

Wei Chen

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

196
papers

17,539
citations

78
h-index

127
g-index

198
ext. papers

22,107
ext. citations

4.3
avg, IF

7.8
L-index

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|-----|---|-----|-----------|
| 196 | Application of fuzzy logic and analytical hierarchy process (AHP) to landslide susceptibility mapping at Haraz watershed, Iran. <i>Natural Hazards</i> , 2012 , 63, 965-996 | 3 | 559 |
| 195 | A comparative study of logistic model tree, random forest, and classification and regression tree models for spatial prediction of landslide susceptibility. <i>Catena</i> , 2017 , 151, 147-160 | 5.8 | 444 |
| 194 | Application of frequency ratio and weights of evidence models in landslide susceptibility mapping for the Shangzhou District of Shangluo City, China. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2016 , 75, 1 | 2.9 | 441 |
| 193 | Landslide susceptibility mapping using certainty factor, index of entropy and logistic regression models in GIS and their comparison at Mugling Narayanghat road section in Nepal Himalaya. <i>Natural Hazards</i> , 2013 , 65, 135-165 | 3 | 422 |
| 192 | Landslide susceptibility mapping using random forest, boosted regression tree, classification and regression tree, and general linear models and comparison of their performance at Wadi Tayyah Basin, Asir Region, Saudi Arabia. <i>Landslides</i> , 2016 , 13, 839-856 | 6.6 | 376 |
| 191 | GIS-based groundwater potential mapping using boosted regression tree, classification and regression tree, and random forest machine learning models in Iran. <i>Environmental Monitoring and Assessment</i> , 2016 , 188, 44 | 3.1 | 327 |
| 190 | Landslide susceptibility mapping at Golestan Province, Iran: A comparison between frequency ratio, Dempster-Shafer, and weights-of-evidence models. <i>Journal of Asian Earth Sciences</i> , 2012 , 61, 221-236 | 2.8 | 301 |
| 189 | Landslide susceptibility mapping using index of entropy and conditional probability models in GIS: Safarood Basin, Iran. <i>Catena</i> , 2012 , 97, 71-84 | 5.8 | 300 |
| 188 | Application of GIS-based data driven random forest and maximum entropy models for groundwater potential mapping: A case study at Mehran Region, Iran. <i>Catena</i> , 2016 , 137, 360-372 | 5.8 | 293 |
| 187 | Application of frequency ratio, statistical index, and weights-of-evidence models and their comparison in landslide susceptibility mapping in Central Nepal Himalaya. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2014 , 7, 725-742 | 1.8 | 270 |
| 186 | Application of analytical hierarchy process, frequency ratio, and certainty factor models for groundwater potential mapping using GIS. <i>Earth Science Informatics</i> , 2015 , 8, 867-883 | 2.5 | 258 |
| 185 | Groundwater potential mapping at Kurdistan region of Iran using analytic hierarchy process and GIS. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2015 , 8, 7059-7071 | 1.8 | 256 |
| 184 | Landslide susceptibility mapping using J48 Decision Tree with AdaBoost, Bagging and Rotation Forest ensembles in the Guangchang area (China). <i>Catena</i> , 2018 , 163, 399-413 | 5.8 | 246 |
| 183 | Landslide susceptibility mapping at Vaz Watershed (Iran) using an artificial neural network model: a comparison between multilayer perceptron (MLP) and radial basic function (RBF) algorithms. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2013 , 6, 2873-2888 | 1.8 | 243 |
| 182 | Landslide susceptibility assessment in Lianhua County (China): A comparison between a random forest data mining technique and bivariate and multivariate statistical models. <i>Geomorphology</i> , 2016 , 259, 105-118 | 4.3 | 242 |
| 181 | Flood susceptibility mapping using frequency ratio and weights-of-evidence models in the Golastan Province, Iran. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2016 , 31, 42-70 | 2.7 | 228 |
| 180 | Landslide susceptibility mapping using support vector machine and GIS at the Golestan Province, Iran. <i>Journal of Earth System Science</i> , 2013 , 122, 349-369 | 1.8 | 224 |

