

# Jon Barrett

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

67  
papers

1,074  
citations

361413

20  
h-index

477307

29  
g-index

69  
all docs

69  
docs citations

69  
times ranked

1117  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Canadian Stroke Best Practice Consensus Statement: <i>Acute Stroke Management during pregnancy</i>. International Journal of Stroke, 2018, 13, 743-758.	5.9	60
2	Neurodevelopmental disorders among term infants exposed to antenatal corticosteroids during pregnancy: a population-based study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e031197.	1.9	58
3	Gestational diabetes mellitus is associated with adverse outcomes in twin pregnancies. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 220, 102.e1-102.e8.	1.3	58
4	Incidence and risk factors for gestational diabetes mellitus in twin versus singleton pregnancies. Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2018, 298, 579-587.	1.7	45
5	Association between hypertensive disorders and fetal growth restriction in twin compared with singleton gestations. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 221, 251.e1-251.e8.	1.3	42
6	Differences in fetal growth patterns between twins and singletons*. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2020, 33, 2546-2555.	1.5	42
7	Do serial measurements of cervical length improve the prediction of preterm birth in asymptomatic women with twin gestations?. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 215, 616.e1-616.e14.	1.3	39
8	Induction of labor before 40 weeks is associated with lower rate of cesarean delivery in women with gestational diabetes mellitus. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, 364.e1-364.e8.	1.3	39
9	Placental abnormalities differ between small for gestational age fetuses in dichorionic twin and singleton pregnancies. Placenta, 2017, 60, 28-35.	1.5	39
10	No. 382-Trial of Labour After Caesarean. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2019, 41, 992-1011.	0.7	39
11	Does gestational diabetes affect fetal growth and pregnancy outcome in twin pregnancies?. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, 653.e1-653.e8.	1.3	32
12	Canadian stroke best practice consensus statement: Secondary stroke prevention during pregnancy. International Journal of Stroke, 2018, 13, 406-419.	5.9	30
13	Serial cervical length determination in twin pregnancies reveals 4 distinct patterns with prognostic significance for preterm birth. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 215, 476.e1-476.e11.	1.3	29
14	Defining early vs late fetal growth restriction by placental pathology. Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2019, 98, 365-373.	2.8	26
15	Outcomes following rescue cerclage in twin pregnancies. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2018, 31, 2195-2201.	1.5	25
16	Role of amniotic fluid interphase fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) analysis in patient management. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2001, 21, 327-332.	2.3	24
17	Ultrasound Assessment of Abdominal Muscle Thickness in Postpartum vs Nulliparous Women. Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics, 2015, 38, 352-357.	0.9	24
18	The Canadian Preterm Birth Network: a study protocol for improving outcomes for preterm infants and their families. CMAJ Open, 2018, 6, E44-E49.	2.4	24

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19	The role of placental malperfusion in the pathogenesis of preeclampsia in dichorionic twin and singleton pregnancies. <i>Placenta</i> , 2018, 70, 41-49.	1.5	23
20	The relationship between maternal body mass index and pregnancy outcomes in twin compared with singleton pregnancies. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2020, 44, 33-44.	3.4	22
21	Oral Glucose Tolerance Test Results in Pregnancy Can Be Used to Individualize the Risk of Future Maternal Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in Women With Gestational Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2021, 44, 1860-1867.	8.6	21
22	The More, the Better? Combining Interventions to Prevent Preterm Birth in Women at Risk: a Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada</i> , 2017, 39, 1192-1202.	0.7	17
23	Patterns of discordant growth and adverse neonatal outcomes in twins. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 225, 187.e1-187.e14.	1.3	17
24	Gestational weight gain counselling practices among different antenatal health care providers: a qualitative grounded theory study. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2020, 20, 102.	2.4	16
25	Prevalence of Low Back Pain, Pelvic Girdle Pain, and Combination Pain in a Postpartum Ontario Population. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada</i> , 2020, 42, 473-480.	0.7	16
26	Gestational diabetes and fetal growth in twin compared with singleton pregnancies. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 225, 420.e1-420.e13.	1.3	15
27	Identification of the optimal growth chart and threshold for the prediction of antepartum stillbirth. <i>Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2021, 303, 381-390.	1.7	14
28	The natural history of preterm premature rupture of membranes in twin pregnancies. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2017, 30, 1829-1835.	1.5	13
29	Risk of singleton preterm birth after prior twin preterm birth: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2020, 223, 204.e1-204.e8.	1.3	13
30	Respiratory morbidity in late preterm twin infants. <i>Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2019, 300, 337-345.	1.7	12
31	The greater risk of preterm birth in triplets is mirrored by a more rapid cervical shortening along gestation. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2016, 215, 357.e1-357.e6.	1.3	11
32	Attitudes Toward Chiropractic. <i>Journal of Evidence-Based Complementary &amp; Alternative Medicine</i> , 2016, 21, 92-104.	1.5	11
33	Individualized treatment of preterm premature rupture of membranes to prolong the latency period, reduce the rate of preterm birth, and improve neonatal outcomes. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2022, 227, 296.e1-296.e18.	1.3	11
34	The Canadian Perinatal Network: A National Network Focused on Threatened Preterm Birth at 22 to 28 Weeks™ Gestation. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada</i> , 2011, 33, 111-120.	0.7	10
35	Maternal cardiovascular disease after twin pregnancies complicated by hypertensive disorders of pregnancy: a population-based cohort study. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2021, 193, E1448-E1458.	2.0	10
36	Ultrasound Assessment of Abdominal Muscle Thickness in Women With and Without Low Back Pain During Pregnancy. <i>Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics</i> , 2017, 40, 230-235.	0.9	9

