

# Roel J Brienen

## List of Publications by Citations

**Source:** <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4979858/roel-j-brienen-publications-by-citations.pdf>

**Version:** 2024-04-23

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

84  
papers

6,747  
citations

43  
h-index

82  
g-index

90  
ext. papers

8,299  
ext. citations

9.1  
avg, IF

5.26  
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
84	Hyperdominance in the Amazonian tree flora. <i>Science</i> , <b>2013</b> , 342, 1243092	33.3	637
83	Long-term decline of the Amazon carbon sink. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2015</b> , 519, 344-8	50.4	583
82	Tree height integrated into pantropical forest biomass estimates. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , <b>2012</b> , 9, 3381-3403	4.6	289
81	Persistent effects of pre-Columbian plant domestication on Amazonian forest composition. <i>Science</i> , <b>2017</b> , 355, 925-931	33.3	280
80	Intensification of the Amazon hydrological cycle over the last two decades. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , <b>2013</b> , 40, 1729-1733	4.9	233
79	Drivers and mechanisms of tree mortality in moist tropical forests. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2018</b> , 219, 851-869	9.8	209
78	Markedly divergent estimates of Amazon forest carbon density from ground plots and satellites. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2014</b> , 23, 935-946	6.1	205
77	Asynchronous carbon sink saturation in African and Amazonian tropical forests. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2020</b> , 579, 80-87	50.4	202
76	Relating tree growth to rainfall in Bolivian rain forests: a test for six species using tree ring analysis. <i>Oecologia</i> , <b>2005</b> , 146, 1-12	2.9	197
75	Diversity and carbon storage across the tropical forest biome. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2017</b> , 7, 39102	4.9	177
74	Detecting trends in tree growth: not so simple. <i>Trends in Plant Science</i> , <b>2013</b> , 18, 11-7	13.1	171
73	What controls tropical forest architecture? Testing environmental, structural and floristic drivers. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2012</b> , 21, 1179-1190	6.1	158
72	Compositional response of Amazon forests to climate change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 25, 39-56	11.4	158
71	Hyperdominance in Amazonian forest carbon cycling. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2015</b> , 6, 6857	17.4	157
70	Amazon forest response to repeated droughts. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , <b>2016</b> , 30, 964-982	5.9	149
69	Oxygen isotopes in tree rings are a good proxy for Amazon precipitation and El Nino-Southern Oscillation variability. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2012</b> , 109, 16957-62	11.5	130
68	Size and frequency of natural forest disturbances and the Amazon forest carbon balance. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2014</b> , 5, 3434	17.4	128

67	Ecosystem heterogeneity determines the ecological resilience of the Amazon to climate change. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2016</b> , 113, 793-7	11.5	127
66	Recent intensification of Amazon flooding extremes driven by strengthened Walker circulation. <i>Science Advances</i> , <b>2018</b> , 4, eaat8785	14.3	126
65	Variation in stem mortality rates determines patterns of above-ground biomass in Amazonian forests: implications for dynamic global vegetation models. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 22, 3996-4013	11.4	99
64	Integrating the evidence for a terrestrial carbon sink caused by increasing atmospheric CO. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2021</b> , 229, 2413-2445	9.8	94
63	Seasonal drought limits tree species across the Neotropics. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2017</b> , 40, 618-629	6.5	93
62	Long-term thermal sensitivity of Earth's tropical forests. <i>Science</i> , <b>2020</b> , 368, 869-874	33.3	92
61	Estimating the global conservation status of more than 15,000 Amazonian tree species. <i>Science Advances</i> , <b>2015</b> , 1, e1500936	14.3	91
60	Tree Rings in the Tropics: Insights into the Ecology and Climate Sensitivity of Tropical Trees. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 439-461		87
59	Detecting evidence for CO <sub>2</sub> fertilization from tree ring studies: The potential role of sampling biases. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , <b>2012</b> , 26, n/a-n/a	5.9	86
58	The use of tree rings in tropical forest management: Projecting timber yields of four Bolivian tree species. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , <b>2006</b> , 226, 256-267	3.9	84
57	Species Distribution Modelling: Contrasting presence-only models with plot abundance data. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2018</b> , 8, 1003	4.9	78
56	Climate-growth analysis for a Mexican dry forest tree shows strong impact of sea surface temperatures and predicts future growth declines. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , <b>2010</b> , 16, 2001-2012	11.4	76
55	Stable carbon isotopes in tree rings indicate improved water use efficiency and drought responses of a tropical dry forest tree species. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , <b>2011</b> , 25, 103-113	2.6	73
54	Tree height strongly affects estimates of water-use efficiency responses to climate and CO using isotopes. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2017</b> , 8, 288	17.4	72
53	Recent Amazon climate as background for possible ongoing and future changes of Amazon humid forests. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , <b>2015</b> , 29, 1384-1399	5.9	72
52	The carbon balance of South America: a review of the status, decadal trends and main determinants. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , <b>2012</b> , 9, 5407-5430	4.6	70
51	Tropical tree rings reveal preferential survival of fast-growing juveniles and increased juvenile growth rates over time. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2010</b> , 185, 759-69	9.8	61
50	Carbon uptake by mature Amazon forests has mitigated Amazon nations' carbon emissions. <i>Carbon Balance and Management</i> , <b>2017</b> , 12, 1	3.6	56

