List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5173576/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



RETTE CAAN

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Effects of Conjugated Equine Estrogen in Postmenopausal Women With Hysterectomy. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2004, 291, 1701.	7.4	3,881
2	Calcium plus Vitamin D Supplementation and the Risk of Fractures. New England Journal of Medicine, 2006, 354, 669-683.	27.0	1,674
3	Low-Fat Dietary Pattern and Risk of Cardiovascular Disease. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2006, 295, 655.	7.4	939
4	Calcium plus Vitamin D Supplementation and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. New England Journal of Medicine, 2006, 354, 684-696.	27.0	907
5	Lack of Effect of a Low-Fat, High-Fiber Diet on the Recurrence of Colorectal Adenomas. New England Journal of Medicine, 2000, 342, 1149-1155.	27.0	895
6	Dietary Fat Reduction and Breast Cancer Outcome: Interim Efficacy Results From the Women's Intervention Nutrition Study. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2006, 98, 1767-1776.	6.3	745
7	Low-Fat Dietary Pattern and Risk of Invasive Breast Cancer. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2006, 295, 629.	7.4	696
8	Influence of a Diet Very High in Vegetables, Fruit, and Fiber and Low in Fat on Prognosis Following Treatment for Breast Cancer. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2007, 298, 289.	7.4	631
9	Eating Patterns and Risk of Colon Cancer. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1998, 148, 4-16.	3.4	493
10	Overweight, Obesity, and Postmenopausal Invasive Breast Cancer Risk. JAMA Oncology, 2015, 1, 611.	7.1	451
11	Greater Survival After Breast Cancer in Physically Active Women With High Vegetable-Fruit Intake Regardless of Obesity. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2007, 25, 2345-2351.	1.6	413
12	Factors Associated with Oxidative Stress in Human Populations. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2002, 156, 274-285.	3.4	387
13	Discovery of common and rare genetic risk variants for colorectal cancer. Nature Genetics, 2019, 51, 76-87.	21.4	377
14	Low-Fat Dietary Pattern and Risk of Colorectal Cancer. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2006, 295, 643.	7.4	355
15	Association of Muscle and Adiposity Measured by Computed Tomography With Survival in Patients With Nonmetastatic Breast Cancer. JAMA Oncology, 2018, 4, 798.	7.1	340
16	Obesity, Health Services Use, and Health Care Costs Among Members of a Health Maintenance Organization. Archives of Internal Medicine, 1998, 158, 466.	3.8	337
17	Use of Recovery Biomarkers to Calibrate Nutrient Consumption Self-Reports in the Women's Health Initiative. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 167, 1247-1259.	3.4	312
18	Association of Systemic Inflammation and Sarcopenia With Survival in Nonmetastatic Colorectal Cancer. JAMA Oncology, 2017, 3, e172319.	7.1	294

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Evaluation and Comparison of Food Records, Recalls, and Frequencies for Energy and Protein Assessment by Using Recovery Biomarkers. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 174, 591-603.	3.4	277
20	Bariatric Surgery and the Risk of Cancer in a Large Multisite Cohort. Annals of Surgery, 2019, 269, 95-101.	4.2	275
21	Association of Smoking, CpG Island Methylator Phenotype, and V600E BRAF Mutations in Colon Cancer. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2006, 98, 1731-1738.	6.3	253
22	Explaining the Obesity Paradox: The Association between Body Composition and Colorectal Cancer Survival (C-SCANS Study). Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 1008-1015.	2.5	251
23	A randomized trial of the effect of a plant-based dietary pattern on additional breast cancer events and survival:. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2002, 23, 728-756.	1.9	249
24	The CARDIA dietary history: Development, implementation, and evaluation. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 1991, 91, 1104-1112.	1.1	245
25	Determining Risk of Colorectal Cancer and Starting Age of Screening Based on Lifestyle, Environmental, and Genetic Factors. Gastroenterology, 2018, 154, 2152-2164.e19.	1.3	226
26	Large-scale genetic study in East Asians identifies six new loci associated with colorectal cancer risk. Nature Genetics, 2014, 46, 533-542.	21.4	212
27	Estimating Kinship in Admixed Populations. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2012, 91, 122-138.	6.2	207
28	Pre-diagnosis body mass index, post-diagnosis weight change, and prognosis among women with early stage breast cancer. Cancer Causes and Control, 2008, 19, 1319-1328.	1.8	203
29	Factors Associated With Weight Gain in Women After Diagnosis of Breast Cancer. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 1999, 99, 1212-1221.	1.1	199
30	Efficacy of Escitalopram for Hot Flashes in Healthy Menopausal Women. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2011, 305, 267.	7.4	199
31	Low-Fat Dietary Pattern and Cancer Incidence in the Women's Health Initiative Dietary Modification Randomized Controlled Trial. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2007, 99, 1534-1543.	6.3	194
32	Whole-Exome Sequencing Identifies Rare and Low-Frequency Coding Variants Associated with LDL Cholesterol. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2014, 94, 233-245.	6.2	193
33	Behavioral responses to artificial food colors. Science, 1980, 207, 1487-1489.	12.6	189
34	Associations of body fat and its distribution with dietary intake, physical activity, alcohol, and smoking in blacks and whites. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1992, 55, 943-949.	4.7	187
35	Alcohol Consumption and Breast Cancer Recurrence and Survival Among Women With Early-Stage Breast Cancer: The Life After Cancer Epidemiology Study. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2010, 28, 4410-4416.	1.6	186
36	The women's health initiative dietary modification trial: overview and baseline characteristics of participants. Annals of Epidemiology, 2003, 13, S87-S97.	1.9	185

