Andreas Strasser

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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459 papers 68,609 citations

122 h-index 249 g-index

473 all docs

473 docs citations

times ranked

473

56347 citing authors

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
1	Molecular mechanisms of cell death: recommendations of the Nomenclature Committee on Cell Death 2018. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2018, 25, 486-541.	5.0	4,036
2	The BCL-2 protein family: opposing activities that mediate cell death. Nature Reviews Molecular Cell Biology, 2008, 9, 47-59.	16.1	3,898
3	Control of apoptosis by the BCL-2 protein family: implications for physiology and therapy. Nature Reviews Molecular Cell Biology, 2014, 15, 49-63.	16.1	2,444
4	Apoptosis Signaling. Annual Review of Biochemistry, 2000, 69, 217-245.	5.0	1,404
5	Proapoptotic Bcl-2 Relative Bim Required for Certain Apoptotic Responses, Leukocyte Homeostasis, and to Preclude Autoimmunity. Science, 1999, 286, 1735-1738.	6.0	1,386
6	ER Stress Triggers Apoptosis by Activating BH3-Only Protein Bim. Cell, 2007, 129, 1337-1349.	13.5	1,235
7	p53- and Drug-Induced Apoptotic Responses Mediated by BH3-Only Proteins Puma and Noxa. Science, 2003, 302, 1036-1038.	6.0	1,187
8	bcl-2 transgene inhibits T cell death and perturbs thymic self-censorship. Cell, 1991, 67, 889-899.	13.5	1,062
9	Cell Death. New England Journal of Medicine, 2009, 361, 1570-1583.	13.9	1,037
10	Apoptosis Initiated When BH3 Ligands Engage Multiple Bcl-2 Homologs, Not Bax or Bak. Science, 2007, 315, 856-859.	6.0	1,021
11	Bim: a novel member of the Bcl-2 family that promotes apoptosis. EMBO Journal, 1998, 17, 384-395.	3.5	1,005
12	The Proapoptotic Activity of the Bcl-2 Family Member Bim Is Regulated by Interaction with the Dynein Motor Complex. Molecular Cell, 1999, 3, 287-296.	4.5	964
13	BH3-Only Proteinsâ€"Essential Initiators of Apoptotic Cell Death. Cell, 2000, 103, 839-842.	13.5	964
14	The Pseudokinase MLKL Mediates Necroptosis via a Molecular Switch Mechanism. Immunity, 2013, 39, 443-453.	6.6	958
15	The molecular biology of apoptosis Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 1996, 93, 2239-2244.	3.3	907
16	Novel primitive lymphoid tumours induced in transgenic mice by cooperation between myc and bcl-2. Nature, 1990, 348, 331-333.	13.7	873
17	The MCL1 inhibitor S63845 is tolerable and effective in diverse cancer models. Nature, 2016, 538, 477-482.	13.7	830
18	How does p53 induce apoptosis and how does this relate to p53-mediated tumour suppression?. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2018, 25, 104-113.	5.0	820

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19	Enforced BCL2 expression in B-lymphoid cells prolongs antibody responses and elicits autoimmune disease Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 1991, 88, 8661-8665.	3.3	815
20	The Many Roles of FAS Receptor Signaling in the Immune System. Immunity, 2009, 30, 180-192.	6.6	800
21	An evolutionary perspective on apoptosis. Cell, 1994, 76, 777-779.	13.5	757
22	Tumor Growth Need Not Be Driven by Rare Cancer Stem Cells. Science, 2007, 317, 337-337.	6.0	719
23	BH3-only Bcl-2 family member Bim is required for apoptosis of autoreactive thymocytes. Nature, 2002, 415, 922-926.	13.7	713
24	Keeping killers on a tight leash: transcriptional and post-translational control of the pro-apoptotic activity of BH3-only proteins. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2002, 9, 505-512.	5.0	662
25	Mice lacking the c-rel proto-oncogene exhibit defects in lymphocyte proliferation, humoral immunity, and interleukin-2 expression Genes and Development, 1995, 9, 1965-1977.	2.7	657
26	DNA damage can induce apoptosis in proliferating lymphoid cells via p53-independent mechanisms inhibitable by Bcl-2. Cell, 1994, 79, 329-339.	13.5	651
27	Thirty years of BCL-2: translating cell death discoveries into novel cancer therapies. Nature Reviews Cancer, 2016, 16, 99-109.	12.8	596
28	Bmf: A Proapoptotic BH3-Only Protein Regulated by Interaction with the Myosin V Actin Motor Complex, Activated by Anoikis. Science, 2001, 293, 1829-1832.	6.0	555
29	The role of BH3-only proteins in the immune system. Nature Reviews Immunology, 2005, 5, 189-200.	10.6	550
30	Apoptosis initiated by Bcl-2-regulated caspase activation independently of the cytochrome c/Apaf-1/caspase-9 apoptosome. Nature, 2002, 419, 634-637.	13.7	517
31	Activated T Cell Death In Vivo Mediated by Proapoptotic Bcl-2 Family Member Bim. Immunity, 2002, 16, 759-767.	6.6	514
32	Bcl-2 Can Rescue T Lymphocyte Development in Interleukin-7 Receptor–Deficient Mice but Not in Mutant rag-1 â^'/â^' Mice. Cell, 1997, 89, 1011-1019.	13.5	465
33	Emerging connectivity of programmed cell death pathways and its physiological implications. Nature Reviews Molecular Cell Biology, 2020, 21, 678-695.	16.1	465
34	Deciphering the rules of programmed cell death to improve therapy of cancer and other diseases. EMBO Journal, 2011, 30, 3667-3683.	3.5	432
35	Induction of BIM, a Proapoptotic BH3-Only BCL-2 Family Member, Is Critical for Neuronal Apoptosis. Neuron, 2001, 29, 615-628.	3.8	426
36	XIAP discriminates between type I and type II FAS-induced apoptosis. Nature, 2009, 460, 1035-1039.	13.7	421

