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List of Publications by Year in descending order

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105	4,095	30	61
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
105	105	105	5663
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Daily low-dose prednisolone to prevent relapse of steroid-sensitive nephrotic syndrome in children with an upper respiratory tract infection: PREDNOS2 RCT. Health Technology Assessment, 2022, 26, 1-94.	1.3	4
2	Views of the public about Snacktivityâ,,¢: a small changes approach to promoting physical activity and reducing sedentary behaviour. BMC Public Health, 2022, 22, 618.	1.2	6
3	Assessing the costs and outcomes of control programmes for sexually transmitted infections: a systematic review of economic evaluations. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2021, 97, 334-344.	0.8	8
4	The Health Economic Evaluation of Bariatric Surgery Versus a Community Weight Management Intervention Analysis from the Idiopathic Intracranial Hypertension Weight Trial (IIH:WT). Life, 2021, 11, 409.	1.1	6
5	Effectiveness of Bariatric Surgery vs Community Weight Management Intervention for the Treatment of Idiopathic Intracranial Hypertension. JAMA Neurology, 2021, 78, 678.	4.5	86
6	Cost-effectiveness of bariatric surgery versus community weight management to treat obesity-related idiopathic intracranial hypertension: evidence from a single-payer healthcare system. Surgery for Obesity and Related Diseases, 2021, 17, 1310-1316.	1.0	15
7	Practice nurse-supported weight self-management delivered within the national child immunisation programme for postnatal women: a feasibility cluster RCT. Health Technology Assessment, 2021, 25, 1-130.	1.3	1
8	An assessment of the construct validity of the Child Health Utility 9D-CHN instrument in school-aged children: evidence from a Chinese trial. Health and Quality of Life Outcomes, 2021, 19, 205.	1.0	8
9	Micronutrient deficiencies and health-related quality of life: the case of children with vitamin D deficiency. Public Health Nutrition, 2020, 23, 1165-1172.	1.1	7
10	Health economics methods for public health resource allocation: a qualitative interview study of decision makers from an English local authority. Health Economics, Policy and Law, 2020, 15, 128-140.	1.1	15
11	The economic case for prevention of population vitamin D deficiency: a modelling study using data from England and Wales. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 74, 825-833.	1.3	30
12	The Food provision, cUlture and Environment in secondary schooLs (FUEL) study: protocol of a mixed methods evaluation of national School Food Standards implementation in secondary schools and their impact on pupils' dietary intake and dental health. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e042931.	0.8	4
13	Feasibility and acceptability of a brief routine weight management intervention for postnatal women embedded within the national child immunisation programme in primary care: randomised controlled cluster feasibility trial. Trials, 2020, 21, 757.	0.7	4
14	Use of Economic Evidence When Prioritising Public Health Interventions in Schools: A Qualitative Study with School Staff. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 9077.	1.2	0
15	Identification and expert panel rating of key structural approaches applied in health economic obesity models. Health Policy and Technology, 2020, 9, 314-322.	1.3	3
16	Effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of The Daily Mile on childhood weight outcomes and wellbeing: a cluster randomised controlled trial. International Journal of Obesity, 2020, 44, 812-822.	1.6	26
17	Protocol for the feasibility and acceptability of a brief routine weight management intervention for postnatal women embedded within the national child immunisation programme: randomised controlled cluster feasibility trial with nested qualitative study (PIMMS-WL). BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e033027.	0.8	3
18	A weight management programme for fathers of children aged 4–11 years: cultural adaptation and the Healthy Dads, Healthy Kids UK feasibility RCT. Public Health Research, 2020, 8, 1-166.	0.5	4

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19	Economic evaluation of a childhood obesity prevention programme for children: Results from the WAVES cluster randomised controlled trial conducted in schools. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0219500.	1.1	15
20	Cultural adaptation of a children's weight management programme: Child weigHt mANaGement for Ethnically diverse communities (CHANGE) study. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 848.	1.2	7
21	A scoping review and systematic mapping of health promotion interventions associated with obesity in Islamic religious settings in the UK. Obesity Reviews, 2019, 20, 1231-1261.	3.1	22
22	Methods for public health economic evaluation: A Delphi survey of decision makers in English and Welsh local government. Health Economics (United Kingdom), 2019, 28, 1052-1063.	0.8	9