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	The effect of conjugated equine oestrogen on diabetes incidence: the Women's Health Initiative randomised trial. Diabetologia, 2006, 49, 459-468.	6.3	183
38	Meta-analysis of new genome-wide association studies of colorectal cancer risk. Human Genetics, 2012, 131, 217-234.	3.8	183
39	Calcium, vitamin D, sunshine exposure, dairy products and colon cancer risk (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 2000, 11, 459-466.	1.8	181
40	Soy isoflavones and risk of cancer recurrence in a cohort of breast cancer survivors: the Life After Cancer Epidemiology study. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2009, 118, 395-405.	2.5	175
41	Weight gain and recovery of pre-cancer weight after breast cancer treatments: evidence from the women's healthy eating and living (WHEL) study. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2007, 105, 177-186.	2.5	173
42	Genome-wide association analyses in east Asians identify new susceptibility loci for colorectal cancer. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 191-196.	21.4	173
43	Association of Aspirin and NSAID Use With Risk of Colorectal Cancer According to Genetic Variants. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2015, 313, 1133.	7.4	171
44	The association between dietary inflammatory index and risk of colorectal cancer among postmenopausal women: results from the Women's Health Initiative. Cancer Causes and Control, 2015, 26, 399-408.	1.8	169
45	Dietary Patterns and Breast Cancer Recurrence and Survival Among Women With Early-Stage Breast Cancer. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2009, 27, 919-926.	1.6	168
46	Social networks, social support mechanisms, and quality of life after breast cancer diagnosis. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2013, 139, 515-527.	2.5	163
47	Low-Dose Estradiol and the Serotonin-Norepinephrine Reuptake Inhibitor Venlafaxine for Vasomotor Symptoms. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2014, 174, 1058.	5.1	160
48	Life After Cancer Epidemiology (LACE) Study: A cohort of early stage breast cancer survivors (United) Tj ETQq0 0	0 rgBT /O	verlock 10 Ti 159k 10 Ti
49	Implementation of a 4-y, high-fiber, high-fruit-and-vegetable, low-fat dietary intervention: results of dietary changes in the Polyp Prevention Trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2001, 74, 387-401.	4.7	158
50	ASSOCIATIONS BETWEEN EXERCISE PRIOR TO AND AROUND THE TIME OF CANCER DIAGNOSIS AND SUBSEQUENT CARDIOVASCULAR EVENTS IN WOMEN WITH BREAST CANCER: A WOMEN'S HEALTH INITIATIVE (WHI) ANALYSIS. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2017, 69, 1774.	2.8	155
51	Hormone replacement therapy, reproductive history, and colon cancer: a multicenter, case-control study in the United States. Cancer Causes and Control, 1997, 8, 146-158.	1.8	154
52	Post-diagnosis statin use and breast cancer recurrence in a prospective cohort study of early stage breast cancer survivors. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2008, 109, 573-579.	2.5	152
53	Response rates among control subjects in case-control studiesâ~†. Annals of Epidemiology, 1995, 5, 245-249.	1.9	151
54	Exercise and Risk of Cardiovascular Events in Women With Nonmetastatic Breast Cancer. Journal of	1.6	150

Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, 2743-2749.

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Meeting the physical activity guidelines and survival after breast cancer: findings from the after breast cancer pooling project. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2012, 131, 637-643.	2.5	148
56	Objective System for Interviewer Performance Evaluation for Use in Epidemiologic Studies. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1994, 140, 1020-1028.	3.4	142
57	Dietary calcium, vitamin D,VDR genotypes and colorectal cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2004, 111, 750-756.	5.1	142
58	Soy food intake after diagnosis of breast cancer and survival: an in-depth analysis of combined evidence from cohort studies of US and Chinese women. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 96, 123-132.	4.7	142
59	Body size and the risk of colon cancer in a large case-control study. International Journal of Obesity, 1998, 22, 178-184.	3.4	140
60	Characterization of Gene–Environment Interactions for Colorectal Cancer Susceptibility Loci. Cancer Research, 2012, 72, 2036-2044.	0.9	140
61	Body mass index and colon cancer: an evaluation of the modifying effects of estrogen (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 2003, 14, 75-84.	1.8	136
62	Statin Use and Risk of Prostate Cancer in the California Men's Health Study Cohort. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2007, 16, 2218-2225.	2.5	134
63	Repeated measures of serum glucose and insulin in relation to postmenopausal breast cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2009, 125, 2704-2710.	5.1	134
64	Randomized Controlled Trial of a Low Animal Protein, High Fiber Diet in the Prevention of Recurrent Calcium Oxalate Kidney Stones. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1996, 144, 25-33.	3.4	133
65	The Importance of Body Composition in Explaining the Overweight Paradox in Cancer—Counterpoint. Cancer Research, 2018, 78, 1906-1912.	0.9	133
66	Efficacy of Vaginal Estradiol or Vaginal Moisturizer vs Placebo for Treating Postmenopausal Vulvovaginal Symptoms. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2018, 178, 681.	5.1	133
67	Post-diagnosis weight gain and breast cancer recurrence in women with early stage breast cancer. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2006, 99, 47-57.	2.5	130
68	Measuring Dietary Change in a Diet Intervention Trial: Comparing Food Frequency Questionnaire and Dietary Recalls. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 157, 754-762.	3.4	126
69	Analysis of Body Mass Index and Mortality in Patients With Colorectal Cancer Using Causal Diagrams. JAMA Oncology, 2016, 2, 1137.	7.1	126
70	Examining the influence of beta blockers and ACE inhibitors on the risk for breast cancer recurrence: results from the LACE cohort. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2011, 129, 549-556.	2.5	124
71	A computerized diet history questionnaire for epidemiologic studies. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 1994, 94, 761-766.	1.1	121
72	An evaluation and replication of mi <scp>RNA</scp> s with disease stage and colorectal cancerâ€specific mortality. International Journal of Cancer, 2015, 137, 428-438.	5.1	119

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	A Comparison of Colon and Rectal Somatic DNA Alterations. Diseases of the Colon and Rectum, 2009, 52, 1304-1311.	1.3	118
74	Implications of obesity for cardiovascular disease in blacks: the CARDIA and ARIC studies. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1991, 53, 1604S-1611S.	4.7	117
75	Social networks, social support, and burden in relationships, and mortality after breast cancer diagnosis in the Life After Breast Cancer Epidemiology (LACE) Study. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2013, 137, 261-271.	2.5	117
76	Calcium Plus Vitamin D Supplementation and the Risk of Postmenopausal Weight Gain. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2007, 167, 893.	3.8	116
77	Estimating the heritability of colorectal cancer. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 3898-3905.	2.9	114
78	Weight Change and Survival after Breast Cancer in the After Breast Cancer Pooling Project. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2012, 21, 1260-1271.	2.5	113
79	Long-term Prognostic Role of Functional Limitations Among Women With Breast Cancer. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2010, 102, 1468-1477.	6.3	112
80	Pre-diagnosis body mass index and survival after breast cancer in the After Breast Cancer Pooling Project. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2012, 132, 729-739.	2.5	112
81	The Comparative Effectiveness of Diabetes Prevention Strategies to Reduce Postpartum Weight Retention in Women With Gestational Diabetes Mellitus: The Gestational Diabetes' Effects on Moms (GEM) Cluster Randomized Controlled Trial. Diabetes Care, 2016, 39, 65-74.	8.6	111
82	Prostatitis, Sexually Transmitted Diseases, and Prostate Cancer: The California Men's Health Study. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e8736.	2.5	109
83	The evolution of body composition in oncology—epidemiology, clinical trials, and the future of patient care: facts and numbers. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2018, 9, 1200-1208.	7.3	109
84	Polymorphisms in the Reduced Folate Carrier, Thymidylate Synthase, or Methionine Synthase and Risk of Colon Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2005, 14, 2509-2516.	2.5	108
85	Intrinsic Subtypes from PAM50 Gene Expression Assay in a Population-Based Breast Cancer Cohort: Differences by Age, Race, and Tumor Characteristics. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 714-724.	2.5	108
86	MTHFR C677T and A1298C Polymorphisms. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2004, 13, 285-292.	2.5	107
87	Refinement and Psychometric Evaluation of the Impact of Cancer Scale. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2008, 100, 1530-1541.	6.3	107
88	Association of Normal-Weight Central Obesity With All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality Among Postmenopausal Women. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e197337.	5.9	107
89	Reproductive Steroid Hormones and Recurrence-Free Survival in Women with a History of Breast Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2008, 17, 614-620.	2.5	106
90	Telephone Counseling Intervention Increases Intakes of Micronutrient- and Phytochemical-Rich Vegetables, Fruit and Fiber in Breast Cancer Survivors. Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 134, 452-458.	2.9	105

