

Naomi Ori

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

40
papers

3,942
citations

257450

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289244

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docs citations

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times ranked

3914
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Arabidopsis KNOX1 Proteins Activate Cytokinin Biosynthesis. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2005, 15, 1566-1571.	3.9	474
2	Regulation of LANCEOLATE by miR319 is required for compound-leaf development in tomato. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2007, 39, 787-791.	21.4	474
3	Mechanisms of Cross Talk between Gibberellin and Other Hormones. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2007, 144, 1240-1246.	4.8	427
4	The NAC-domain transcription factor GOBLET specifies leaflet boundaries in compound tomato leaves. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2009, 136, 823-832.	2.5	286
5	Cross Talk between Gibberellin and Cytokinin: The Arabidopsis GA Response Inhibitor SPINDLY Plays a Positive Role in Cytokinin Signaling. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2005, 17, 92-102.	6.6	284
6	The role of hormones in shoot apical meristem function. <i>Current Opinion in Plant Biology</i> , 2006, 9, 484-489.	7.1	207
7	Leaf development and morphogenesis. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2014, 141, 4219-4230.	2.5	199
8	Cytokinin Regulates Compound Leaf Development in Tomato. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2010, 22, 3206-3217.	6.6	152
9	Stage-Specific Regulation of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> Leaf Maturation by Class 1 KNOTTED1-LIKE HOMEODOMAIN PROTEIN. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2009, 21, 3078-3092.	6.6	148
10	The Interaction between DELLA and ARF/IAA Mediates Crosstalk between Gibberellin and Auxin Signaling to Control Fruit Initiation in Tomato. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2018, 30, 1710-1728.	6.6	129
11	Gibberellin partly mediates LANCEOLATE activity in tomato. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2011, 68, 571-582.	5.7	92
12	A Role for APETALA1/FRUITFULL Transcription Factors in Tomato Leaf Development. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2013, 25, 2070-2083.	6.6	86
13	Compound leaf development in model plant species. <i>Current Opinion in Plant Biology</i> , 2015, 23, 61-69.	7.1	85
14	Negative reciprocal interactions between gibberellin and cytokinin in tomato. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2011, 190, 609-617.	7.3	79
15	Dynamic growth program regulated by LANCEOLATE enables flexible leaf patterning. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2011, 138, 695-704.	2.5	75
16	ENTIRE and GOBLET promote leaflet development in tomato by modulating auxin response. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2012, 70, 903-915.	5.7	72
17	Hormones in tomato leaf development. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2016, 419, 132-142.	2.0	65
18	Sucrose promotes stem branching through cytokinin. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2021, 185, 1708-1721.	4.8	54

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Release of Apical Dominance in Potato Tuber Is Accompanied by Programmed Cell Death in the Apical Bud Meristem. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2012, 158, 2053-2067.	4.8	51
20	Auxin-mediated lamina growth in tomato leaves is restricted by two parallel mechanisms. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2016, 86, 443-457.	5.7	50
21	Auxin Response Dynamics During Wild-Type and entire Flower Development in Tomato. <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , 2017, 58, 1661-1672.	3.1	50
22	Meristem maintenance and compound-leaf patterning utilize common genetic mechanisms in tomato. <i>Planta</i> , 2007, 226, 941-951.	3.2	41
23	CLAUSA is a MYB Transcription Factor that Promotes Leaf Differentiation by Attenuating Cytokinin Signaling. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2016, 28, tpc.00211.2016.	6.6	40
24	Multiple Auxin-Response Regulators Enable Stability and Variability in Leaf Development. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2019, 29, 1746-1759.e5.	3.9	34
25	Etiolated Stem Branching Is a Result of Systemic Signaling Associated with Sucrose Level. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2017, 175, 734-745.	4.8	24
26	Dissecting the Biological Functions of ARF and Aux/IAA Genes. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2019, 31, 1210-1211.	6.6	24
27	Class I TCPs modulate cytokinin-induced branching and meristematic activity in tomato. <i>Plant Signaling and Behavior</i> , 2012, 7, 807-810.	2.4	23
28	The KNOXI Transcription Factor SHOOT MERISTEMLESS Regulates Floral Fate in Arabidopsis. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2018, 30, 1309-1321.	6.6	23
29	Genetic dissection of the auxin response network. <i>Nature Plants</i> , 2020, 6, 1082-1090.	9.3	23
30	Plant morphogenesis and KNOX genes. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2002, 31, 121-122.	21.4	22
31	Leaflet initiation and blade expansion are separable in compound leaf development. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2020, 104, 1073-1087.	5.7	22
32	<sc>CLAUSA</sc> restricts tomato leaf morphogenesis and <i><sc>GOBLET</sc></i> expression. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2015, 83, 888-902.	5.7	21
33	Characterization of the cytokinin sensor TCSv2 in arabidopsis and tomato. <i>Plant Methods</i> , 2020, 16, 152.	4.3	21
34	Auxin and LANCEOLATE affect leaf shape in tomato via different developmental processes. <i>Plant Signaling and Behavior</i> , 2012, 7, 1255-1257.	2.4	20
35	Coordinating the morphogenesis-differentiation balance by tweaking the cytokinin-gibberellin equilibrium. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2021, 17, e1009537.	3.5	14
36	Quantitative phenotyping of leaf margins in three dimensions, demonstrated on KNOTTED and TCP transgenics in Arabidopsis. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2014, 65, 2071-2077.	4.8	13

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37	The Tomato Leaf as a Model System for Organogenesis. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2013, 959, 1-19.	0.9	13
38	<i>CLASS-II KNOX</i> genes coordinate spatial and temporal ripening in tomato. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2022, 190, 657-668.	4.8	11
39	Coordination of differentiation rate and local patterning in compound leaf development. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 229, 3558-3572.	7.3	9
40	The VIL gene CRAWLING ELEPHANT controls maturation and differentiation in tomato via polycomb silencing. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2022, 18, e1009633.	3.5	2