

Marko T Kantomaa

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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18
papers

993
citations

566801

15
h-index

839053

18
g-index

18
all docs

18
docs citations

18
times ranked

1890
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Childhood Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder Symptoms Are Risk Factors for Obesity and Physical Inactivity in Adolescence. <i>Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 53, 425-436.	0.3	128
2	Physical activity and obesity mediate the association between childhood motor function and adolescents' academic achievement. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 1917-1922.	3.3	113
3	Adolescents' physical activity in relation to family income and parents' education. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2007, 44, 410-415.	1.6	106
4	Physical Activity, Sedentary Behavior, and Academic Performance in Finnish Children. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2013, 45, 2098-2104.	0.2	104
5	The Associations of Objectively Measured Physical Activity and Sedentary Time with Cognitive Functions in School-Aged Children. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e103559.	1.1	102
6	Risk factors for persistence of multiple musculoskeletal pains in adolescence: A 2-year follow-up study. <i>European Journal of Pain</i> , 2010, 14, 1026-1032.	1.4	77
7	Psychosocial, mechanical, and metabolic factors in adolescents' musculoskeletal pain in multiple locations: A cross-sectional study. <i>European Journal of Pain</i> , 2010, 14, 395-401.	1.4	62
8	Emotional and Behavioral Problems in Relation to Physical Activity in Youth. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2008, 40, 1749-1756.	0.2	60
9	Physical activity, emotional and behavioural problems, maternal education and self-reported educational performance of adolescents. <i>Health Education Research</i> , 2010, 25, 368-379.	1.0	51
10	Internal consistency and stability of the CANTAB neuropsychological test battery in children.. <i>Psychological Assessment</i> , 2015, 27, 698-709.	1.2	41
11	Associations of Physical Activity and Sedentary Behavior With Adolescent Academic Achievement. <i>Journal of Research on Adolescence</i> , 2016, 26, 432-442.	1.9	32
12	Suspected Motor Problems and Low Preference for Active Play in Childhood Are Associated with Physical Inactivity and Low Fitness in Adolescence. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e14554.	1.1	30
13	High Levels of Physical Activity and Cardiorespiratory Fitness are Associated With Good Self-Rated Health in Adolescents. <i>Journal of Physical Activity and Health</i> , 2015, 12, 266-272.	1.0	30
14	Accelerometer-Measured Physical Activity and Sedentary Time Differ According to Education Level in Young Adults. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0158902.	1.1	26
15	Factors related to seeking health care among adolescents with musculoskeletal pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2011, 152, 896-903.	2.0	15
16	Associations of Leukocyte Telomere Length With Aerobic and Muscular Fitness in Young Adults. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2017, 185, 529-537.	1.6	11
17	Above average increases in body fat from 9 to 15 years of age had a negative impact on academic performance, independent of physical activity. <i>Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics</i> , 2019, 108, 347-353.	0.7	4
18	Response. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2014, 46, 841.	0.2	1