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	Postpolypectomy Colonoscopy Surveillance Guidelines: Predictive Accuracy for Advanced Adenoma at 4 Years. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2008, 148, 419.	3.9	101
92	Lifestyle and Colon Cancer: An Assessment of Factors Associated with Risk. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1999, 150, 869-877.	3.4	98
93	NSAIDs and breast cancer recurrence in a prospective cohort study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2007, 18, 613-620.	1.8	98
94	IL6 genotypes and colon and rectal cancer. Cancer Causes and Control, 2007, 18, 1095-1105.	1.8	98
95	The Pathways Study: a prospective study of breast cancer survivorship within Kaiser Permanente Northern California. Cancer Causes and Control, 2008, 19, 1065-1076.	1.8	98
96	Effects of Physical Activity and Sedentary Time on the Risk of Heart Failure. Circulation: Heart Failure, 2014, 7, 21-27.	3.9	96
97	Habitual Tea Consumption and Risk of Osteoporosis: A Prospective Study in the Women's Health Initiative Observational Cohort. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 158, 772-781.	3.4	95
98	High Dry Bean Intake and Reduced Risk of Advanced Colorectal Adenoma Recurrence among Participants in the Polyp Prevention Trial. Journal of Nutrition, 2006, 136, 1896-1903.	2.9	95
99	A pooled analysis of post-diagnosis lifestyle factors in association with late estrogen-receptor-positive breast cancer prognosis. International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 138, 2088-2097.	5.1	95
100	Plant foods and colon cancer: an assessment of specific foods and their related nutrients (United) Tj ETQq0 0 0	gBT /Over 1.8	lock 10 Tf 50 94
101	Soy Food Consumption and Breast Cancer Prognosis. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2011, 20, 854-858.	2.5	94
102	Efficacy of yoga for vasomotor symptoms. Menopause, 2014, 21, 339-346.	2.0	94
103	Mismatch repair polymorphisms and risk of colon cancer, tumour microsatellite instability and interactions with lifestyle factors. Gut, 2009, 58, 661-667.	12.1	92
104	Muscle radiodensity and mortality in patients with colorectal cancer. Cancer, 2018, 124, 3008-3015.	4.1	92
105	Biomarker-calibrated Energy and Protein Consumption and Increased Cancer Risk Among Postmenopausal Women. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 169, 977-989.	3.4	90
106	Obesity and Mortality After Breast Cancer by Race/Ethnicity: The California Breast Cancer Survivorship Consortium. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 179, 95-111.	3.4	90
107	Antioxidant supplement use after breast cancer diagnosis and mortality in the Life After Cancer Epidemiology (LACE) cohort. Cancer, 2012, 118, 2048-2058.	4.1	89
108	Metaâ€analysis of 16 studies of the association of alcohol with colorectal cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 146, 861-873.	5.1	89

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
109	Dietary Flavonoids and Colorectal Adenoma Recurrence in the Polyp Prevention Trial. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2008, 17, 1344-1353.	2.5	88
110	Medical comorbidities predict mortality in women with a history of early stage breast cancer. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2010, 122, 859-865.	2.5	86
111	Better Postdiagnosis Diet Quality Is Associated with Reduced Risk of Death among Postmenopausal Women with Invasive Breast Cancer in the Women's Health Initiative. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 575-583.	2.5	86
112	The Association of Calcium and Vitamin D with Risk of Colorectal Adenomas. Journal of Nutrition, 2005, 135, 252-259.	2.9	84
113	The Polyp Prevention Trial–Continued Follow-up Study: No Effect of a Low-Fat, High-Fiber, High-Fruit, and -Vegetable Diet on Adenoma Recurrence Eight Years after Randomization. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2007, 16, 1745-1752.	2.5	84
114	Arthritis Increases the Risk for Fractures — Results from the Women's Health Initiative. Journal of Rheumatology, 2011, 38, 1680-1688.	2.0	83
115	Association between dietary inflammatory potential and breast cancer incidence and death: results from the Women's Health Initiative. British Journal of Cancer, 2016, 114, 1277-1285.	6.4	83
116	High- and Low-Fat Dairy Intake, Recurrence, and Mortality After Breast Cancer Diagnosis. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2013, 105, 616-623.	6.3	82
117	Genome-Wide Diet-Gene Interaction Analyses for Risk of Colorectal Cancer. PLoS Genetics, 2014, 10, e1004228.	3.5	81
118	The deterioration of muscle mass and radiodensity is prognostic of poor survival in stage l–III colorectal cancer: a populationâ€based cohort study (<scp>Câ€SCANS</scp>). Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2018, 9, 664-672.	7.3	80
119	Microsatellite instability and survival in rectal cancer. Cancer Causes and Control, 2009, 20, 1763-1768.	1.8	78
120	Lifetime Cigarette Smoking and Breast Cancer Prognosis in the After Breast Cancer Pooling Project. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2014, 106, djt359-djt359.	6.3	78
121	Energy Balance and Rectal Cancer: An Evaluation of Energy Intake, Energy Expenditure, and Body Mass Index. Nutrition and Cancer, 2003, 46, 166-171.	2.0	76
122	Achieving substantial changes in eating behavior among women previously treated for breast cancer—an overview of the intervention. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2005, 105, 382-391.	1.1	76
123	Longitudinal study of serum carotenoid, retinol, and tocopherol concentrations in relation to breast cancer risk among postmenopausal women. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 90, 162-169.	4.7	76
124	The Effect of Calcium plus Vitamin D on Risk for Invasive Cancer: Results of the Women's Health Initiative (WHI) Calcium Plus Vitamin D Randomized Clinical Trial. Nutrition and Cancer, 2011, 63, 827-841.	2.0	76
125	Muscle mass at the time of diagnosis of nonmetastatic colon cancer and early discontinuation of chemotherapy, delays, and dose reductions on adjuvant FOLFOX: The Câ€SCANS study. Cancer, 2017, 123, 4868-4877.	4.1	76
126	Marine Fatty Acid Intake Is Associated with Breast Cancer Prognosis,. Journal of Nutrition, 2011, 141, 201-206.	2.9	73