49	Phylogenetic diversity of Amazonian tree communities. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , <b>2015</b> , 21, 1295-1307	5	56
48	Autocorrelated growth of tropical forest trees: Unraveling patterns and quantifying consequences. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , <b>2006</b> , 237, 179-190	3.9	56
47	Attaining the canopy in dry and moist tropical forests: strong differences in tree growth trajectories reflect variation in growing conditions. <i>Oecologia</i> , <b>2010</b> , 163, 485-96	2.9	55
46	Field methods for sampling tree height for tropical forest biomass estimation. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , <b>2018</b> , 9, 1179-1189	7.7	53
45	Do persistently fast-growing juveniles contribute disproportionately to population growth? A new analysis tool for matrix models and its application to rainforest trees. <i>American Naturalist</i> , <b>2009</b> , 174, 709-19	3.7	53
44	Pan-tropical prediction of forest structure from the largest trees. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2018</b> , 27, 1366-1383	6.1	52
43	Fast demographic traits promote high diversification rates of Amazonian trees. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , <b>2014</b> , 17, 527-36	10	48
42	Estimating aboveground net biomass change for tropical and subtropical forests: Refinement of IPCC default rates using forest plot data. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 25, 3609-3624	11.4	44
41	Forest carbon sink neutralized by pervasive growth-lifespan trade-offs. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2020</b> , 11, 4241	17.4	43
40	Tropical forest warming: looking backwards for more insights. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , <b>2012</b> , 27, 193-4	10.9	42
39	The Potential of Tree Rings for the Study of Forest Succession in Southern Mexico. <i>Biotropica</i> , <b>2009</b> , 41, 186-195	2.3	40
38	Tree demography dominates long-term growth trends inferred from tree rings. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 23, 474-484	11.4	39
37	Oxygen isotopes in tree rings show good coherence between species and sites in Bolivia. <i>Global and Planetary Change</i> , <b>2015</b> , 133, 298-308	4.2	38
36	Incorporating persistent tree growth differences increases estimates of tropical timber yield. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , <b>2007</b> , 5, 302-306	5.5	38
35	Low Phylogenetic Beta Diversity and Geographic Neo-endemism in Amazonian White-sand Forests. <i>Biotropica</i> , <b>2016</b> , 48, 34-46	2.3	36
34	Soil physical conditions limit palm and tree basal area in Amazonian forests. <i>Plant Ecology and Diversity</i> , <b>2014</b> , 7, 215-229	2.2	35
33	Tree height integrated into pan-tropical forest biomass estimates		30
32	The Forest Observation System, building a global reference dataset for remote sensing of forest biomass. <i>Scientific Data</i> , <b>2019</b> , 6, 198	8.2	29

