Rachel J Fenske

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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933447 940533 21 876 10 16 citations h-index g-index papers 26 26 26 1518 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Systemic Metabolic Alterations Correlate with Islet-Level Prostaglandin E2 Production and Signaling Mechanisms That Predict \hat{I}^2 -Cell Dysfunction in a Mouse Model of Type 2 Diabetes. Metabolites, 2021, 11, 58.	2.9	16
2	Rat prostaglandin EP3 receptor is highly promiscuous and is the sole prostanoid receptor family member that regulates INSâ€1 (832/3) cell glucoseâ€stimulated insulin secretion. Pharmacology Research and Perspectives, 2021, 9, e00736.	2.4	11
3	Human Islet Expression Levels of Prostaglandin E ₂ Synthetic Enzymes, But Not Prostaglandin EP3 Receptor, Are Positively Correlated with Markers of β-Cell Function and Mass in Nondiabetic Obesity. ACS Pharmacology and Translational Science, 2021, 4, 1338-1348.	4.9	10
4	Prostaglandin EP3 receptor signaling is required to prevent insulin hypersecretion and metabolic dysfunction in a non-obese mouse model of insulin resistance. American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2021, 321, E479-E489.	3.5	4
5	Exploring diazoxide and continuous glucose monitoring as treatment for Glut1 deficiency syndrome. Annals of Clinical and Translational Neurology, 2021, 8, 2205-2209.	3.7	8
6	Differential Expression of Ormdl Genes in the Islets of Mice and Humans with Obesity. IScience, 2020, 23, 101324.	4.1	9
7	Loss of βâ€eell Gα z protects against highâ€fat diet induced glucose intolerance by preserving incretin responsiveness and enhancing insulin secretion. FASEB Journal, 2020, 34, 1-1.	0.5	O
8	Betaâ€eellâ€specific Loss of the Inhibitory G protein, Gα _z , has Sexâ€dependent Effects on Development and Pathophysiology of Type 1 Diabetes. FASEB Journal, 2020, 34, 1-1.	0.5	0
9	Increasing the dietary ratio of omega 3:omega 6 polyunsaturated fatty acids positively impacts inflammation and islet outcomes in Type 1 Diabetes. FASEB Journal, 2019, 33, 680.9.	0.5	O
10	Betaâ€eellâ€specific loss of the inhibitory G protein, Gα z , alters development and pathophysiology of Type 1 Diabetes. FASEB Journal, 2019, 33, 680.14.	0.5	0
11	Targeting dysfunctional beta-cell signaling for the potential treatment of type 1 diabetes mellitus. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2018, 243, 586-591.	2.4	12
12	Restoration of metabolic health by decreased consumption of branched hain amino acids. Journal of Physiology, 2018, 596, 623-645.	2.9	242
13	Age-Dependent Protection of Insulin Secretion in Diet Induced Obese Mice. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 17814.	3.3	16
14	Betaâ€ellâ€specific loss of the inhibitory G protein, Gα z , prevents development of Type 1 Diabetes in NOD mice FASEB Journal, 2018, 32, 661.5.	0.5	0
15	Enriching Islet Phospholipids With Eicosapentaenoic Acid Reduces Prostaglandin E2 Signaling and Enhances Diabetic β-Cell Function. Diabetes, 2017, 66, 1572-1585.	0.6	41
16	The Inhibitory G Protein \hat{l}_{\pm} -Subunit, G \hat{l}_{\pm} z, Promotes Type 1 Diabetes-Like Pathophysiology in NOD Mice. Endocrinology, 2017, 158, 1645-1658.	2.8	21
17	Radiomanganese PET Detects Changes in Functional \hat{I}^2 -Cell Mass in Mouse Models of Diabetes. Diabetes, 2017, 66, 2163-2174.	0.6	32
18	Dietary polyunsaturated fatty acids and their metabolites: Implications for diabetes pathophysiology, prevention, and treatment. Nutrition and Healthy Aging, 2017, 4, 127-140.	1.1	14

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Synergy Between GÎ \pm z Deficiency and GLP-1 Analog Treatment in Preserving Functional \hat{l}^2 -Cell Mass in Experimental Diabetes. Molecular Endocrinology, 2016, 30, 543-556.	3.7	26
20	Decreased Consumption of Branched-Chain Amino Acids Improves Metabolic Health. Cell Reports, 2016, 16, 520-530.	6.4	334
21	Phenotypic Characterization of MIP-CreERT1Lphi Mice With Transgene-Driven Islet Expression of Human Growth Hormone. Diabetes, 2015, 64, 3798-3807.	0.6	77