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
127	Postdiagnosis social networks and breast cancer mortality in the After Breast Cancer Pooling Project. Cancer, 2017, 123, 1228-1237.	4.1	73
128	Dietary Energy Sources and Colon Cancer Risk. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1997, 145, 199-210.	3.4	69
129	Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug use is associated with reduction in recurrence of advanced and non-advanced colorectal adenomas (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 2003, 14, 403-411.	1.8	69
130	Metabolic Dysfunction, Obesity, and Survival Among Patients With Early-Stage Colorectal Cancer. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, 3664-3671.	1.6	69
131	Diet, Body Size, and Plasma Lipids-Lipoproteins in Young Adults: Differences by Race and Sex. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1991, 133, 9-23.	3.4	68
132	Comparison of the Block and the Willett Self-administered Semiquantitative Food Frequency Questionnaires with an Interviewer-administered Dietary History. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1998, 148, 1137-1147.	3.4	68
133	Development of a Glycemic Index Database for Food Frequency Questionnaires Used in Epidemiologic Studies. Journal of Nutrition, 2006, 136, 1604-1609.	2.9	67
134	Mendelian Randomization Study of Body Mass Index and Colorectal Cancer Risk. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 1024-1031.	2.5	67
135	The Obesity Paradox in Cancer: How Important Is Muscle?. Annual Review of Nutrition, 2018, 38, 357-379.	10.1	67
136	Hormone replacement therapy and improved survival among postmenopausal women diagnosed with colon cancer (USA). Cancer Causes and Control, 1999, 10, 467-473.	1.8	66
137	Menopausal quality of life: RCT of yoga, exercise, and omega-3 supplements. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 210, 244.e1-244.e11.	1.3	66
138	Dietary Pattern Influences Breast Cancer Prognosis in Women Without Hot Flashes: The Women's Healthy Eating and Living Trial. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2009, 27, 352-359.	1.6	65
139	Vegetable intake is associated with reduced breast cancer recurrence in tamoxifen users: a secondary analysis from the Women's Healthy Eating and Living Study. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2011, 125, 519-527.	2.5	65
140	Smoking and survival after breast cancer diagnosis: a prospective observational study and systematic review. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2012, 136, 521-533.	2.5	65
141	Intrinsic Subtypes from the PAM50 Gene Expression Assay in a Population-Based Breast Cancer Survivor Cohort: Prognostication of Short- and Long-term Outcomes. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 725-734.	2.5	65
142	Diet diversity, diet composition, and risk of colon cancer (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 1997, 8, 872-882.	1.8	64
143	Efficacy of omega-3 for vasomotor symptoms treatment. Menopause, 2014, 21, 347-354.	2.0	64
144	Correlates of Serum α- and γ-Tocopherol in the Women's Health Initiative. Annals of Epidemiology, 2001, 11, 136-144.	1.9	63

9

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
145	Antioxidants, Carotenoids, and Risk of Rectal Cancer. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 159, 32-41.	3.4	63
146	Longitudinal Biological Exposure to Carotenoids Is Associated with Breast Cancer–Free Survival in the Women's Healthy Eating and Living Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 486-494.	2.5	63
147	Increased Risk of Colon Cancer Associated with a Genetic Polymorphism of <i>SMAD7</i> . Cancer Research, 2010, 70, 1479-1485.	0.9	63
148	Associations between genetic variation in RUNX1 , RUNX2 , RUNX3 , MAPK1 and elF4E and risk of colon and rectal cancer: additional support for a TGF-β-signaling pathway. Carcinogenesis, 2011, 32, 318-326.	2.8	63
149	Prognostic Impact of Comorbidity among Long-Term Breast Cancer Survivors: Results from the LACE Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2012, 21, 1115-1125.	2.5	63
150	Vitamin D Related Genes, <i>CYP24A1</i> and <i>CYP27B1,</i> and Colon Cancer Risk. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 2540-2548.	2.5	62
151	Dietary change and reduced breast cancer events among women without hot flashes after treatment of early-stage breast cancer: subgroup analysis of the Women's Healthy Eating and Living Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 89, 1565S-1571S.	4.7	62
152	Diabetes and Other Comorbidities in Breast Cancer Survival by Race/Ethnicity: The California Breast Cancer Survivorship Consortium (CBCSC). Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 361-368.	2.5	62
153	Common genetic variation and survival after colorectal cancer diagnosis: a genome-wide analysis. Carcinogenesis, 2016, 37, 87-95.	2.8	62
154	Body Composition, Adherence to Anthracycline and Taxane-Based Chemotherapy, and Survival After Nonmetastatic Breast Cancer. JAMA Oncology, 2020, 6, 264.	7.1	62
155	Muscle segmentation in axial computed tomography (CT) images at the lumbar (L3) and thoracic (T4) levels for body composition analysis. Computerized Medical Imaging and Graphics, 2019, 75, 47-55.	5.8	61
156	Bariatric Surgery is Associated With Reduced Risk of Breast Cancer in Both Premenopausal and Postmenopausal Women. Annals of Surgery, 2020, 272, 1053-1059.	4.2	61
157	Associations between BMI, energy intake, energy expenditure, VDR genotype and colon and rectal cancers (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 2004, 15, 863-872.	1.8	60
158	Dietary carbohydrate, glycemic index, and glycemic load in relation to colorectal cancer risk in the Women's Health Initiative. Cancer Causes and Control, 2008, 19, 1291-1298.	1.8	60
159	Association Between Weight Loss and the Risk of Cancer after Bariatric Surgery. Obesity, 2017, 25, S52-S57.	3.0	60
160	Energy balance, insulin-related genes and risk of colon and rectal cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2005, 115, 148-154.	5.1	59
161	Postdiagnosis Alcohol Consumption and Breast Cancer Prognosis in the After Breast Cancer Pooling Project. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 32-41.	2.5	59
162	Visceral adiposity and cancer survival: a review of imaging studies. European Journal of Cancer Care, 2018, 27, e12611.	1.5	59

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
163	Western diet, family history of colorectal cancer, NAT2, GSTM-1 and risk of colon cancer. Cancer Causes and Control, 2000, 11, 1-8.	1.8	57
164	Meat Consumption Patterns and Preparation, Genetic Variants of Metabolic Enzymes, and Their Association with Rectal Cancer in Men and Women. Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 134, 776-784.	2.9	57
165	Associations between vitamin D, vitamin D receptor gene and the androgen receptor gene with colon and rectal cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2006, 118, 3140-3146.	5.1	57
166	Methods for the design of vasomotor symptom trials. Menopause, 2014, 21, 45-58.	2.0	57
167	Low to Moderate Alcohol Intake Is Not Associated with Increased Mortality after Breast Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 681-688.	2.5	56
168	Postdiagnosis supplement use and breast cancer prognosis in the After Breast Cancer Pooling Project. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2013, 139, 529-537.	2.5	55
169	Effects of Estradiol and Venlafaxine on Insomnia Symptoms and Sleep Quality in Women with Hot Flashes. Sleep, 2015, 38, 97-108.	1.1	55
170	Associations of preâ€existing coâ€morbidities with skeletal muscle mass and radiodensity in patients with nonâ€metastatic colorectal cancer. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2018, 9, 654-663.	7.3	55
171	Variation in the <i>FGFR2</i> Gene and the Effects of Postmenopausal Hormone Therapy on Invasive Breast Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 3079-3085.	2.5	54
172	A Pooled Analysis of Smoking and Colorectal Cancer: Timing of Exposure and Interactions with Environmental Factors. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2012, 21, 1974-1985.	2.5	54
173	Intake of fluids and methylxanthine-containing beverages: Association with colon cancer. , 1999, 81, 199-204.		53
174	Association of Weight Change after Colorectal Cancer Diagnosis and Outcomes in the Kaiser Permanente Northern California Population. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 30-37.	2.5	53
175	Meat consumption and its associations with other diet and health factors in young adults: the CARDIA study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1991, 54, 930-935.	4.7	52
176	Changes in food sources of dietary fat in response to an intensive low-fat dietary intervention: Early results from the Women's Health Initiativea~†a~†a~†. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2003, 103, 454-460.	1.1	52
177	Impact of very low physical activity, BMI, and comorbidities on mortality among breast cancer survivors. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2016, 155, 551-557.	2.5	52
178	Social networks, social support and burden in relationships, and mortality after breast cancer diagnosis. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2012, 133, 375-385.	2.5	51
179	Benefits associated with WIC supplemental feeding during the interpregnancy interval. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1987, 45, 29-41.	4.7	50
180	Leptin and leptin receptor genotypes and colon cancer: Gene–gene and gene–lifestyle interactions. International Journal of Cancer, 2008, 122, 1611-1617.	5.1	50

