

Lana Shabala

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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136
papers

7,377
citations

38660

50
h-index

66788

78
g-index

136
all docs

136
docs citations

136
times ranked

6525
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Extracellular Ca ²⁺ Ameliorates NaCl-Induced K ⁺ Loss from Arabidopsis Root and Leaf Cells by Controlling Plasma Membrane K ⁺ -Permeable Channels. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2006, 141, 1653-1665.	2.3	418
2	Salinity-induced ion flux patterns from the excised roots of Arabidopsis sos mutants. <i>Planta</i> , 2005, 222, 1041-1050.	1.6	223
3	Oxidative stress protection and stomatal patterning as components of salinity tolerance mechanism in quinoa (<i>Chenopodium quinoa</i>). <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2012, 146, 26-38.	2.6	181
4	Effect of calcium on root development and root ion fluxes in salinised barley seedlings. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2003, 30, 507.	1.1	177
5	Cell-Type-Specific H ⁺ -ATPase Activity in Root Tissues Enables K ⁺ Retention and Mediates Acclimation of Barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>) to Salinity Stress. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2016, 172, 2445-2458.	2.3	158
6	Hydroxyl radical scavenging by cerium oxide nanoparticles improves <i>Arabidopsis</i> salinity tolerance by enhancing leaf mesophyll potassium retention. <i>Environmental Science: Nano</i> , 2018, 5, 1567-1583.	2.2	147
7	Salinity-Induced Calcium Signaling and Root Adaptation in Arabidopsis Require the Calcium Regulatory Protein Annexin1. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2013, 163, 253-262.	2.3	132
8	K ⁺ retention in leaf mesophyll, an overlooked component of salinity tolerance mechanism: A case study for barley. <i>Journal of Integrative Plant Biology</i> , 2015, 57, 171-185.	4.1	132
9	Membrane transporters mediating root signalling and adaptive responses to oxygen deprivation and soil flooding. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2014, 37, 2216-2233.	2.8	130
10	Cell surface and intracellular auxin signalling for H ⁺ fluxes in root growth. <i>Nature</i> , 2021, 599, 273-277.	13.7	128
11	Difference in root K ⁺ retention ability and reduced sensitivity of K ⁺ -permeable channels to reactive oxygen species confer differential salt tolerance in three <i>Brassica</i> species. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2016, 67, 4611-4625.	2.4	127
12	The Venus Flytrap <i>Dionaea muscipula</i> Counts Prey-Induced Action Potentials to Induce Sodium Uptake. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2016, 26, 286-295.	1.8	127
13	Transcriptional stimulation of rate-limiting components of the autophagic pathway improves plant fitness. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2018, 69, 1415-1432.	2.4	120
14	Ion transport and osmotic adjustment in <i>Escherichia coli</i> in response to ionic and non-ionic osmotica. <i>Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2009, 11, 137-148.	1.8	113
15	Ability of leaf mesophyll to retain potassium correlates with salinity tolerance in wheat and barley. <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2013, 149, 515-527.	2.6	113
16	Annexin 1 regulates the H ₂ O ₂ -induced calcium signature in <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> roots. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2014, 77, 136-145.	2.8	109
17	Kinetics of xylem loading, membrane potential maintenance, and sensitivity of K ⁺ -permeable channels to reactive oxygen species: physiological traits that differentiate salinity tolerance between pea and barley. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2014, 37, 589-600.	2.8	107
18	Cyclopropane fatty acids improve <i>Escherichia coli</i> survival in acidified minimal media by reducing membrane permeability to H ⁺ and enhanced ability to extrude H ⁺ . <i>Research in Microbiology</i> , 2008, 159, 458-461.	1.0	104

