## Indra Overland

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5246185/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

all docs

54 2,083 20 37 g-index

62 62 62 62 1420

times ranked

citing authors

docs citations

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Renewable energy and geopolitics: A review. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2020, 122, 109547.	8.2	304
2	Covid-19 and the politics of sustainable energy transitions. Energy Research and Social Science, 2020, 68, 101685.	3.0	221
3	The geopolitics of renewable energy: Debunking four emerging myths. Energy Research and Social Science, 2019, 49, 36-40.	3.0	148
4	The misallocation of climate research funding. Energy Research and Social Science, 2020, 62, 101349.	3.0	135
5	The new oil? The geopolitics and international governance of hydrogen. Energy Research and Social Science, 2020, 70, 101667.	3.0	122
6	Energy democracy as a process, an outcome and a goal: A conceptual review. Energy Research and Social Science, 2020, 69, 101768.	3.0	97
7	The geopolitics of renewables: New board, new game. Energy Policy, 2020, 138, 111059.	4.2	79
8	A Limited Toolbox: Explaining the Constraints on Russia's Foreign Energy Policy. Journal of Eurasian Studies, 2011, 2, 74-85.	0.9	78
9	The GeGaLo index: Geopolitical gains and losses after energy transition. Energy Strategy Reviews, 2019, 26, 100406.	3.3	67
10	Space and timing: why was the Barents Sea delimitation dispute resolved in 2010?. Polar Geography, 2011, 34, 145-162.	0.8	56
11	Moving beyond the NDCs: ASEAN pathways to a net-zero emissions power sector in 2050. Applied Energy, 2022, 311, 118580.	5.1	51
12	Subsidies for fossil fuels and climate change: a comparative perspective. International Journal of Environmental Studies, 2010, 67, 303-317.	0.7	50
13	The Geopolitics of Renewable Energy. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	50
14	Energy: The missing link in globalization. Energy Research and Social Science, 2016, 14, 122-130.	3.0	48
15	Vietnam's solar and wind power success: Policy implications for the other ASEAN countries. Energy for Sustainable Development, 2021, 65, 1-11.	2.0	43
16	Gazprom vs. other Russian gas producers: The evolution of the Russian gas sector. Energy Policy, 2013, 61, 663-670.	4.2	39
17	Funding flows for climate change research on Africa: where do they come from and where do they go?. Climate and Development, 2022, 14, 705-724.	2.2	39
18	The South Stream versus Nabucco pipeline race: geopolitical and economic (ir)rationales and political stakes in mega-projects. International Affairs, 0, 86, 1075-1090.	0.6	36

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Reducing Energy Subsidies in China, India and Russia: Dilemmas for Decision Makers. Sustainability, 2010, 2, 475-493.	1.6	28
20	Central Asia is a missing link in analyses of critical materials for the global clean energy transition. One Earth, 2021, 4, 1678-1692.	3.6	27
21	The ASEAN climate and energy paradox. Energy and Climate Change, 2021, 2, 100019.	2.2	24
22	Russia's Arctic Energy Policy. International Journal, 2010, 65, 865-878.	0.4	23
23	Did China Bankroll Russia's Annexation of Crimea? The Role of Sino-Russian Energy Relations. , 2018, , 95-118.		22
24	Norway: Public Debate and the Management of Petroleum Resources and Revenues., 2018,, 217-245.		20
25	A void in Central Asia research: climate change. Central Asian Survey, 2023, 42, 1-20.	0.4	17
26	Pricing Pain: Social Discontent and Political Willpower in Russia's Gas Sector. Europe-Asia Studies, 2011, 63, 311-331.	0.3	15
27	Natural gas and CO <sub>2</sub> price variation: impact on the relative cost-efficiency of LNG and pipelines. International Journal of Environmental Studies, 2012, 69, 407-426.	0.7	15
28	Rosneft's offshore partnerships: the re-opening of the Russian petroleum frontier?. Polar Record, 2013, 49, 140-153.	0.4	14
29	A place in the Sun? IRENA's position in the global energy governance landscape. International Environmental Agreements: Politics, Law and Economics, 2018, 18, 335-350.	1.5	14
30	Sharing the Spoils: Winners and Losers in the Belt and Road Initiative in Myanmar. Journal of Current Southeast Asian Affairs, 2020, 39, 381-404.	1.2	14
31	Russia and the Formation of a Gas Cartel. Problems of Post-Communism, 2011, 58, 53-66.	1.3	12
32	The Hunter Becomes the Hunted: Gazprom Encounters EU Regulation. , 2017, , 115-130.		8
33	Kazakhstan: Civil Society and Natural Resource Policy in Kazakhstan. , 2018, , 143-162.		7
34	Why Choose to Cycle in a Low-Income Country?. Sustainability, 2020, 12, 7775.	1.6	6
35	Algorithm for Producing Rankings Based on Expert Surveys. Algorithms, 2019, 12, 19.	1.2	5
36	Using satellite data and machine learning to study conflict-induced environmental and socioeconomic destruction in data-poor conflict areas: The case of the Rakhine conflict. Environmental Research Communications, 2021, 3, 025005.	0.9	5

#	Article	IF	Citations
37	Villain or victim? Framing strategies and legitimation practices in the Russian perspective on the European Union's Third Energy Package. Energy Research and Social Science, 2021, 74, 101962.	3.0	5
38	Environmental performance of foreign firms: Chinese and Japanese firms in Myanmar. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2021, 312, 127701.	4.6	5
39	EU Climate and Energy Policy: New Challenges for Old Energy Suppliers. International Political Economy Series, 2019, , 73-102.	0.3	4
40	<scp>The Arctic Environmental Responsibility Index</scp> : A method to rank heterogenous extractive industry companies for governance purposes. Business Strategy and the Environment, 2021, 30, 1623-1643.	8.5	4
41	Norwegian–Russian political relations and Barents oil and gas developments. , 2015, , 97-110.		4
42	Russia: Public Debate and the Petroleum Sector. , 2018, , 261-289.		3
43	The co-ordination of conflict prevention and development aid in southern Georgia. Conflict, Security and Development, 2002, 2, 81-98.	0.4	2
44	Challenges to Russia's post-Rao UES energy paradigm: a window of opportunity for sustainable market development. Journal of World Energy Law and Business, 2011, 4, 181-192.	0.3	2
45	Introduction: Civil Society, Public Debate and Natural Resource Management. , 2018, , 1-22.		2
46	Myanmar's Attractiveness for Investment in the Energy Sector: A Comparative International Perspective. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	2
47	The Siberian Curse: A Blessing in Disguise for Renewable Energy?. Sibirica, 2010, 9, 1-20.	0.2	1
48	Barents Sea oil and gas 2025 : Three scenarios. , 2015, , .		1
49	Lonely Minds: Natural Resource Governance Without Input from Society., 2018,, 387-407.		1
50	Energy Subsidy Reform: An International Comparative Perspective on Myanmar. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	1
51	Humanitarian Organizations in Tajikistan and the Coordination of Aid to Displaced Afghans in No Man's Land. Journal of Refugee Studies, 2005, 18, 133-150.	1.0	O
52	Norwegian–Russian political relations and Barents oil and gas developments., 2015,,.		0
53	Joining Rosneft in the Sea of Okhotsk. , 0, , .		0
54	Variations on Public Brainpower: Findings from Country Case Studies of Oil- and Gas-Producing Countries. , 2018, , 369-385.		0