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37	A dominant interfering mutant of FADD/MORT1 enhances deletion of autoreactive thymocytes and inhibits proliferation of mature T lymphocytes. EMBO Journal, 1998, 17, 706-718.	3.5	413
38	The BCL-2 protein family, BH3-mimetics and cancer therapy. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2015, 22, 1071-1080.	5.0	405
39	The role of Bcl-2 and its pro-survival relatives in tumourigenesis and cancer therapy. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2011, 18, 1414-1424.	5.0	397
40	Transgenic expression of CD95 ligand on islet cells induces a granulocytic infiltration but does not confer immune privilege upon islet allografts. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 1997, 94, 3943-3947.	3.3	365
41	Membrane-bound Fas ligand only is essential for Fas-induced apoptosis. Nature, 2009, 461, 659-663.	13.7	348
42	Anti-apoptotic Mcl-1 is essential for the development and sustained growth of acute myeloid leukemia. Genes and Development, 2012, 26, 120-125.	2.7	344
43	CONTROL OFAPOPTOSIS IN THEIMMUNESYSTEM: Bcl-2, BH3-Only Proteins and More. Annual Review of Immunology, 2003, 21, 71-105.	9.5	337
44	An Inducible Lentiviral Guide RNA Platform Enables the Identification of Tumor-Essential Genes and Tumor-Promoting Mutations InÂVivo. Cell Reports, 2015, 10, 1422-1432.	2.9	337
45	The Ubiquitin Ligase XIAP Recruits LUBAC for NOD2 Signaling in Inflammation and Innate Immunity. Molecular Cell, 2012, 46, 746-758.	4.5	336
46	BH3-only proteins â€" evolutionarily conserved proapoptotic Bcl-2 family members essential for initiating programmed cell death. Journal of Cell Science, 2002, 115, 1567-1574.	1.2	312
47	Bim and Bad mediate imatinib-induced killing of Bcr/Abl+ leukemic cells, and resistance due to their loss is overcome by a BH3 mimetic. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2006, 103, 14907-14912.	3.3	310
48	Fas death receptor signalling: roles of Bid and XIAP. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2012, 19, 42-50.	5.0	299
49	Gefitinib-Induced Killing of NSCLC Cell Lines Expressing Mutant EGFR Requires BIM and Can Be Enhanced by BH3 Mimetics. PLoS Medicine, 2007, 4, e316.	3.9	297
50	Activation of Fas by FasL induces apoptosis by a mechanism that cannot be blocked by Bcl-2 or Bcl-xL. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 1999, 96, 14871-14876.	3.3	296
51	The anti-apoptosis function of Bcl-2 can be genetically separated from its inhibitory effect on cell cycle entry. EMBO Journal, 1997, 16, 4628-4638.	3.5	290
52	RIPK1 inhibits ZBP1-driven necroptosis during development. Nature, 2016, 540, 129-133.	13.7	285
53	Mcl-1 is essential for the survival of plasma cells. Nature Immunology, 2013, 14, 290-297.	7.0	273
54	Molecular mechanisms of cell death in neurological diseases. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2021, 28, 2029-2044.	5.0	268

