

Mei Kuen Tang

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4826318/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

11
papers

185
citations

1040056

9
h-index

1281871

11
g-index

11
all docs

11
docs citations

11
times ranked

319
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Experiential learning with virtual reality: animal handling training. <i>Innovation and Education</i> , 2020, 2, .	0.6	5
2	BRE plays an essential role in preventing replicative and DNA damage-induced premature senescence. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 23506.	3.3	14
3	Integrative Analysis of the Developing Postnatal Mouse Heart Transcriptome. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0133288.	2.5	16
4	Transient acid treatment cannot induce neonatal somatic cells to become pluripotent stem cells. <i>F1000Research</i> , 2014, 3, 102.	1.6	9
5	Promyelocytic Leukemia (PML) Protein Plays Important Roles in Regulating Cell Adhesion, Morphology, Proliferation and Migration. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e59477.	2.5	16
6	Silencing BRE Expression in Human Umbilical Cord Perivascular (HUCPV) Progenitor Cells Accelerates Osteogenic and Chondrogenic Differentiation. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e67896.	2.5	18
7	Cardiogenol C can induce Mouse Hair Bulge Progenitor Cells to Transdifferentiate into Cardiomyocyte-like Cells. <i>Proteome Science</i> , 2011, 9, 3.	1.7	16
8	Comparative proteomic analysis reveals differentially expressed proteins regulated by a potential tumor promoter, BRE, in human esophageal carcinoma cells. <i>Biochemistry and Cell Biology</i> , 2008, 86, 302-311.	2.0	24
9	Cyclin I and p53 are differentially expressed during the terminal differentiation of the postnatal mouse heart. <i>Proteomics</i> , 2007, 7, 23-32.	2.2	17
10	Induction of growth arrest and polycomb gene expression by reversine allows C2C12 cells to be reprogrammed to various differentiated cell types. <i>Proteomics</i> , 2007, 7, 4303-4316.	2.2	25
11	Comparative proteomic analysis reveals a function of the novel death receptor-associated protein BRE in the regulation of prohibitin and p53 expression and proliferation. <i>Proteomics</i> , 2006, 6, 2376-2385.	2.2	25