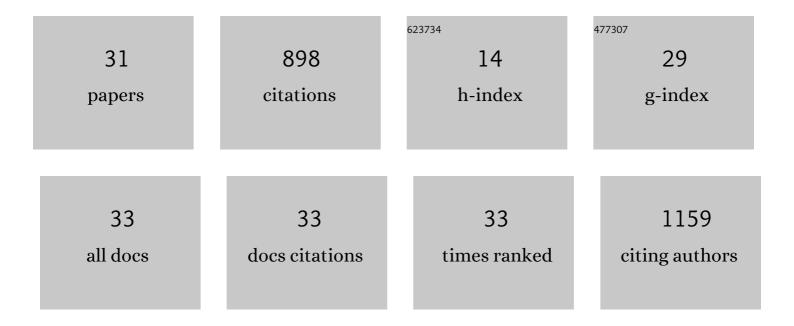
Joshua B.B. Garfield

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Anhedonia in substance use disorders: A systematic review of its nature, course and clinical correlates. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2014, 48, 36-51.	2.3	158
2	Neuropsychological and mood effects of ketamine in electroconvulsive therapy: A randomised controlled trial. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2012, 142, 233-240.	4.1	108
3	Cognitive Bias Modification Training During Inpatient Alcohol Detoxification Reduces Early Relapse: AÂRandomized Controlled Trial. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2016, 40, 2011-2019.	2.4	99
4	Evidence that anhedonia is a symptom of opioid dependence associated with recent use. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2017, 177, 29-38.	3.2	68
5	Effect of Cognitive Bias Modification on Early Relapse Among Adults Undergoing Inpatient Alcohol Withdrawal Treatment. JAMA Psychiatry, 2021, 78, 133.	11.0	65
6	Dynamic associations between opioid use and anhedonia: A longitudinal study in opioid dependence. Journal of Psychopharmacology, 2018, 32, 957-964.	4.0	58
7	Substance use outcomes following treatment: Findings from the Australian Patient Pathways Study. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2017, 51, 177-189.	2.3	50
8	Characteristics of individuals presenting to treatment for primary alcohol problems versus other drug problems in the Australian patient pathways study. BMC Psychiatry, 2016, 16, 250.	2.6	42
9	Combined effects of alcohol and caffeine on the late components of the event-related potential and on reaction time. Biological Psychology, 2006, 71, 63-73.	2.2	39
10	Speed of response in ultrabrief and brief pulse width right unilateral ECT. International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology, 2013, 16, 755-761.	2.1	25
11	Problem gambling and substance use in patients attending community mental health services. Journal of Behavioral Addictions, 2017, 6, 678-688.	3.7	22
12	Improved Quality of Life Following Addiction Treatment Is Associated with Reductions in Substance Use. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2019, 8, 1407.	2.4	20
13	Feasibility and acceptability of approach bias modification during methamphetamine withdrawal and related methamphetamine use outcomes. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2019, 106, 12-18.	2.8	17
14	Psychometric properties, validity, and reliability of the Temporal Experience of Pleasure Scale state version in an opioid-dependent sample. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2016, 161, 238-246.	3.2	16
15	A Personalized Approach Bias Modification Smartphone App ("SWiPEâ€) to Reduce Alcohol Use: Open-Label Feasibility, Acceptability, and Preliminary Effectiveness Study. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2021, 9, e31353.	3.7	14
16	Alcohol use in the year following approach bias modification during inpatient withdrawal: secondary outcomes from a doubleâ€blind, multiâ€site randomized controlled trial. Addiction, 2022, 117, 2837-2846.	3.3	14
17	The effects of FG7142 on overexpectation of Pavlovian fear conditioning Behavioral Neuroscience, 2009, 123, 75-85.	1.2	13
18	Combining approach bias modification with working memory training during inpatient alcohol withdrawal: an open-label pilot trial of feasibility and acceptability. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2019, 14, 24.	2.2	11

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Personalized Approach Bias Modification Smartphone App ("SWIPEâ€) to Reduce Alcohol Use Among People Drinking at Hazardous or Harmful Levels: Protocol for an Open-Label Feasibility Study. JMIR Research Protocols, 2020, 9, e21278.	1.0	11
20	Attention to pleasant stimuli in early adolescence predicts alcohol-related problems in mid-adolescence. Biological Psychology, 2015, 108, 43-50.	2.2	8
21	Prescribed sedative and other psychotropic medication use among clients attending alcohol and other drug treatment. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2018, 37, 738-742.	2.1	8
22	Protocol for the methamphetamine approach-avoidance training (MAAT) trial, a randomised controlled trial of personalised approach bias modification for methamphetamine use disorder. Trials, 2021, 22, 21.	1.6	7
23	Implications of Eligibility Criteria on the Generalizability of Alcohol and Drug Treatment Outcome Research: A Study of Real-World Treatment Seekers in Sweden and in Australia. Substance Use and Misuse, 2017, 52, 439-450.	1.4	6
24	Protocol for a randomised controlled trial of cognitive bias modification training during inpatient withdrawal from alcohol use disorder. Trials, 2018, 19, 598.	1.6	5
25	Associations between opioid dependence and sweet taste preference. Psychopharmacology, 2021, 238, 1473-1484.	3.1	4
26	Improved rates of treatment success following alcohol and other drug treatment among clients who quit or reduce their tobacco smoking. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2021, 40, 78-82.	2.1	3
27	Social disadvantage and past treatment among clients entering public alcohol and drug services in two Australian states. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2016, 29, 88-90.	3.3	2
28	Money wellâ€spent: Further evidence of improved outcomes for methamphetamine users following treatment. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2017, 36, E1-E3.	2.1	2
29	The influence of opioid dependence on salt consumption and related psychological parameters in mice and humans. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2019, 203, 19-26.	3.2	2
30	Relationship between measures of impulsivity in opioid-dependent individuals. Personality and Individual Differences, 2018, 120, 133-137.	2.9	1
31	Startle-elicited Event-Related Potentials to Affective Stimuli are Associated with Recent Illicit Opioid use among Patients Receiving Opioid Agonist Treatment. Clinical EEG and Neuroscience, 2021, , 155005942110701.	1.7	0