

Hengwei Liu

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

15
papers

375
citations

12
h-index

15
g-index

15
ext. papers

481
ext. citations

3.8
avg, IF

3.38
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
15	Upregulation of the long noncoding RNA UBOX5 antisense RNA 1 (UBOX5-AS1) under hypoxic conditions promotes epithelial-mesenchymal transition in endometriosis. <i>Annals of Translational Medicine</i> , 2021 , 9, 790	3.2	0
14	Estrogen-decreased hsa_circ_0001649 promotes stromal cell invasion in endometriosis. <i>Reproduction</i> , 2020 , 160, 511-519	3.8	6
13	E -mediated EMT by activation of β -catenin/Snail signalling during the development of ovarian endometriosis. <i>Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine</i> , 2019 , 23, 8035-8045	5.6	14
12	Estradiol promotes EMT in endometriosis via MALAT1/miR200s sponge function. <i>Reproduction</i> , 2019 , 157, 179-188	3.8	32
11	GLI1 is increased in ovarian endometriosis and regulates migration, invasion and proliferation of human endometrial stromal cells in endometriosis. <i>Annals of Translational Medicine</i> , 2019 , 7, 663	3.2	14
10	Long non-coding RNA MALAT1 mediates hypoxia-induced pro-survival autophagy of endometrial stromal cells in endometriosis. <i>Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine</i> , 2019 , 23, 439-452	5.6	37
9	Notch activity mediates oestrogen-induced stromal cell invasion in endometriosis. <i>Reproduction</i> , 2018 , 157, 371-381	3.8	6
8	Autophagy contributes to hypoxia-induced epithelial to mesenchymal transition of endometrial epithelial cells in endometriosis. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2018 , 99, 968-981	3.9	20
7	Hypoxia-inducible factor-1 α promotes endometrial stromal cells migration and invasion by upregulating autophagy in endometriosis. <i>Reproduction</i> , 2017 , 153, 809-820	3.8	60
6	Estrogen stabilizes hypoxia-inducible factor 1 α through G protein-coupled estrogen receptor 1 in eutopic endometrium of endometriosis. <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 2017 , 107, 439-447	4.8	19
5	Hypoxia Promotes Invasion of Endometrial Stromal Cells via Hypoxia-Inducible Factor 1 α Upregulation-Mediated β -Catenin Activation in Endometriosis. <i>Reproductive Sciences</i> , 2016 , 23, 531-41	3	13
4	17 β -Estradiol promotes vascular endothelial growth factor expression via the Wnt/ β -catenin pathway during the pathogenesis of endometriosis. <i>Molecular Human Reproduction</i> , 2016 , 22, 526-35	4.4	44
3	Intracellular Wnt/Beta-Catenin Signaling Underlying 17 β -Estradiol-Induced Matrix Metalloproteinase 9 Expression in Human Endometriosis. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2016 , 94, 70	3.9	18
2	Hypoxia-inducible factor 1 α -induced epithelial-mesenchymal transition of endometrial epithelial cells may contribute to the development of endometriosis. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 2016 , 31, 1327-38	5.7	58
1	Estradiol promotes cells invasion by activating β -catenin signaling pathway in endometriosis. <i>Reproduction</i> , 2015 , 150, 507-16	3.8	34