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37	Weight gain during pregnancy: Does the antenatal care provider make a difference? A retrospective cohort study. <i>CMAJ Open</i> , 2019, 7, E283-E293.	2.4	9
38	The predictive value of sonographic placental markers for adverse pregnancy outcome in women with chronic kidney disease. <i>Pregnancy Hypertension</i> , 2020, 20, 27-35.	1.4	9
39	Timing of cesarean delivery in women with ≥2 previous cesarean deliveries. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2022, 226, 110.e1-110.e10.	1.3	8
40	Pathologic Basis for the Definition of Discordant Growth in Dichorionic Twins. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2021, 48, 279-287.	1.4	8
41	Protocol for a pilot, randomised, double-blinded, placebo-controlled trial of prophylactic use of tranexamic acid for preventing postpartum haemorrhage (TAPPH-1). <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e018586.	1.9	7
42	The role of serial measurements of cervical length in asymptomatic women with triplet pregnancy. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2018, 31, 713-719.	1.5	7
43	Mode of delivery in multiple pregnancies. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics &amp; Gynecology MFM</i> , 2022, 4, 100470.	2.6	7
44	Optimal timing of antenatal corticosteroids in women with bleeding placenta previa or low-lying placenta. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2019, 32, 1971-1977.	1.5	6
45	Community-based, population-focused preterm birth prevention programs – a review. <i>Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2020, 302, 1317-1328.	1.7	6
46	Lateral placentation and adverse perinatal outcomes. <i>Placenta</i> , 2020, 101, 1-3.	1.5	6
47	Timing of antenatal corticosteroids in relation to clinical indication. <i>Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2022, 306, 997-1005.	1.7	6
48	Risk factors for obstetric anal sphincter injuries in twin deliveries: a retrospective review. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2016, 27, 757-762.	1.4	5
49	Removal vs. retention of cervical cerclage in pregnancies complicated by preterm premature rupture of membranes: a retrospective study. <i>Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2020, 302, 603-609.	1.7	5
50	The screening performance of glucose challenge test for gestational diabetes in twin pregnancies: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2022, 35, 7590-7600.	1.5	5
51	Risk of singleton preterm birth after prior twin preterm birth: a cohort study. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2020, 33, 3602-3607.	1.5	4
52	Comparing Foley Catheter to Prostaglandins for Cervical Ripening in Multiparous Women. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada</i> , 2020, 42, 853-860.	0.7	4
53	Mode of delivery and neonatal outcomes in extremely preterm Vertex/nonVertex twins. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 224, 613.e1-613.e10.	1.3	4
54	Changes in rate of preterm birth and adverse pregnancy outcomes attributed to preeclampsia after introduction of a refined definition of preeclampsia: A population-based study. <i>Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , 2021, 100, 1627-1635.	2.8	4

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55	Analytical Performance and Quality Indicators of Fully Automated Immunoassays for sFlt-1 and PlGF. <i>Journal of applied laboratory medicine</i> , The, 2022, 7, 555-567.	1.3	4
56	Which twin is which? A proposed solution for the labeling of twins at birth. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 213, 245-246.	1.3	3
57	Is the risk of obstetric anal sphincter injuries increased in vaginal twin deliveries?. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2016, 29, 1700-1703.	1.5	3
58	Pregnancy Outcomes of Women Admitted to a Tertiary Care Centre with Short Cervix. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada</i> , 2017, 39, 328-334.	0.7	3
59	Comparison of sonographic fetal weight estimation formulas in patients with preterm premature rupture of membranes. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2021, 21, 149.	2.4	3
60	Amnioreduction with rescue cerclage at advanced cervical dilation or gestational age. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2022, 35, 5607-5610.	1.5	3
61	Authors' reply re: Urinary stress incontinence and other maternal outcomes 2 years after caesarean or vaginal birth for twin pregnancy: a multicentre randomised trial. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2019, 126, 547-547.	2.3	2
62	Midwives perceptions of managing pregnancies complicated by obesity: A mixed methods study. <i>Midwifery</i> , 2022, 105, 103225.	2.3	2
63	Timing of delivery in women with pre-pregnancy diabetes mellitus: a population-based study. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care</i> , 2019, 7, e000758.	2.8	1
64	COVID-19 in pregnancy: Maintaining clarity with expanding evidence. <i>Obstetric Medicine</i> , 2020, 13, 53-54.	1.1	1
65	Hospital antenatal admissions for threatened preterm labor: how long should we be "observing"? <i>Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2022, 305, 31-37.	1.7	1
66	The effect of the implementation of institutional checklist on expert opinion of oxytocin use in labor. <i>Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2020, 302, 127-131.	1.7	1
67	Revisiting the Care Pathway for Trial of Labour After Cesarean: The Decision-to-Delivery Interval Is Key. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada</i> , 2020, 42, 1550-1554.	0.7	1