

Hua Rong Lu

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4890484/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

28
papers

1,224
citations

471509

17
h-index

501196

28
g-index

29
all docs

29
docs citations

29
times ranked

1408
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Identifying Acute Cardiac Hazard in Early Drug Discovery Using a Calcium Transient High-Throughput Assay in Human-Induced Pluripotent Stem Cell-Derived Cardiomyocytes. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2022, 13, 838435.	2.8	3
2	Utility of Normalized TdP Score System in Drug Proarrhythmic Potential Assessment: A Blinded <i>in vitro</i> Study of CiPA Drugs. <i>Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics</i> , 2021, 109, 1606-1617.	4.7	11
3	Comparison of the Simulated Response of Three <i>in Silico</i> Human Stem Cell-Derived Cardiomyocytes Models and <i>in Vitro</i> Data Under 15 Drug Actions. <i>Frontiers in Pharmacology</i> , 2021, 12, 604713.	3.5	15
4	Repolarization studies using human stem cell-derived cardiomyocytes: Validation studies and best practice recommendations. <i>Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology</i> , 2020, 117, 104756.	2.7	24
5	Assessing Drug-Induced Long QT and Proarrhythmic Risk Using Human Stem-Cell-Derived Cardiomyocytes in a Ca ²⁺ Imaging Assay: Evaluation of 28 CiPA Compounds at Three Test Sites. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2019, 170, 345-356.	3.1	21
6	Impact of calcium-sensitive dyes on the beating properties and pharmacological responses of human iPSC-derived cardiomyocytes using the calcium transient assay. <i>Journal of Pharmacological and Toxicological Methods</i> , 2018, 91, 80-86.	0.7	13
7	Development of a Human iPSC Cardiomyocyte-Based Scoring System for Cardiac Hazard Identification in Early Drug Safety De-risking. <i>Stem Cell Reports</i> , 2018, 11, 1365-1377.	4.8	42
8	Prognostic value of electrocardiographic time intervals and QT rate dependence in hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. <i>Journal of Electrocardiology</i> , 2018, 51, 1077-1083.	0.9	8
9	Evaluation of cardiac arrhythmic risks using a rabbit model of left ventricular systolic dysfunction. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2018, 832, 145-155.	3.5	18
10	Monitoring reperfused myocardial infarction with delayed left ventricular systolic dysfunction in rabbits by longitudinal imaging. <i>Quantitative Imaging in Medicine and Surgery</i> , 2018, 8, 754-769.	2.0	5
11	Chronic drug-induced effects on contractile motion properties and cardiac biomarkers in human induced pluripotent stem cell-derived cardiomyocytes. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2017, 174, 3766-3779.	5.4	43
12	Application of optical action potentials in human induced pluripotent stem cells-derived cardiomyocytes to predict drug-induced cardiac arrhythmias. <i>Journal of Pharmacological and Toxicological Methods</i> , 2017, 87, 53-67.	0.7	29
13	Response of Robyns to the Tse's letter to editor. <i>Annals of Noninvasive Electrocardiology</i> , 2017, 22, .	1.1	4
14	Human <i>In Silico</i> Drug Trials Demonstrate Higher Accuracy than Animal Models in Predicting Clinical Pro-Arrhythmic Cardiotoxicity. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2017, 8, 668.	2.8	227
15	Evaluation of Index of Cardio-Electrophysiological Balance (iCEB) as a New Biomarker for the Identification of Patients at Increased Arrhythmic Risk. <i>Annals of Noninvasive Electrocardiology</i> , 2016, 21, 294-304.	1.1	75
16	Assessment of drug-induced proarrhythmia: The importance of study design in the rabbit left ventricular wedge model. <i>Journal of Pharmacological and Toxicological Methods</i> , 2016, 81, 151-160.	0.7	14
17	Functional and Transcriptional Characterization of Histone Deacetylase Inhibitor-Mediated Cardiac Adverse Effects in Human Induced Pluripotent Stem Cell-Derived Cardiomyocytes. <i>Stem Cells Translational Medicine</i> , 2016, 5, 602-612.	3.3	43
18	High Throughput Measurement of Ca ⁺⁺ Dynamics in Human Stem Cell-Derived Cardiomyocytes by Kinetic Image Cytometry: A Cardiac Risk Assessment Characterization Using a Large Panel of Cardioactive and Inactive Compounds. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2015, 148, 503-516.	3.1	79

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Effect of sitagliptin treatment on metabolism and cardiac function in genetic diabetic mice. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2014, 723, 175-180.	3.5	12
20	A new biomarker “ index of Cardiac Electrophysiological Balance (ICEB) “ plays an important role in drug-induced cardiac arrhythmias: beyond QT-prolongation and Torsades de Pointes (TdPs). <i>Journal of Pharmacological and Toxicological Methods</i> , 2013, 68, 250-259.	0.7	90
21	Repolarization reserve determines drug responses in human pluripotent stem cell derived cardiomyocytes. <i>Stem Cell Research</i> , 2013, 10, 48-56.	0.7	64
22	Direct effects of arsenic trioxide on action potentials in isolated cardiac tissues: Importance of the choice of species, type of cardiac tissue and perfusion time. <i>Journal of Pharmacological and Toxicological Methods</i> , 2012, 66, 135-144.	0.7	9
23	Does terfenadine-induced ventricular tachycardia/fibrillation directly relate to its QT prolongation and Torsades de Pointes?. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2012, 166, 1490-1502.	5.4	49
24	Predicting drug-induced slowing of conduction and pro-arrhythmia: identifying the “bad” sodium current blockers. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2010, 160, 60-76.	5.4	64
25	Choice of cardiac tissue in vitro plays an important role in assessing the risk of drug-induced cardiac arrhythmias in human: Beyond QT prolongation. <i>Journal of Pharmacological and Toxicological Methods</i> , 2008, 57, 1-8.	0.7	28
26	Drug-induced long QT in isolated rabbit Purkinje fibers: importance of action potential duration, triangulation and early afterdepolarizations. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2002, 452, 183-192.	3.5	57
27	Species Plays an Important Role in Drug-Induced Prolongation of Action Potential Duration and Early Afterdepolarizations in Isolated Purkinje Fibers. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2001, 12, 93-102.	1.7	104
28	Female Gender is a Risk Factor for Drug-Induced Long QT and Cardiac Arrhythmias in an In Vivo Rabbit Model. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2001, 12, 538-545.	1.7	71