## **Georg Herrler**

## List of Publications by Citations

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| #  | Paper  | IF               | Citations |
|----|--|------------------|-----------|
| 64 | SARS-CoV-2 Cell Entry Depends on ACE2 and TMPRSS2 and Is Blocked by a Clinically Proven Protease Inhibitor. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2020</b> , 181, 271-280.e8  | 56.2             | 10629     |
| 63 | Bats host major mammalian paramyxoviruses. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2012</b> , 3, 796   | 17.4             | 435       |
| 62 | The hemagglutinin of canine distemper virus determines tropism and cytopathogenicity. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , <b>2001</b> , 75, 6418-27   | 6.6              | 133       |
| 61 | Sialic acids as receptor determinants for coronaviruses. <i>Glycoconjugate Journal</i> , <b>2006</b> , 23, 51-8  | 3                | 126       |
| 60 | Sialic acid is a receptor determinant for infection of cells by avian Infectious bronchitis virus.<br>Journal of General Virology, <b>2006</b> , 87, 1209-1216   | 4.9              | 93        |
| 59 | Differential sensitivity of bat cells to infection by enveloped RNA viruses: coronaviruses, paramyxoviruses, filoviruses, and influenza viruses. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2013</b> , 8, e72942                               | 3.7              | 87        |
| 58 | Isolated HE-protein from hemagglutinating encephalomyelitis virus and bovine coronavirus has receptor-destroying and receptor-binding activity. <i>Virology</i> , <b>1991</b> , 180, 221-8                               | 3.6              | 77        |
| 57 | The surface receptor is a major determinant of the cell tropism of influenza C virus. <i>Virology</i> , <b>1987</b> , 159, 102-8   | 3.6              | 70        |
| 56 | Neuraminidase treatment of avian infectious bronchitis coronavirus reveals a hemagglutinating activity that is dependent on sialic acid-containing receptors on erythrocytes. <i>Virology</i> , <b>1992</b> , 189, 792-4 | <sub>.</sub> 3.6 | 58        |
| 55 | The differentiated airway epithelium infected by influenza viruses maintains the barrier function despite a dramatic loss of ciliated cells. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2016</b> , 6, 39668                          | 4.9              | 57        |
| 54 | Importance of cholesterol for infection of cells by transmissible gastroenteritis virus. <i>Virus Research</i> , <b>2008</b> , 137, 220-4  | 6.4              | 57        |
| 53 | Differential sensitivity of differentiated epithelial cells to respiratory viruses reveals different viral strategies of host infection. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , <b>2009</b> , 83, 1962-8                           | 6.6              | 53        |
| 52 | Binding of transmissible gastroenteritis coronavirus to brush border membrane sialoglycoproteins. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , <b>2003</b> , 77, 11846-8   | 6.6              | 52        |
| 51 | Formation of bovine viral diarrhea virus E1-E2 heterodimers is essential for virus entry and depends on charged residues in the transmembrane domains. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , <b>2008</b> , 89, 2114-2121  | 4.9              | 50        |
| 50 | Porcine epidemic diarrhea virus inhibits dsRNA-induced interferon-[production in porcine intestinal epithelial cells by blockade of the RIG-I-mediated pathway. <i>Virology Journal</i> , <b>2015</b> , 12, 127          | 6.1              | 43        |
| 49 | Binding of transmissible gastroenteritis coronavirus to cell surface sialoglycoproteins. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , <b>2002</b> , 76, 6037-43  | 6.6              | 42        |
| 48 | Action mechanisms of lithium chloride on cell infection by transmissible gastroenteritis coronavirus. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2011</b> , 6, e18669  | 3.7              | 42        |

