List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4934082/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



FLINE L KORENROMP

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Chlamydia, gonorrhoea, trichomoniasis and syphilis: global prevalence and incidence estimates, 2016. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2019, 97, 548-562P.	1.5	985
2	The burden of malaria mortality among African children in the year 2000. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 35, 691-704.	0.9	240
3	Global burden of maternal and congenital syphilis and associated adverse birth outcomes—Estimates for 2016 and progress since 2012. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0211720.	1.1	227
4	Measurement of trends in childhood malaria mortality in Africa: an assessment of progress toward targets based on verbal autopsy. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2003, 3, 349-358.	4.6	206
5	Initial evidence of reduction of malaria cases and deaths in Rwanda and Ethiopia due to rapid scale-up of malaria prevention and treatment. Malaria Journal, 2009, 8, 14.	0.8	181
6	Effects of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Infection on Recurrence of Tuberculosis after Rifampin-Based Treatment: An Analytical Review. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2003, 37, 101-112.	2.9	153
7	Impact of malaria control on childhood anaemia in Africa - a quantitative review. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2004, 9, 1050-1065.	1.0	153
8	What proportion of episodes of gonorrhoea and chlamydia becomes symptomatic?. International Journal of STD and AIDS, 2002, 13, 91-101.	0.5	145
9	Monitoring mosquito net coverage for malaria control in Africa: possession vs. use by children under 5 years. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2003, 8, 693-703.	1.0	141
10	Expanding ART for Treatment and Prevention of HIV in South Africa: Estimated Cost and Cost-Effectiveness 2011-2050. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e30216.	1.1	125
11	Malaria Attributable to the HIV-1 Epidemic, Sub-Saharan Africa. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2005, 11, 1410-1419.	2.0	110
12	Relative risks and population attributable fraction of incident HIV associated with symptoms of sexually transmitted diseases and treatable symptomatic sexually transmitted diseases in Rakai District, Uganda. Aids, 1999, 13, 2113-2123.	1.0	106
13	Reductions in malaria and anaemia case and death burden at hospitals following scale-up of malaria control in Zanzibar, 1999-2008. Malaria Journal, 2011, 10, 46.	0.8	101
14	Prevalence of syphilis among men who have sex with men: a global systematic review and meta-analysis from 2000–20. The Lancet Global Health, 2021, 9, e1110-e1118.	2.9	99
15	Modelling HIV/AIDS epidemics in Botswana and India: impact of interventions to prevent transmission. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2002, 80, 89-96.	1.5	99
16	Lives saved by Global Fund-supported HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria programs: estimation approach and results between 2003 and end-2007. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2010, 10, 109.	1.3	86
17	PEDIATRIC MORTALITY IN AFRICA: PLASMODIUM FALCIPARUM MALARIA AS A CAUSE OR RISK?. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2004, 71, 16-24.	0.6	84
18	Model-based evaluation of single-round mass treatment of sexually transmitted diseases for HIV control in a rural African population. Aids, 2000, 14, 573-593.	1.0	78