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19	Ion transport and osmotic adjustment in plants and bacteria. <i>Biomolecular Concepts</i> , 2011, 2, 407-419.	1.0	104
20	Calcium sensor kinase activates potassium uptake systems in gland cells of Venus flytraps. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, 7309-7314.	3.3	98
21	Non-invasive microelectrode ion flux measurements to study adaptive responses of microorganisms to the environment. <i>FEMS Microbiology Reviews</i> , 2006, 30, 472-486.	3.9	97
22	Differential Activity of Plasma and Vacuolar Membrane Transporters Contributes to Genotypic Differences in Salinity Tolerance in a Halophyte Species, <i>Chenopodium quinoa</i> . <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2013, 14, 9267-9285.	1.8	96
23	<i>Na⁺</i> loci affect SOS1-like Na ⁺ /H ⁺ exchanger expression and activity in wheat. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2016, 67, 835-844.	2.4	95
24	Melatonin improves rice salinity stress tolerance by NADPH oxidase-dependent control of the plasma membrane K ⁺ transporters and K ⁺ homeostasis. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2020, 43, 2591-2605.	2.8	93
25	Meta-analysis of major QTL for abiotic stress tolerance in barley and implications for barley breeding. <i>Planta</i> , 2017, 245, 283-295.	1.6	91
26	Molecular mechanisms of salinity tolerance in rice. <i>Crop Journal</i> , 2021, 9, 506-520.	2.3	91
27	Barley responses to combined waterlogging and salinity stress: separating effects of oxygen deprivation and elemental toxicity. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2013, 4, 313.	1.7	90
28	Salinity-induced accumulation of organic osmolytes in barley and wheat leaves correlates with increased oxidative stress tolerance: In- <i>Planta</i> evidence for cross-tolerance. <i>Plant Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2014, 83, 32-39.	2.8	90
29	Tissue-specific respiratory burst oxidase homolog-dependent H ₂ O ₂ signaling to the plasma membrane H ⁺ -ATPase confers potassium uptake and salinity tolerance in Cucurbitaceae. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2019, 70, 5879-5893.	2.4	90
30	Physiological and molecular mechanisms mediating xylem Na ⁺ loading in barley in the context of salinity stress tolerance. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2017, 40, 1009-1020.	2.8	89
31	Effect of divalent cations on ion fluxes and leaf photochemistry in salinized barley leaves. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2005, 56, 1369-1378.	2.4	86
32	Linking salinity stress tolerance with tissue-specific Na ⁺ sequestration in wheat roots. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2015, 6, 71.	1.7	86
33	Oscillations in plant membrane transport: model predictions, experimental validation, and physiological implications. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2006, 57, 171-184.	2.4	83
34	Root vacuolar Na ⁺ sequestration but not exclusion from uptake correlates with barley salt tolerance. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2019, 100, 55-67.	2.8	80
35	An early ABA-induced stomatal closure, Na ⁺ sequestration in leaf vein and K ⁺ retention in mesophyll confer salt tissue tolerance in Cucurbita species. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2018, 69, 4945-4960.	2.4	77
36	Rutin, a flavonoid with antioxidant activity, improves plant salinity tolerance by regulating K ⁺ retention and Na ⁺ exclusion from leaf mesophyll in quinoa and broad beans. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2016, 43, 75.	1.1	76

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37	Na ⁺ extrusion from the cytosol and tissue-specific Na ⁺ sequestration in roots confer differential salt stress tolerance between durum and bread wheat. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2018, 69, 3987-4001.	2.4	73
38	GABA operates upstream of H ⁺ -ATPase and improves salinity tolerance in Arabidopsis by enabling cytosolic K ⁺ retention and Na ⁺ exclusion. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2019, 70, 6349-6361.	2.4	73
39	GORK Channel: A Master Switch of Plant Metabolism?. <i>Trends in Plant Science</i> , 2020, 25, 434-445.	4.3	73
40	Waterlogging tolerance in barley is associated with faster aerenchyma formation in adventitious roots. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2015, 394, 355-372.	1.8	72
41	Piriformospora indica improves salinity stress tolerance in Zea mays L. plants by regulating Na ⁺ and K ⁺ loading in root and allocating K ⁺ in shoot. <i>Plant Growth Regulation</i> , 2018, 86, 323-331.	1.8	71
42	Tissue-Specific Regulation of Na ⁺ and K ⁺ Transporters Explains Genotypic Differences in Salinity Stress Tolerance in Rice. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2019, 10, 1361.	1.7	67
43	Effect of Secondary Metabolites Associated with Anaerobic Soil Conditions on Ion Fluxes and Electrophysiology in Barley Roots. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2007, 145, 266-276.	2.3	63
44	Acid and NaCl Limits to Growth of <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> and Influence of Sequence of Inimical Acid and NaCl Levels on Inactivation Kinetics. <i>Journal of Food Protection</i> , 2008, 71, 1169-1177.	0.8	61
45	Kinetics of net H ⁺ , Ca ²⁺ , K ⁺ , Na ⁺ , and Cl ⁻ fluxes associated with post-chilling recovery of plasma membrane transporters in Zea mays leaf and root tissues. <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2002, 114, 47-56.	2.6	59
46	The Native Copper- and Zinc- Binding Protein Metallothionein Blocks Copper-Mediated A β Aggregation and Toxicity in Rat Cortical Neurons. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2010, 5, e12030.	1.1	58
47	Potassium retention in leaf mesophyll as an element of salinity tissue tolerance in halophytes. <i>Plant Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2016, 109, 346-354.	2.8	58
48	Evaluating relative contribution of osmotolerance and tissue tolerance mechanisms toward salinity stress tolerance in three <i>Brassica</i> species. <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2016, 158, 135-151.	2.6	58
49	Identification of aerenchyma formation-related QTL in barley that can be effective in breeding for waterlogging tolerance. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2016, 129, 1167-1177.	1.8	58
50	Back to the Wild: On a Quest for Donors Toward Salinity Tolerant Rice. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2020, 11, 323.	1.7	54
51	Linking oxidative and salinity stress tolerance in barley: can root antioxidant enzyme activity be used as a measure of stress tolerance?. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2013, 365, 141-155.	1.8	53
52	Sequential depolarization of root cortical and stelar cells induced by an acute salt shock â€“ implications for Na ⁺ and K ⁺ transport into xylem vessels. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2011, 34, 859-869.	2.8	51
53	Insect haptoelectrical stimulation of Venus flytrap triggers exocytosis in gland cells. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, 4822-4827.	3.3	50
54	A new major-effect QTL for waterlogging tolerance in wild barley (<i>H. spontaneum</i>). <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2017, 130, 1559-1568.	1.8	50