| 47 | Infection of differentiated porcine airway epithelial cells by influenza virus: differential susceptibility to infection by porcine and avian viruses. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2011</b> , 6, e28429                   | 3.7  | 40 |
|----|--|------|----|
| 46 | Analysis of Ebola Virus Entry Into Macrophages. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , <b>2015</b> , 212 Suppl 2, S247-5  | 57   | 38 |
| 45 | Three viruses of the bovine respiratory disease complex apply different strategies to initiate infection. <i>Veterinary Research</i> , <b>2014</b> , 45, 20  | 3.8  | 34 |
| 44 | Highly diversified coronaviruses in neotropical bats. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 94, 1984-1994   | 4.9  | 33 |
| 43 | Canine distemper virus infection requires cholesterol in the viral envelope. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , <b>2007</b> , 81, 4158-65  | 6.6  | 33 |
| 42 | Innate immune response to a H3N2 subtype swine influenza virus in newborn porcine trachea cells, alveolar macrophages, and precision-cut lung slices. <i>Veterinary Research</i> , <b>2014</b> , 45, 42            | 3.8  | 30 |
| 41 | Surveillance of European Domestic Pig Populations Identifies an Emerging Reservoir of Potentially Zoonotic Swine Influenza A Viruses. <i>Cell Host and Microbe</i> , <b>2020</b> , 28, 614-627.e6                  | 23.4 | 30 |
| 40 | The sialic acid binding activity of the S protein facilitates infection by porcine transmissible gastroenteritis coronavirus. <i>Virology Journal</i> , <b>2011</b> , 8, 435                                       | 6.1  | 28 |
| 39 | Efficient suilysin-mediated invasion and apoptosis in porcine respiratory epithelial cells after streptococcal infection under air-liquid interface conditions. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2016</b> , 6, 26748 | 4.9  | 27 |
| 38 | Replication characteristics of swine influenza viruses in precision-cut lung slices reflect the virulence properties of the viruses. <i>Veterinary Research</i> , <b>2013</b> , 44, 110                            | 3.8  | 27 |
| 37 | Comparison of vesicular stomatitis virus pseudotyped with the S proteins from a porcine and a human coronavirus. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , <b>2009</b> , 90, 1724-1729                                  | 4.9  | 27 |
| 36 | Porcine aminopeptidase N mediated polarized infection by porcine epidemic diarrhea virus in target cells. <i>Virology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 478, 1-8   | 3.6  | 25 |
| 35 | Sialic acid binding activity of transmissible gastroenteritis coronavirus affects sedimentation behavior of virions and solubilized glycoproteins. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , <b>2001</b> , 75, 844-9            | 6.6  | 21 |
| 34 | Characterization of the sialic acid binding activity of influenza A viruses using soluble variants of the H7 and H9 hemagglutinins. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2014</b> , 9, e89529                                      | 3.7  | 20 |
| 33 | Surface glycoproteins of an African henipavirus induce syncytium formation in a cell line derived from an African fruit bat, Hypsignathus monstrosus. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 87, 13889-91      | 6.6  | 19 |
| 32 | Sialic acid-dependent interactions between influenza viruses and Streptococcus suis affect the infection of porcine tracheal cells. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 96, 2557-2568               | 4.9  | 19 |
| 31 | The Hemagglutinin of Bat-Associated Influenza Viruses Is Activated by TMPRSS2 for pH-Dependent Entry into Bat but Not Human Cells. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2016</b> , 11, e0152134                                    | 3.7  | 19 |
| 30 | Characterization of African bat henipavirus GH-M74a glycoproteins. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , <b>2014</b> , 95, 539-548  | 4.9  | 18 |

