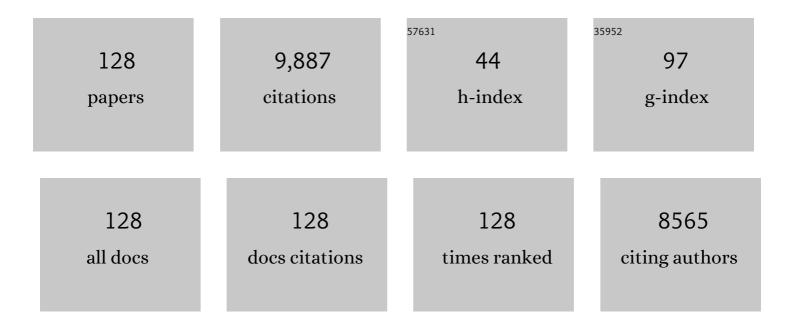
Gary E Fraser Mb Chb

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cohort study of diet, lifestyle, and prostate cancer in adventist men. Cancer, 1989, 64, 598-604.	2.0	596
2	Type of Vegetarian Diet, Body Weight, and Prevalence of Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2009, 32, 791-796.	4.3	453
3	A Possible Protective Effect of Nut Consumption on Risk of Coronary Heart Disease. Archives of Internal Medicine, 1992, 152, 1416.	4.3	452
4	Vegetarian Dietary Patterns and Mortality in Adventist Health Study 2. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2013, 173, 1230.	2.6	423
5	Mortality in vegetarians and nonvegetarians: detailed findings from a collaborative analysis of 5 prospective studies. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1999, 70, 516S-524S.	2.2	384
6	Associations between diet and cancer, ischemic heart disease, and all-cause mortality in non-Hispanic white California Seventh-day Adventists. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1999, 70, 532S-538S.	2.2	375
7	Does high soy milk intake reduce prostate cancer incidence? The Adventist Health Study (United) Tj ETQq1 1 0.7	784314 rg 0.8	BT /Qyerlock
8	Vegetarian diets: what do we know of their effects on common chronic diseases?. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 89, 1607S-1612S.	2.2	308
9	Association between Class III Obesity (BMI of 40–59 kg/m2) and Mortality: A Pooled Analysis of 20 Prospective Studies. PLoS Medicine, 2014, 11, e1001673.	3.9	299
10	Dietary habits and past medical history as related to fatal pancreas cancer risk among adventists. Cancer, 1988, 61, 2578-2585.	2.0	268
11	Nutrient Profiles of Vegetarian and Nonvegetarian Dietary Patterns. Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 2013, 113, 1610-1619.	0.4	258
12	Vegetarian Dietary Patterns and the Risk of Colorectal Cancers. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2015, 175, 767.	2.6	252
13	Dietary and lifestyle guidelines for the prevention of Alzheimer's disease. Neurobiology of Aging, 2014, 35, S74-S78.	1.5	251
14	Types of dietary fat and breast cancer: A pooled analysis of cohort studies. International Journal of Cancer, 2001, 92, 767-774.	2.3	244
15	Vegetarian Dietary Patterns Are Associated With a Lower Risk of Metabolic Syndrome. Diabetes Care, 2011, 34, 1225-1227.	4.3	206
16	Ten Years of Life. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2001, 161, 1645.	4.3	199
17	Cohort Profile: The Adventist Health Study-2 (AHS-2). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 37, 260-265.	0.9	190
18	Vegetarian Diets and the Incidence of Cancer in a Low-risk Population. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 286-294.	1.1	183

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Meal Frequency and Timing Are Associated with Changes in Body Mass Index in Adventist Health Study 2. Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 147, 1722-1728.	1.3	176
20	Fruits, vegetables and lung cancer: A pooled analysis of cohort studies. International Journal of Cancer, 2003, 107, 1001-1011.	2.3	175
21	Meat consumption and fatal ischemic heart disease. Preventive Medicine, 1984, 13, 490-500.	1.6	166
22	Vegetarian diets and blood pressure among white subjects: results from the Adventist Health Study-2 (AHS-2). Public Health Nutrition, 2012, 15, 1909-1916.	1.1	160
23	Chronic disease among seventh-day adventists, a low-risk group. Rationale, methodology, and description of the population. Cancer, 1989, 64, 570-581.	2.0	153
24	Vegetarian diets in the Adventist Health Study 2: a review of initial published findings. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 100, 353S-358S.	2.2	147
25	Prospective study of exogenous hormone use and breast cancer in seventh-day adventists. Cancer, 1989, 64, 591-597.	2.0	139
26	Effect on Body Weight of a Free 76 Kilojoule (320 Calorie) Daily Supplement of Almonds for Six Months. Journal of the American College of Nutrition, 2002, 21, 275-283.	1.1	135
27	Dietary habits and breast cancer incidence among seventh-day adventists. Cancer, 1989, 64, 582-590.	2.0	128
28	Patterns of food consumption among vegetarians and non-vegetarians. British Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 112, 1644-1653.	1.2	127
