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2018, 9, 4855.	5.8	24
18	Ecological genomics predicts climate vulnerability in an endangered southwestern songbird. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2018, 21, 1085-1096.	3.0	82

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19	Ghosts of infections past: using archival samples to understand a century of monkeypox virus prevalence among host communities across space and time. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2018, 5, 171089.	1.1	46
20	Genetic assignment with isotopes and habitat suitability (<sc>gaia</sc>), a migratory bird case study. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 8, 1241-1252.	2.2	28
21	Genomic divergence across ecological gradients in the Central African rainforest songbird (<i>A</i><sc>ndropadus virens</sc>). <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2017, 26, 4966-4977.	2.0	35
22	Safeguarding biodiversity: what is perceived as working, according to the conservation community?. <i>Oryx</i> , 2016, 50, 302-307.	0.5	12
23	Environmental drivers of body size variation in the lesser treefrog (<i>Dendropsophus minutus</i>) across the Amazon-Cerrado gradient. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2016, , .	0.7	0
24	Seasonal gene expression in a migratory songbird. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2016, 25, 5680-5691.	2.0	50
25	Living with avian FLUâ€ Persistence of the H5N1 highly pathogenic avian influenza virus in Egypt. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , 2016, 187, 82-92.	0.8	6
26	Developmental plasticity affects sexual size dimorphism in an anole lizard. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2016, 30, 235-243.	1.7	23
27	Concordance on zebra stripes is not black and white: response to comment by Caro & Stankowich (2015). <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2015, 2, 150359.	1.1	4
28	Persistent impacts of West Nile virus on North American bird populations. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, 14290-14294.	3.3	65
29	Evolution and Conservation of Central African Biodiversity: Priorities for Future Research and Education in the Congo Basin and Gulf of Guinea. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2015, 47, 6-17.	0.8	13
30	How the zebra got its stripes: a problem with too many solutions. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2015, 2, 140452.	1.1	59
31	Loss of sexual dimorphism is associated with loss of lekking behavior in the green manakin <i>Xenopipo holochora</i>. <i>Journal of Avian Biology</i> , 2015, 46, 307-314.	0.6	13
32	Integrative tracking methods elucidate the evolutionary dynamics of a migratory divide. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 4, 3456-3469.	0.8	24
33	Spatial and Temporal Patterns of Frugivorous Hornbill Movements in Central Africa and their Implications for Rain Forest Conservation. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2014, 46, 763-770.	0.8	10
34	Mapping migration in a songbird using high-resolution genetic markers. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2014, 23, 5726-5739.	2.0	129
35	New host and lineage diversity of avian haemosporidia in the northern Andes. <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2014, 7, 799-811.	1.5	53
36	Prescriptive Evolution to Conserve and Manage Biodiversity. <i>Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics</i> , 2014, 45, 1-22.	3.8	89

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37	Applying evolutionary biology to address global challenges. <i>Science</i> , 2014, 346, 1245993.	6.0	228
38	Identifying areas with a high risk of human infection with the avian influenza A (H7N9) virus in East Asia. <i>Journal of Infection</i> , 2014, 69, 174-181.	1.7	20
39	A preliminary assessment of the effectiveness of the Mesoamerican Biological Corridor for protecting potential Baird's tapir (<i>Tapirus bairdii</i>) habitat in southern Mexico. <i>Integrative Zoology</i> , 2013, 8, 35-47.	1.3	23