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
181	Dietary intake of folate and co-factors in folate metabolism, MTHFR polymorphisms, and reduced rectal cancer. Cancer Causes and Control, 2007, 18, 153-163.	1.8	50
182	Red wine consumption and risk of prostate cancer: The California Men's Health Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2010, 126, 171-179.	5.1	50
183	Vitamin D Receptor Gene Polymorphisms, Dietary Promotion of Insulin Resistance, and Colon and Rectal Cancer. Nutrition and Cancer, 2006, 55, 35-43.	2.0	49
184	Telephone Counseling Helps Maintain Long-Term Adherence to a High-Vegetable Dietary Pattern. Journal of Nutrition, 2007, 137, 2291-2296.	2.9	49
185	Hormone Replacement Therapy and Colorectal Adenoma Recurrence Among Women in the Polyp Prevention Trial. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2001, 93, 1799-1805.	6.3	48
186	Somatic alterations, metabolizing genes and smoking in rectal cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2009, 125, 158-164.	5.1	48
187	Gene–Environment Interaction Involving Recently Identified Colorectal Cancer Susceptibility Loci. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 1824-1833.	2.5	48
188	Association between Post-Cancer Diagnosis Dietary Inflammatory Potential and Mortality among Invasive Breast Cancer Survivors in the Women's Health Initiative. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2018, 27, 454-463.	2.5	48
189	Diet, physical activity, and body size associations with rectal tumor mutations and epigenetic changes. Cancer Causes and Control, 2010, 21, 1237-1245.	1.8	47
190	Genetic variation in Câ€reactive protein in relation to colon and rectal cancer risk and survival. International Journal of Cancer, 2011, 128, 2726-2734.	5.1	47
191	The California Breast Cancer Survivorship Consortium (CBCSC): prognostic factors associated with racial/ethnic differences in breast cancer survival. Cancer Causes and Control, 2013, 24, 1821-1836.	1.8	47
192	Pooled Analysis of Six Pharmacologic and Nonpharmacologic Interventions for Vasomotor Symptoms. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 126, 413-422.	2.4	47
193	Postdiagnosis Weight Change and Survival Following a Diagnosis of Early-Stage Breast Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 44-50.	2.5	47
194	Women Gain Weight 1 Year After Smoking Cessation While Dietary Intake Temporarily Increases. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 1996, 96, 1150-1155.	1.1	46
195	PTGS1, PTGS2, ALOX5, ALOX12, ALOX15, and FLAP SNPs: interaction with fatty acids in colon cancer and rectal cancer. Genes and Nutrition, 2013, 8, 115-126.	2.5	46
196	Cancer Incidence and Mortality during the Intervention and Postintervention Periods of the Women's Health Initiative Dietary Modification Trial. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 2924-2935.	2.5	45
197	The association of medical and demographic characteristics with sarcopenia and low muscle radiodensity in patients with nonmetastatic colorectal cancer. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 109, 615-625.	4.7	45
198	Assessing Tumor Mutations to Gain Insight into Base Excision Repair Sequence Polymorphisms and Smoking in Colon Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 3384-3388.	2.5	44

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
199	Genetic variant predictors of gene expression provide new insight into risk of colorectal cancer. Human Genetics, 2019, 138, 307-326.	3.8	44
200	Time-Varying Effects of Prognostic Factors Associated With Disease-Free Survival in Breast Cancer. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 169, 1463-1470.	3.4	43
201	Exercise and Prognosis on the Basis of Clinicopathologic and Molecular Features in Early-Stage Breast Cancer: The LACE and Pathways Studies. Cancer Research, 2016, 76, 5415-5422.	0.9	43
202	Weight Fluctuation and Cancer Risk in Postmenopausal Women: The Women's Health Initiative. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 779-786.	2.5	42
203	The Women's Health Initiative (WHI) Life and Longevity After Cancer (LILAC) Study: Description and Baseline Characteristics of Participants. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2018, 27, 125-137.	2.5	42
204	Migraine History and Breast Cancer Risk Among Postmenopausal Women. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2010, 28, 1005-1010.	1.6	41
205	Quality control of dietary data collection in the CARDIA study. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 1992, 13, 156-169.	1.9	40
206	Vitamin E and colon cancer: Is there an association?. Nutrition and Cancer, 1998, 30, 201-206.	2.0	40
207	The <i>MLH1</i> â^'93 G>A promoter polymorphism and genetic and epigenetic alterations in colon cancer. Genes Chromosomes and Cancer, 2008, 47, 835-844.	2.8	40
208	DNA repair and cancer in colon and rectum: Novel players in genetic susceptibility. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 146, 363-372.	5.1	40
209	COX-1 (PTGS1) and COX-2 (PTGS2) polymorphisms, NSAID interactions, and risk of colon and rectal cancers in two independent populations. Cancer Causes and Control, 2013, 24, 2059-2075.	1.8	38
210	Red Meat Intake, NAT2, and Risk of Colorectal Cancer: A Pooled Analysis of 11 Studies. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 198-205.	2.5	38
211	The CYP1A1 Genotype May Alter the Association of Meat Consumption Patterns and Preparation with the Risk of Colorectal Cancer in Men and Women. Journal of Nutrition, 2005, 135, 179-186.	2.9	37
212	Multivitamin use and breast cancer outcomes in women with early-stage breast cancer: the Life After Cancer Epidemiology study. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2011, 130, 195-205.	2.5	37
213	Effect of Postdiagnosis Weight Change on Hot Flash Status Among Early-Stage Breast Cancer Survivors. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2012, 30, 1492-1497.	1.6	37
214	Patterns and predictors of breast cancer chemotherapy use in Kaiser Permanente Northern California, 2004–2007. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2013, 137, 247-260.	2.5	37
215	Screening for low muscularity in colorectal cancer patients: a valid, clinicâ€friendly approach that predicts mortality. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2018, 9, 898-908.	7.3	37
216	MAILED DIETARY SURVEYS. Epidemiology, 1991, 2, 430-436.	2.7	36