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55	Residual transpiration as a component of salinity stress tolerance mechanism: a case study for barley. <i>BMC Plant Biology</i> , 2017, 17, 107.	1.6	49
56	Hydrogen Peroxide-Induced Root Ca ²⁺ and K ⁺ Fluxes Correlate with Salt Tolerance in Cereals: Towards the Cell-Based Phenotyping. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2018, 19, 702.	1.8	49
57	Electrical signalling and cytokinins mediate effects of light and root cutting on ion uptake in intact plants. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2009, 32, 194-207.	2.8	48
58	Durum and Bread Wheat Differ in Their Ability to Retain Potassium in Leaf Mesophyll: Implications for Salinity Stress Tolerance. <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , 2014, 55, 1749-1762.	1.5	48
59	Cyclic mononucleotides modulate potassium and calcium flux responses to H ₂ O ₂ in Arabidopsis roots. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 2014, 588, 1008-1015.	1.3	48
60	Exogenously Applied 24-Epibrassinolide (EBL) Ameliorates Detrimental Effects of Salinity by Reducing K ⁺ Efflux via Depolarization-Activated K ⁺ Channels. <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , 2017, 58, 802-810.	1.5	48
61	Hypoxia-induced increase in GABA content is essential for restoration of membrane potential and preventing ROS-induced disturbance to ion homeostasis. <i>Plant Communications</i> , 2021, 2, 100188.	3.6	47
62	Responses of <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> to Acid Stress and Glucose Availability Revealed by a Novel Combination of Fluorescence Microscopy and Microelectrode Ion-Selective Techniques. <i>Applied and Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2002, 68, 1794-1802.	1.4	46
63	Revealing the roles of GORK channels and NADPH oxidase in acclimation to hypoxia in Arabidopsis. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2017, 68, erw378.	2.4	46
64	Measurements of net fluxes and extracellular changes of H ⁺ , Ca ²⁺ , K ⁺ , and NH ₄ ⁺ in <i>Escherichia coli</i> using ion-selective microelectrodes. <i>Journal of Microbiological Methods</i> , 2001, 46, 119-129.	0.7	45
65	Linking oxygen availability with membrane potential maintenance and K ⁺ retention of barley roots: implications for waterlogging stress tolerance. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2014, 37, 2325-2338.	2.8	45
66	Linking osmotic adjustment and stomatal characteristics with salinity stress tolerance in contrasting barley accessions. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2015, 42, 252.	1.1	43
67	Responses of <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> to acid stress and glucose availability monitored by measurements of intracellular pH and viable counts. <i>International Journal of Food Microbiology</i> , 2002, 75, 89-97.	2.1	42
68	Identification of QTL Related to ROS Formation under Hypoxia and Their Association with Waterlogging and Salt Tolerance in Barley. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2019, 20, 699.	1.8	42
69	Role of a Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase Cascade in Ion Flux-Mediated Turgor Regulation in Fungi. <i>Eukaryotic Cell</i> , 2006, 5, 480-487.	3.4	41
70	K ⁺ and Kv1.3 channels mediate potassium efflux in the early phase of apoptosis in Jurkat T lymphocytes. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2009, 297, C1544-C1553.	2.1	41
71	Plasma membrane Ca ²⁺ transporters mediate virus-induced acquired resistance to oxidative stress. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2011, 34, 406-417.	2.8	41
72	Evidence for multiple receptors mediating RALF-triggered Ca ²⁺ signaling and proton pump inhibition. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2020, 104, 433-446.	2.8	40