| 29 | Differential sensitivity of well-differentiated avian respiratory epithelial cells to infection by different strains of infectious bronchitis virus. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , <b>2010</b> , 84, 8949-52   | 6.6  | 18 |
|----|---|------|----|
| 28 | Transfer of an esterase-resistant receptor analog to the surface of influenza C virions results in reduced infectivity due to aggregate formation. <i>Virology</i> , <b>1996</b> , 218, 127-33  | 3.6  | 18 |
| 27 | Cholesterol is important for a post-adsorption step in the entry process of transmissible gastroenteritis virus. <i>Antiviral Research</i> , <b>2010</b> , 88, 311-6  | 10.8 | 17 |
| 26 | N-acetylneuraminic acid plays a critical role for the haemagglutinating activity of avian infectious bronchitis virus and porcine transmissible gastroenteritis virus. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , <b>1993</b> , 342, 305-10 | 3.6  | 16 |
| 25 | A newly developed tetraplex real-time RT-PCR for simultaneous screening of influenza virus types A, B, C and D. <i>Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses</i> , <b>2019</b> , 13, 71-82  | 5.6  | 15 |
| 24 | Functional properties and genetic relatedness of the fusion and hemagglutinin-neuraminidase proteins of a mumps virus-like bat virus. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 89, 4539-48  | 6.6  | 14 |
| 23 | Trypsin promotes porcine deltacoronavirus mediating cell-to-cell fusion in a cell type-dependent manner. <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , <b>2020</b> , 9, 457-468   | 18.9 | 13 |
| 22 | Cholesterol dependence of pseudorabies herpesvirus entry. Current Microbiology, <b>2011</b> , 62, 261-6   | 2.4  | 13 |
| 21 | Comparison of the sialic acid binding activity of transmissible gastroenteritis coronavirus and E. coli K99. <i>Virus Research</i> , <b>2001</b> , 75, 69-73  | 6.4  | 11 |
| 20 | The Sialic Acid Binding Activity of Human Parainfluenza Virus 3 and Mumps Virus Glycoproteins Enhances the Adherence of Group B Streptococci to HEp-2 Cells. <i>Frontiers in Cellular and Infection Microbiology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 8, 280             | 5.9  | 11 |
| 19 | Ciliostasis of airway epithelial cells facilitates influenza A virus infection. <i>Veterinary Research</i> , <b>2018</b> , 49, 65   | 3.8  | 9  |
| 18 | Attachment protein G of an African bat henipavirus is differentially restricted in chiropteran and nonchiropteran cells. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , <b>2014</b> , 88, 11973-80  | 6.6  | 9  |
| 17 | Entry, Replication, Immune Evasion, and Neurotoxicity of Synthetically Engineered Bat-Borne Mumps Virus. <i>Cell Reports</i> , <b>2018</b> , 25, 312-320.e7   | 10.6 | 9  |
| 16 | Precision-cut intestinal slices as a culture system to analyze the infection of differentiated intestinal epithelial cells by avian influenza viruses. <i>Journal of Virological Methods</i> , <b>2015</b> , 212, 71-5                                  | 2.6  | 7  |
| 15 | Avian Influenza A Virus Infects Swine Airway Epithelial Cells without Prior Adaptation. <i>Viruses</i> , <b>2020</b> , 12,  | 6.2  | 7  |
| 14 | Sialic acid-dependent interaction of group B streptococci with influenza virus-infected cells reveals a novel adherence and invasion mechanism. <i>Cellular Microbiology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 20, e12818   | 3.9  | 7  |
| 13 | Infection of differentiated airway epithelial cells from caprine lungs by viruses of the bovine respiratory disease complex. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , <b>2014</b> , 170, 58-64  | 3.3  | 7  |
| 12 | Infection of polarized bovine respiratory epithelial cells by bovine viral diarrhea virus (BVDV). <i>Virulence</i> , <b>2021</b> , 12, 177-187  | 4.7  | 7  |

## LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

| 11 | Respiratory Epithelial Cells Grown under Air-Liquid Interface Conditions. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , <b>2019</b> , 87,  | 3.7 | 6 |  |
|----|--|-----|---|--|
| 10 | Infection Studies in Pigs and Porcine Airway Epithelial Cells Reveal an Evolution of A(H1N1)pdm09 Influenza A Viruses Toward Lower Virulence. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , <b>2019</b> , 219, 1596-1604 | 7   | 6 |  |
| 9  | Fusogenicity of the Ghana Virus (: ) Fusion Protein is Controlled by the Cytoplasmic Domain of the Attachment Glycoprotein. <i>Viruses</i> , <b>2019</b> , 11,   | 6.2 | 5 |  |
| 8  | The Cell Tropism of Porcine Respiratory Coronavirus for Airway Epithelial Cells Is Determined by the Expression of Porcine Aminopeptidase N. <i>Viruses</i> , <b>2020</b> , 12,                                    | 6.2 | 5 |  |
| 7  | Time-dependent viral interference between influenza virus and coronavirus in the infection of differentiated porcine airway epithelial cells. <i>Virulence</i> , <b>2021</b> , 12, 1111-1121                       | 4.7 | 5 |  |
| 6  | Increased virulence of a PB2/HA mutant of an avian H9N2 influenza strain after three passages in porcine differentiated airway epithelial cells. <i>Veterinary Microbiology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 211, 129-134       | 3.3 | 4 |  |
| 5  | Infection of bovine well-differentiated airway epithelial cells by Pasteurella multocida: actions and counteractions in the bacteria-host interactions. <i>Veterinary Research</i> , <b>2020</b> , 51, 140         | 3.8 | 4 |  |
| 4  | Recombinant mumps viruses expressing the batMuV fusion glycoprotein are highly fusion active and neurovirulent. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 97, 2837-2848                                   | 4.9 | 3 |  |
| 3  | Overcoming the Barrier of the Respiratory Epithelium during Canine Distemper Virus Infection <i>MBio</i> , <b>2022</b> , e0304321  | 7.8 | 2 |  |
| 2  | Lipid microdomains are important for the entry process of SARS coronavirus to target cells. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , <b>2008</b> , 22, 282-282   | 0.9 | 2 |  |
| 1  | Analysis of the Binding Activity of the Fusion Protein (F) of Respiratory Syncytial Virus <i>FASEB Journal</i> , <b>2008</b> , 22, 253-253   | 0.9 | 1 |  |