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| 179 | Prediction of the landslide susceptibility: Which algorithm, which precision?. <i>Catena</i> , 2018 , 162, 177-192 | 5.8 | 223 |
| 178 | Flood susceptibility mapping using novel ensembles of adaptive neuro fuzzy inference system and metaheuristic algorithms. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018 , 615, 438-451 | 10.2 | 220 |
| 177 | A GIS-based flood susceptibility assessment and its mapping in Iran: a comparison between frequency ratio and weights-of-evidence bivariate statistical models with multi-criteria decision-making technique. <i>Natural Hazards</i> , 2016 , 83, 947-987 | 3 | 214 |
| 176 | Application of weights-of-evidence and certainty factor models and their comparison in landslide susceptibility mapping at Haraz watershed, Iran. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2013 , 6, 2351-2365 | 1.8 | 211 |
| 175 | Performance evaluation of the GIS-based data mining techniques of best-first decision tree, random forest, and naïve Bayes tree for landslide susceptibility modeling. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018 , 644, 1006-1018 | 10.2 | 206 |
| 174 | Landslide spatial modeling: Introducing new ensembles of ANN, MaxEnt, and SVM machine learning techniques. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2017 , 305, 314-327 | 6.7 | 202 |
| 173 | Performance assessment of individual and ensemble data-mining techniques for gully erosion modeling. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2017 , 609, 764-775 | 10.2 | 198 |
| 172 | Landslide susceptibility assessment in the Uttarakhand area (India) using GIS: a comparison study of prediction capability of naïve bayes, multilayer perceptron neural networks, and functional trees methods. <i>Theoretical and Applied Climatology</i> , 2017 , 128, 255-273 | 3 | 195 |
| 171 | Landslide susceptibility modelling using GIS-based machine learning techniques for Chongren County, Jiangxi Province, China. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018 , 626, 1121-1135 | 10.2 | 191 |
| 170 | Random forests and evidential belief function-based landslide susceptibility assessment in Western Mazandaran Province, Iran. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2016 , 75, 1 | 2.9 | 188 |
| 169 | Flood susceptibility assessment in Hengfeng area coupling adaptive neuro-fuzzy inference system with genetic algorithm and differential evolution. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018 , 621, 1124-1141 | 10.2 | 186 |
| 168 | Application of fuzzy weight of evidence and data mining techniques in construction of flood susceptibility map of Poyang County, China. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018 , 625, 575-588 | 10.2 | 178 |
| 167 | GIS-based groundwater spring potential assessment and mapping in the Birjand Township, southern Khorasan Province, Iran. <i>Hydrogeology Journal</i> , 2014 , 22, 643-662 | 3.1 | 171 |
| 166 | Groundwater qanat potential mapping using frequency ratio and Shannon's entropy models in the Moghan watershed, Iran. <i>Earth Science Informatics</i> , 2015 , 8, 171-186 | 2.5 | 168 |
| 165 | Applying population-based evolutionary algorithms and a neuro-fuzzy system for modeling landslide susceptibility. <i>Catena</i> , 2019 , 172, 212-231 | 5.8 | 162 |
| 164 | Landslide susceptibility modeling applying machine learning methods: A case study from Longju in the Three Gorges Reservoir area, China. <i>Computers and Geosciences</i> , 2018 , 112, 23-37 | 4.5 | 162 |
| 163 | A Comparative Assessment Between Three Machine Learning Models and Their Performance Comparison by Bivariate and Multivariate Statistical Methods in Groundwater Potential Mapping. <i>Water Resources Management</i> , 2015 , 29, 5217-5236 | 3.7 | 157 |
| 162 | GIS-based groundwater potential analysis using novel ensemble weights-of-evidence with logistic regression and functional tree models. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018 , 634, 853-867 | 10.2 | 156 |

