

David P Moore

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/522101/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

67
papers

4,434
citations

201575

27
h-index

114418

63
g-index

67
all docs

67
docs citations

67
times ranked

5548
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Global, regional, and national disease burden estimates of acute lower respiratory infections due to respiratory syncytial virus in young children in 2015: a systematic review and modelling study. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2017, 390, 946-958.	6.3	1,634
2	Causes of severe pneumonia requiring hospital admission in children without HIV infection from Africa and Asia: the PERCH multi-country case-control study. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2019, 394, 757-779.	6.3	569
3	Effects of Vaccination on Invasive Pneumococcal Disease in South Africa. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2014, 371, 1889-1899.	13.9	308
4	Global patterns in monthly activity of influenza virus, respiratory syncytial virus, parainfluenza virus, and metapneumovirus: a systematic analysis. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2019, 7, e1031-e1045.	2.9	266
5	Density of Upper Respiratory Colonization With <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> and Its Role in the Diagnosis of Pneumococcal Pneumonia Among Children Aged ≤ 5 Years in the PERCH Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S317-S327.	2.9	96
6	Association of C-Reactive Protein With Bacterial and Respiratory Syncytial Virus-Associated Pneumonia Among Children Aged ≤ 5 Years in the PERCH Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S378-S386.	2.9	84
7	Is Higher Viral Load in the Upper Respiratory Tract Associated With Severe Pneumonia? Findings From the PERCH Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S337-S346.	2.9	81
8	Role of <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> in Hospitalization for Acute Community-acquired Pneumonia Associated With Culture-confirmed <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> in Children. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2010, 29, 1099-1104.	1.1	77
9	Global burden of acute lower respiratory infection associated with human metapneumovirus in children under 5 years in 2018: a systematic review and modelling study. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2021, 9, e33-e43.	2.9	71
10	The Effect of Antibiotic Exposure and Specimen Volume on the Detection of Bacterial Pathogens in Children With Pneumonia. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S368-S377.	2.9	70
11	The impact of antiretroviral treatment on the burden of invasive pneumococcal disease in South African children: a time series analysis. <i>Aids</i> , 2011, 25, 453-462.	1.0	65
12	Standardized Interpretation of Chest Radiographs in Cases of Pediatric Pneumonia From the PERCH Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S253-S261.	2.9	62
13	Chest Radiograph Findings in Childhood Pneumonia Cases From the Multisite PERCH Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S262-S270.	2.9	56
14	High prevalence of childhood multi-drug resistant tuberculosis in Johannesburg, South Africa: a cross sectional study. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2011, 11, 28.	1.3	54
15	Colonization Density of the Upper Respiratory Tract as a Predictor of Pneumonia-Associated <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> , <i>Moraxella catarrhalis</i> , <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , and <i>Pneumocystis jirovecii</i> . <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S328-S336.	2.9	49
16	Computer-aided diagnosis for World Health Organization-defined chest radiograph primary-endpoint pneumonia in children. <i>Pediatric Radiology</i> , 2020, 50, 482-491.	1.1	48
17	Effectiveness of the 13-valent pneumococcal conjugate vaccine against invasive pneumococcal disease in South African children: a case-control study. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2017, 5, e359-e369.	2.9	47
18	Effectiveness of 7-Valent Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccine Against Invasive Pneumococcal Disease in HIV-Infected and -Uninfected Children in South Africa: A Matched Case-Control Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2014, 59, 808-818.	2.9	39