29	Does low meat consumption increase life expectancy in humans?. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2003, 78, 526S-532S.	2.2	125
30	Validation of nutrient intake using an FFQ and repeated 24 h recalls in black and white subjects of the Adventist Health Study-2 (AHS-2). Public Health Nutrition, 2010, 13, 812-819.	1.1	112
31	Healthy volunteer effect in a cohort study: Temporal resolution in the adventist health study. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 1996, 49, 783-790.	2.4	111
32	Patterns of plant and animal protein intake are strongly associated with cardiovascular mortality: the Adventist Health Study-2 cohort. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 47, 1603-1612.	0.9	97
33	Serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D status of vegetarians, partial vegetarians, and nonvegetarians: the Adventist Health Study-2. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 89, 1686S-1692S.	2.2	84
34	Are strict vegetarians protected against prostate cancer?. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 103, 153-160.	2.2	75
35	Vegetarian diets and cardiovascular risk factors in black members of the Adventist Health Study-2. Public Health Nutrition, 2015, 18, 537-545.	1.1	71
36	Race-specific validation of food intake obtained from a comprehensive FFQ: the Adventist Health Study-2. Public Health Nutrition, 2011, 14, 1988-1997.	1.1	67

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37	Dairy, soy, and risk of breast cancer: those confounded milks. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 49, 1526-1537.	0.9	63
38	Smoking, Alcohol, and Biliary Tract Cancer Risk: A Pooling Project of 26 Prospective Studies. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2019, 111, 1263-1278.	3.0	60
39	Validation of self-reported anthropometrics in the Adventist Health Study 2. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, 213.	1.2	56
40	Cohort Profile: The biopsychosocial religion and health study (BRHS). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 38, 1470-1478.	0.9	55
41	Understanding the challenges in recruiting blacks to a longitudinal cohort study: the Adventist health study. Ethnicity and Disease, 2004, 14, 423-30.	1.0	54
42	Comparison of Adipose Tissue Fatty Acids with Dietary Fatty Acids as Measured by 24-hour Recall and Food Frequency Questionnaire in Black and White Adventists. Annals of Epidemiology, 2003, 13, 119-127.	0.9	51
43	Dietary Risk Factors for Ovarian Cancer: The Adventist Health Study (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 2006, 17, 137-146.	0.8	49
44	Determinants of serum 25 hydroxyvitamin D levels in a nationwide cohort of blacks and non-Hispanic whites. Cancer Causes and Control, 2010, 21, 501-511.	0.8	48
45	Regression Calibration in Studies with Correlated Variables Measured with Error. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2001, 154, 836-844.	1.6	45
46	Association between vegetarian diets and cardiovascular risk factors in non-Hispanic white participants of the Adventist Health Study-2. Journal of Nutritional Science, 2019, 8, e6.	0.7	44
47	A search for truth in dietary epidemiology. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2003, 78, 521S-525S.	2.2	43
48	Vegetarian dietary patterns and the risk of breast cancer in a low-risk population. British Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 115, 1790-1797.	1.2	43
49	Biomarkers of Dietary Intake Are Correlated with Corresponding Measures from Repeated Dietary Recalls and Food-Frequency Questionnaires in the Adventist Health Study-2. Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 146, 586-594.	1.3	43
50	Guided Multiple Imputation of Missing Data. Epidemiology, 2007, 18, 246-252.	1.2	42
51	Soy isoflavone intake and the likelihood of ever becoming a mother: the Adventist Health Study-2. International Journal of Women's Health, 2014, 6, 377.	1.1	41
52	Validation of soy protein estimates from a food-frequency questionnaire with repeated 24-h recalls and isoflavonoid excretion in overnight urine in a Western population with a wide range of soy intakes. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2008, 87, 1422-1427.	2.2	40
53	Vegan Diets and Hypothyroidism. Nutrients, 2013, 5, 4642-4652.	1.7	40
54	Tree Nuts Are Inversely Associated with Metabolic Syndrome and Obesity: The Adventist Health Study-2. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e85133.	1.1	40

