## Roy Duncan

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	A new class of fusion-associated small transmembrane (FAST) proteins encoded by the non-enveloped fusogenic reoviruses. EMBO Journal, 2000, 19, 902-912.	3.5	160
2	Sequence analysis of infectious pancreatic necrosis virus genome segment B and its encoded VP1 protein: A putative RNA-dependent RNA polymerase lacking the Gly-Asp-Asp motif. Virology, 1991, 181, 541-552.	1.1	128
3	Extensive Sequence Divergence and Phylogenetic Relationships between the Fusogenic and Nonfusogenic Orthoreoviruses: A Species Proposal. Virology, 1999, 260, 316-328.	1.1	112
4	Extensive Syncytium Formation Mediated by the Reovirus FAST Proteins Triggers Apoptosis-Induced Membrane Instability. Journal of Virology, 2005, 79, 8090-8100.	1.5	102
5	Bovine lactoferricin causes apoptosis in Jurkat T-leukemia cells by sequential permeabilization of the cell membrane and targeting of mitochondria. Experimental Cell Research, 2007, 313, 2634-2650.	1.2	101
6	Identification of conserved domains in the cell attachment proteins of the three serotypes of reovirus. Virology, 1990, 174, 399-409.	1.1	84
7	Reptilian Reovirus Utilizes a Small Type III Protein with an External Myristylated Amino Terminus To Mediate Cell-Cell Fusion. Journal of Virology, 2004, 78, 4342-4351.	1.5	76
8	The S4 Genome Segment of Baboon Reovirus Is Bicistronic and Encodes a Novel Fusion-Associated Small Transmembrane Protein. Journal of Virology, 2002, 76, 2131-2140.	1.5	74
9	Reovirus FAST proteins: virus-encoded cellular fusogens. Trends in Microbiology, 2014, 22, 715-724.	3.5	73
10	Biochemical and biophysical characterization of the reovirus cell attachment protein σ1: Evidence that it is a homotrimer. Virology, 1991, 184, 23-32.	1.1	71
11	Bioinformatics of Recent Aqua- and Orthoreovirus Isolates from Fish: Evolutionary Gain or Loss of FAST and Fiber Proteins and Taxonomic Implications. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e68607.	1.1	66
12	Citral reduces breast tumor growth by inhibiting the cancer stem cell marker ALDH1A3. Molecular Oncology, 2016, 10, 1485-1496.	2.1	65
13	Sequential Partially Overlapping Gene Arrangement in the Tricistronic S1 Genome Segments of Avian Reovirus and Nelson Bay Reovirus: Implications for Translation Initiation. Journal of Virology, 2002, 76, 609-618.	1.5	64
14	Nonclassical Resident Macrophages Are Important Determinants in the Development of Myocardial Fibrosis. American Journal of Pathology, 2015, 185, 927-942.	1.9	64
15	Structure of avian orthoreovirus virion by electron cryomicroscopy and image reconstruction. Virology, 2005, 343, 25-35.	1.1	62
16	Reptilian reovirus: a new fusogenic orthoreovirus species. Virology, 2004, 319, 131-140.	1.1	59
17	Intracellular delivery of bovine lactoferricin's antimicrobial core (RRWQWR) kills T-leukemia cells. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 2009, 388, 736-741.	1.0	53
18	Avian Reovirus-Induced Syncytium Formation Is Independent of Infectious Progeny Virus Production and Enhances the Rate, but Is Not Essential, for Virus-Induced Cytopathology and Virus Egress. Virology, 1996, 224, 453-464.	1.1	52

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19	The p14 FAST Protein of Reptilian Reovirus Increases Vesicular Stomatitis Virus Neuropathogenesis. Journal of Virology, 2009, 83, 552-561.	1.5	52
20	Liposome reconstitution of a minimal protein-mediated membrane fusion machine. EMBO Journal, 2005, 24, 2980-2988.	3.5	51
21	Characterization of Two Avian Reoviruses That Exhibit Strain-Specific Quantitative Differences in Their Syncytium-Inducing and Pathogenic Capabilities. Virology, 1998, 250, 263-272.	1.1	50