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
217	The Role of Antioxidants and Vitamin A in Ovarian Cancer: Results From the Women's Health Initiative. Nutrition and Cancer, 2008, 60, 710-719.	2.0	36
218	Oncogenetic tree model of somatic mutations and DNA methylation in colon tumors. Genes Chromosomes and Cancer, 2009, 48, 1-9.	2.8	36
219	Risk of Mortality According to Body Mass Index and Body Composition Among Postmenopausal Women. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 182, 585-596.	3.4	36
220	Pleiotropic effects of genetic risk variants for other cancers on colorectal cancer risk: PAGE, GECCO and CCFR consortia. Gut, 2014, 63, 800-807.	12.1	35
221	Effects of Yoga and Aerobic Exercise on Actigraphic Sleep Parameters in Menopausal Women with Hot Flashes. Journal of Clinical Sleep Medicine, 2017, 13, 11-18.	2.6	35
222	Mendelian randomization analysis of C-reactive protein on colorectal cancer risk. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 48, 767-780.	1.9	35
223	Genome-Wide Search for Gene-Gene Interactions in Colorectal Cancer. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e52535.	2.5	35
224	Risk of colon cancer associated with a family history of cancer or colorectal polyps: The Diet, Activity, and Reproduction in Colon Cancer Study. , 1998, 78, 157-160.		34
225	Carotenoids, vitamin A and risk of adenomatous polyp recurrence in the polyp prevention trial. International Journal of Cancer, 2004, 112, 295-305.	5.1	34
226	The After Breast Cancer Pooling Project: rationale, methodology, and breast cancer survivor characteristics. Cancer Causes and Control, 2011, 22, 1319-1331.	1.8	34
227	Genetic variation in the transforming growth factorâ $\hat{\mathfrak{el}^2}$ signaling pathway and survival after diagnosis with colon and rectal cancer. Cancer, 2011, 117, 4175-4183.	4.1	34
228	A low-fat dietary pattern and risk of metabolic syndrome in postmenopausal women: The Women's Health Initiative. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2012, 61, 1572-1581.	3.4	34
229	Genetic variation in the lipoxygenase pathway and risk of colorectal neoplasia. Genes Chromosomes and Cancer, 2013, 52, 437-449.	2.8	34
230	Effect of depression before breast cancer diagnosis on mortality among postmenopausal women. Cancer, 2017, 123, 3107-3115.	4.1	34
231	Race and breast cancer survival by intrinsic subtype based on PAM50 gene expression. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2014, 144, 689-699.	2.5	33
232	Effects of estrogen and venlafaxine on menopause-related quality of life in healthy postmenopausal women with hot flashes. Menopause, 2015, 22, 607-615.	2.0	33
233	Body mass index, PAM50 subtype, recurrence, and survival among patients with nonmetastatic breast cancer. Cancer, 2017, 123, 2535-2542.	4.1	33
234	Cardiometabolic risk factors and survival after breast cancer in the Women's Health Initiative. Cancer, 2018, 124, 1798-1807.	4.1	33

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
235	Body Composition and Cardiovascular Events in Patients With Colorectal Cancer. JAMA Oncology, 2019, 5, 967.	7.1	31
236	The Association Between Cigarette Smoking and Colorectal Polyp Recurrence (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 2005, 16, 1021-1033.	1.8	30
237	Characterization of 9p24 Risk Locus and Colorectal Adenoma and Cancer: Gene–Environment Interaction and Meta-Analysis. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 3131-3139.	2.5	30
238	Genetic Predictors of Circulating 25-Hydroxyvitamin D and Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 2037-2046.	2.5	30
239	The Combined Association of Modifiable Risk Factors with Breast Cancer Risk in the Women's Health Initiative. Cancer Prevention Research, 2018, 11, 317-326.	1.5	30
240	A Mixed-Effects Model for Powerful Association Tests in Integrative Functional Genomics. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2018, 102, 904-919.	6.2	30
241	Tumor markers and rectal cancer: Support for an inflammationâ€related pathway. International Journal of Cancer, 2009, 125, 1698-1704.	5.1	29
242	Nutrients in Folate-Mediated, One-Carbon Metabolism and the Risk of Rectal Tumors in Men and Women. Nutrition and Cancer, 2011, 63, 357-366.	2.0	28
243	Genetic variation in bone morphogenetic protein and colon and rectal cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2012, 130, 653-664.	5.1	28
244	Identification of a common variant with potential pleiotropic effect on risk of inflammatory bowel disease and colorectal cancer. Carcinogenesis, 2015, 36, 999-1007.	2.8	28
245	Racial Disparities in Erectile Dysfunction Among Participants in the California Men's Health Study. Journal of Sexual Medicine, 2009, 6, 3433-3439.	0.6	27
246	Prenatal Depression and Diet Quality During Pregnancy. Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 2020, 120, 972-984.	0.8	27
247	Variations in Sensitivity, Specificity, and Predictive Value of a Dietary Fat Screener Modified From Block et al. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 1995, 95, 564-568.	1.1	26
248	Dietary antioxidants and plasma lipids: the CARDIA Study Journal of the American College of Nutrition, 1995, 14, 635-642.	1.8	26
249	Variation in the CYP19A1 gene and risk of colon and rectal cancer. Cancer Causes and Control, 2011, 22, 955-963.	1.8	26
250	An analysis of genetic factors related to risk of inflammatory bowel disease and colon cancer. Cancer Epidemiology, 2014, 38, 583-590.	1.9	26
251	Relationship of prediagnostic body mass index with survival after colorectal cancer: Stageâ€specific associations. International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 139, 1065-1072.	5.1	26
252	Postdiagnosis Loss of Skeletal Muscle, but Not Adipose Tissue, Is Associated with Shorter Survival of Patients with Advanced Pancreatic Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2019, 28, 2062-2069.	2.5	26