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Economic Returns to Investment in AIDS Treatment in Low and Middle Income Countries. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e25310.	1.1	78
20	Adult gonorrhea, chlamydia and syphilis prevalence, incidence, treatment and syndromic case reporting in South Africa: Estimates using the Spectrum-STI model, 1990-2017. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0205863.	1.1	73
21	Estimating the Magnitude of STD Cofactor Effects on HIV Transmission. Sexually Transmitted Diseases, 2001, 28, 613-621.	0.8	66
22	Lives saved by tuberculosis control and prospects for achieving the 2015 global target for reducing tuberculosis mortality. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2011, 89, 573-582.	1.5	61
23	Estimating the Resources Needed and Savings Anticipated from Roll-Out of Adult Male Circumcision in Sub-Saharan Africa. PLoS ONE, 2008, 3, e2679.	1.1	55
24	Clinical Prognostic Value of RNA Viral Load and CD4 Cell Counts during Untreated HIV-1 Infection—A Quantitative Review. PLoS ONE, 2009, 4, e5950.	1.1	55
25	Trends and Predictors of Syphilis Prevalence in the General Population: Global Pooled Analyses of 1103 Prevalence Measures Including 136 Million Syphilis Tests. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2018, 66, 1184-1191.	2.9	47
26	HIV dynamics and behaviour change as determinants of the impact of sexually transmitted disease treatment on HIV transmission in the context of the Rakai trial. Aids, 2002, 16, 2209-2218.	1.0	45
27	Costing of National STI Program Implementation for the Global STI Control Strategy for the Health Sector, 2016-2021. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0170773.	1.1	42
28	HIV spread and partnership reduction for different patterns of sexual behaviour ―a study with the microsimulation model <i>STDSIM</i> . Mathematical Population Studies, 2000, 8, 135-173.	0.8	40
29	Pediatric mortality in Africa: plasmodium falciparum malaria as a cause or risk?. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2004, 71, 16-24.	0.6	40
30	Syphilis prevalence trends in adult women in 132 countries – estimations using the Spectrum Sexually Transmitted Infections model. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 11503.	1.6	38
31	Estimating the Number of Insecticide-Treated Nets Required by African Households to Reach Continent-wide Malaria Coverage Targets. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2007, 297, 2241.	3.8	36
32	Long-Term Costs and Health Impact of Continued Global Fund Support for Antiretroviral Therapy. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e21048.	1.1	34
33	Higher risk behaviour and rates of sexually transmitted diseases in Mwanza compared to Uganda may help explain HIV prevention trial outcomes. Aids, 2003, 17, 2653-2660.	1.0	33
34	Progress towards malaria control targets in relation to national malaria programme funding. Malaria Journal, 2013, 12, 18.	0.8	33
35	Impact and Cost of the HIV/AIDS National Strategic Plan for Mozambique, 2015-2019—Projections with the Spectrum/Goals Model. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0142908.	1.1	32
36	Vitamin A-fortified cooking oil reduces vitamin A deficiency in infants, young children and women: results from a programme evaluation in Indonesia. Public Health Nutrition, 2015, 18, 2511-2522.	1.1	31

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Child coverage with mosquito nets and malaria treatment from population-based surveys in african countries: a baseline for monitoring progress in roll back malaria. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2004, 71, 232-8.	0.6	31
38	Can Behavior Change Explain Increases in the Proportion of Genital Ulcers Attributable to Herpes in Sub-Saharan Africa?. Sexually Transmitted Diseases, 2002, 29, 228-238.	0.8	29
39	Estimating prevalence trends in adult gonorrhoea and syphilis in low- and middle-income countries with the Spectrum-STI model: results for Zimbabwe and Morocco from 1995 to 2016. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2017, 93, 599-606.	0.8	29
40	Methodological and Policy Limitations of Quantifying the Saving of Lives: A Case Study of the Global Fund's Approach. PLoS Medicine, 2013, 10, e1001522.	3.9	26
41	The anatomy of a malaria disaster: drug policy choice and mortality in African children. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2007, 7, 739-748.	4.6	25
42	The case for investing in the male condom. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0177108.	1.1	25
43	Framework for Evaluating the Health Impact of the Scale-Up of Malaria Control Interventions on All-Cause Child Mortality in Sub-Saharan Africa. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2017, 97, 9-19.	0.6	25
44	Quantifying HIV-1 transmission due to contaminated injections. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2007, 104, 9794-9799.	3.3	24
45	Malaria intervention scale-up in Africa: effectiveness predictions for health programme planning tools, based on dynamic transmission modelling. Malaria Journal, 2016, 15, 417.	0.8	22
46	Trends in Adult Chlamydia and Gonorrhea Prevalence, Incidence and Urethral Discharge Case Reporting in Morocco over 1995–2015—Estimates Using the Spectrum-Sexually Transmitted Infection Model. Sexually Transmitted Diseases, 2017, 44, 557-564.	0.8	19
47	The emerging health impact of voluntary medical male circumcision in Zimbabwe: An evaluation using three epidemiological models. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0199453.	1.1	19
48	Financing HIV Programming: How Much Should Low- And Middle-Income Countries and their Donors Pay?. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e67565.	1.1	19
49	Outcomes and Impact of HIV Prevention, ART and TB Programs in Swaziland – Early Evidence from Public Health Triangulation. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e69437.	1.1	19
50	Implementing the Global Plan to Stop TB, 2011–2015 – Optimizing Allocations and the Global Fund's Contribution: A Scenario Projections Study. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e38816.	1.1	17
51	Micronutrient powder distribution through Maternal, Neonatal and Child Health Weeks in Nigeria: process evaluation of feasibility and use. Public Health Nutrition, 2016, 19, 1882-1892.	1.1	17
52	World Health Organization Global Health Sector Strategy on Sexually Transmitted Infections: An Evidence-to-Action Brief for Colombia. Revista Colombiana De Obstetricia Y Ginecologia, 2017, 68, 193.	0.2	17
53	Health impact of external funding for HIV, tuberculosis and malaria: systematic review. Health Policy and Planning, 2014, 29, 650-662.	1.0	15
54	Mortality changes after grants from the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria: an econometric analysis from 1995 to 2010. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 977.	1.2	15