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| 161 | GIS-based landslide susceptibility evaluation using a novel hybrid integration approach of bivariate statistical based random forest method. <i>Catena</i> , 2018 , 164, 135-149 | 5.8 | 152 |
| 160 | Modeling flood susceptibility using data-driven approaches of naïve Bayes tree, alternating decision tree, and random forest methods. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020 , 701, 134979 | 10.2 | 146 |
| 159 | An integrated artificial neural network model for the landslide susceptibility assessment of Osado Island, Japan. <i>Natural Hazards</i> , 2015 , 78, 1749-1776 | 3 | 135 |
| 158 | Gully erosion susceptibility mapping: the role of GIS-based bivariate statistical models and their comparison. <i>Natural Hazards</i> , 2016 , 82, 1231-1258 | 3 | 135 |
| 157 | GIS-based landslide susceptibility modelling: a comparative assessment of kernel logistic regression, Naïve-Bayes tree, and alternating decision tree models. <i>Geomatics, Natural Hazards and Risk</i> , 2017 , 8, 950-973 | 3.6 | 130 |
| 156 | A novel hybrid artificial intelligence approach based on the rotation forest ensemble and naïve Bayes tree classifiers for a landslide susceptibility assessment in Langao County, China. <i>Geomatics, Natural Hazards and Risk</i> , 2017 , 8, 1955-1977 | 3.6 | 127 |
| 155 | Evaluation of different machine learning models for predicting and mapping the susceptibility of gully erosion. <i>Geomorphology</i> , 2017 , 298, 118-137 | 4.3 | 125 |
| 154 | Gully erosion susceptibility assessment and management of hazard-prone areas in India using different machine learning algorithms. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2019 , 668, 124-138 | 10.2 | 125 |
| 153 | Flash flood susceptibility analysis and its mapping using different bivariate models in Iran: a comparison between Shannons entropy, statistical index, and weighting factor models. <i>Environmental Monitoring and Assessment</i> , 2016 , 188, 656 | 3.1 | 121 |
| 152 | Flood susceptibility modelling using novel hybrid approach of reduced-error pruning trees with bagging and random subspace ensembles. <i>Journal of Hydrology</i> , 2019 , 575, 864-873 | 6 | 120 |
| 151 | New Hybrids of ANFIS with Several Optimization Algorithms for Flood Susceptibility Modeling. <i>Water (Switzerland)</i> , 2018 , 10, 1210 | 3 | 120 |
| 150 | Evaluating the influence of geo-environmental factors on gully erosion in a semi-arid region of Iran: An integrated framework. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2017 , 579, 913-927 | 10.2 | 115 |
| 149 | Landslide spatial modelling using novel bivariate statistical based Naïve Bayes, RBF Classifier, and RBF Network machine learning algorithms. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2019 , 663, 1-15 | 10.2 | 112 |
| 148 | A comparative study of landslide susceptibility maps produced using support vector machine with different kernel functions and entropy data mining models in China. <i>Bulletin of Engineering Geology and the Environment</i> , 2018 , 77, 647-664 | 4 | 112 |
| 147 | Investigation of general indicators influencing on forest fire and its susceptibility modeling using different data mining techniques. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2016 , 64, 72-84 | 5.8 | 111 |
| 146 | Flood susceptibility mapping in Dingnan County (China) using adaptive neuro-fuzzy inference system with biogeography based optimization and imperialistic competitive algorithm. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2019 , 247, 712-729 | 7.9 | 110 |
| 145 | A GIS-based comparative study of Dempster-Shafer, logistic regression and artificial neural network models for landslide susceptibility mapping. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2017 , 32, 367-385 | 2.7 | 108 |
| 144 | GIS-based multivariate adaptive regression spline and random forest models for groundwater potential mapping in Iran. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2016 , 75, 1 | 2.9 | 108 |

