## Tiande Zou

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/492096/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

687363 713466 21 537 13 21 citations h-index g-index papers 21 21 21 713 all docs docs citations times ranked citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Polysaccharides from Enteromorpha prolifera improves insulin sensitivity and promotes adipose thermogenesis in diet-induced obese mice associated with activation of PGC-1α-FNDC5/irisin pathway. Journal of Functional Foods, 2022, 90, 104994.	3.4	3
2	Bacteriophage as an Alternative to Antibiotics Promotes Growth Performance by Regulating Intestinal Inflammation, Intestinal Barrier Function and Gut Microbiota in Weaned Piglets. Frontiers in Veterinary Science, 2021, 8, 623899.	2.2	35
3	Dietary seaweed-derived polysaccharides improve growth performance of weaned pigs through maintaining intestinal barrier function and modulating gut microbial populations. Journal of Animal Science and Biotechnology, 2021, 12, 28.	5 <b>.</b> 3	25
4	Seaweed polysaccharide mitigates intestinal barrier dysfunction induced by enterotoxigenic ⟨i⟩Escherichia coli⟨/i⟩ through NFâ€PB pathway suppression in porcine intestinal epithelial cells. Journal of Animal Physiology and Animal Nutrition, 2021, 105, 1063-1074.	2.2	14
5	Curcumin alleviates high-fat diet-induced hepatic steatosis and obesity in association with modulation of gut microbiota in mice. Food Research International, 2021, 143, 110270.	6.2	77
6	Methyl-Donor Micronutrient for Gestating Sows: Effects on Gut Microbiota and Metabolome in Offspring Piglets. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2021, 8, 675640.	3.7	7
7	Oral L-theanine administration promotes fat browning and prevents obesity in mice fed high-fat diet associated with the modulation of gut microbiota. Journal of Functional Foods, 2021, 81, 104476.	3.4	7
8	Curcumin improves insulin sensitivity and increases energy expenditure in high-fat-diet–induced obese mice associated with activation of FNDC5/irisin. Nutrition, 2021, 90, 111263.	2.4	21
9	Dietary apple polyphenols promote fat browning in highâ€fat dietâ€induced obese mice through activation of adenosine monophosphateâ€activated protein kinase α. Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture, 2020, 100, 2389-2398.	3.5	27
10	Maternal Methyl-Donor Micronutrient Supplementation During Pregnancy Promotes Skeletal Muscle Differentiation and Maturity in Newborn and Weaning Pigs. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2020, 7, 609022.	3.7	10
11	Effects of Dietary Fat Sources during Late Gestation on Colostrum Quality and Mammary Gland Inflammation in Lipopolysaccharide-Challenged Sows. Animals, 2020, 10, 319.	2.3	7
12	Dietary guanidinoacetic acid improves the growth performance and skeletal muscle development of finishing pigs through changing myogenic gene expression and myofibre characteristics. Journal of Animal Physiology and Animal Nutrition, 2020, 104, 1875-1883.	2.2	17
13	Raspberry supplementation reduces lipid accumulation and improves insulin sensitivity in skeletal muscle of mice fed a high-fat diet. Journal of Functional Foods, 2019, 63, 103572.	3.4	16
14	Raspberry promotes brown and beige adipocyte development in mice fed high-fat diet through activation of AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK) $\hat{l}\pm 1$ . Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry, 2018, 55, 157-164.	4.2	43
15	Raspberry alleviates obesity-induced inflammation and insulin resistance in skeletal muscle through activation of AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK) $\hat{l}\pm 1$ . Nutrition and Diabetes, 2018, 8, 39.	3.2	38
16	Moderate Maternal Energy Restriction During Gestation in Pigs Attenuates Fetal Skeletal Muscle Development Through Changing Myogenic Gene Expression and Myofiber Characteristics. Reproductive Sciences, 2017, 24, 156-167.	2.5	10
17	Resveratrol supplementation of highâ€fat dietâ€fed pregnant mice promotes brown and beige adipocyte development and prevents obesity in male offspring. Journal of Physiology, 2017, 595, 1547-1562.	2.9	122
18	MicroRNA expression profiles differ between primary myofiber of lean and obese pig breeds. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0181897.	2.5	20

## TIANDE ZOU

#	Article	IF	CITATION
19	Moderately decreased maternal dietary energy intake during pregnancy reduces fetal skeletal muscle mitochondrial biogenesis in the pigs. Genes and Nutrition, $2016,11,19.$	2.5	19
20	Moderately increased maternal dietary energy intake delays foetal skeletal muscle differentiation and maturity in pigs. European Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 55, 1777-1787.	3.9	15
21	Effects of dietary energy density and apparent ileal digestible lysine:digestible energy ratio on growth performance, meat quality, and peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor γ (PPAR̳) gene expression of muscle and adipose tissues in Landrace×Rongchang crossbred pigs. Livestock Science, 2014, 167, 219-226.	1.6	4