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Pertussis-Associated Pneumonia in Infants and Children From Low- and Middle-Income Countries Participating in the PERCH Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2016, 63, S187-S196.	2.9	38
20	Detection of Pneumococcal DNA in Blood by Polymerase Chain Reaction for Diagnosing Pneumococcal Pneumonia in Young Children From Low- and Middle-Income Countries. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S347-S356.	2.9	37
21	Effectiveness of pneumococcal conjugate vaccine against presumed bacterial pneumonia hospitalisation in HIV-uninfected South African children: a caseâ€“control study. <i>Thorax</i> , 2015, 70, 1149-1155.	2.7	32
22	Microscopic Analysis and Quality Assessment of Induced Sputum From Children With Pneumonia in the PERCH Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S271-S279.	2.9	32
23	Limited Utility of Polymerase Chain Reaction in Induced Sputum Specimens for Determining the Causes of Childhood Pneumonia in Resource-Poor Settings: Findings From the Pneumonia Etiology Research for Child Health (PERCH) Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S289-S300.	2.9	31
24	Evaluation of Pneumococcal Load in Blood by Polymerase Chain Reaction for the Diagnosis of Pneumococcal Pneumonia in Young Children in the PERCH Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S357-S367.	2.9	30
25	The Diagnostic Utility of Induced Sputum Microscopy and Culture in Childhood Pneumonia. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S280-S288.	2.9	29
26	Temporal Association in Hospitalizations for Tuberculosis, Invasive Pneumococcal Disease and Influenza Virus Illness in South African Children. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e91464.	1.1	29
27	Standardization of Clinical Assessment and Sample Collection Across All PERCH Study Sites. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S228-S237.	2.9	27
28	Impact of the Antiretroviral Treatment Program on the Burden of Hospitalization for Culture-confirmed Tuberculosis in South African Children. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2013, 32, 972-977.	1.1	26
29	Imputing the Direct and Indirect Effectiveness of Childhood Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccine Against Invasive Pneumococcal Disease by Surveying Temporal Changes in Nasopharyngeal Pneumococcal Colonization. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2017, 186, 435-444.	1.6	26
30	The Predictive Performance of a Pneumonia Severity Score in Human Immunodeficiency Virusâ€“negative Children Presenting to Hospital in 7 Low- and Middle-income Countries. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 70, 1050-1057.	2.9	26
31	Should Controls With Respiratory Symptoms Be Excluded From Case-Control Studies of Pneumonia Etiology? Reflections From the PERCH Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S205-S212.	2.9	25
32	Listening panel agreement and characteristics of lung sounds digitally recorded from children aged 1â€“59 months enrolled in the Pneumonia Etiology Research for Child Health (PERCH) caseâ€“control study. <i>BMJ Open Respiratory Research</i> , 2017, 4, e000193.	1.2	23
33	Laboratory-acquired infections of <i>Salmonella enterica</i> serotype Typhi in South Africa: phenotypic and genotypic analysis of isolates. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 17, 656.	1.3	23
34	Respiratory viral and pneumococcal coinfection of the respiratory tract: implications of pneumococcal vaccination. <i>Expert Review of Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2012, 6, 451-465.	1.0	21
35	The Incremental Value of Repeated Induced Sputum and Gastric Aspirate Samples for the Diagnosis of Pulmonary Tuberculosis in Young Children With Acute Community-Acquired Pneumonia. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S309-S316.	2.9	21
36	Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 Infection Among Healthcare Workers in South Africa: A Longitudinal Cohort Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 73, 1896-1900.	2.9	20