40	Predicting bird song from space. <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2013, 6, 865-874.	1.5	31
41	The Ecology of Emerging Infectious Diseases in Migratory Birds: An Assessment of the Role of Climate Change and Priorities for Future Research. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2012, 9, 80-88.	0.9	104
42	Mating Behavior Drives Seed Dispersal by the Long-wattled Umbrellabird <i>Cephalopterus penduliger</i> . <i>Biotropica</i> , 2012, 44, 689-698.	0.8	31
43	Genetic evidence for recent range fragmentation and severely restricted dispersal in the critically endangered Sierra Madre Sparrow, <i>Xenospiza baileyi</i> . <i>Conservation Genetics</i> , 2012, 13, 283-291.	0.8	11
44	Projected changes in elevational distribution and flight performance of montane Neotropical hummingbirds in response to climate change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2011, 17, 1671-1680.	4.2	28
45	Diversification in <i>Adelomyia</i> hummingbirds follows Andean uplift. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2011, 20, 4564-4576.	2.0	100
46	TESTING ALTERNATIVE HYPOTHESES FOR EVOLUTIONARY DIVERSIFICATION IN AN AFRICAN SONGBIRD: RAINFOREST REFUGIA VERSUS ECOLOGICAL GRADIENTS. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2011, 65, 3162-3174.	1.1	43
47	Evolutionary patterns of diversification in the Andean hummingbird genus <i>Adelomyia</i> . <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2011, 60, 207-218.	1.2	41
48	A cryptic contact zone between divergent mitochondrial DNA lineages in southwestern North America supports past introgressive hybridization in the yellow-rumped warbler complex (Aves: Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT Overlock 10 Tf 50 29		
49	Patterns of divergence in the olive sunbird <i>Cyanomitra olivacea</i> (Aves: Nectariniidae) across the African rainforest-savanna ecotone. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2011, 103, 821-835.	0.7	31
50	Evolutionary principles and their practical application. <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2011, 4, 159-183.	1.5	230
51	Human-induced morphological shifts in an island lizard. <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2011, 4, 388-396.	1.5	37
52	Mapping evolutionary process: a multi-taxa approach to conservation prioritization. <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2011, 4, 397-413.	1.5	84
53	Human Impacts Flatten Rainforest-Savanna Gradient and Reduce Adaptive Diversity in a Rainforest Bird. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2010, 5, e13088.	1.1	9
54	Modeling environmentally associated morphological and genetic variation in a rainforest bird, and its application to conservation prioritization. <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2010, 3, 1-16.	1.5	52

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55	The prevalence of avian <i>Plasmodium</i> is higher in undisturbed tropical forests of Cameroon. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2009, 25, 439-447.	0.5	65
56	Birdsong tuned to the environment: green hylia song varies with elevation, tree cover, and noise. <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2009, 20, 1089-1095.	1.0	104
57	Character displacement of song and morphology in African tinkerbirds. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2009, 106, 8256-8261.	3.3	137
58	Prevalence and diversity patterns of avian blood parasites in degraded African rainforest habitats. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2009, 18, 4121-4133.	2.0	103
59	Development of beak polymorphism in the African seedcracker, <i>Pyrenestes ostrinus</i> . <i>Evolution & Development</i> , 2009, 11, 636-646.	1.1	25
60	Equating Forest Conservation with Hornbill Conservation. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2009, 23, 782-783.	2.4	0
61	Modeling distribution of Amazonian tree species and diversity using remote sensing measurements. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2008, 112, 2000-2017.	4.6	202
