Lilian Varga

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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155 papers	5,341 citations	36 h-index	98622 67 g-index
161	161	161	2941 citing authors
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The international WAO/EAACI guideline for the management of hereditary angioedema—The 2021 revision and update. Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2022, 77, 1961-1990.	2.7	153
2	The international WAO/EAACI guideline for the management of hereditary angioedema – The 2021 revision and update. World Allergy Organization Journal, 2022, 15, 100627.	1.6	37
3	Overview of SERPING1 Variations Identified in Hungarian Patients With Hereditary Angioedema. Frontiers in Allergy, 2022, 3, 836465.	1.2	5
4	Diagnosing Pediatric Patients With Hereditary C1-Inhibitor Deficiency—Experience From the Hungarian Angioedema Center of Reference and Excellence. Frontiers in Allergy, 2022, 3, .	1.2	4
5	Successful Use of Recombinant Human C1-INH in a Patient with Acquired Angioedema due to C1 Inhibitor Deficiency and an Unusually High Titer of Anti-C1-Inhibitor Autoantibodies. Journal of Investigational Allergology and Clinical Immunology, 2021, 31, 255-256.	0.6	3
6	The Importance of Complement Testing in Acquired Angioedema Related to Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme Inhibitors. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology: in Practice, 2021, 9, 947-955.	2.0	16
7	A followâ€up survey of patients with acquired angioedema due to C1â€inhibitor deficiency. Journal of Internal Medicine, 2021, 289, 547-558.	2.7	16
8	Pathways of Neutrophil Granulocyte Activation in Hereditary Angioedema with C1 Inhibitor Deficiency. Clinical Reviews in Allergy and Immunology, 2021, 60, 383-395.	2.9	6
9	The Global Registry for Hereditary Angioedema due to C1-Inhibitor Deficiency. Clinical Reviews in Allergy and Immunology, 2021, 61, 77-83.	2.9	7
10	How Angioedema Quality of Life Questionnaire Can Help Physicians in Treating C1-Inhibitor Deficiency Patients?. Clinical Reviews in Allergy and Immunology, 2021, 61, 50-59.	2.9	11
11	Screening for Plasminogen Mutations in Hereditary Angioedema Patients. Genes, 2021, 12, 402.	1.0	5
12	Acquired Angioedema Due to C1 inhibitor Deficiency Caused by Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma in a Patient with Myasthenia Gravis. Romanian Journal of Laboratory Medicine, 2021, 29, 453-456.	0.1	0
13	The Role of Mannose-binding Lectin in Infectious Complications of Pediatric Hemato-Oncologic Diseases. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 2021, 40, 154-158.	1,1	2
14	The characteristics of upper airway edema in hereditary and acquired angioedema with C1â€inhibitor deficiency. Clinical and Translational Allergy, 2021, 11, e12083.	1.4	6
15	Patterns of C1-Inhibitor/Plasma Serine Protease Complexes in Healthy Humans and in Hereditary Angioedema Patients. Frontiers in Immunology, 2020, 11, 794.	2.2	29
16	Clinical Characteristics and Safety of Plasma-Derived C1-Inhibitor Therapy in Children and Adolescents with Hereditary Angioedema—A Long-Term Survey. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology: in Practice, 2020, 8, 2379-2383.	2.0	6
17	Changes of coagulation parameters during erythema marginatum in patients with hereditary angioedema. International Immunopharmacology, 2020, 81, 106293.	1.7	7
18	Definition, aims, and implementation of GA ² LEN/HAEi Angioedema Centers of Reference and Excellence. Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2020, 75, 2115-2123.	2.7	29

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19	Evaluation of the efficacy and safety of home treatment with the recombinant human C1-inhibitor in hereditary angioedema resulting from C1-inhibitor deficiency. International Immunopharmacology, 2020, 80, 106216.	1.7	3