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55	ISCHEMIC HEART DISEASE RISK FACTORS IN MIDDLE-AGED SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTIST MEN AND THEIR NEIGHBORS1. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1987, 126, 638-646.	1.6	39
56	Red and Processed Meat and Mortality in a Low Meat Intake Population. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 622.	1.7	39
57	Comparison of polyphenol intakes according to distinct dietary patterns and food sources in the Adventist Health Study-2 cohort. British Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 115, 2162-2169.	1.2	38
58	Comparing Biological Measurements of Vitamin C, Folate, Alpha-Tocopherol and Carotene with 24-Hour Dietary Recall Information in Nonhispanic Blacks and Whites. Annals of Epidemiology, 2001, 11, 406-416.	0.9	36
59	Prioritized Research for the Prevention, Treatment, and Reversal of Chronic Disease: Recommendations From the Lifestyle Medicine Research Summit. Frontiers in Medicine, 2020, 7, 585744.	1.2	36
60	Soy milk and dairy consumption is independently associated with ultrasound attenuation of the heel bone among postmenopausal women: the Adventist Health Study–2. Nutrition Research, 2011, 31, 766-775.	1.3	33
61	Validating polyphenol intake estimates from a food-frequency questionnaire by using repeated 24-h dietary recalls and a unique method-of-triads approach with 2 biomarkers. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 105, 685-694.	2.2	31
62	Anthropometric Risk Factors for Cancers of the Biliary Tract in the Biliary Tract Cancers Pooling Project. Cancer Research, 2019, 79, 3973-3982.	0.4	31
63	Missing Data in a Long Food Frequency Questionnaire. Epidemiology, 2009, 20, 289-294.	1.2	30
64	Variations in dietary intake and plasma concentrations of plant sterols across plantâ€based diets among North American adults. Molecular Nutrition and Food Research, 2017, 61, 1600828.	1.5	30
65	Legumes and meat analogues consumption are associated with hip fracture risk independently of meat intake among Caucasian men and women: the Adventist Health Study-2. Public Health Nutrition, 2014, 17, 2333-2343.	1.1	29
66	Dietary patterns and hip fracture in the Adventist Health Study 2: combined vitamin D and calcium supplementation mitigate increased hip fracture risk among vegans. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 114, 488-495.	2.2	27
67	A Pooled Analysis of Body Mass Index and Mortality among African Americans. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e111980.	1.1	25
68	Plasma, Urine, and Adipose Tissue Biomarkers of Dietary Intake Differ Between Vegetarian and Non-Vegetarian Diet Groups in the Adventist Health Study-2. Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 149, 667-675.	1.3	25
69	Correlations between Estimated and True Dietary Intakes: Using Two Instrumental Variables. Annals of Epidemiology, 2005, 15, 509-518.	0.9	24
70	Adipose tissue α-linolenic acid is inversely associated with insulin resistance in adults. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 103, 1105-1110.	2.2	24
71	Animal-Protein Intake Is Associated with Insulin Resistance in Adventist Health Study 2 (AHS-2) Calibration Substudy Participants: A Cross-Sectional Analysis. Current Developments in Nutrition, 2017, 1, e000299.	0.1	24
72	Independent associations of dairy and calcium intakes with colorectal cancers in the Adventist Health Study-2 cohort. Public Health Nutrition, 2017, 20, 2577-2586.	1.1	24

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73	Vegetarian Epidemiology: Review and Discussion of Findings from Geographically Diverse Cohorts. Advances in Nutrition, 2019, 10, S284-S295.	2.9	24
74	Tomato consumption and intake of lycopene as predictors of the incidence of prostate cancer: the Adventist Health Study-2. Cancer Causes and Control, 2020, 31, 341-351.	0.8	24
75	Omegaâ€3 fatty acids are associated with blood–brain barrier integrity in a healthy aging population. Brain and Behavior, 2021, 11, e2273.	1.0	24
76	Prevalence of hyperthyroidism according to type of vegetarian diet. Public Health Nutrition, 2015, 18, 1482-1487.	1.1	23
77	Foods and Supplements Associated with Vitamin B12 Biomarkers among Vegetarian and Non-Vegetarian Participants of the Adventist Health Study-2 (AHS-2) Calibration Study. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 722.	1.7	23