31	Evolutionary heritage influences Amazon tree ecology. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , <b>2016</b> , 283,	4.4	29
30	Does always form annual rings? Testing ring periodicity across South America using radiocarbon dating. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , <b>2017</b> , 31, 1999-2009	2.6	28
29	Oxygen isotopes in tree rings record variation in precipitation O and amount effects in the south of Mexico. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , <b>2013</b> , 118, 1604-1615	3.7	27
28	Large apparent growth increases in boreal forests inferred from tree-rings are an artefact of sampling biases. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2019</b> , 9, 6832	4.9	24
27	Biased-corrected richness estimates for the Amazonian tree flora. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2020</b> , 10, 10130	4.9	24
26	Competition influences tree growth, but not mortality, across environmental gradients in Amazonia and tropical Africa. <i>Ecology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 101, e03052	4.6	24
25	Tree mode of death and mortality risk factors across Amazon forests. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2020</b> , 11, 5515	17.4	24
24	What drives interannual variation in tree ring oxygen isotopes in the Amazon?. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , <b>2016</b> , 43, 11,831	4.9	21
23	Rarity of monodominance in hyperdiverse Amazonian forests. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2019</b> , 9, 13822	4.9	19
22	Evolutionary diversity is associated with wood productivity in Amazonian forests. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , <b>2019</b> , 3, 1754-1761	12.3	17
21	Imaging spectroscopy predicts variable distance decay across contrasting Amazonian tree communities. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 107, 696-710	6	17
20	Global tree-ring analysis reveals rapid decrease in tropical tree longevity with temperature. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2020</b> , 117, 33358-33364	11.5	14
19	Dominant tree species drive beta diversity patterns in western Amazonia. <i>Ecology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 100, e02636	4.6	13
18	Contrasting controls on tree ring isotope variation for Amazon floodplain and terra firme trees. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 39, 845-860	4.2	12
17	Individual-Based Modeling of Amazon Forests Suggests That Climate Controls Productivity While Traits Control Demography. <i>Frontiers in Earth Science</i> , <b>2019</b> , 7,	3.5	12
16	Expanding tropical forest monitoring into Dry Forests: The DRYFLOR protocol for permanent plots. <i>Plants People Planet</i> , <b>2021</b> , 3, 295-300	4.1	9
15	Current Brazilian forest management guidelines are unsustainable for Swietenia , Cedrela , Amburana , and Copaifera : A response to da Cunha and colleagues. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , <b>2017</b> , 386, 81-83	3.9	8
14	Economically important species dominate aboveground carbon storage in forests of southwestern Amazonia. <i>Ecology and Society</i> , <b>2017</b> , 22,	4.1	6

13	Questioning the Influence of Sunspots on Amazon Hydrology: Even a Broken Clock Tells the Right Time Twice a Day. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , <b>2018</b> , 45, 1419-1422	4.9	6
12	Can We Detect Changes in Amazon Forest Structure Using Measurements of the Isotopic Composition of Precipitation?. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , <b>2019</b> , 46, 14807-14816	4.9	5
11	Aboveground forest biomass varies across continents, ecological zones and successional stages: refined IPCC default values for tropical and subtropical forests. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , <b>2022</b> , 17, 014047	6.2	5
10	Amazon tree dominance across forest strata. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , <b>2021</b> , 5, 757-767	12.3	5
9	Intra-annual oxygen isotopes in the tree rings record precipitation extremes and water reservoir levels in the Metropolitan Area of Sã Paulo, Brazil. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , <b>2020</b> , 743, 140798	10.2	3
8	Does soil pyrogenic carbon determine plant functional traits in Amazon Basin forests?. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 218, 1047-1062	1.7	2
7	Tree-ring oxygen isotopes record a decrease in Amazon dry season rainfall over the past 40 years. <i>Climate Dynamics</i> , 1	4.2	2
6	Tropical tree growth driven by dry-season climate variability. <i>Nature Geoscience</i> ,	18.3	2
5	Paired analysis of tree ring width and carbon isotopes indicate when controls on tropical tree growth change from light to water limitations. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , <b>2021</b> ,	4.2	1
4	How Robust Is the Apparent Break-Down of Northern High-Latitude Temperature Control on Spring Carbon Uptake?. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , <b>2021</b> , 48, e2020GL091601	4.9	0
3	Relationships between species richness and ecosystem services in Amazonian forests strongly influenced by biogeographical strata and forest types.. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2022</b> , 12, 5960	4.9	0
2	A response to Wrends in tropical tree growth: reanalysis confirms earlier findingsW <i>Global Change Biology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 23, e5-e6	11.4	
1	Photosynthesis in action: The global view <b>2022</b> , 243-269		