Barbara Bramanti

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4997205/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

46 papers

3,123 citations

361045 20 h-index 42 g-index

50 all docs

50 docs citations

50 times ranked

4061 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Interspecific competition: a new approach to the classical theory. Science, 1975, 188, 253-255.	6.0	452
2	Genetic Discontinuity Between Local Hunter-Gatherers and Central Europe's First Farmers. Science, 2009, 326, 137-140.	6.0	433
3	Absence of the lactase-persistence-associated allele in early Neolithic Europeans. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2007, 104, 3736-3741.	3.3	406
4	COVID-19 and Individual Genetic Susceptibility/Receptivity: Role of ACE1/ACE2 Genes, Immunity, Inflammation and Coagulation. Might the Double X-Chromosome in Females Be Protective against SARS-CoV-2 Compared to the Single X-Chromosome in Males?. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2020, 21, 3474.	1.8	290
5	Distinct Clones of Yersinia pestis Caused the Black Death. PLoS Pathogens, 2010, 6, e1001134.	2.1	251
6	Climate-driven introduction of the Black Death and successive plague reintroductions into Europe. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2015, 112, 3020-3025.	3.3	225
7	Yersinia pestis DNA from Skeletal Remains from the 6th Century AD Reveals Insights into Justinianic Plague. PLoS Pathogens, 2013, 9, e1003349.	2.1	192
8	Human ectoparasites and the spread of plague in Europe during the Second Pandemic. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2018, 115, 1304-1309.	3.3	110
9	Integrative approach using <i>Yersinia pestis</i> genomes to revisit the historical landscape of plague during the Medieval Period. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2018, 115, E11790-E11797.	3.3	68
10	Recovery of a Medieval Brucella melitensis Genome Using Shotgun Metagenomics. MBio, 2014, 5, e01337-14.	1.8	67
11	"Bridging the Gap―Everything that Could Have Been Avoided If We Had Applied Gender Medicine, Pharmacogenetics and Personalized Medicine in the Gender-Omics and Sex-Omics Era. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2020, 21, 296.	1.8	63
12	Plague: A Disease Which Changed the Path of Human Civilization. Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology, 2016, 918, 1-26.	0.8	56
13	The Third Plague Pandemic in Europe. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2019, 286, 20182429.	1.2	55
14	Response to Comment on "Ancient DNA from the First European Farmers in 7500-Year-Old Neolithic Sites". Science, 2006, 312, 1875b-1875b.	6.0	37
15	Ancient DNA profiling by megaplex amplications. Electrophoresis, 1999, 20, 1717-1721.	1.3	35
16	Handgrip Strength in Young Adults: Association with Anthropometric Variables and Laterality. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 4273.	1.2	33
17	A genomic and historical synthesis of plague in 18th century Eurasia. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2020, 117, 28328-28335.	3.3	31
18	Historical and genomic data reveal the influencing factors on global transmission velocity of plague during the Third Pandemic. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2019, 116, 11833-11838.	3.3	25

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	The pla gene, encoding plasminogen activator, is not specific to Yersinia pestis. BMC Research Notes, 2015, 8, 535.	0.6	23
20	Genomic blueprint of a relapsing fever pathogen in 15th century Scandinavia. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2018, 115, 10422-10427.	3.3	22
21	Metagenomic analysis of dental calculus in ancient Egyptian baboons. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 19637.	1.6	22
22	How reliable is the assessment of Porotic Hyperostosis and Cribra Orbitalia in skeletal human remains? A methodological approach for quantitative verification by means of a new evaluation form. Archaeological and Anthropological Sciences, 2019, 11, 3549-3559.	0.7	20
23	Stature estimation from tibia percutaneous length: New equations derived from a Mediterranean population. Science and Justice - Journal of the Forensic Science Society, 2018, 58, 441-446.	1.3	18
24	Assessing the origins of the European Plagues following the Black Death: A synthesis of genomic, historical, and ecological information. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2021, 118, .	3.3	16
25	STR Allelic Frequencies in a German Skeleton Collection. Anthropologischer Anzeiger, 2000, 58, 45-49.	0.2	14
26	A critical review of anthropological studies on skeletons from European plague pits of different epochs. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 17655.	1.6	13
27	Sex Differences in Body Image Perception and Ideals: Analysis of Possible Determinants. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2022, 19, 2745.	1.2	13
28	Body image perception and body composition: assessment of perception inconsistency by a new index. Journal of Translational Medicine, 2020, 18, 20.	1.8	12
29	The biological index of frailty: A new index for the assessment of frailty in human skeletal remains. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2021, 176, 459-473.	2.1	11
30	Ancient DNA Analysis of the Delta F508 Mutation. Human Biology, 2003, 75, 105-115.	0.4	10
31	The selective advantage of cystic fibrosis heterozygotes tested by aDNA analysis: A preliminary investigation. International Journal of Anthropology, 2000, 15, 255-262.	0.1	9
32	An investigative strategy for assessment of injuries in forensic anthropology. Legal Medicine, 2020, 42, 101632.	0.6	9
33	Relation between lifestyle behaviors and body composition patterns among healthy young Italians: a cross-sectional study. Journal of Sports Medicine and Physical Fitness, 2018, 58, 1652-1656.	0.4	8
34	New Evidence of Prehistoric Neurosurgery in Italy: The Case of Castello Del Tartaro. World Neurosurgery, 2019, 128, 556-561.	0.7	7
35	A new investigative strategy to diagnose \hat{l}^2 -thalassemia syndrome in past human populations. Archaeological and Anthropological Sciences, 2021, 13, 1.	0.7	7
36	Bioarchaeological insights into the last plague of Imola (1630–1632). Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 22253.	1.6	5

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37	Reply to Barbieri et al.: Out of the Land of Darkness: Plague on the fur trade routes. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2019, 116, 7622-7623.	3.3	4
38	Autopsy or anatomical dissection: evidence of a craniotomy in a 17th–eighteenth century burial site (Ravenna, Italy). Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology, 2021, 17, 157-160.	0.6	3
39	The End of Plague in Europe. Centaurus, 2022, 64, 61-72.	0.2	3
40	The Use of DNA Analysis in the Archaeology of Death and Burial. , 2013, , .		2
41	STR allelic frequencies in a German skeleton collection. Anthropologischer Anzeiger, 2000, 58, 45-9.	0.2	2
42	Belly fat or bloating? New insights into the physical appearance of St Anthony of Padua. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0260505.	1.1	1
43	Assessing relationships in an ancient skeletal collection by the number of alleles shared identical by state among pairs of individuals. International Congress Series, 2003, 1239, 639-642.	0.2	О
44	Alte Seuchen in neuem Licht. Forschung, 2011, 36, 4-8.	0.0	0
45	Ancient Epidemic Diseases in a New Light. German Research, 2012, 34, 22-27.	0.1	0
46	Reply to Park et al.: Human ectoparasite transmission of plague during the Second Pandemic is still plausible. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2018, 115, E7894-E7895.	3.3	0