62	Evolutionary consequences of human disturbance in a rainforest bird species from Central Africa. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2008, 17, 58-71.	2.0	42
63	Evolutionary change in human-altered environments. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2008, 17, 1-8.	2.0	130
64	Predicting species distributions across the Amazonian and Andean regions using remote sensing data. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2008, 35, 1160-1176.	1.4	178
65	ECOMORPHOLOGY OF MIGRATORY AND SEDENTARY POPULATIONS OF THE YELLOW-RUMPED WARBLER (<i>DENDROICA CORONATA</i>). <i>Condor</i> , 2008, 110, 335-344.	0.7	54
66	The role of geography and ecology in shaping the phylogeography of the speckled hummingbird (<i>Adelomyia melanogenys</i>) in Ecuador. <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2007, 43, 795-807.	1.2	61
67	Intraspecific variation in <i>Anolis sagrei</i> mirrors the adaptive radiation of Greater Antillean anoles. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2007, 90, 189-199.	0.7	35
68	PROBING THE ADAPTIVE LANDSCAPE USING EXPERIMENTAL ISLANDS: DENSITY-DEPENDENT NATURAL SELECTION ON LIZARD BODY SIZE. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2007, 61, 1052-1061.	1.1	76
69	Hunting of Mammals Reduces Seed Removal and Dispersal of the Afrotropical Tree <i>Antrocaryon klaineanum</i> (Anacardiaceae). <i>Biotropica</i> , 2007, 39, 340-347.	0.8	99
70	ELEVATIONAL ZONATION AND THE PHYLOGENETIC RELATIONSHIPS OF THE HENICORHINA WOOD-WRENS. <i>Auk</i> , 2006, 123, 119.	0.7	40
71	Elevational Zonation and the Phylogenetic Relationships of the Henicorhina Wood-Wrens. <i>Auk</i> , 2006, 123, 119-134.	0.7	42
72	POSTGLACIAL POPULATION EXPANSION DRIVES THE EVOLUTION OF LONG-DISTANCE MIGRATION IN A SONGBIRD. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2006, 60, 2403-2409.	1.1	92

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73	Isolation of polymorphic tetranucleotide microsatellite markers for the black-bellied seedcracker (<i>Pyrenestes ostrinus</i>). <i>Molecular Ecology Notes</i> , 2005, 5, 774-776.	1.7	1
74	Molecular evidence for host specificity of parasitic nematode microfilariae in some African rainforest birds. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2005, 14, 3977-3988.	2.0	33
75	Current and historical factors influencing patterns of species richness and turnover of birds in the Gulf of Guinea highlands. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2005, 32, 1371-1384.	1.4	42
76	Importance of Body Size in Determining Dominance Hierarchies among Diverse Tropical Frugivores. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2005, 37, 96-101.	0.8	65
77	A comparison of variation between a MHC pseudogene and microsatellite loci of the little greenbul (<i>Andropadus virens</i>). <i>BMC Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2005, 5, 47.	3.2	13
78	COMBINING ISOTOPIC AND GENETIC MARKERS TO IDENTIFY BREEDING ORIGINS OF MIGRANT BIRDS. , 2005, 15, 1487-1494.		90
79	Limited Utility of mtDNA Markers for Determining Connectivity among Breeding and Overwintering Locations in Three Neotropical Migrant Birds. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2004, 18, 156-166.	2.4	75
80	Breeding and nest site characteristics of the Black-casqued Hornbill (<i>Ceratogymna atrata</i>) and White-thighed Hornbill (<i>Ceratogymna cylindricus</i>) in south-central Cameroon. <i>Ostrich</i> , 2004, 75, 79-88.	0.4	12
81	Combining genetic markers and stable isotopes to reveal population connectivity and migration patterns in a Neotropical migrant, Wilson's warbler (<i>Wilsonia pusilla</i>). <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2003, 12, 819-830.	2.0	157
82	A Call for Feather Sampling. <i>Auk</i> , 2003, 120, 218-221.	0.7	6
83	Not as the crow flies: a historical explanation for circuitous migration in Swainson's thrush (<i>Catharus ustulatus</i>). <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2002, 269, 1375-1381.	1.2	196