20	Effectiveness of a Hungarian peer education handwashing programme in primary and secondary schools. Developments in Health Sciences, 2020, , .	0.1	2
21	Complete kinetic followâ€up of symptoms and complement parameters during a hereditary angioedema attack. Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2018, 73, 516-520.	2.7	6
22	Idiopathic Nonhistaminergic Acquired Angioedema Versus Hereditary Angioedema. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology: in Practice, 2018, 6, 1205-1208.	2.0	10
23	A novel prophylaxis with C1-inhibitor concentrate in hereditary angioedema during erythema marginatum. Immunology Letters, 2017, 189, 90-93.	1.1	10
24	The role of the complement system in hereditary angioedema. Molecular Immunology, 2017, 89, 59-68.	1.0	35
25	Reply. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2017, 139, 1720-1721.	1.5	4
26	International consensus on the diagnosis and management of pediatric patients with hereditary angioedema with C1 inhibitor deficiency. Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2017, 72, 300-313.	2.7	153
27	Association of Low Ficolin–Lectin Pathway Parameters with Cardiac Syndrome X. Scandinavian Journal of Immunology, 2016, 84, 174-181.	1.3	1
28	Risk of thromboembolism in patients with hereditary angioedema treated with plasma-derived C1-inhibitor. Allergy and Asthma Proceedings, 2016, 37, 164-170.	1.0	25
29	Thyroid hormones and complement parameters in hereditary angioedema with C1-inhibitor deficiency. Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology, 2016, 117, 175-179.	0.5	2
30	First report of icatibant treatment in a pregnant patient with hereditary angioedema. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Research, 2016, 42, 1026-1028.	0.6	23
31	Alternative complement pathway activation during invasive coronary procedures in acute myocardial infarction and stable angina pectoris. Clinica Chimica Acta, 2016, 463, 138-144.	0.5	3
32	Assessment of inhibitory antibodies in patients with hereditary angioedema treated with plasma-derived C1 inhibitor. Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology, 2016, 117, 508-513.	0.5	6
33	"Nuts and Bolts―of Laboratory Evaluation of Angioedema. Clinical Reviews in Allergy and Immunology, 2016, 51, 140-151.	2.9	43
34	Bacteriuria increases the risk of edematous attacks in hereditary angioedema with C1-inhibitor deficiency. Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2016, 71, 1791-1793.	2.7	8
35	Novel Vasoregulatory Aspects of Hereditary Angioedema: the Role of Arginine Vasopressin, Adrenomedullin and Endothelin-1. Journal of Clinical Immunology, 2016, 36, 160-170.	2.0	16
36	The effect of long-term danazol treatment on haematological parameters in hereditary angioedema. Orphanet Journal of Rare Diseases, 2016, 11, 18.	1.2	9

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37	Atrial natriuretic peptide as a novel biomarker of hereditary angioedema. Clinical Immunology, 2016, 165, 45-46.	1.4	4
38	Comprehensive study into the activation of the plasma enzyme systems during attacks of hereditary angioedema due to C1-inhibitor deficiency. Orphanet Journal of Rare Diseases, 2015, 10, 132.	1.2	39
39	Neutrophil activation during attacks in patients with hereditary angioedema due to C1-inhibitor deficiency. Orphanet Journal of Rare Diseases, 2015, 10, 156.	1.2	24
40	<i>F12</i> â€46C/T polymorphism as modifier of the clinical phenotype of hereditary angioedema. Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2015, 70, 1661-1664.	2.7	42
41	Hereditary angioedema: Molecular and clinical differences among European populations. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2015, 135, 570-573.e10.	1.5	63
42	Management of pregnancies in a hereditary angioedema patient after treatment with attenuated androgens since childhood. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2015, 35, 89-90.	0.4	6