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73	<i>Listeria innocua</i> and <i>Lactobacillus delbrueckii</i> subsp. <i>bulgaricus</i> employ different strategies to cope with acid stress. <i>International Journal of Food Microbiology</i> , 2006, 110, 1-7.	2.1	39
74	A comparative analysis of stomatal traits and photosynthetic responses in closely related halophytic and glycophytic species under saline conditions. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2021, 181, 104300.	2.0	36
75	Calcium Efflux as a Component of the Hypersensitive Response of <i>Nicotiana benthamiana</i> to <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> . <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , 2008, 49, 40-46.	1.5	35
76	Factors determining stomatal and non-stomatal (residual) transpiration and their contribution towards salinity tolerance in contrasting barley genotypes. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2018, 153, 10-20.	2.0	34
77	Understanding physiological and morphological traits contributing to drought tolerance in barley. <i>Journal of Agronomy and Crop Science</i> , 2019, 205, 129-140.	1.7	34
78	Calcium-Dependent Hydrogen Peroxide Mediates Hydrogen-Rich Water-Reduced Cadmium Uptake in Plant Roots. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2020, 183, 1331-1344.	2.3	34
79	Revealing mechanisms of salinity tissue tolerance in succulent halophytes: <i>A</i> case study for <i>Carpobrotus rossi</i> . <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2018, 41, 2654-2667.	2.8	33
80	Plasma membrane H ⁺ and K ⁺ transporters are involved in the weak-acid preservative response of disparate food spoilage yeasts. <i>Microbiology (United Kingdom)</i> , 2005, 151, 1995-2003.	0.7	32
81	Identification of new QTL for salt tolerance from rice variety Pokkali. <i>Journal of Agronomy and Crop Science</i> , 2020, 206, 202-213.	1.7	31
82	The ability to regulate voltage-gated K ⁺ -permeable channels in the mature root epidermis is essential for waterlogging tolerance in barley. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2018, 69, 667-680.	2.4	30
83	Osmotic adjustment and requirement for sodium in marine protist thraustochytrid. <i>Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2009, 11, 1835-1843.	1.8	29
84	Cell-Based Phenotyping Reveals QTL for Membrane Potential Maintenance Associated with Hypoxia and Salinity Stress Tolerance in Barley. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2017, 8, 1941.	1.7	29
85	The loss of RBOHD function modulates root adaptive responses to combined hypoxia and salinity stress in <i>Arabidopsis</i> . <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2019, 158, 125-135.	2.0	29
86	Lipid kinases PIP5K7 and PIP5K9 are required for polyamine-triggered K ⁺ efflux in <i>Arabidopsis</i> roots. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2020, 104, 416-432.	2.8	28
87	Developing and validating a high-throughput assay for salinity tissue tolerance in wheat and barley. <i>Planta</i> , 2015, 242, 847-857.	1.6	26
88	Antioxidant Enzymatic Activity and Osmotic Adjustment as Components of the Drought Tolerance Mechanism in <i>Carex duriuscula</i> . <i>Plants</i> , 2021, 10, 436.	1.6	25
89	Plant ionic relation and whole-plant physiological responses to waterlogging, salinity and their combination in barley. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2017, 44, 941.	1.1	24
90	Chloroplast-generated ROS dominate NaCl-induced K ⁺ efflux in wheat leaf mesophyll. <i>Plant Signaling and Behavior</i> , 2015, 10, e1013793.	1.2	23