84	BIRDSONG AND SOUND TRANSMISSION: THE BENEFITS OF REVERBERATIONS. <i>Condor</i> , 2002, 104, 564.	0.7	87
85	DIFFERENTIAL RESOURCE USE BY PRIMATES AND HORNBILLS: IMPLICATIONS FOR SEED DISPERSAL. <i>Ecology</i> , 2002, 83, 228-240.	1.5	138
86	Bird song, ecology and speciation. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2002, 357, 493-503.	1.8	438
87	Closing the seed dispersal loop. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2002, 17, 379-386.	4.2	599
88	Birdsong and Sound Transmission: The Benefits of Reverberations. <i>Condor</i> , 2002, 104, 564-573.	0.7	106
89	Implications of long-distance movements of frugivorous rain forest hornbills. <i>Ecography</i> , 2002, 25, 745-749.	2.1	86
90	HABITAT-DEPENDENT SONG DIVERGENCE IN THE LITTLE GREENBUL: AN ANALYSIS OF ENVIRONMENTAL SELECTION PRESSURES ON ACOUSTIC SIGNALS. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2002, 56, 1849-1858.	1.1	298

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91	Refugial isolation versus ecological gradients. Contemporary Issues in Genetics and Evolution, 2001, , 383-398.	0.9	13
92	Biodiversity hotspots and beyond: the need for preserving environmental transitions. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 2001, 16, 431.	4.2	155
93	Seed dispersal by a diurnal primate community in the Dja Reserve, Cameroon. Journal of Tropical Ecology, 2001, 17, 787-808.	0.5	106
94	Putting process on the map: why ecotones are important for preserving biodiversity. , 2001, , 166-197.		12
95	Host specificity and incidence of Trypanosoma in some African rainforest birds: a molecular approach. Molecular Ecology, 2001, 10, 2319-2327.	2.0	103
96	Seasonal variation in the feeding ecology of the grey-cheeked mangabey (Lophocebus albigena) in Cameroon. American Journal of Primatology, 2001, 54, 91-105.	0.8	105
97	Refugial isolation versus ecological gradients. Testing alternative mechanisms of evolutionary divergence in four rainforest vertebrates. Genetica, 2001, 112/113, 383-398.	0.5	100
98	Seed dispersal and movement patterns in two species of Ceratogymna hornbills in a West African tropical lowland forest. Oecologia, 2000, 125, 249-257.	0.9	187
99	Comparative avian biodiversity of five mountains in northern Cameroon and Bioko. Ostrich, 2000, 71, 269-276.	0.4	6
100	Habitat use and resource tracking by African Ceratogymna hornbills: implications for seed dispersal and forest conservation. Animal Conservation, 1998, 1, 107-117.	1.5	67
101	Approaches to the reintroduction of the Bali mynah. Zoo Biology, 1998, 17, 267-284.	0.5	11
102	Ecology and speciation. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 1998, 13, 502-506.	4.2	398
103	Seed dispersal by Ceratogymna hornbills in the Dja Reserve, Cameroon. Journal of Tropical Ecology, 1998, 14, 351-371.	0.5	89
104	Limitations of Captive Breeding: Reply to Gippoliti and Carpaneto. Conservation Biology, 1997, 11, 808-810.	2.4	10
105	Adaptive significance of the mega-billed form in the polymorphic Black-bellied Seedcracker Pyrenestes ostrinus. Ibis, 1997, 139, 382-387.	1.0	15
106	EVOLUTIONARY SIGNIFICANCE OF RESOURCE POLYMORPHISMS IN FISHES, AMPHIBIANS, AND BIRDS. Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics, 1996, 27, 111-133.	6.7	575
107	A preliminary survey of birds from the Lac Lobeke Reserve, south-eastern Cameroon. Bird Conservation International, 1996, 6, 167-174.	0.7	0
108	Limitations of Captive Breeding in Endangered Species Recovery. Conservation Biology, 1996, 10, 338-348.	2.4	581

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109	Shrinkage is Not the Most Likely Cause of Bill Change in Iiwi: A Rejoinder to Winker. Conservation Biology, 1996, 10, 659-660.	2.4	5
110	Evolutionary Consequences of Extinctions in Populations of a Hawaiian Honeycreeper. Conservation Biology, 1995, 9, 107-113.	2.4	118
111	Resource polymorphisms in vertebrates. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 1995, 10, 366-370.	4.2	586