43	The Levels of the Lectin Pathway Serine Protease MASP-1 and Its Complex Formation with C1 Inhibitor Are Linked to the Severity of Hereditary Angioedema. Journal of Immunology, 2015, 195, 3596-3604.	0.4	36
44	Successful prophylaxis with recombinant human C1 inhibitor in a patient with hereditary angioedema. Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology, 2015, 114, 64-65.	0.5	5
45	A novel assay to diagnose hereditary angioedema utilizing inhibition of bradykinin-forming enzymes. Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2015, 70, 115-119.	2.7	20
46	Frequency of the virilising effects of attenuated androgens reported by women with hereditary angioedema. Orphanet Journal of Rare Diseases, 2014, 9, 205.	1.2	24
47	Activation of the ficolin-lectin pathway during attacks ofÂhereditary angioedema. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2014, 134, 1388-1393.e1.	1.5	13
48	The role of complement activation in the pathogenesis of Fuchs' dystrophy. Molecular Immunology, 2014, 58, 177-181.	1.0	4
49	Endothelial cell activation during edematous attacks of hereditary angioedema types I and II. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2014, 133, 1686-1691.	1.5	35
50	C1 Inhibitor: Quantification and Purification. Methods in Molecular Biology, 2014, 1100, 189-205.	0.4	4
51	The influence of trigger factors on hereditary angioedema due to C1-inhibitor deficiency. Orphanet Journal of Rare Diseases, 2014, 9, 44.	1.2	115
52	Short-term prophylaxis in a patient with acquired C1-INH deficiency. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2014, 134, 478-480.	1.5	2
53	A systematic analysis of the complement pathways in patients with neuromyelitis optica indicates alteration but no activation during remission. Molecular Immunology, 2014, 57, 200-209.	1.0	19
54	Home treatment of attacks with conestat alfa in hereditary angioedema due to C1-inhibitor deficiency. Allergy and Asthma Proceedings, 2014, 35, 255-259.	1.0	10

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55	Elevated C1rC1sC1inh levels independently predict atherosclerotic coronary heart disease. Molecular Immunology, 2013, 54, 8-13.	1.0	13
56	Novel duplication in the F12 gene in a patient with recurrent angioedema. Clinical Immunology, 2013, 149, 142-145.	1.4	66
57	Treatment of attacks with plasma-derived C1-inhibitor concentrate in pediatric hereditary angioedema patients. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2013, 131, 909-911.e5.	1.5	27
58	Less severe clinical manifestations in patients with hereditary angioedema with missense C1INH gene mutations. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2013, 131, 1708-1711.e3.	1.5	33
59	The role of ficolins and MASPs in hereditary angioedema due to C1-inhibitor deficiency. Molecular Immunology, 2013, 54, 271-277.	1.0	11
60	A novel assay to quantitate MASP-2/ficolin-3 complexes in serum. Journal of Immunological Methods, 2013, 387, 237-244.	0.6	10
61	Prophylactic therapy in children with hereditary angioedema. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2013, 131, 579-582.e2.	1.5	20
62	Human Plasma-Derived, Nanofiltered, C1-Inhibitor Concentrate (Cinryze \hat{A}^{\otimes}), a Novel Therapeutic Alternative for the Management of Hereditary Angioedema Resulting from C1-Inhibitor Deficiency. Biologics in Therapy, 2012, 2, 2.	1.8	8
63	Shortâ€term prophylaxis in hereditary angioedema due to deficiency of the <scp>C</scp> 1â€inhibitor – a longâ€term survey. Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2012, 67, 1586-1593.	2.7	75
64	Coexistent systemic mastocytosis and essential thrombocythemia complicated with monoclonal gammopathy and hypocomplementaemia. Open Medicine (Poland), 2012, 7, 742-746.	0.6	0
65	Home treatment of hereditary angioedema with icatibant administered by health care professionals. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2012, 129, 851-852.e2.	1.5	11