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55	Loss of the Pro-Apoptotic BH3-only Bcl-2 Family Member Bim Inhibits BCR Stimulation–induced Apoptosis and Deletion of Autoreactive B Cells. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 2003, 198, 1119-1126.	4.2	267
56	Degenerative Disorders Caused by Bcl-2 Deficiency Prevented by Loss of Its BH3-Only Antagonist Bim. Developmental Cell, 2001, 1, 645-653.	3.1	265
57	BH3-only proteins Puma and Bim are rate-limiting for γ-radiation– and glucocorticoid-induced apoptosis of lymphoid cells in vivo. Blood, 2005, 106, 4131-4138.	0.6	259
58	Induction of cell death by tumour necrosis factor (TNF) receptor 2,CD40 and CD30: a role for TNF-R1 activation by endogenous membrane-anchored TNF. EMBO Journal, 1999, 18, 3034-3043.	3.5	255
59	BH3-only proteins - evolutionarily conserved proapoptotic Bcl-2 family members essential for initiating programmed cell death. Journal of Cell Science, 2002, 115, 1567-74.	1.2	251
60	BH3-Mimetic Drugs: Blazing the Trail for New Cancer Medicines. Cancer Cell, 2018, 34, 879-891.	7.7	250
61	Role of STAT5 in controlling cell survival and immunoglobulin gene recombination during pro-B cell development. Nature Immunology, 2010, 11, 171-179.	7. 0	247
62	Bcl-2, Bcl-xL and adenovirus protein E1B19kD are functionally equivalent in their ability to inhibit cell death. Oncogene, 1997, 14, 405-414.	2.6	244
63	A type III effector antagonizes death receptor signalling during bacterial gut infection. Nature, 2013, 501, 247-251.	13.7	238
64	p53 Efficiently Suppresses Tumor Development in the Complete Absence of Its Cell-Cycle Inhibitory and Proapoptotic Effectors p21, Puma, and Noxa. Cell Reports, 2013, 3, 1339-1345.	2.9	238
65	B Lymphocytes Differentially Use the Rel and Nuclear Factor κB1 (NF-κB1) Transcription Factors to Regulate Cell Cycle Progression and Apoptosis in Quiescent and Mitogen-activated Cells. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 1998, 187, 663-674.	4.2	236
66	Interleukin 15–mediated survival of natural killer cells is determined by interactions among Bim, Noxa and Mcl-1. Nature Immunology, 2007, 8, 856-863.	7.0	231
67	Regulation of osteoclast apoptosis by ubiquitylation of proapoptotic BH3-only Bcl-2 family member Bim. EMBO Journal, 2003, 22, 6653-6664.	3.5	227
68	Apoptosis Regulators Fas and Bim Cooperate in Shutdown of Chronic Immune Responses and APrevention of Autoimmunity. Immunity, 2008, 28, 197-205.	6.6	225
69	Multiple rearrangements in T cell receptor alpha chain genes maximize the production of useful thymocytes Journal of Experimental Medicine, 1993, 178, 615-622.	4.2	221
70	BIM Regulates Apoptosis during Mammary Ductal Morphogenesis, and Its Absence Reveals Alternative Cell Death Mechanisms. Developmental Cell, 2007, 12, 221-234.	3.1	220
71	The role of the Bcl-2 protein family in cancer. Seminars in Cancer Biology, 2003, 13, 115-123.	4.3	219
72	Shutdown of an acute T cell immune response to viral infection is mediated by the proapoptotic Bcl-2 homology 3-only protein Bim. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2003, 100, 14175-14180.	3.3	215