78	Comparing self-reported disease outcomes, diet, and lifestyles in a national cohort of black and white Seventh-day Adventists. Preventing Chronic Disease, 2007, 4, A62.	1.7	23
79	Conceptual Domains Included in Wellbeing and Life Satisfaction Instruments: A Review. Applied Research in Quality of Life, 2015, 10, 305-328.	1.4	21
80	Multiple Myeloma Mortality in Relation to Obesity Among African Americans. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2016, 108, djw120.	3.0	21
81	Ultra-processed food intake and animal-based food intake and mortality in the Adventist Health Study-2. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 115, 1589-1601.	2.2	20
82	Feasibility of Running Clinics to Collect Biological Specimens in a Nationwide Cohort Study—Adventist Health Study-2. Annals of Epidemiology, 2007, 17, 454-457.	0.9	18
83	A New Approach to Assess Lifetime Dietary Patterns Finds Lower Consumption of Animal Foods with Aging in a Longitudinal Analysis of a Health-Oriented Adventist Population. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 1118.	1.7	17
84	Patterns of amino acid intake are strongly associated with cardiovascular mortality, independently of the sources of protein. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 49, 312-321.	0.9	17
85	Correlations between estimated and true dietary intakes. Annals of Epidemiology, 2004, 14, 287-295.	0.9	16
86	The association between soya consumption and serum thyroid-stimulating hormone concentrations in the Adventist Health Study-2. Public Health Nutrition, 2016, 19, 1464-1470.	1.1	16
87	Research Strategies for Nutritional and Physical Activity Epidemiology and Cancer Prevention. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2018, 27, 233-244.	1.1	15
88	Lower rates of cancer and all ause mortality in an Adventist cohort compared with a US Census population. Cancer, 2020, 126, 1102-1111.	2.0	15
89	The contribution of soul and Caribbean foods to nutrient intake in a sample of Blacks of US and Caribbean descent in the Adventist Health Study-2: a pilot study. Ethnicity and Disease, 2007, 17, 244-9.	1.0	15
90	Humanâ€specific polymorphic pseudogenization of <i>SIGLEC12</i> protects against advanced cancer progression. FASEB BioAdvances, 2021, 3, 69-82.	1.3	14

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91	Regression Calibration When Foods (Measured With Error) Are the Variables of Interest: Markedly Non-Gaussian Data With Many Zeroes. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 175, 325-331.	1.6	13
92	Associations between reproductive factors and biliary tract cancers in women from the Biliary Tract Cancers Pooling Project. Journal of Hepatology, 2020, 73, 863-872.	1.8	12
93	Vegetarian diets, circulating miRNA expression and healthspan in subjects living in the Blue Zone. Precision Clinical Medicine, 2020, 3, 245-259.	1.3	12
94	The Biology of Veganism: Plasma Metabolomics Analysis Reveals Distinct Profiles of Vegans and Non-Vegetarians in the Adventist Health Study-2 Cohort. Nutrients, 2022, 14, 709.	1.7	12
95	A Multivariate Method for Measurement Error Correction Using Pairs of Concentration Biomarkers. Annals of Epidemiology, 2007, 17, 64-73.	0.9	11
96	Reliability of serum and urinary isoflavone estimates. Biomarkers, 2010, 15, 135-139.	0.9	11
97	Dietary Animal to Plant Protein Ratio Is Associated with Risk Factors of Metabolic Syndrome in Participants of the AHS-2 Calibration Study. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 4296.	1.7	11
98	Dairy foods, calcium intakes, and risk of incident prostate cancer in Adventist Health Study–2. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 116, 314-324.	2.2	11
99	Utilization of Prostate Cancer Screening According to Dietary Patterns and Other Demographic Variables. The Adventist Health Study-2. Journal of Cancer, 2013, 4, 416-426.	1.2	10
100	Crossâ€sectional comparisons of subgingival microbiome and gingival fluid inflammatory cytokines in periodontally healthy vegetarians versus nonâ€vegetarians. Journal of Periodontal Research, 2021, 56, 1079-1090.	1.4	10
101	DNA Methylation Profiles of Vegans and Non-Vegetarians in the Adventist Health Study-2 Cohort. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 3697.	1.7	9
