## Saman Farahangiz

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5052435/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

		1684188	1372567	
10	136	5	10	
papers	citations	h-index	g-index	
10	10	10	342	
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors	

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Visual Impairment Prevalence, Causes, and Role of Healthcare Access: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis in Iran. Journal of Ophthalmology, 2020, 2020, 1-11.	1.3	5
2	Quality of Life Assessment in Patients with Behçet's Disease using the Persian Version of the Leeds BD-QoL Questionnaire. Iranian Journal of Medical Sciences, 2020, 45, 352-358.	0.4	3
3	The Effect of Black Tea (Camellia sinensis (L) Kuntze) on Pediatrics With Acute Nonbacterial Diarrhea. Journal of Evidence-Based Complementary & Alternative Medicine, 2017, 22, 114-119.	1.5	3
4	The Prevalence of Complementary and Alternative Medicine Use Among Dermatology Outpatients in Shiraz, Iran. Journal of Evidence-Based Complementary & Alternative Medicine, 2017, 22, 731-735.	1.5	17
5	Seroprevalence of sandfly fever virus infection in military personnel on the western border of Iran. Journal of Infection and Public Health, 2017, 10, 59-63.	4.1	14
6	Assessment of Mental Health among Iranian Medical Students : A Cross-Sectional Study. International Journal of Health Sciences, 2016, 10, 49-54.	0.4	20
7	Assessment of students' perspectives about master of public health program in medical school of Shiraz University. Journal of Advances in Medical Education and Professionalism, 2016, 4, 39-43.	0.2	2
8	The Prevalence of Complementary and Alternative Medicine Use among Dermatologic Outpatients in Shiraz, Iran. Iranian Journal of Medical Sciences, 2016, 41, S70.	0.4	2
9	Iranian healthcare workers' perspective on hand hygiene: A qualitative study. Journal of Infection and Public Health, 2015, 8, 72-79.	4.1	26
10	Surveillance, control and management of infections in intensive care units in Southern Europe, Turkey and Iran $\hat{a} \in A$ prospective multicenter point prevalence study. Journal of Infection, 2014, 68, 131-140.	3.3	44