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
253	Influence of Smoking, Body Mass Index, and Other Factors on the Preventive Effect of Nonsteroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs on Colorectal Cancer Risk. Cancer Research, 2018, 78, 4790-4799.	0.9	26
254	Adenomatous polyp recurrence and physical activity in the Polyp Prevention Trial (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 2002, 13, 445-453.	1.8	25
255	Low energy reporting may increase in intervention participants enrolled in dietary intervention trials11Continuing Education Questionnaire, page 491 Meets learning need codes 3000, 3010, 9010, and 9020. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2004, 104, 357-366.	1.1	25
256	Thymidylate synthase polymorphisms and colon cancer: Associations with tumor stage, tumor characteristics and survival. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 120, 2226-2232.	5.1	25
257	Pre- to post-diagnosis weight change and associations with physical functional limitations in breast cancer survivors. Journal of Cancer Survivorship, 2014, 8, 539-547.	2.9	25
258	Does nutritionist review of a self-administered food frequency questionnaire improve data quality?. Public Health Nutrition, 1999, 2, 565-569.	2.2	24
259	Microsomal Epoxide Hydrolase Polymorphisms Are Not Associated with Colon Cancer Risk. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2005, 14, 1350-1352.	2.5	23
260	Research priorities in cancer cachexia: The University of Rochester Cancer Center NCI Community Oncology Research Program Research Base Symposium on Cancer Cachexia and Sarcopenia. Current Opinion in Supportive and Palliative Care, 2017, 11, 278-286.	1.3	23
261	Genome-wide association and admixture analysis of glaucoma in the Women's Health Initiative. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 6634-6643.	2.9	22
262	Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease and colorectal cancer survival. Cancer Causes and Control, 2019, 30, 165-168.	1.8	22
263	Associations between nutritional factors and chemotherapy toxicity in older adults with solid tumors. Cancer, 2020, 126, 1708-1716.	4.1	22
264	MTHFR Variants Reduce the Risk of G:C→A:T Transition Mutations within the p53 Tumor Suppressor Gene in Colon Tumors. Journal of Nutrition, 2005, 135, 2462-2467.	2.9	21
265	Intentional weight loss and risk of lymphohematopoietic cancers. Cancer Causes and Control, 2010, 21, 223-236.	1.8	21
266	Postdiagnosis Cruciferous Vegetable Consumption and Breast Cancer Outcomes: A Report from the After Breast Cancer Pooling Project. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 1451-1456.	2.5	21
267	Longitudinal study of acculturation and BMI change among Asian American men. Preventive Medicine, 2015, 73, 15-21.	3.4	21
268	Indexes of food and nutrient intakes as predictors of serum concentrations of nutrients: the problem of inadequate discriminant validity. The Polyp Prevention Trial Study Group. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1997, 65, 1269S-1274S.	4.7	20
269	Association of Fluids From Beverages With Risk of Rectal Cancer. Nutrition and Cancer, 2004, 49, 25-31.	2.0	20
270	PPARÎ ³ , Energy Balance, and Associations With Colon and Rectal Cancer. Nutrition and Cancer, 2005, 51, 155-161.	2.0	20

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
271	Polymorphisms in insulin-related genes predispose to specific KRAS2 and TP53 mutations in colon cancer. Mutation Research - Fundamental and Molecular Mechanisms of Mutagenesis, 2006, 595, 117-124.	1.0	20
272	Generational status and duration of residence predict diabetes prevalence among Latinos: the California Men's Health Study. BMC Public Health, 2009, 9, 392.	2.9	20
273	Statin Use and Risk of Colorectal Cancer in a Cohort of Middle-Aged Men in the US. Drugs, 2009, 69, 1445-1457.	10.9	20
274	History of Recreational Physical Activity and Survival After Breast Cancer. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 181, 944-955.	3.4	20
275	The Effect of Patient and Contextual Characteristics on Racial/Ethnic Disparity in Breast Cancer Mortality. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2016, 25, 1064-1072.	2.5	20
276	Next Steps in Understanding the Obesity Paradox in Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 12-12.	2.5	20
277	Adiposity, post-diagnosis weight change, and risk of cardiovascular events among early-stage breast cancer survivors. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2017, 162, 549-557.	2.5	20
278	Increase in Cruciferous Vegetable Intake in Women Previously Treated for Breast Cancer Participating in a Dietary Intervention Trial. Nutrition and Cancer, 2007, 57, 11-19.	2.0	19
279	Calcium, Vitamin D, VDR Genotypes, and Epigenetic and Genetic Changes in Rectal Tumors. Nutrition and Cancer, 2010, 62, 436-442.	2.0	19
280	Glutathione peroxidase tagSNPs: Associations with rectal cancer but not with colon cancer. Genes Chromosomes and Cancer, 2012, 51, 598-605.	2.8	19
281	Alcohol Consumption and Rectal Tumor Mutations and Epigenetic Changes. Diseases of the Colon and Rectum, 2010, 53, 1182-1189.	1.3	18
282	Variation in the <i>FGFR2</i> Gene and the Effect of a Low-Fat Dietary Pattern on Invasive Breast Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 74-79.	2.5	18
283	CYP24A1 variant modifies the association between use of oestrogen plus progestogen therapy and colorectal cancer risk. British Journal of Cancer, 2016, 114, 221-229.	6.4	18
284	Differences in molecular features of tripleâ€negative breast cancers based on the age at diagnosis. Cancer, 2018, 124, 4676-4684.	4.1	18
285	Relationship of apolipoprotein E phenotypes to hypocholesterolemia. American Journal of Medicine, 1993, 95, 480-488.	1.5	17
286	A comparison of two methods to ascertain dietary intake: The cardia study. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 1994, 47, 701-711.	5.0	17
287	Genetic variability in IL23R and risk of colorectal adenoma and colorectal cancer. Cancer Epidemiology, 2012, 36, e104-e110.	1.9	17
288	Methodological considerations for disentangling a risk factor's influence on disease incidence versus postdiagnosis survival: The example of obesity and breast and colorectal cancer mortality in the <scp>W</scp> omen's <scp>H</scp> ealth <scp>I</scp> nitiative. International Journal of Cancer, 2017, 141, 2281-2290.	5.1	17

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
289	Correlates of prostate-specific antigen testing in a large multiethnic cohort. American Journal of Managed Care, 2009, 15, 793-9.	1.1	17
290	Mendelian randomisation study of age at menarche and age at menopause and the risk of colorectal cancer. British Journal of Cancer, 2018, 118, 1639-1647.	6.4	16
291	Facebook advertising for recruitment of midlife women with bothersome vaginal symptoms: A pilot study. Clinical Trials, 2019, 16, 476-480.	1.6	16
292	Sexual frequency and pain in a randomized clinical trial of vaginal estradiol tablets, moisturizer, and placebo in postmenopausal women. Menopause, 2019, 26, 816-822.	2.0	16
293	Lights on MsFLASH: a review of contributions. Menopause, 2020, 27, 473-484.	2.0	16
294	Post-cancer diagnosis dietary inflammatory potential is associated with survival among women diagnosed with colorectal cancer in the Women's Health Initiative. European Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 59, 965-977.	3.9	15
295	Prediagnosis social support, social integration, living status, and colorectal cancer mortality in postmenopausal women from the women's health initiative. Cancer, 2020, 126, 1766-1775.	4.1	15
296	Low-Fat Dietary Pattern and Risk of Benign Proliferative Breast Disease: A Randomized, Controlled Dietary Modification Trial. Cancer Prevention Research, 2008, 1, 275-284.	1.5	14
297	The Effects of Reverse Causality and Selective Attrition on the Relationship Between Body Mass Index and Mortality in Postmenopausal Women. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 188, 1838-1848.	3.4	14
298	Diet-related inflammation and risk of prostate cancer in the California Men's Health Study. Annals of Epidemiology, 2019, 29, 30-38.	1.9	14
299	Validation of self-reported comorbidity status of breast cancer patients with medical records: the California Breast Cancer Survivorship Consortium (CBCSC). Cancer Causes and Control, 2016, 27, 391-401.	1.8	13
300	Eating Frequency and the Risk of Colon Cancer. Nutrition and Cancer, 2002, 43, 121-126.	2.0	12
301	Computed tomography-derived assessments of regional muscle volume: Validating their use as predictors of whole body muscle volume in cancer patients. British Journal of Radiology, 2018, 91, 20180451.	2.2	12
302	Red Wine Consumption Not Associated With Reduced Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Nutrition and Cancer, 2010, 62, 849-855.	2.0	11
303	Diet and Colorectal Cancer: Analysis of a Candidate Pathway Using SNPS, Haplotypes, and Multi-Gene Assessment. Nutrition and Cancer, 2011, 63, 1226-1234.	2.0	11
304	Genetic Variation in the Transforming Growth Factor-β-Signaling Pathway, Lifestyle Factors, and Risk of Colon or Rectal Cancer. Diseases of the Colon and Rectum, 2012, 55, 532-540.	1.3	11
305	Performance of a shortened telephone-administered version of a quantitative food frequency questionnaire. Annals of Epidemiology, 1997, 7, 463-471.	1.9	10
306	Comparison of Baseline Dietary Intake of Hispanic and Matched Non-Hispanic White Breast Cancer Survivors Enrolled in the Women's Healthy Eating and Living Study. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2008, 108, 1323-1329.	1.1	10