23	Long term tapering versus standard prednisolone treatment for first episode of childhood nephrotic syndrome: phase III randomised controlled trial and economic evaluation. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2019, 365, 11800.	2.4	48
24	A Systematic Review of Methods, Study Quality, and Results of Economic Evaluation for Childhood and Adolescent Obesity Intervention. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 485.	1.2	34
25	TM3-2â€The expanding burden of idiopathic intracranial hypertension. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2019, 90, e15.2-e15.	0.9	0
26	Healthy Dads, Healthy Kids UK, a weight management programme for fathers: feasibility RCT. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e033534.	0.8	12
27	The CHIRPY DRAGON intervention in preventing obesity in Chinese primary-schoolaged children: AÂcluster-randomised controlled trial. PLoS Medicine, 2019, 16, e1002971.	3.9	43
28	The expanding burden of idiopathic intracranial hypertension. Eye, 2019, 33, 478-485.	1.1	148
29	Sixteen-week versus standard eight-week prednisolone therapy for childhood nephrotic syndrome: the PREDNOS RCT. Health Technology Assessment, 2019, 23, 1-108.	1.3	14
30	Cultural adaptation of an existing children's weight management programme: the CHANGE intervention and feasibility RCT. Health Technology Assessment, 2019, 23, 1-166.	1.3	6
31	How does age affect the relationship between weight and health utility during the middle years of childhood?. Quality of Life Research, 2018, 27, 1455-1462.	1.5	11
32	Mapping the Paediatric Quality of Life Inventory (PedsQLâ,,¢) Generic Core Scales onto the Child Health Utility Index–9 Dimension (CHU-9D) Score for Economic Evaluation in Children. Pharmacoeconomics, 2018, 36, 451-465.	1.7	22
33	Building an international health economics teaching network. Health Economics (United Kingdom), 2018, 27, 919-922.	0.8	3
34	Effectiveness of a childhood obesity prevention programme delivered through schools, targeting 6 and 7 year olds: cluster randomised controlled trial (WAVES study). BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2018, 360, k211.	2.4	106
35	An exploration of the longitudinal relation between parental feeding practices and child anthropometric adiposity measures from the West Midlands Active Lifestyle and Healthy Eating in Schoolchildren (WAVES) Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 108, 1316-1323.	2.2	4
36	A cluster-randomised feasibility trial of a children's weight management programme: the Child weigHt mANaGement for Ethnically diverse communities (CHANGE) study. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2018, 4, 175.	0.5	4

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37	Comment on: "Mapping the Paediatric Quality of Life Inventory (PedsQLâ,,¢) Generic Core Scales Onto the Child Health Utility Index-9 Dimension (CHU-9D) Score for Economic Evaluation in Children― Pharmacoeconomics, 2018, 36, 1029-1029.	1.7	2
38	Predicting health-related quality of life (EQ-5D-5ÂL) and capability wellbeing (ICECAP-A) in the context of opiate dependence using routine clinical outcome measures: CORE-OM, LDQ and TOP. Health and Quality of Life Outcomes, 2018, 16, 106.	1.0	14
39	A cluster randomised controlled trial evaluating the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of the daily mile on childhood obesity and wellbeing; the Birmingham daily mile protocol. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 126.	1.2	15
40	Protocol for a systematic review of methods and cost-effectiveness findings of economic evaluations of obesity prevention and/or treatment interventions in children and adolescents. Systematic Reviews, 2018, 7, 54.	2 . 5	6
41	A pilot feasibility randomised controlled trial of an adjunct brief social network intervention in opiate substitution treatment services. BMC Psychiatry, 2018, 18, 8.	1.1	12
42	How Can Economics Help Tackle Obesity?. Obesity, 2018, 26, 1112-1113.	1.5	3
43	The West Midlands ActiVe lifestyle and healthy Eating in School children (WAVES) study: a cluster randomised controlled trial testing the clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of a multifaceted obesity prevention intervention programme targeted at children aged 6–7 years. Health Technology Assessment, 2018, 22, 1-608.	1.3	18
44	Aligning Health Economics Methods to Fit with the Changing World of Public Health. Applied Health Economics and Health Policy, 2017, 15, 287-289.	1.0	3
45	Randomised controlled trial of bariatric surgery versus a community weight loss programme for the sustained treatment of idiopathic intracranial hypertension: the Idiopathic Intracranial Hypertension Weight Trial (IIH:WT) protocol. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e017426.	0.8	63
46	Preventing vitamin D deficiency (VDD): a systematic review of economic evaluations. European Journal of Public Health, 2017, 27, 292-301.	0.1	24
47	Cluster-randomised controlled trial to assess the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of an obesity prevention programme for Chinese primary school-aged children: the CHIRPY DRAGON study protocol. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e018415.	0.8	15
48	Maximizing Health or Sufficient Capability in Economic Evaluation? A Methodological Experiment of Treatment for Drug Addiction. Medical Decision Making, 2017, 37, 498-511.	1.2	26