22	Myristoylation, a Protruding Loop, and Structural Plasticity Are Essential Features of a Nonenveloped Virus Fusion Peptide Motif. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2004, 279, 51386-51394.	1.6	50
23	The cell attachment proteins of type 1 and type 3 reovirus are differentially susceptible to trypsin and chymotrypsin. Virology, 1989, 170, 62-70.	1.1	48
24	Characterization of a Novel Syncytium-Inducing Baboon Reovirus. Virology, 1995, 212, 752-756.	1.1	47
25	Mapping of the large RNA genome segment of infectious pancreatic necrosis virus by hybrid arrested translation. Virology, 1987, 158, 211-217.	1.1	46
26	Birnavirus VP1 Proteins Form a Distinct Subgroup of RNA-Dependent RNA Polymerases Lacking a GDD Motif. Virology, 2002, 296, 241-250.	1.1	46
27	Palmitoylation, Membrane-Proximal Basic Residues, and Transmembrane Glycine Residues in the Reovirus p10 Protein Are Essential for Syncytium Formation. Journal of Virology, 2003, 77, 9769-9779.	1.5	46
28	Structural and Functional Properties of an Unusual Internal Fusion Peptide in a Nonenveloped Virus Membrane Fusion Protein. Journal of Virology, 2004, 78, 2808-2818.	1.5	46
29	Piscine reovirus encodes a cytotoxic, non-fusogenic, integral membrane protein and previously unrecognized virion outer-capsid proteins. Journal of General Virology, 2013, 94, 1039-1050.	1.3	44
30	Conformational and functional analysis of the C-terminal globular head of the reovirus cell attachment protein. Virology, 1991, 182, 810-819.	1.1	43
31	A Virus-Encoded Cell–Cell Fusion Machine Dependent on Surrogate Adhesins. PLoS Pathogens, 2008, 4, e1000016.	2.1	43
32	The N-terminal heptad repeat region of reovirus cell attachment protein $lf1$ is responsible for $lf1$ oligomer stability and possesses intrinsic oligomerization function. Virology, 1991, 182, 336-345.	1.1	41
33	Aquareovirus Effects Syncytiogenesis by Using a Novel Member of the FAST Protein Family Translated from a Noncanonical Translation Start Site. Journal of Virology, 2009, 83, 5951-5955.	1.5	41
34	Fusogenic Reoviruses and Their Fusion-Associated Small Transmembrane (FAST) Proteins. Annual Review of Virology, 2019, 6, 341-363.	3.0	41
35	Unusual Topological Arrangement of Structural Motifs in the Baboon Reovirus Fusion-Associated Small Transmembrane Protein. Journal of Virology, 2005, 79, 6216-6226.	1.5	40
36	Membrane Perturbation Elicits an IRF3-Dependent, Interferon-Independent Antiviral Response. Journal of Virology, 2011, 85, 10926-10931.	1.5	39

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37	Reovirus FAST Protein Transmembrane Domains Function in a Modular, Primary Sequence-Independent Manner To Mediate Cell-Cell Membrane Fusion. Journal of Virology, 2009, 83, 2941-2950.	1.5	37
38	Site-directed mutagenesis of the C-terminal portion of reovirus protein $if$ 1: Evidence for a conformation-dependent receptor binding domain. Virology, 1992, 186, 219-227.	1.1	36
39	The Low pH-Dependent Entry of Avian Reovirus Is Accompanied by Two Specific Cleavages of the Major Outer Capsid Protein μ2C. Virology, 1996, 219, 179-189.	1.1	36
40	Features of a Spatially Constrained Cystine Loop in the p10 FAST Protein Ectodomain Define a New Class of Viral Fusion Peptides. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2010, 285, 16424-16433.	1.6	36
41	Cell-Cell Membrane Fusion Induced by p15 Fusion-associated Small Transmembrane (FAST) Protein Requires a Novel Fusion Peptide Motif Containing a Myristoylated Polyproline Type II Helix. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2012, 287, 3403-3414.	1.6	36