66	Successful pregnancy outcome after treatment with C1-inhibitor concentrate in a patient with hereditary angioedema and a history of four miscarriages. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2012, 165, 366-367.	0.5	16
67	Are these patients indeed resistant to treatment with C1 inhibitor concentrate?. British Journal of Dermatology, 2012, 166, 225-226.	1.4	1
68	Strong correlation of high EBNA-1-IgG levels with edematous attacks involving upper airway mucosa in hereditary angioedema due to C1-inhibitor deficiency. Molecular Immunology, 2012, 49, 649-654.	1.0	5
69	The use of †realâ€time' complement analysis to differentiate atypical haemolytic uraemic syndrome from other forms of thrombotic microangiopathies. British Journal of Haematology, 2012, 158, 424-425.	1.2	11
70	Ecallantide is a novel treatment for attacks of hereditary angioedema due to C1 inhibitor deficiency. Clinical, Cosmetic and Investigational Dermatology, 2011, 4, 61.	0.8	23
71	Association of celiac disease and hereditary angioedema due to C1-inhibitor deficiency. Screening patients with hereditary angioedema for celiac disease. European Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2011, 23, 238-244.	0.8	14
72	Successful Outcome Using C1-Inhibitor Concentrate In Acute Pancreatitis Caused By Hereditary Angioedema. Gastroenterology Nursing, 2011, 34, 60-63.	0.2	12

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73	Long-term efficacy of danazol treatment in hereditary angioedema. European Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2011, 41, 256-262.	1.7	51
74	Treatment with C1-inhibitor concentrate does not induce IgM type anti-C1 inhibitor antibodies in patients with hereditary angioedema. Molecular Immunology, 2011, 48, 572-576.	1.0	20
75	Parameters of the classical complement pathway predict disease severity in hereditary angioedema. Clinical Immunology, 2011, 139, 85-93.	1.4	17
76	Lack of increased prevalence of immunoregulatory disorders in hereditary angioedema due to C1-inhibitor deficiency. Clinical Immunology, 2011, 141, 58-66.	1.4	25
77	High levels of acute phase proteins and soluble 70ÂkDa heat shock proteins are independent and additive risk factors for mortality in colorectal cancer. Cell Stress and Chaperones, 2011, 16, 49-55.	1.2	22
78	rhC1INH: a new drug for the treatment of attacks in hereditary angioedema caused by C1-inhibitor deficiency. Expert Review of Clinical Immunology, 2011, 7, 143-153.	1.3	27
79	The effect of long-term danazol prophylaxis on liver function in hereditary angioedema—a longitudinal study. European Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, 2010, 66, 419-426.	0.8	44
80	Functional analysis of the mannose-binding lectin complement pathway in normal pregnancy and preeclampsia. Journal of Reproductive Immunology, 2010, 87, 90-96.	0.8	18
81	Baseline level of functional C1-inhibitor correlates with disease severity scores in hereditary angioedema. Clinical Immunology, 2010, 134, 354-358.	1.4	41
82	2010 International consensus algorithm for the diagnosis, therapy and management of hereditary angioedema. Allergy, Asthma and Clinical Immunology, 2010, 6, 24.	0.9	443
83	Changes in the levels of some acute-phase proteins in human immunodeficiency virus-1 infected patients, following interleukin-2 treatment. Clinical and Experimental Immunology, 2010, 161, 134-141.	1.1	4
84	C1-inhibitor autoantibodies in SLE. Lupus, 2010, 19, 634-638.	0.8	43
85	Role of complement in the pathomechanism of atherosclerotic vascular diseases. Molecular Immunology, 2009, 46, 2784-2793.	1.0	26
86	Strong complement activation after acute ischemic stroke is associated with unfavorable outcomes. Atherosclerosis, 2009, 204, 315-320.	0.4	71
87	Low activity of the classical complement pathway predicts short survival of patients with chronic lymphocytic leukaemia. Clinical and Experimental Immunology, 2008, 99, 112-116.	1.1	26