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| 143 | Landslide Susceptibility Modeling Based on GIS and Novel Bagging-Based Kernel Logistic Regression. <i>Applied Sciences (Switzerland)</i> , 2018 , 8, 2540 | 2.6 | 108 |
| 142 | Spatial modelling of gully erosion in Mazandaran Province, northern Iran. <i>Catena</i> , 2018 , 161, 1-13 | 5.8 | 106 |
| 141 | Analysis and evaluation of landslide susceptibility: a review on articles published during 2005-2016 (periods of 2005-2012 and 2013-2016). <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2018 , 11, 1 | 1.8 | 102 |
| 140 | Spatial prediction of groundwater potentiality using ANFIS ensembled with teaching-learning-based and biogeography-based optimization. <i>Journal of Hydrology</i> , 2019 , 572, 435-448 ⁶ | | 101 |
| 139 | Assessment of a data-driven evidential belief function model and GIS for groundwater potential mapping in the Koohrang Watershed, Iran. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2015 , 30, 662-685 | 2.7 | 100 |
| 138 | Applying Information Theory and GIS-based quantitative methods to produce landslide susceptibility maps in Nancheng County, China. <i>Landslides</i> , 2017 , 14, 1091-1111 | 6.6 | 100 |
| 137 | Novel GIS Based Machine Learning Algorithms for Shallow Landslide Susceptibility Mapping. <i>Sensors</i> , 2018 , 18, | 3.8 | 100 |
| 136 | GIS-based spatial prediction of flood prone areas using standalone frequency ratio, logistic regression, weight of evidence and their ensemble techniques. <i>Geomatics, Natural Hazards and Risk</i> , 2017 , 8, 1538-1561 | 3.6 | 98 |
| 135 | Assessment of the importance of gully erosion effective factors using Boruta algorithm and its spatial modeling and mapping using three machine learning algorithms. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2019 , 340, 55-69 | 6.7 | 96 |
| 134 | Landslide susceptibility modeling in a landslide prone area in Mazandarn Province, north of Iran: a comparison between GLM, GAM, MARS, and M-AHP methods. <i>Theoretical and Applied Climatology</i> , 2017 , 130, 609-633 | 3 | 95 |
| 133 | Novel Hybrid Evolutionary Algorithms for Spatial Prediction of Floods. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018 , 8, 15364 | 4.9 | 92 |
| 132 | Spatial Prediction of Landslide Susceptibility Using GIS-Based Data Mining Techniques of ANFIS with Whale Optimization Algorithm (WOA) and Grey Wolf Optimizer (GWO). <i>Applied Sciences (Switzerland)</i> , 2019 , 9, 3755 | 2.6 | 89 |
| 131 | Land Subsidence Susceptibility Mapping in South Korea Using Machine Learning Algorithms. <i>Sensors</i> , 2018 , 18, | 3.8 | 89 |
| 130 | A comparison between ten advanced and soft computing models for groundwater qanat potential assessment in Iran using R and GIS. <i>Theoretical and Applied Climatology</i> , 2018 , 131, 967-984 | 3 | 88 |
| 129 | Landslide Detection and Susceptibility Mapping by AIRSAR Data Using Support Vector Machine and Index of Entropy Models in Cameron Highlands, Malaysia. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2018 , 10, 1527 | 5 | 88 |
| 128 | Novel hybrid artificial intelligence approach of bivariate statistical-methods-based kernel logistic regression classifier for landslide susceptibility modeling. <i>Bulletin of Engineering Geology and the Environment</i> , 2019 , 78, 4397-4419 | 4 | 87 |
| 127 | GIS-based landslide spatial modeling in Ganzhou City, China. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2016 , 9, 1 | 1.8 | 86 |
| 126 | A hybrid fuzzy weight of evidence method in landslide susceptibility analysis on the Wuyuan area, China. <i>Geomorphology</i> , 2017 , 290, 1-16 | 4.3 | 84 |