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91	Changes in Expression Level of OsHKT1;5 Alters Activity of Membrane Transporters Involved in K ⁺ and Ca ²⁺ Acquisition and Homeostasis in Salinized Rice Roots. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2020, 21, 4882.	1.8	23
92	Homology Modeling Identifies Crucial Amino-Acid Residues That Confer Higher Na ⁺ Transport Capacity of OcHKT1;5 from <i>Oryza coarctata</i> Roxb. <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , 2020, 61, 1321-1334.	1.5	23
93	Ion transport in broad bean leaf mesophyll under saline conditions. <i>Planta</i> , 2014, 240, 729-743.	1.6	22
94	Comparing Kinetics of Xylem Ion Loading and Its Regulation in Halophytes and Glycophytes. <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , 2020, 61, 403-415.	1.5	22
95	Sodium sequestration confers salinity tolerance in an ancestral wild rice. <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2021, 172, 1594-1608.	2.6	22
96	Near-isogenic lines developed for a major QTL on chromosome arm 4HL conferring Fusarium crown rot resistance in barley. <i>Euphytica</i> , 2016, 209, 555-563.	0.6	21
97	Ion Flux Measurements Using the MIFE Technique. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2013, 953, 171-183.	0.4	21
98	To exclude or to accumulate? Revealing the role of the sodium HKT1;5 transporter in plant adaptive responses to varying soil salinity. <i>Plant Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2021, 169, 333-342.	2.8	20
99	Extracellular Spermine Triggers a Rapid Intracellular Phosphatidic Acid Response in Arabidopsis, Involving PLD β Activation and Stimulating Ion Flux. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2019, 10, 601.	1.7	19
100	Evolutionary Significance of NHX Family and NHX1 in Salinity Stress Adaptation in the Genus <i>Oryza</i> . <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2022, 23, 2092.	1.8	19
101	Temperature influences waterlogging stress-induced damage in Arabidopsis through the regulation of photosynthesis and hypoxia-related genes. <i>Plant Growth Regulation</i> , 2019, 89, 143-152.	1.8	18
102	Leaf mesophyll K ⁺ and Cl ⁻ fluxes and reactive oxygen species production predict rice salt tolerance at reproductive stage in greenhouse and field conditions. <i>Plant Growth Regulation</i> , 2020, 92, 53-64.	1.8	18
103	Understanding the mechanistic basis of adaptation of perennial <i>Sarcocornia quinqueflora</i> species to soil salinity. <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2021, 172, 1997-2010.	2.6	18
104	Fish gill damage by harmful microalgae newly explored by microelectrode ion flux estimation techniques. <i>Harmful Algae</i> , 2018, 80, 55-63.	2.2	17
105	Endomembrane Ca ²⁺ -ATPases play a significant role in virus-induced adaptation to oxidative stress. <i>Plant Signaling and Behavior</i> , 2011, 6, 1053-1056.	1.2	16
106	Microhair on the adaxial leaf surface of salt secreting halophytic <i>Oryza coarctata</i> Roxb. show distinct morphotypes: Isolation for molecular and functional analysis. <i>Plant Science</i> , 2019, 285, 248-257.	1.7	16
107	Developing a high-throughput phenotyping method for oxidative stress tolerance in barley roots. <i>Plant Methods</i> , 2019, 15, 12.	1.9	16
108	Distinct Evolutionary Origins of Intron Retention Splicing Events in NHX1 Antiporter Transcripts Relate to Sequence Specific Distinctions in <i>Oryza</i> Species. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2020, 11, 267.	1.7	16