88	Depressed activation of the lectin pathway of complement in hereditary angioedema. Clinical and Experimental Immunology, 2008, 153, 68-74.	1.1	14
89	Functional C1-Inhibitor diagnostics in hereditary angioedema: Assay evaluation and recommendations. Journal of Immunological Methods, 2008, 338, 14-20.	0.6	84
90	Treatment of type I and II hereditary angioedema with Rhucin (sup) \hat{A}^{\otimes} (sup), a recombinant human C1 inhibitor. Expert Review of Clinical Immunology, 2008, 4, 653-661.	1.3	7

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91	Early complement activation follows eversion carotid endarterectomy and correlates with the time of clamping of the carotid artery. Molecular Immunology, 2008, 45, 3289-3294.	1.0	11
92	Long-term danazol prophylaxis does not lead to increased carotid intima-media thickness in hereditary angioedema patients. Atherosclerosis, 2008, 198, 184-191.	0.4	30
93	Hereditary angiodema: a current state-of-the-art review, VII: Canadian Hungarian 2007 International Consensus Algorithm for the Diagnosis, Therapy, and Management of Hereditary Angioedema. Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology, 2008, 100, S30-S40.	0.5	181
94	Acquired Angioedema Associated with Primary Antiphospholipid Syndrome in a Patient with Antithrombin III Deficiency. International Archives of Allergy and Immunology, 2008, 146, 164-168.	0.9	10
95	Management of Hereditary Angioedema in Pediatric Patients. Pediatrics, 2007, 120, e713-e722.	1.0	100
96	Low C1-Inhibitor Levels Predict Early Restenosis After Eversion Carotid Endarterectomy. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2007, 27, 2756-2762.	1.1	9
97	C1-inhibitor (C1-INH) autoantibodies in hereditary angioedema. Molecular Immunology, 2007, 44, 1454-1460.	1.0	41
98	Relationship between copy number of genes (C4A, C4B) encoding the fourth component of complement and the clinical course of hereditary angioedema (HAE). Molecular Immunology, 2007, 44, 2667-2674.	1.0	10
99	Hereditary angioedema: A decade of human C1-inhibitor concentrate therapy. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2007, 120, 941-947.	1.5	118
100	Studies on the interactions between C-reactive protein and complement proteins. Immunology, 2007, 121, 40-50.	2.0	104
101	Recombinant human C1-inhibitor in the treatment of acute angioedema attacks. Transfusion, 2007, 47, 1028-1032.	0.8	85
102	Association between early onset and organ manifestations of systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and a down-regulating promoter polymorphism in the MBL2 gene. Clinical Immunology, 2007, 125, 230-236.	1.4	32
103	Antiâ€cholesterol antibody levels in hereditary angioedema. Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine, 2007, 11, 1377-1383.	1.6	6
104	Elevated complement C3 is associated with early restenosis after eversion carotid endarterectomy. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2006, 96, 529-534.	1.8	19
105	Deep venous thrombosis associated with acquired angioedema type II in a patient heterozygous for the mutation of factor V Leiden: Effective treatment and follow-up for four years. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2006, 95, 898-899.	1.8	7
106	Assays for Complement Proteins Encoded in the Class III Region of Human MHC. Current Protocols in Immunology, 2005, 67, Unit 13.7.	3.6	1
107	Adverse effects of danazol prophylaxis on the lipid profiles of patients with hereditary angioedema. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2005, 115, 864-869.	1.5	96
108	Sex hormones in hereditary angioneurotic oedema. Clinical Endocrinology, 2004, 60, 508-515.	1.2	54

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109	Monitoring the level of complement components during autologous blood stem cell transplantation in patients with malignant lymphomas. Cancer Immunology, Immunotherapy, 2004, 53, 835-9.	2.0	2