102	Associations of Circulating Methylmalonic Acid and Vitamin B-12 Biomarkers Are Modified by Vegan Dietary Pattern in Adult and Elderly Participants of the Adventist Health Study 2 Calibration Study. Current Developments in Nutrition, 2020, 4, nzaa008.	0.1	9
103	Comparison of phytosterol intake from FFQ with repeated 24-h dietary recalls of the Adventist Health Study-2 calibration sub-study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 121, 1424-1430.	1.2	8
104	Plant-Based Diets in Hispanic/Latino Adult Adventists in the United States and Their Association With Body Mass Index. American Journal of Health Promotion, 2019, 33, 869-875.	0.9	7
105	Observed Physical Function Is Associated With Better Cognition Among Elderly Adults: The Adventist Health Study-2. American Journal of Alzheimer's Disease and Other Dementias, 2020, 35, 153331752096086.	0.9	7
106	Vegetarian Dietary Patterns and Cognitive Function among Older Adults: The Adventist Health Study-2. Journal of Nutrition in Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2021, 40, 197-214.	0.4	7
107	Reliability of Meat, Fish, Dairy, and Egg Intake Over a 33-Year Interval in Adventist Health Study 2. Nutrition and Cancer, 2014, 66, 1315-1321.	0.9	6
108	Short- and long-term reliability of adult recall of vegetarian dietary patterns in the Adventist Health Study-2 (AHS-2). Journal of Nutritional Science, 2015, 4, e11.	0.7	6

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109	Cold parenting is associated with cellular aging in offspring: A retrospective study. Biological Psychology, 2019, 145, 142-149.	1.1	6
110	Predictors of In-hospital Mortality in Cardiogenic Shock Patients on Vasoactive or Inotropic Support. Clinical Medicine Insights: Cardiology, 2021, 15, 117954682110494.	0.6	6
111	Cancer risk in living kidney donors. American Journal of Transplantation, 2022, 22, 2006-2015.	2.6	6
112	Effect of Blood Group on Heart Transplant Waitlist Mortality in the Ventricular Assist Device Era. ASAIO Journal, 2020, 66, 774-779.	0.9	5
113	Social Support in Seventh-Day Adventists and Their Neighbors. Journal of Religion and Health, 1997, 36, 231-240.	0.8	4
114	Studies of chronic disease in Seventh-day Adventists. International Journal of Cardiology, 2015, 184, 573.	0.8	4
115	Effects of Lifestyle Factors on Cognitive Resilience: Commentary on "What This Sunny, Religious Town in California Teaches Us About Living Longer― Translational Stroke Research, 2020, 11, 161-164.	2.3	4
116	Diet and Colorectal Cancer Incidence—Reply. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2015, 175, 1727.	2.6	3
117	Validity of FFQ Estimates of Total Sugars, Added Sugars, Sucrose and Fructose Compared to Repeated 24-h Recalls in Adventist Health Study-2 Participants. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 4152.	1.7	3
118	The association between dietary patterns and a doctor diagnosis of systemic lupus erythematosus: the Adventist Health Study-2. Lupus, 2022, 31, 1373-1378.	0.8	3
119	Intake of Soy Isoflavones Reduces Breast Cancer Incidence among Women in North America. FASEB Journal, 2015, 29, 406.5.	0.2	1
120	Lower Compliance with Cervical Cancer Screening Guidelines Among Vegetarians in North America. , 2022, 43, 783-800.		1
121	Lack of Adjustment for Body Mass Index—Reply. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2014, 174, 169.	2.6	0
122	Authors' Response. Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 2014, 114, 197-198.	0.4	0
123	Reply to T Erickson. Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 149, 1870-1871.	1.3	0
124	Lower Utilization of Colorectal Cancer Screening Among Vegetarians, Adventist Health Study-2. Journal of Cancer Education, 2021, , 1.	0.6	0
125	Validation of estimated glycaemic index and glycaemic load, stratified by race, in the Adventist Health Study-2 (AHS-2). Public Health Nutrition, 2021, 24, 4530-4536.	1.1	0
126	Vegetarian diets are associated with a lower risk of metabolic syndrome. The Adventist Health Study 2. FASEB Journal, 2010, 24, 733.1.	0.2	0

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127	Association of vitamin D levels to blood pressure among blacks and whites. FASEB Journal, 2012, 26, 1026.3.	0.2	Ο
128	Polymorphic Pseudogenization of SIGLEC12 in Humans: Relationship to Late Stage Cancer Progression. FASEB Journal, 2018, 32, 673.12.	0.2	0