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109	Prolonged $A\hat{2}$ treatment leads to impairment in the ability of primary cortical neurons to maintain K^+ and Ca^{2+} homeostasis. <i>Molecular Neurodegeneration</i> , 2010, 5, 30.	4.4	15
110	Thraustochytrids Can Be Grown in Low-Salt Media Without Affecting PUFA Production. <i>Marine Biotechnology</i> , 2013, 15, 437-444.	1.1	15
111	Evaluation of salt tolerance and contributing ionic mechanism in nine Hami melon landraces in Xinjiang, China. <i>Scientia Horticulturae</i> , 2018, 237, 277-286.	1.7	14
112	Understanding the role of root-related traits in salinity tolerance of quinoa accessions with contrasting epidermal bladder cell patterning. <i>Planta</i> , 2020, 251, 103.	1.6	14
113	Conditioning of Roots with Hypoxia Increases Aluminum and Acid Stress Tolerance by Mitigating Activation of $K^{sup}+$ Efflux Channels by ROS in Barley: Insights into Cross-Tolerance Mechanisms. <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , 2016, 57, 160-173.	1.5	13
114	Unravelling the physiological basis of salinity stress tolerance in cultivated and wild rice species. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2022, 49, 351-364.	1.1	12
115	A Thermodynamic Model of Monovalent Cation Homeostasis in the Yeast <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> . <i>PLoS Computational Biology</i> , 2016, 12, e1004703.	1.5	10
116	Quantifying Kinetics of Net Ion Fluxes from Plant Tissues by Non-invasive Microelectrode Measuring MIFE Technique. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2012, 913, 119-134.	0.4	9
117	Revealing the Role of the Calcineurin B-Like Protein-Interacting Protein Kinase 9 (CIPK9) in Rice Adaptive Responses to Salinity, Osmotic Stress, and K^+ Deficiency. <i>Plants</i> , 2021, 10, 1513.	1.6	9
118	Effects of Verapamil and Gadolinium on Caffeine-Induced Contractures and Calcium Fluxes in Frog Slow Skeletal Muscle Fibers. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 2008, 221, 7-13.	1.0	8
119	Understanding the mechanistic basis of ameliorating effects of hydrogen rich water on salinity tolerance in barley. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2020, 177, 104136.	2.0	8
120	Root K^+ homeostasis and signalling as a determinant of salinity stress tolerance in cultivated and wild rice species. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2022, 201, 104944.	2.0	8
121	Mechanisms underlying turgor regulation in the estuarine alga <i>Valoniopsis</i> (<i>Valoniopsis</i>) exposed to hyperosmotic shock. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2015, 38, 1514-1527.	2.8	7
122	Tissue-specificity of ROS-induced K^+ and Ca^{2+} fluxes in succulent stems of the perennial halophyte <i>Sarcocornia quinqueflora</i> in the context of salinity stress tolerance. <i>Plant Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2021, 166, 1022-1031.	2.8	7
123	Cation transporters in cell fate determination and plant adaptive responses to a low-oxygen environment. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2022, 73, 636-645.	2.4	7
124	Comparative Analysis of Root Na^+ Relation under Salinity between <i>Oryza sativa</i> and <i>Oryza coarctata</i> . <i>Plants</i> , 2022, 11, 656.	1.6	7
125	Exposure of colonic epithelial cells to oxidative and endoplasmic reticulum stress causes rapid potassium efflux and calcium influx. <i>Cell Biochemistry and Function</i> , 2013, 31, 603-611.	1.4	6
126	Redox-active $Cu(II)$ causes substantial changes in axonal integrity in cultured cortical neurons in an oxidative-stress dependent manner. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2012, 237, 499-506.	2.0	6

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127	Effects of Potassium Availability on Growth and Development of Barley Cultivars. <i>Agronomy</i> , 2021, 11, 2269.	1.3	6
128	Tg2576 Cortical Neurons That Express Human Ab Are Susceptible to Extracellular A β -Induced, K ⁺ Efflux Dependent Neurodegeneration. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e19026.	1.1	5
129	Organic vs inorganic. <i>Communicative and Integrative Biology</i> , 2009, 2, 74-75.	0.6	4
130	Studying Membrane Transport Processes by Non-invasive Microelectrodes: Basic Principles and Methods. , 2012, , 167-186.		4
131	Noninvasive Microelectrode Ion Flux Estimation Technique (MIFE) for the Study of the Regulation of Root Membrane Transport by Cyclic Nucleotides. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2013, 1016, 95-106.	0.4	4
132	Proto Kranz-like leaf traits and cellular ionic regulation are associated with salinity tolerance in a halophytic wild rice. <i>Stress Biology</i> , 2022, 2, 1.	1.5	4
133	Plant Breeding for Flood Tolerance: Advances and Limitations. , 2015, , 43-72.		2
134	Reduced apoplastic barriers in tissues of shoot-proximal rhizomes of <i>Oryza coarctata</i> are associated with Na ⁺ sequestration. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2022, 73, 998-1015.	2.4	2
135	Membrane transport activity and ultradian ion flux oscillations associated with cell cycle of <i>Thraustochytrium</i> sp.. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2001, 28, 87.	1.1	2
136	Development of suberized barrier is critical for ion partitioning between senescent and non-senescent tissues in a succulent halophyte <i>Sarcocornia quinqueflora</i> . <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2022, 194, 104692.	2.0	2