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
307	Re: Declines in Invasive Breast Cancer and Use of Postmenopausal Hormone Therapy in a Screening Mammography Population. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2008, 100, 597-598.	6.3	10
308	Does a Healthy Diet Help Weight Management Among Overweight and Obese People?. Health Education and Behavior, 2009, 36, 518-531.	2.5	10
309	African American race but not genome-wide ancestry is negatively associated with atrial fibrillation among postmenopausal women in the Women's Health Initiative. American Heart Journal, 2013, 166, 566-572.e1.	2.7	10
310	Is heart rate variability associated with frequency and intensity of vasomotor symptoms among healthy perimenopausal and postmenopausal women?. Clinical Autonomic Research, 2016, 26, 7-13.	2.5	10
311	Low-fat dietary pattern and breast cancer mortality by metabolic syndrome components: a secondary analysis of the Women's Health Initiative (WHI) randomised trial. British Journal of Cancer, 2021, 125, 372-379.	6.4	10
312	Block vs Willett: A debate on the validity of food frequency questionnaires. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 1994, 94, 16-17.	1.1	9
313	Sex-Specific Differences in Colon Cancer Associated With p53 Mutations. Nutrition and Cancer, 2004, 49, 41-48.	2.0	9
314	Reparameterization of PAM50 Expression Identifies Novel Breast Tumor Dimensions and Leads to Discovery of a Genome-Wide Significant Breast Cancer Locus at <i>12q15</i> . Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2018, 27, 644-652.	2.5	9
315	Guidelineâ€concordant endometrial cancer treatment and survival in the Women's Health Initiative Life and Longevity After Cancer study. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 147, 404-412.	5.1	9
316	Fine-Mapping of Common Genetic Variants Associated with Colorectal Tumor Risk Identified Potential Functional Variants. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0157521.	2.5	8
317	RE: "ASSOCIATION OF DELAYED CONCEPTION WITH CAFFEINE CONSUMPTION― American Journal of Epidemiology, 1994, 140, 663-664.	3.4	7
318	Correlates of screening sigmoidoscopy use among men in a large nonprofit health plan. Cancer, 2007, 110, 275-281.	4.1	6
319	Interaction of body mass index or waistâ€toâ€hip ratio and sun exposure associated with nonmelanoma skin cancer: A prospective study from the Women's Health Initiative. Cancer, 2019, 125, 1133-1142.	4.1	6
320	It's Absolutely Relative: The Effect of Age on the BMI–Mortality Relationship in Postmenopausal Women. Obesity, 2020, 28, 171-177.	3.0	6
321	Preventive care and health behaviors among overweight/obese men in HMOs. American Journal of Managed Care, 2012, 18, 25-32.	1.1	5
322	Low-Energy Reporters: Evaluation of Potential Differential Reporting in Case-Control Studies. Nutrition and Cancer, 2002, 42, 173-179.	2.0	4
323	Low-Fat Diet and Risk of Breast Cancer—Reply. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2006, 296, 278.	7.4	3
324	Response. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2013, 105, 1761-1762.	6.3	3

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
325	Dual energy Xâ€ray absorptiometry spine scans to determine abdominal fat in postmenopausal women. American Journal of Human Biology, 2016, 28, 918-926.	1.6	3
326	An Environmental Scan of Biopsychosocial and Clinical Variables in Cohort Studies of Cancer Survivors. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2019, 28, 1621-1641.	2.5	3
327	Twins of Mistaken Zygosity (TOMZ): Evidence for Genetic Contributions to Dietary Patterns and Physiologic Traits. Twin Research and Human Genetics, 2006, 9, 540-549.	0.6	3
328	Multiple Gene-Environment Interactions on the Angiogenesis Gene-Pathway Impact Rectal Cancer Risk and Survival. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2017, 14, 1146.	2.6	2
329	Statins as a free pass: Body mass index and other cardiovascular risk factors among lipid-lowering medication users and nonusers in the California Men's Health Study. Preventive Medicine, 2019, 129, 105822.	3.4	2
330	Response to Comment on "Bariatric Surgery is Associated With Reduced Risk of Breast Cancer in Both Premenopausal and Postmenopausal Women― Annals of Surgery, 2020, 271, e19-e20.	4.2	2
331	Re. "Association between low muscle mass and survival in incurable cancer patients: A systematic reviewâ€: Nutrition, 2021, 81, 111005.	2.4	2
332	Yogurt consumption is associated with healthy behavior in postmenopausal women. Clinical Journal of Women's Health, 2002, 2, 128-134.	0.4	2
333	Calcium Plus Vitamin D Supplementation and the Risk of Fractures. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2006, 61, 386-388.	0.4	1
334	Low-Fat Diet and Cardiovascular Disease—Reply. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2006, 296, 279.	7.4	1
335	The Plausibility of the Obesity Paradox in Cancer—Response—Reply to Point. Cancer Research, 2018, 78, 1904-1905.	0.9	1
336	Use of iDXA spine scans to evaluate total and visceral abdominal fat. American Journal of Human Biology, 2018, 30, e23057.	1.6	1
337	Body Composition and Overall Survival in Patients With Nonmetastatic Breast Cancer—Reply. JAMA Oncology, 2019, 5, 115.	7.1	1
338	Dietary Recommendations for the Maintenance of Dental Health. Medical Clinics of North America, 1979, 63, 1087-1094.	2.5	0
339	Calcium Plus Vitamin D Supplementation and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2006, 61, 389-390.	0.4	0
340	The Optimal Body Mass Index Range for Patients With Colorectal Cancer—Reply. JAMA Oncology, 2017, 3, 708.	7.1	0
341	Explaining the Obesity Paradox—Response. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 1576-1576.	2.5	0
342	Breast and Ovarian Cancer. , 2007, , .		0

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
343	Longitudinal study of body mass index in Asian men who immigrate to the US. Asia Pacific Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 24, 701-9.	0.4	0