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Lives saved from malaria prevention in Africaevidence to sustain cost-effective gains. Malaria Journal, 2012, 11, 94.	0.8	14
56	The prevalence and incidence of active syphilis in women in Morocco, 1995-2016: Model-based estimation and implications for STI surveillance. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0181498.	1.1	14
57	Pathways and progress to enhanced global sexually transmitted infection surveillance. PLoS Medicine, 2017, 14, e1002328.	3.9	13
58	Prevalence and incidence estimates for syphilis, chlamydia, gonorrhea, and congenital syphilis in Colombia, 1995–2016. Revista Panamericana De Salud Publica/Pan American Journal of Public Health, 2018, 42, e118.	0.6	13
59	Spectrum-Malaria: a user-friendly projection tool for health impact assessment and strategic planning by malaria control programmes in sub-Saharan Africa. Malaria Journal, 2017, 16, 68.	0.8	12
60	Trends in adult chlamydia and gonorrhoea prevalence, incidence and urethral discharge case reporting in Mongolia from 1995 to 2016 – estimates using the Spectrum-STI model. Western Pacific Surveillance and Response Journal: WPSAR, 2017, 8, 20-29.	0.3	11
61	Using Health Surveillance Systems Data to Assess the Impact of AIDS and Antiretroviral Treatment on Adult Morbidity and Mortality in Botswana. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e100431.	1.1	10
62	Adult female syphilis prevalence, congenital syphilis case incidence and adverse birth outcomes, Mongolia 2000–2016: Estimates using the Spectrum STI tool. Infectious Disease Modelling, 2018, 3, 13-22.	1.2	9
63	The impact of the program for medical male circumcision on HIV in South Africa: analysis using three epidemiological models. Gates Open Research, 2021, 5, 15.	2.0	9
64	Antiretroviral Treatment Scale-Up and Tuberculosis Mortality in High TB/HIV Burden Countries: An Econometric Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0160481.	1.1	8
65	The Spectrum-STI Groups model: syphilis prevalence trends across high-risk and lower-risk populations in Yunnan, China. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 5472.	1.6	6
66	WHO method for estimating congenital syphilis to inform surveillance and service provision, Paraguay. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2022, 100, 231-236.	1.5	6
67	Impact of malaria interventions on child mortality in endemic African settings: comparison and alignment between LiST and Spectrum-Malaria model. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 781.	1.2	5
68	Scaling-up antiretroviral treatment in resource-poor countries: prioritization and choices. Aids, 2011, 25, 857-859.	1.0	3
69	Prevalence of syphilis, gonorrhoea and chlamydia in women in Fiji, the Federated States of Micronesia, Papua New Guinea and Samoa, 1995–2017: Spectrum-STI model estimates. Western Pacific Surveillance and Response Journal: WPSAR, 2020, 11, 27-40.	0.3	3
70	Reduced mortality with home-based HIV treatment in Uganda. Lancet, The, 2008, 371, 703-705.	6.3	2
71	ART in rural Uganda—efficient scale-up with home-based care?. Lancet, The, 2009, 374, 2034-2035.	6.3	2
72	HIV prevalence measurement in household surveys. Aids, 2013, 27, 285-287.	1.0	2

5

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Strategic options for syphilis control in Papua New Guinea– impact and cost-effectiveness projections using the syphilis interventions towards elimination (SITE) model. Infectious Disease Modelling, 2021, 6, 584-597.	1.2	2
74	Second Order Segmented Polynomials for Syphilis and Gonorrhea Prevalence and Incidence Trends Estimation: Application to Spectrum's Guinea-Bissau and South Africa Data. International Journal of Biostatistics, 2019, 15, .	0.4	1
75	Estimating burden of syphilis among men who have sex with men – Authors' reply. The Lancet Global Health, 2021, 9, e1649.	2.9	0