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| 125 | Flood Spatial Modeling in Northern Iran Using Remote Sensing and GIS: A Comparison between Evidential Belief Functions and Its Ensemble with a Multivariate Logistic Regression Model. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2019 , 11, 1589 | 5 | 82 |
| 124 | GIS-based assessment of landslide susceptibility using certainty factor and index of entropy models for the Qianyang County of Baoji city, China. <i>Journal of Earth System Science</i> , 2015 , 124, 1399-1415 | 1.8 | 81 |
| 123 | Rainfall-induced landslide susceptibility assessment at the Chongren area (China) using frequency ratio, certainty factor, and index of entropy. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2016 , 1-16 | 2.7 | 81 |
| 122 | A novel ensemble approach of bivariate statistical-based logistic model tree classifier for landslide susceptibility assessment. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2018 , 33, 1398-1420 | 2.7 | 80 |
| 121 | A novel hybrid integration model using support vector machines and random subspace for weather-triggered landslide susceptibility assessment in the Wuning area (China). <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2017 , 76, 1 | 2.9 | 79 |
| 120 | Spatial prediction of landslide susceptibility using data mining-based kernel logistic regression, naive Bayes and RBFNetwork models for the Long County area (China). <i>Bulletin of Engineering Geology and the Environment</i> , 2019 , 78, 247-266 | 4 | 78 |
| 119 | GIS-based gully erosion susceptibility mapping: a comparison among three data-driven models and AHP knowledge-based technique. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2018 , 77, 1 | 2.9 | 78 |
| 118 | Novel Hybrid Integration Approach of Bagging-Based Fisher's Linear Discriminant Function for Groundwater Potential Analysis. <i>Natural Resources Research</i> , 2019 , 28, 1239-1258 | 4.9 | 77 |
| 117 | Landslide Susceptibility Modeling Using Integrated Ensemble Weights of Evidence with Logistic Regression and Random Forest Models. <i>Applied Sciences (Switzerland)</i> , 2019 , 9, 171 | 2.6 | 77 |
| 116 | Spatial prediction of groundwater potential mapping based on convolutional neural network (CNN) and support vector regression (SVR). <i>Journal of Hydrology</i> , 2020 , 588, 125033 | 6 | 76 |
| 115 | Prioritization of landslide conditioning factors and its spatial modeling in Shangnan County, China using GIS-based data mining algorithms. <i>Bulletin of Engineering Geology and the Environment</i> , 2018 , 77, 611-629 | 4 | 74 |
| 114 | Groundwater spring potential mapping using population-based evolutionary algorithms and data mining methods. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2019 , 684, 31-49 | 10.2 | 73 |
| 113 | Flood susceptibility mapping using geospatial frequency ratio technique: a case study of Subarnarekha River Basin, India. <i>Modeling Earth Systems and Environment</i> , 2018 , 4, 395-408 | 3.2 | 73 |
| 112 | Spatial Modelling of Gully Erosion Using GIS and R Programming: A Comparison among Three Data Mining Algorithms. <i>Applied Sciences (Switzerland)</i> , 2018 , 8, 1369 | 2.6 | 73 |
| 111 | Shallow Landslide Susceptibility Mapping: A Comparison between Logistic Model Tree, Logistic Regression, Naïve Bayes Tree, Artificial Neural Network, and Support Vector Machine Algorithms. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020 , 17, | 4.6 | 73 |
| 110 | GIS-based evaluation of landslide susceptibility using hybrid computational intelligence models. <i>Catena</i> , 2020 , 195, 104777 | 5.8 | 72 |
| 109 | Spatial modelling of gully erosion using evidential belief function, logistic regression, and a new ensemble of evidential belief function and logistic regression algorithm. <i>Land Degradation and Development</i> , 2018 , 29, 4035-4049 | 4.4 | 72 |
| 108 | Landslide susceptibility mapping using machine learning algorithms and comparison of their performance at Abha Basin, Asir Region, Saudi Arabia. <i>Geoscience Frontiers</i> , 2021 , 12, 639-655 | 6 | 71 |