42	Reovirus FAST Protein Enhances Vesicular Stomatitis Virus Oncolytic Virotherapy in Primary and Metastatic Tumor Models. Molecular Therapy - Oncolytics, 2017, 6, 80-89.	2.0	35
43	The p14 Fusion-associated Small Transmembrane (FAST) Protein Effects Membrane Fusion from a Subset of Membrane Microdomains. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2006, 281, 31778-31789.	1.6	32
44	HDAC6 differentially regulates autophagy in stem-like versus differentiated cancer cells. Autophagy, 2019, 15, 686-706.	4.3	32
45	Golgi complex–plasma membrane trafficking directed by an autonomous, tribasic Golgi export signal. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2014, 25, 866-878.	0.9	30
46	Enhanced Fusion Pore Expansion Mediated by the Trans-Acting Endodomain of the Reovirus FAST Proteins. PLoS Pathogens, 2009, 5, e1000331.	2.1	28
47	The Reovirus Fusion-Associated Small Transmembrane (FAST) Proteins: Virus-Encoded Cellular Fusogens. Current Topics in Membranes, 2011, 68, 107-140.	0.5	28
48	Efficient Reovirus- and Measles Virus-Mediated Pore Expansion during Syncytium Formation Is Dependent on Annexin A1 and Intracellular Calcium. Journal of Virology, 2014, 88, 6137-6147.	1.5	28
49	Multifaceted Sequence-Dependent and -Independent Roles for Reovirus FAST Protein Cytoplasmic Tails in Fusion Pore Formation and Syncytiogenesis. Journal of Virology, 2009, 83, 12185-12195.	1.5	27
50	C-terminal Trimerization, but Not N-terminal Trimerization, of the Reovirus Cell Attachment Protein Is a Posttranslational and Hsp70/ATP-dependent Process. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 1996, 271, 8466-8471.	1.6	25
51	Cell-Cell Fusion Induced by the Avian Reovirus Membrane Fusion Protein Is Regulated by Protein Degradation. Journal of Virology, 2004, 78, 5996-6004.	1.5	25
52	Sequences of avian reovirus M1, M2 and M3 genes and predicted structure/function of the encoded μ proteins. Virus Research, 2006, 116, 45-57.	1.1	24
53	Synaptopodin-2 induces assembly of peripheral actin bundles and immature focal adhesions to promote lamellipodia formation and prostate cancer cell migration. Oncotarget, 2015, 6, 11162-11174.	0.8	24
54	Trimerization of the reovirus cell attachment protein (ÏfI) induces conformational changes in ÏfI necessary for its cell-binding function. Virology, 1991, 184, 758-761.	1.1	23

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55	A Compact, Multifunctional Fusion Module Directs Cholesterol-Dependent Homomultimerization and Syncytiogenic Efficiency of Reovirus p10 FAST Proteins. PLoS Pathogens, 2014, 10, e1004023.	2.1	23
56	Localization of Two Protease-Sensitive Regions Separating Distinct Domains in the Reovirus Cell-Attachment Protein l $f1$ . Virology, 1994, 203, 149-152.	1.1	22
57	A novel tribasic Golgi export signal directs cargo protein interaction with activated Rab11 and AP-1–dependent Golgi–plasma membrane trafficking. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2016, 27, 1320-1331.	0.9	21
58	Virion Structure of Baboon Reovirus, a Fusogenic Orthoreovirus That Lacks an Adhesion Fiber. Journal of Virology, 2011, 85, 7483-7495.	1.5	20
59	Different activities of the reovirus FAST proteins and influenza hemagglutinin in cell–cell fusion assays and in response to membrane curvature agents. Virology, 2010, 397, 119-129.	1.1	19
60	Facilitated leaky scanning and atypical ribosome shunting direct downstream translation initiation on the tricistronic S1 mRNA of avian reovirus. Nucleic Acids Research, 2010, 38, 7260-7272.	6.5	19
61	Homomultimerization of the reovirus p14 fusion-associated small transmembrane protein during transit through the ER-Golgi complex secretory pathway. Journal of General Virology, 2011, 92, 162-166.	1.3	19
