

Melda Onal

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

19
papers

1,729
citations

13
h-index

19
g-index

19
ext. papers

1,961
ext. citations

7.2
avg. IF

4.36
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
19	Loss of chaperone-mediated autophagy is associated with low vertebral cancellous bone mass.. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022 , 12, 3134	4.9	0
18	Deletion of a putative promoter-proximal Tnfsf11 regulatory region in mice does not alter bone mass or Tnfsf11 expression in vivo. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021 , 16, e0250974	3.7	2
17	A Control Region Near the Fibroblast Growth Factor 23 Gene Mediates Response to Phosphate, 1,25(OH)2D3, and LPS In Vivo. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2019 , 160, 2877-2891	4.8	5
16	Effective CRISPR interference of an endogenous gene via a single transgene in mice. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019 , 9, 17312	4.9	17
15	A Novel Distal Enhancer Mediates Inflammation-, PTH-, and Early Onset Murine Kidney Disease-Induced Expression of the Mouse Gene. <i>JBMR Plus</i> , 2018 , 2, 32-47	3.9	31
14	Genome-Wide Perspectives on Vitamin D Receptor-Mediated Control of Gene Expression in Target Cells 2018 , 141-174		
13	Deletion of a Distal RANKL Gene Enhancer Delays Progression of Atherosclerotic Plaque Calcification in Hypercholesterolemic Mice. <i>Journal of Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2017 , 118, 4240-4253	4.7	4
12	A kidney-specific genetic control module in mice governs endocrine regulation of the cytochrome P450 gene essential for vitamin D activation. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2017 , 292, 17541-17558	5.4	53
11	Absence of the Vitamin D Receptor Inhibits Atherosclerotic Plaque Calcification in Female Hypercholesterolemic Mice. <i>Journal of Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2017 , 118, 1050-1064	4.7	5
10	Low bone mass and changes in the osteocyte network in mice lacking autophagy in the osteoblast lineage. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016 , 6, 24262	4.9	58
9	Deletion of the Distal Tnfsf11 RL-D2 Enhancer That Contributes to PTH-Mediated RANKL Expression in Osteoblast Lineage Cells Results in a High Bone Mass Phenotype in Mice. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2016 , 31, 416-29	6.3	26
8	Genomic Determinants of Vitamin D-Regulated Gene Expression. <i>Vitamins and Hormones</i> , 2016 , 100, 21-44	2.5	45
7	Suppression of autophagy in osteocytes does not modify the adverse effects of glucocorticoids on cortical bone. <i>Bone</i> , 2015 , 75, 18-26	4.7	37
6	A DNA segment spanning the mouse Tnfsf11 transcription unit and its upstream regulatory domain rescues the pleiotropic biologic phenotype of the RANKL null mouse. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2015 , 30, 855-68	6.3	13
5	Osteocytes, not Osteoblasts or Lining Cells, are the Main Source of the RANKL Required for Osteoclast Formation in Remodeling Bone. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0138189	3.7	168
4	Suppression of autophagy in osteocytes mimics skeletal aging. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2013 , 288, 17432-40	5.4	129
3	The RANKL distal control region is required for the increase in RANKL expression, but not the bone loss, associated with hyperparathyroidism or lactation in adult mice. <i>Molecular Endocrinology</i> , 2012 , 26, 341-8		23

- 2 Receptor activator of nuclear factor **B** ligand (RANKL) protein expression by B lymphocytes contributes to ovariectomy-induced bone loss. *Journal of Biological Chemistry*, **2012**, 287, 29851-60 5-4 174
- 1 Matrix-embedded cells control osteoclast formation. *Nature Medicine*, **2011**, 17, 1235-41 50-5 939