110	Canadian 2003 International Consensus Algorithm for the Diagnosis, Therapy, and Management of Hereditary Angioedema. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2004, 114, 629-637.	1.5	177
111	Hereditary and acquired angioedema: Problems and progress: Proceedings of the third C1 esterase inhibitor deficiency workshop and beyond. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2004, 114, S51-S131.	1.5	582
112	Association of high serum concentration of the third component of complement (C3) with pre-existing severe coronary artery disease and new vascular events in women. Atherosclerosis, 2004, 177, 383-389.	0.4	86
113	Role of Complement in Allergy. , 2004, , 345-360.		O
114	High normal serum levels of C3 and C1 inhibitor, two acute-phase proteins belonging to the complement system, occur more frequently in patients with Crohn's disease than ulcerative colitis. Digestive Diseases and Sciences, 2003, 48, 1186-1192.	1.1	15
115	Mutation screening of the C1 inhibitor gene among Hungarian patients with hereditary angioedema. Human Mutation, 2003, 22, 498-498.	1.1	63
116	The Hungarian HAE experience. Transfusion and Apheresis Science, 2003, 29, 229-233.	0.5	13
117	Relationship between complement components C4A and C4B diversities and two TNFA promoter polymorphisms in two healthy Caucasian populations. Human Immunology, 2003, 64, 543-552.	1.2	15
118	Studies on the mechanisms of allergen-induced activation of the classical and lectin pathways of complement. Molecular Immunology, 2003, 39, 839-846.	1.0	13
119	Serum Anti-cholesterol Antibodies in Chronic Hepatitis-C Patients During IFN-?-2b Treatment. Immunobiology, 2003, 207, 161-168.	0.8	9
120	Diversity in Intrinsic Strengths of the Human Complement System: Serum C4 Protein Concentrations Correlate with <i>C4</i> Gene Size and Polygenic Variations, Hemolytic Activities, and Body Mass Index. Journal of Immunology, 2003, 171, 2734-2745.	0.4	108
121	Dancing with Complement C4 and the RP-C4-CYP21-TNX (RCCX) Modules of the Major Histocompatibility Complex. Progress in Molecular Biology and Translational Science, 2003, 75, 217-292.	1.9	50
122	Association of celiac disease and hereditary angioneurotic edema. American Journal of Gastroenterology, 2002, 97, 2682-2683.	0.2	16
123	C1r-C1s-C1inhibitor (C1rs-C1inh) complex measurements in tears of patients before and after penetrating keratoplasty. Current Eye Research, 2002, 24, 99-104.	0.7	11
124	Clinical management of hereditary angio-oedema in children. Pediatric Allergy and Immunology, 2002, 13, 153-161.	1.1	99
125	Acute abdominal attack of hereditary angioneurotic oedema associated with ultrasound abnormalities suggestive of acute hepatitis. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2002, 91, 971-974.	0.7	9
126	Acute abdominal attack of hereditary angioneurotic oedema associated with ultrasound abnormalities suggestive of acute hepatitis. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2002, 91, 971-4.	0.7	4

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127	Esophageal leiomyoma incidentally recognized during an acute attack of hereditary angioneurotic edema. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2001, 107, 926-927.	1.5	1
128	Eradication of Helicobacter pylori and improvement of hereditary angioneurotic oedema. Lancet, The, 2001, 358, 1695-1696.	6.3	54
129	Angiooedema Due to Acquired Deficiency of C1-Esterase Inhibitor Associated with Leucocytoclastic Vasculitis. Acta Dermato-Venereologica, 2001, 81, 298-300.	0.6	23
130	Ultrasonography in the diagnosis and monitoring of ascites in acute abdominal attacks of hereditary angioneurotic oedema. European Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2001, 13, 1225-1230.	0.8	55
131	Complement activation in the nasal mucosa following nasal ragweed-allergen challenge. Pediatric Allergy and Immunology, 2001, 12, 201-207.	1.1	12