62	Leaky Scanning and Scanning-independent Ribosome Migration on the Tricistronic S1 mRNA of Avian Reovirus. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2007, 282, 25613-25622.	1.6	18
63	Helix-Destabilizing, β-Branched, and Polar Residues in the Baboon Reovirus p15 Transmembrane Domain Influence the Modularity of FAST Proteins. Journal of Virology, 2011, 85, 4707-4719.	1.5	18
64	Reovirus FAST Proteins Drive Pore Formation and Syncytiogenesis Using a Novel Helix-Loop-Helix Fusion-Inducing Lipid Packing Sensor. PLoS Pathogens, 2015, 11, e1004962.	2.1	18
65	Polybasic Trafficking Signal Mediates Golgi Export, ER Retention or ER Export and Retrieval Based on Membrane-Proximity. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e94194.	1.1	18
66	Myogenic differentiation triggers PML nuclear body loss and DAXX relocalization to chromocentres. Cell Death and Disease, 2017, 8, e2724-e2724.	2.7	17
67	Avian Reovirus Major μ-Class Outer Capsid Protein Influences Efficiency of Productive Macrophage Infection in a Virus Strain-Specific Manner. Journal of Virology, 2001, 75, 5027-5035.	1.5	16
68	Expression in Escherichia coli of the major outer capsid protein of infectious pancreatic necrosis virus. Gene, 1989, 79, 369-374.	1.0	14
69	Identification and Characterization of a Baboon Reovirus-Specific Nonstructural Protein Encoded by the Bicistronic S4 Genome Segment. Virology, 2002, 304, 44-52.	1.1	14
70	Lysophosphatidylcholine Reversibly Arrests Pore Expansion during Syncytium Formation Mediated by Diverse Viral Fusogens. Journal of Virology, 2014, 88, 6528-6531.	1.5	14
71	The p10 FAST protein fusion peptide functions as a cystine noose to induce cholesterol-dependent liposome fusion without liposome tubulation. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Biomembranes, 2015, 1848, 408-416.	1.4	14
72	The p14 Fusion-associated Small Transmembrane (FAST) Protein Effects Membrane Fusion from a Subset of Membrane Microdomains. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2006, 281, 31778-31789.	1.6	14

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73	Generation and Genetic Characterization of Avian Reovirus Temperature-Sensitive Mutants. Virology, 2001, 284, 113-122.	1.1	13
74	Myopodin isoforms alter the chemokinetic response of PC3 cells in response to different migration stimuli via differential effects on Rho-ROCK signaling pathways. Carcinogenesis, 2012, 33, 2100-2107.	1.3	12
75	Prostate cancer cell migration induced by myopodin isoforms is associated with formation of morphologically and biochemically distinct actin networks. FASEB Journal, 2013, 27, 5046-5058.	0.2	12
76	Polycistronic Genome Segment Evolution and Gain and Loss of FAST Protein Function during Fusogenic Orthoreovirus Speciation. Viruses, 2020, 12, 702.	1.5	9
77	Recessive Mutations in SYNPO2 as a Candidate of Monogenic Nephrotic Syndrome. Kidney International Reports, 2021, 6, 472-483.	0.4	7
78	Antigenic and Genomic Differences of Two Jasper Strains of Infectious Pancreatic Necrosis Virus. Intervirology, 1992, 34, 197-201.	1.2	6
79	Myomaker and Myomerger: It Takes Two to Make One. Developmental Cell, 2018, 46, 676-678.	3.1	4
80	Structure, amphipathy, and topology of the membrane-proximal helix 8 influence apelin receptor plasma membrane localization. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Biomembranes, 2019, 1861, 183036.	1.4	4
81	Biophysical and functional assays for viral membrane fusion peptides. Methods, 2011, 55, 122-126.	1.9	2
82	Orthoreovirus. , 2011, , 1611-1620.		1

Orthoreovirus. , 2011, , 1611-1620. 82