49	Sensitivity to scale of willingnessâ€toâ€pay within the context of menorrhagia. Health Expectations, 2017, 20, 232-242.	1.1	1
50	Process evaluation results of a cluster randomised controlled childhood obesity prevention trial: the WAVES study. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 681.	1.2	16
51	Measuring Health and Broader Well-Being Benefits in the Context of Opiate Dependence: The Psychometric Performance of the ICECAP-A and the EQ-5D-5L. Value in Health, 2016, 19, 820-828.	0.1	32
52	Development of the theory-based Chinese primary school children physical activity and dietary behaviour changes intervention (CHIRPY DRAGON): development of a cluster-randomised controlled trial. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, S51.	6.3	6
53	Cultural adaptation of a children's weight management programme for Bangladeshi and Pakistani families in the UK: a cluster-randomised feasibility study protocol. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2016, 2, 48.	0.5	3
54	Economic Evaluation of Childhood Obesity Interventions: Reflections and Suggestions. Pharmacoeconomics, 2016, 34, 733-740.	1.7	15

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55	Global Consensus Recommendations on Prevention and Management of Nutritional Rickets. Hormone Research in Paediatrics, 2016, 85, 83-106.	0.8	158
56	Global Consensus Recommendations on Prevention and Management of Nutritional Rickets. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2016, 101, 394-415.	1.8	774
57	The economic implications of the Portsmouth protocol. British Journal of Health Care Management, 2015, 21, 537-543.	0.1	0
58	Is utility-based quality of life associated with overweight in children? Evidence from the UK WAVES randomised controlled study. BMC Pediatrics, 2015, 15, 211.	0.7	25
59	Providing an extended use of an otologicalâ€specific outcome instrument to derive costâ€effectiveness estimates of treatment. Clinical Otolaryngology, 2015, 40, 593-599.	0.6	3
60	Exploring the Use of Cost-Benefit Analysis to Compare Pharmaceutical Treatments for Menorrhagia. Pharmacoeconomics, 2015, 33, 957-965.	1.7	5
61	Adapting the CHEERS Statement for Reporting Cost-Benefit Analysis. Pharmacoeconomics, 2015, 33, 533-534.	1.7	25
62	A cluster-randomised controlled trial to assess the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of a childhood obesity prevention programme delivered through schools, targeting 6–7 year old children: the WAVES study protocol. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 488.	1.2	31
63	Is utility-based quality of life in children aged 6–7 years affected by Body Mass Index (BMI)?. International Journal of Obesity, 2014, 38, 1146-1146.	1.6	7
64	Health Economics Education (HEE) Web Site: A Tool to Enhance Health Economics Teaching in the United Kingdom. Journal of Economic Education, 2014, 45, 79-79.	0.8	1
65	Conservative management, surgery and radiosurgery for treatment of vestibular schwannomas: a modelâ€based approach to costâ€effectiveness. Clinical Otolaryngology, 2014, 39, 22-31.	0.6	26
66	Process evaluation design in a cluster randomised controlled childhood obesity prevention trial: the WAVES study. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2014, 11, 112.	2.0	37
67	Valuing telecare using willingness to pay from the perspective of carers for people with dementia: a pilot study from the West Midlands. Journal of Telemedicine and Telecare, 2014, 20, 141-146.	1.4	6
68	Cost-effectiveness of a community-based physical activity programme for adults (Be Active) in the UK: an economic analysis within a natural experiment. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2014, 48, 207-212.	3.1	45
69	Short course daily prednisolone therapy during an upper respiratory tract infection in children with relapsing steroid-sensitive nephrotic syndrome (PREDNOS 2): protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2014, 15, 147.	0.7	24
70	Is the UK NICE "Reference Case―Influencing the Practice of Pediatric Quality-Adjusted Life-Year Measurement within Economic Evaluations?. Value in Health, 2014, 17, 454-461.	0.1	18
71	Levonorgestrel-Releasing Intrauterine System vs. Usual Medical Treatment for Menorrhagia: An Economic Evaluation Alongside a Randomised Controlled Trial. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e91891.	1.1	18
72	An assessment of economic measures used in menorrhagia: A systematic review. Social Science and Medicine, 2013, 98, 149-153.	1.8	7

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73	Health economics education in undergraduate medical training: introducing the health economics education (HEe) website. BMC Medical Education, 2013, 13, 126.	1.0	11
74	Pilot study of a social network intervention for heroin users in opiate substitution treatment: study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2013, 14, 264.	0.7	11
75	Measuring preference-based quality of life in children aged 6–7Âyears: a comparison of the performance of the CHU-9D and EQ-5D-Y—the WAVES Pilot Study. Quality of Life Research, 2013, 22, 173-183.	1.5	94