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| 107 | Multi-hazard probability assessment and mapping in Iran. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2019 , 692, 556-571 | 10.2 | 70 |
| 106 | Forest fire susceptibility mapping in the Minudasht forests, Golestan province, Iran. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2015 , 73, 1515-1533 | 2.9 | 70 |
| 105 | Landslide susceptibility mapping along Bhalubang Bhiwapur area of mid-Western Nepal using frequency ratio and conditional probability models. <i>Journal of Mountain Science</i> , 2014 , 11, 1266-1285 | 2.1 | 69 |
| 104 | Evaluating the usage of tree-based ensemble methods in groundwater spring potential mapping. <i>Journal of Hydrology</i> , 2020 , 583, 124602 | 6 | 68 |
| 103 | GIS-based landslide susceptibility assessment using optimized hybrid machine learning methods. <i>Catena</i> , 2021 , 196, 104833 | 5.8 | 68 |
| 102 | Comparison of four kernel functions used in support vector machines for landslide susceptibility mapping: a case study at Suichuan area (China). <i>Geomatics, Natural Hazards and Risk</i> , 2017 , 8, 544-569 | 3.6 | 67 |
| 101 | Landslide susceptibility modeling based on ANFIS with teaching-learning-based optimization and Satin bowerbird optimizer. <i>Geoscience Frontiers</i> , 2021 , 12, 93-107 | 6 | 67 |
| 100 | Comparison of differences in resolution and sources of controlling factors for gully erosion susceptibility mapping. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2018 , 330, 65-78 | 6.7 | 67 |
| 99 | Landslide Susceptibility Evaluation and Management Using Different Machine Learning Methods in The Gallicash River Watershed, Iran. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2020 , 12, 475 | 5 | 66 |
| 98 | A comparative assessment between linear and quadratic discriminant analyses (LDA-QDA) with frequency ratio and weights-of-evidence models for forest fire susceptibility mapping in China. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2017 , 10, 1 | 1.8 | 65 |
| 97 | GIS-based landslide susceptibility mapping using analytical hierarchy process (AHP) and certainty factor (CF) models for the Baozhong region of Baoji City, China. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2016 , 75, 1 | 2.9 | 65 |
| 96 | Prioritization of effective factors in the occurrence of land subsidence and its susceptibility mapping using an SVM model and their different kernel functions. <i>Bulletin of Engineering Geology and the Environment</i> , 2019 , 78, 4017-4034 | 4 | 65 |
| 95 | Spatial prediction of landslide susceptibility by combining evidential belief function, logistic regression and logistic model tree. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2019 , 34, 1177-1201 | 2.7 | 63 |
| 94 | A Hybrid GIS Multi-Criteria Decision-Making Method for Flood Susceptibility Mapping at Shangyou, China. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2019 , 11, 62 | 5 | 63 |
| 93 | Landslide susceptibility assessment at the Wuning area, China: a comparison between multi-criteria decision making, bivariate statistical and machine learning methods. <i>Natural Hazards</i> , 2019 , 96, 173-212 ³ | | 63 |
| 92 | GIS-based forest fire susceptibility mapping in Iran: a comparison between evidential belief function and binary logistic regression models. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2016 , 31, 80-98 | 1.7 | 62 |
| 91 | PMT: New analytical framework for automated evaluation of geo-environmental modelling approaches. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2019 , 664, 296-311 | 10.2 | 60 |
| 90 | A GIS-based comparative study of frequency ratio, statistical index and weights-of-evidence models in landslide susceptibility mapping. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2016 , 9, 1 | 1.8 | 59 |

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| 89 | Comparison of machine learning models for gully erosion susceptibility mapping. <i>Geoscience Frontiers</i> , 2020 , 11, 1609-1620 | 6 | 59 |
| 88 | Optimization of Computational Intelligence Models for Landslide Susceptibility Evaluation. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2020 , 12, 2180 | 5 | 58 |
| 87 | Landslide susceptibility maps using different probabilistic and bivariate statistical models and comparison of their performance at Wadi Itwad Basin, Asir Region, Saudi Arabia. <i>Bulletin of Engineering Geology and the Environment</i> , 2016 , 75, 63-87 | 4 | 57 |
| 86 | Spatial prediction of landslide susceptibility using hybrid support vector regression (SVR) and the adaptive neuro-fuzzy inference system (ANFIS) with various metaheuristic algorithms. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020 , 741, 139937 | 10.2 | 55 |
| 85 | Spatial modeling, risk mapping, change detection, and outbreak trend analysis of coronavirus (COVID-19) in Iran (days between February 19 and June 14, 2020). <i>International Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020 , 98, 90-108 | 10.5 | 53 |
| 84 | Shallow Landslide Susceptibility Mapping by Random Forest Base Classifier and Its Ensembles in a Semi-Arid Region of Iran. <i>Forests</i> , 2020 , 11, 421 | 2.8 | 53 |
| 83 | Hybrid Integration Approach of Entropy with Logistic Regression and Support Vector Machine for Landslide Susceptibility Modeling. <i>Entropy</i> , 2018 , 20, | 2.8 | 51 |
| 82 | Groundwater Spring Potential Mapping Using Artificial Intelligence Approach Based on Kernel Logistic Regression, Random Forest, and Alternating Decision Tree Models. <i>Applied Sciences (Switzerland)</i> , 2020 , 10, 425 | 2.6 | 50 |
| 81 | Gully headcut susceptibility modeling using functional trees, naïve Bayes tree, and random forest models. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2019 , 342, 1-11 | 6.7 | 48 |
| 80 | GIS-Based Evaluation of Landslide Susceptibility Models Using Certainty Factors and Functional Trees-Based Ensemble Techniques. <i>Applied Sciences (Switzerland)</i> , 2020 , 10, 16 | 2.6 | 48 |
| 79 | Assessment of Landslide-Prone Areas and Their Zonation Using Logistic Regression, LogitBoost, and NaïveBayes Machine-Learning Algorithms. <i>Sustainability</i> , 2018 , 10, 3697 | 3.6 | 48 |
| 78 | Landslide Susceptibility Mapping Using Machine Learning Algorithms and Remote Sensing Data in a Tropical Environment. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020 , 17, | 4.6 | 46 |
| 77 | Flash flood susceptibility modelling using functional tree and hybrid ensemble techniques. <i>Journal of Hydrology</i> , 2020 , 587, 125007 | 6 | 45 |
| 76 | A Hybrid Computational Intelligence Approach to Groundwater Spring Potential Mapping. <i>Water (Switzerland)</i> , 2019 , 11, 2013 | 3 | 45 |
| 75 | Novel Entropy and Rotation Forest-Based Credal Decision Tree Classifier for Landslide Susceptibility Modeling. <i>Entropy</i> , 2019 , 21, | 2.8 | 44 |
| 74 | GIS-Based Gully Erosion Susceptibility Mapping: A Comparison of Computational Ensemble Data Mining Models. <i>Applied Sciences (Switzerland)</i> , 2020 , 10, 2039 | 2.6 | 44 |
| 73 | Landslide Susceptibility Evaluation Using Hybrid Integration of Evidential Belief Function and Machine Learning Techniques. <i>Water (Switzerland)</i> , 2020 , 12, 113 | 3 | 43 |
| 72 | A Comparative Assessment of Random Forest and k-Nearest Neighbor Classifiers for Gully Erosion Susceptibility Mapping. <i>Water (Switzerland)</i> , 2019 , 11, 2076 | 3 | 42 |