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Risk Factors for Presumed Bacterial Pneumonia Among HIV-uninfected Children Hospitalized in Soweto, South Africa. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2016, 35, 1169-1174.	1.1	17
38	Safety of Induced Sputum Collection in Children Hospitalized With Severe or Very Severe Pneumonia. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S301-S308.	2.9	17
39	Risk Factors for Invasive Pneumococcal Disease Among Children Less Than 5 Years of Age in a High HIV Prevalence Setting, South Africa, 2010 to 2012. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2015, 34, 27-34.	1.1	16
40	Changes in Pediatric HIV-Related Hospital Admissions and Mortality in Soweto, South Africa, 1996â€“2011. <i>Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999)</i> , 2012, 60, 503-510.	0.9	15
41	Integrated Source Case Investigation for Tuberculosis (TB) and HIV in the Caregivers and Household Contacts of Hospitalised Young Children Diagnosed with TB in South Africa: An Observational Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0137518.	1.1	15
42	The Etiology of Pneumonia From Analysis of Lung Aspirate and Pleural Fluid Samples: Findings From the Pneumonia Etiology Research for Child Health (PERCH) Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 73, e3788-e3796.	2.9	14
43	Efavirenz as a cause of ataxia in children. <i>South African Medical Journal</i> , 2015, 105, 897.	0.2	13
44	Data Management and Data Quality in PERCH, a Large International Case-Control Study of Severe Childhood Pneumonia. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 64, S238-S244.	2.9	13
45	Molecular Subtyping of Human Rhinovirus in Children from Three Sub-Saharan African Countries. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 2019, 57, .	1.8	13
46	Digital auscultation in PERCH: Associations with chest radiography and pneumonia mortality in children. <i>Pediatric Pulmonology</i> , 2020, 55, 3197-3208.	1.0	13
47	Congenital Rubella Syndrome Surveillance in South Africa Using a Sentinel Site Approach: A Cross-sectional Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2019, 68, 1658-1664.	2.9	12
48	Epidemiology of SARSâ€“CoVâ€“2 infection and SARSâ€“CoVâ€“2 positive hospital admissions among children in South Africa. <i>Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses</i> , 2022, 16, 34-47.	1.5	11
49	The Etiology of Pneumonia in HIV-uninfected South African Children. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2021, 40, S59-S68.	1.1	10
50	Epidemiology of the Rhinovirus (RV) in African and Southeast Asian Children: A Case-Control Pneumonia Etiology Study. <i>Viruses</i> , 2021, 13, 1249.	1.5	9
51	Epidemiology and Seasonality of Endemic Human Coronaviruses in South African and Zambian Children: A Case-Control Pneumonia Study. <i>Viruses</i> , 2021, 13, 1513.	1.5	9
52	Posterior urethral valves in South African boys: Outcomes and challenges. <i>South African Medical Journal</i> , 2018, 108, 667.	0.2	8
53	Clinical Characteristics and Histopathology of Coronavirus Disease 2019-Related Deaths in African Children. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2021, 40, e323-e332.	1.1	8
54	A prospective case-control study on the association of Rhinovirus nasopharyngeal viral load and viremia in South African children hospitalized with severe pneumonia. <i>Journal of Clinical Virology</i> , 2020, 125, 104288.	1.6	7

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Efavirenz as a cause of ataxia in children. <i>South African Medical Journal</i> , 2015, 105, 876.	0.2	6
56	Immunogenicity of 13-valent pneumococcal conjugate vaccine among children with underlying medical conditions. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2017, 35, 4321-4329.	1.7	6
57	The Etiology of Pneumonia in HIV-1-infected South African Children in the Era of Antiretroviral Treatment. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2021, 40, S69-S78.	1.1	6
58	Upper Respiratory Tract Co-detection of Human Endemic Coronaviruses and High-density Pneumococcus Associated With Increased Severity Among HIV-Uninfected Children Under 5 Years Old in the PERCH Study. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2021, 40, 503-512.	1.1	5
59	Factors associated with graft survival in South African adolescent renal transplant patients at CMJAH over a 20-year period (GRAFTSAT Study). <i>Pediatric Transplantation</i> , 2022, 26, e14148.	0.5	4
60	Hospitalization for Culture-confirmed Pulmonary Tuberculosis in the Era of Childhood Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccine Immunization. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2017, 36, e14-e21.	1.1	3
61	Epidemiology of invasive bacterial infections in pneumococcal conjugate vaccine-vaccinated and -unvaccinated children under 5 years of age in Soweto, South Africa: a cohort study from a high-HIV burden setting. <i>Paediatrics and International Child Health</i> , 2020, 40, 50-57.	0.3	3
62	Digitally recorded and remotely classified lung auscultation compared with conventional stethoscope classifications among children aged 1-59 months enrolled in the Pneumonia Etiology Research for Child Health (PERCH) case-control study. <i>BMJ Open Respiratory Research</i> , 2022, 9, e001144.	1.2	3
63	The effect of topical calcipotriol or zinc on tuberculin skin tests in hospitalised South African children. <i>International Journal of Tuberculosis and Lung Disease</i> , 2014, 18, 388-393.	0.6	2
64	Reply to Drancourt. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 65, 2159-2159.	2.9	2
65	Prevention of community-acquired pneumonia in children: South African Thoracic Society guidelines (part 4). <i>South African Medical Journal</i> , 2020, 110, 741.	0.2	2
66	Of novel analytic approaches and impactful findings and an opportunity to pose more questions. <i>The Lancet Regional Health - Western Pacific</i> , 2020, 2, 100018.	1.3	0
67	Prolonged-course tuberculosis treatment or secondary prevention for those at high risk of recurrence?. <i>Clinical Microbiology and Infection</i> , 2022, , .	2.8	0