132	Erythema Marginatum Preceding an Acute Oedematous Attack of Hereditary Angioneurotic Oedema. Acta Dermato-Venereologica, 2001, 81, 376-377.	0.6	45
133	High levels of antibodies against Clq are associated with disease activity and nephritis but not with other organ manifestations in SLE patients. Clinical and Experimental Rheumatology, 2001, 19, 667-72.	0.4	34
134	Streptokinase does not activate the complement system. Blood Coagulation and Fibrinolysis, 2000, 11, 617-622.	0.5	3
135	Changes in the acute phase complement component and IL-6 levels in patients with chronic hepatitis C receiving interferon α-2b. Immunology Letters, 2000, 72, 69-74.	1.1	14
136	Usefulness of detection of complement activation products in evaluating SLE activity. Lupus, 2000, 9, 19-25.	0.8	25
137	Coincidence of hereditary angioedema (HAE) with Crohn's Disease. Immunological Investigations, 1999, 28, 43-53.	1.0	19
138	Antibodies against human heat-shock protein (hsp) 60 and mycobacterial hsp65 differ in their antigen specificity and complement-activating ability. International Immunology, 1999, 11, 1363-1370.	1.8	68
139	The efficacy of short-term danazol prophylaxis in hereditary angioedema patients undergoing maxillofacial and dental procedures. Journal of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery, 1999, 57, 404-408.	0.5	68
140	Danazol therapy for hereditary angio-oedema in children. Lancet, The, 1999, 354, 1031-1032.	6.3	27
141	Acquired angioedema associated with chronic hepatitis C. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 1999, 103, 711-712.	1.5	15
142	Angioedema due to acquired C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency in a patient with Helicobacter pylori infection. Zeitschrift Fur Gastroenterologie, 1999, 37, 513-8.	0.2	21
143	Ragweed allergy: Correlation between skin reactivity and in vitro complement activation. Immunology Letters, 1998, 64, 119-123.	1.1	10
144	The severity of clinical symptoms in ragweed-allergic patients is related to the extent of ragweed-induced complement activation in their sera. Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 1997, 52, 1110-1114.	2.7	15

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145	Comparative study of the complement-activating and specific IgE-binding properties of ragweed pollen allergen. Clinical and Experimental Immunology, 1997, 108, 122-127.	1.1	5
146	In vitro complement activation by ragweed allergen extract in the sera of ragweed allergic and non-allergic persons. Immunology Letters, 1995, 48, 65-71.	1.1	21
147	Clinical significance of longitudinal complement measurements in recipients of bone marrow transplant. Bone Marrow Transplantation, 1995, 15, 509-14.	1.3	4
148	Decreased inhibition of immune precipitation by sera with the C2 B allotype. Clinical Immunology and Immunopathology, 1991, 59, 65-71.	2.1	4
149	Differences in the Complement Activation Induced by Preformed and Nascent Immune Complexes. Complement and Inflammation, 1991, 8, 43-49.	0.8	5
150	Patients with CLL and Hypocomplementaemia Have an Impaired Serum Bactericidal Activity against the Salmonella minnesota Re Mutant. Complement (Basel, Switzerland), 1988, 5, 40-45.	1.0	9
151	Absence of Antibodies to Human Immunodeficiency Virus in Homosexual, Hemophiliac, and Heterosexual Men in Budapest, Hungary in 1983-1984. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 1987, 155, 134-136.	1.9	3
152	C1 and C4 abnormalities in chronic lymphocytic leukaemia and their significance. Immunology Letters, 1987, 14, 255-259.	1.1	28
153	Granulocyte aggregating activity in sera of workers exposed to textile dust inhalation. Diagnostic Immunology, 1986, 4, 140-4.	0.2	3
154	Immunological alterations in anti-HTLV-III negative haemophiliacs and homosexual men in Hungary. Immunology Letters, 1985, 11, 305-310.	1.1	15
155	Depressed classical complement pathway activities in chronic lymphocytic leukaemia. Clinical and Experimental Immunology, 1985, 60, 489-95.	1.1	30