76	Using programme budgeting and marginal analysis (PBMA) to set priorities: Reflections from a qualitative assessment in an English Primary Care Trust. Social Science and Medicine, 2013, 98, 162-168.	1.8	18
77	Health economics in the UK: Capacity, constraints and comparisons to US health economists. International Review of Economics Education, 2013, 12, 1-11.	0.9	6
78	Evaluating â€~Success' In Programme Budgeting and Marginal Analysis: A Literature Review. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2011, 16, 177-183.	0.8	38
79	The inclusion of positive aspects of caring in the Caregiver Strain Index: Tests of feasibility and validity. International Journal of Nursing Studies, 2010, 47, 984-993.	2.5	46
80	The clinical effectiveness of different parenting programmes for children with conduct problems: a systematic review of randomised controlled trials. Child and Adolescent Psychiatry and Mental Health, 2009, 3, 7.	1.2	265
81	Short-term health system costs of paediatric in-hospital acute life-threatening events including cardiac arrest. Resuscitation, 2009, 80, 529-534.	1.3	17
82	Structural neuroimaging in psychosis: a systematic review and economic evaluation. Health Technology Assessment, 2008, 12, iii-iv, ix-163.	1.3	52
83	The cost-effectiveness of newer drugs as add-on therapy for children with focal epilepsies. Seizure: the Journal of the British Epilepsy Association, 2007, 16, 99-112.	0.9	10
84	On the numerical forms of contingent valuation responses. Journal of Economic Psychology, 2007, 28, 462-476.	1.1	14
85	Oral naltrexone as a treatment for relapse prevention in formerly opioid-dependent drug users: a systematic review and economic evaluation. Health Technology Assessment, 2007, 11, iii-iv, 1-85.	1.3	53
86	Methadone and buprenorphine for the management of opioid dependence: a systematic review and economic evaluation. Health Technology Assessment, 2007, 11, 1-171, iii-iv.	1.3	390
87	The clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of newer drugs for children with epilepsy. A systematic review. Health Technology Assessment, 2006, 10, iii, ix-118.	1.3	28
88	A systematic review of the clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of enzyme replacement therapies for Fabry's disease and mucopolysaccharidosis type 1. Health Technology Assessment, 2006, 10, iii-iv, ix-113.	1.3	64
89	The clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of enzyme replacement therapy for Gaucher's disease: a systematic review. Health Technology Assessment, 2006, 10, iii-iv, ix-136.	1.3	68
90	Eliciting relative preferences for two methods of colorectal cancer screening. European Journal of Cancer Care, 2005, 14, 124-131.	0.7	13

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91	Think of a number…any number?. Health Economics (United Kingdom), 2005, 14, 1191-1195.	0.8	24
92	Willingness-to-Pay and Demand Curves: A Comparison of Results Obtained Using Different Elicitation Formats. International Journal of Health Care Finance and Economics, 2005, 5, 369-386.	1.2	21
93	The effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of parent training/education programmes for the treatment of conduct disorder, including oppositional defiant disorder, in children. Health Technology Assessment, 2005, 9, iii, ix-x, 1-233.	1.3	124
94	Evidence of range bias in contingent valuation payment scales. Health Economics (United Kingdom), 2004, 13, 183-190.	0.8	46
95	Comparing willingness-to-pay: bidding game format versus open-ended and payment scale formats. Health Policy, 2004, 68, 289-298.	1.4	70
96	Colorectal cancer, screening and survival: the influence of socio-economic deprivation. Public Health, 2003, 117, 389-395.	1.4	77
97	A comparison of two methods for eliciting contingent valuations of colorectal cancer screening. Journal of Health Economics, 2003, 22, 555-574.	1.3	61
98	Eliciting Willingness to Pay: Comparing Closed-Ended with Open-Ended and Payment Scale Formats. Medical Decision Making, 2003, 23, 150-159.	1.2	96
99	COSTS OF FLEXIBLE SIGMOIDOSCOPY SCREENING FOR COLORECTAL CANCER IN THE UNITED KINGDOM. International Journal of Technology Assessment in Health Care, 2003, 19, 384-395.	0.2	14
100	Willingness-to-pay for colorectal cancer screening. European Journal of Cancer, 2001, 37, 1746-1751.	1.3	67
101	Collaborating with a primary care-based research network. Journal of Evaluation in Clinical Practice, 2001, 7, 339-342.	0.9	5
102	Mass population screening for colorectal cancer: factors influencing subjects' choice of screening test. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2001, 6, 85-91.	0.8	29
103	Estimating time and travel costs incurred in clinic based screening: flexible sigmoidoscopy screening for colorectal cancer. Journal of Medical Screening, 1999, 6, 119-123.	1.1	41
104	Using Economics to Impact Local Obesity Policy: Introducing the UK Centre for Economics of Obesity (CEO). Applied Health Economics and Health Policy, 0, , .	1.0	0
105	Economic Evaluation of Using Daily Prednisolone versus Placebo at the Time of an Upper Respiratory Tract Infection for the Management of Children with Steroid-Sensitive Nephrotic Syndrome: A Model-Based Analysis. PharmacoEconomics - Open, 0, , .	0.9	0