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| 71 | Landslide susceptibility mapping based on GIS and information value model for the Chencang District of Baoji, China. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2014 , 7, 4499-4511 | 1.8 | 42 |
| 70 | Is multi-hazard mapping effective in assessing natural hazards and integrated watershed management?. <i>Geoscience Frontiers</i> , 2020 , 11, 1203-1217 | 6 | 42 |
| 69 | GIS-Based Machine Learning Algorithms for Gully Erosion Susceptibility Mapping in a Semi-Arid Region of Iran. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2020 , 12, 2478 | 5 | 41 |
| 68 | Application of frequency ratio, statistical index, and index of entropy models and their comparison in landslide susceptibility mapping for the Baozhong Region of Baoji, China. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2015 , 8, 1829-1841 | 1.8 | 40 |
| 67 | Application of frequency ratio, weights of evidence and evidential belief function models in landslide susceptibility mapping. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2016 , 1-21 | 2.7 | 40 |
| 66 | Investigating the effects of different landslide positioning techniques, landslide partitioning approaches, and presence-absence balances on landslide susceptibility mapping. <i>Catena</i> , 2020 , 187, 104364 | 5.8 | 40 |
| 65 | Hybrid Computational Intelligence Methods for Landslide Susceptibility Mapping. <i>Symmetry</i> , 2020 , 12, 325 | 2.7 | 39 |
| 64 | Remote Sensing Data Derived Parameters and its Use in Landslide Susceptibility Assessment Using Shannon's Entropy and GIS. <i>Applied Mechanics and Materials</i> , 2012 , 225, 486-491 | 0.3 | 38 |
| 63 | Spatial modelling of gully headcuts using UAV data and four best-first decision classifier ensembles (BFTree, Bag-BFTree, RS-BFTree, and RF-BFTree). <i>Geomorphology</i> , 2019 , 329, 184-193 | 4.3 | 38 |
| 62 | Applying different scenarios for landslide spatial modeling using computational intelligence methods. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2017 , 76, 1 | 2.9 | 37 |
| 61 | Evaluation of different boosting ensemble machine learning models and novel deep learning and boosting framework for head-cut gully erosion susceptibility. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2021 , 284, 112015 | 7.9 | 37 |
| 60 | Landslide susceptibility mapping based on GIS and support vector machine models for the Qianyang County, China. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2016 , 75, 1 | 2.9 | 35 |
| 59 | Spatial prediction of landslide susceptibility using integrated frequency ratio with entropy and support vector machines by different kernel functions. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2016 , 75, 1 | 2.9 | 32 |
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