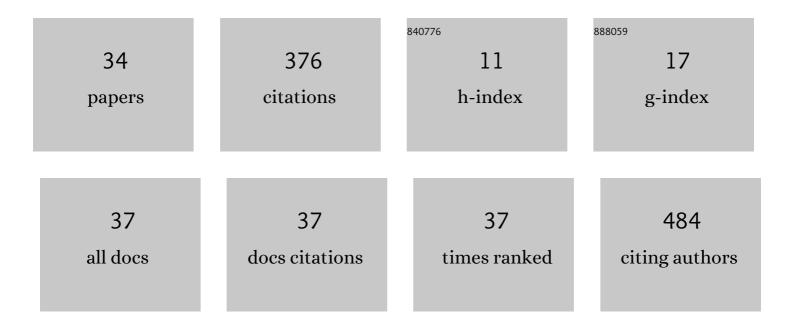
## Jonathan Sicsic

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5033485/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
1	Preferences for COVID-19 epidemic control measures among French adults: a discrete choice experiment. European Journal of Health Economics, 2023, 24, 81-98.	2.8	12
2	Vaccine eagerness: A new framework to analyse preferences in single profile discrete choice experiments. Application to HPV vaccination decisions among French adolescents. SSM - Population Health, 2022, 17, 101058.	2.7	2
3	Grand âgeÂ: quel bilan du quinquennatÂ?. Tribunes De La Sante, 2022, N° 71, 95-109.	0.1	0
4	Impact of formal care consumption on informal care use in Europe: What is happening at the beginning of dependency?. Health Policy, 2022, 126, 632-642.	3.0	5
5	What drives willingness to receive a new vaccine that prevents an emerging infectious disease? A discrete choice experiment among university students in Uganda. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0268063.	2.5	7
6	Where Are Populations Aging Better? A Global Comparison of Healthy Aging Across Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development Countries. Value in Health, 2022, 25, 1520-1527.	0.3	5
7	Quantifying preferences around vaccination against frequent, mild disease with risk for vulnerable persons: A discrete choice experiment among French hospital health care workers. Vaccine, 2021, 39, 805-814.	3.8	17
8	Frailty, Sarcopenia and Long Term Care Utilization In Older Populations: A Systematic Review. Journal of Frailty & Aging,the, 2021, 10, 1-9.	1.3	3
9	Health measures and long-term care use in the European frail population. European Journal of Health Economics, 2021, 22, 405-423.	2.8	4
10	Are long-term care jobs harmful? Evidence from Germany. European Journal of Health Economics, 2021, 22, 749-771.	2.8	2
11	Optimising HPV vaccination communication to adolescents: A discrete choice experiment. Vaccine, 2021, 39, 3916-3925.	3.8	9
12	Quantifying healthcare and welfare sector workers' preferences around COVID-19 vaccination: a cross-sectional, single-profile discrete-choice experiment in France. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e055148.	1.9	6
13	The contribution of the immigrant population to the U.S. long-term care workforce. Social Science and Medicine, 2020, 263, 113305.	3.8	11
14	Are frail elderly people in Europe high-need subjects? First evidence from the SPRINTT data. Health Policy, 2020, 124, 865-872.	3.0	10
15	Determinants of antidementia drug prescription in patients older than 65: A latent class analysis. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2020, 29, 444-452.	1.9	3
16	Choice certainty and deliberative thinking in discrete choice experiments. A theoretical and empirical investigation. Journal of Economic Behavior and Organization, 2019, 164, 235-255.	2.0	13
17	Frailty transitions and health care use in Europe. Health Services Research, 2019, 54, 1305-1315.	2.0	16
18	For better or worse? Investigating the validity of best–worst discrete choice experiments in health. Health Economics (United Kingdom), 2019, 28, 572-586.	1.7	12

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Drugs for Dementia and Excess of Hospitalization: A Longitudinal French Study. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2018, 61, 1627-1637.	2.6	8
20	Women's Benefits and Harms Trade-Offs in Breast Cancer Screening: Results from a Discrete-Choice Experiment. Value in Health, 2018, 21, 78-88.	0.3	27
21	General Practitioner trainers prescribe fewer antibiotics in primary care: Evidence from France. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0190522.	2.5	9
22	Impact assessment of a pay-for-performance program on breast cancer screening in France using micro data. European Journal of Health Economics, 2017, 18, 609-621.	2.8	14
23	Effect of pay-for-performance on cervical cancer screening participation in France. International Journal of Health Economics and Management, 2017, 17, 181-201.	1.1	11
24	Trends in Drug Prescription Rates for Dementia: An Observational Population-Based Study in France, 2006–2014. Drugs and Aging, 2017, 34, 711-721.	2.7	6
25	Impact of a primary care national policy on HIV screening in France: a longitudinal analysis between 2006 and 2013. British Journal of General Practice, 2016, 66, e920-e929.	1.4	4
26	Simultaneous effect of disabling conditions on primary health care use through a capability approach. Social Science and Medicine, 2016, 154, 70-84.	3.8	8
27	What are GPs' preferences for financial and non-financial incentives in cancer screening? Evidence for breast, cervical, and colorectal cancers. Social Science and Medicine, 2016, 167, 116-127.	3.8	10
28	Impact of a pay for performance programme on French GPs' consultation length. Health Policy, 2015, 119, 417-426.	3.0	14
29	The Effects of Obesity and Mobility Disability in Access to Breast and Cervical Cancer Screening in France: Results from the National Health and Disability Survey. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e104901.	2.5	30
30	Building a composite score of general practitioners' intrinsic motivation: a comparison of methods. International Journal for Quality in Health Care, 2014, 26, 167-173.	1.8	6
31	Obstacles to the uptake of breast, cervical, and colorectal cancer screenings: what remains to be achieved by French national programmes?. BMC Health Services Research, 2014, 14, 465.	2.2	52
32	Why Did Most French GPs Choose Not to Join the Voluntary National Pay-for-Performance Program?. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e72684.	2.5	16
33	Intrinsic and extrinsic motivations in primary care: An explanatory study among French general practitioners. Health Policy, 2012, 108, 140-148.	3.0	21
34	Quantifying Healthcare Worker's Preferences Around COVID-19 Vaccination: A Single-Profile DCE Study in France. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	0