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73	The Proapoptotic BH3-Only Protein Bim Is Expressed in Hematopoietic, Epithelial, Neuronal, and Germ Cells. American Journal of Pathology, 2000, 157, 449-461.	1.9	214
74	DNA Damage-Induced Primordial Follicle Oocyte Apoptosis and Loss of Fertility Require TAp63-Mediated Induction of Puma and Noxa. Molecular Cell, 2012, 48, 343-352.	4.5	214
75	XIAP Restricts TNF- and RIP3-Dependent Cell Death and Inflammasome Activation. Cell Reports, 2014, 7, 1796-1808.	2.9	210
76	bcl-2 Transgene Expression Inhibits Apoptosis in the Germinal Center and Reveals Differences in the Selection of Memory B Cells and Bone Marrow Antibody-Forming Cells. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 2000, 191, 475-484.	4.2	209
77	Puma cooperates with Bim, the rate-limiting BH3-only protein in cell death during lymphocyte development, in apoptosis induction. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 2006, 203, 2939-2951.	4.2	209
78	Antiapoptotic Mcl-1 is critical for the survival and niche-filling capacity of Foxp3+ regulatory T cells. Nature Immunology, 2013, 14, 959-965.	7.0	209
79	The anti-apoptotic activities of Rel and RelA required during B-cell maturation involve the regulation of Bcl-2 expression. EMBO Journal, 2000, 19, 6351-6360.	3.5	208
80	Tumor-Suppressor Functions of the TP53 Pathway. Cold Spring Harbor Perspectives in Medicine, 2016, 6, a026062.	2.9	201
81	Mcl-1 Is Essential for Germinal Center Formation and B Cell Memory. Science, 2010, 330, 1095-1099.	6.0	196
82	The Pseudokinase MLKL and the Kinase RIPK3 Have Distinct Roles in Autoimmune Disease Caused by Loss of Death-Receptor-Induced Apoptosis. Immunity, 2016, 45, 513-526.	6.6	191
83	Two molecular pathways initiate mitochondria-dependent dopaminergic neurodegeneration in experimental Parkinson's disease. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2007, 104, 8161-8166.	3.3	190
84	The BH3-Only Protein Bid Is Dispensable for DNA Damage- and Replicative Stress-Induced Apoptosis or Cell-Cycle Arrest. Cell, 2007, 129, 423-433.	13.5	189
85	Mitochondrial apoptosis is dispensable for <scp>NLRP</scp> 3 inflammasome activation but nonâ€apoptotic caspaseâ€8 is required for inflammasome priming. EMBO Reports, 2014, 15, 982-990.	2.0	189
86	Treatment of B-RAF mutant human tumor cells with a MEK inhibitor requires Bim and is enhanced by a BH3 mimetic. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2008, 118, 3651-3659.	3.9	184
87	Inhibitors of histone acetyltransferases KAT6A/B induce senescence and arrest tumour growth. Nature, 2018, 560, 253-257.	13.7	182
88	Cell Death in the Origin and Treatment of Cancer. Molecular Cell, 2020, 78, 1045-1054.	4.5	182
89	Is Tumor Growth Sustained by Rare Cancer Stem Cells or Dominant Clones?. Cancer Research, 2008, 68, 4018-4021.	0.4	179
90	Egalitarian binds dynein light chain to establish oocyte polarity and maintain oocyte fate. Nature Cell Biology, 2004, 6, 427-435.	4.6	178

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91	How important are post-translational modifications in p53 for selectivity in target-gene transcription and tumour suppression?. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2007, 14, 1561-1575.	5.0	175
92	In several cell types tumour suppressor p53 induces apoptosis largely via Puma but Noxa can contribute. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2008, 15, 1019-1029.	5.0	175
93	Sensitization of BCL-2–expressing breast tumors to chemotherapy by the BH3 mimetic ABT-737. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2012, 109, 2766-2771.	3.3	173
94	Caspase-2 is not required for thymocyte or neuronal apoptosis even though cleavage of caspase-2 is dependent on both Apaf-1 and caspase-9. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2002, 9, 832-841.	5.0	170
95	LUBAC is essential for embryogenesis by preventing cell death and enabling haematopoiesis. Nature, 2018, 557, 112-117.	13.7	168
96	The role of BH3-only protein Bim extends beyond inhibiting Bcl-2–like prosurvival proteins. Journal of Cell Biology, 2009, 186, 355-362.	2.3	164
97	NKT Cell Stimulation with Glycolipid Antigen In Vivo: Costimulation-Dependent Expansion, Bim-Dependent Contraction, and Hyporesponsiveness to Further Antigenic Challenge. Journal of Immunology, 2005, 175, 3092-3101.	0.4	163
98	Unleashing the power of inhibitors of oncogenic kinases through BH3 mimetics. Nature Reviews Cancer, 2009, 9, 321-326.	12.8	160
99	T-lymphocyte death during shutdown of an immune response. Trends in Immunology, 2004, 25, 610-615.	2.9	159
100	Estrogen influences the differentiation, proliferation, and survival of early B-lineage precursors. Blood, 2000, 95, 2059-2067.	0.6	157
101	Targeting of MCL-1 kills MYC-driven mouse and human lymphomas even when they bear mutations in <i>p53</i> . Genes and Development, 2014, 28, 58-70.	2.7	156
102	Innate immunodeficiency following genetic ablation of Mcl1 in natural killer cells. Nature Communications, 2014, 5, 4539.	5. 8	156
103	Embryogenesis and Adult Life in the Absence of Intrinsic Apoptosis Effectors BAX, BAK, and BOK. Cell, 2018, 173, 1217-1230.e17.	13.5	155
104	Mutations in the p53 and SCID genes cooperate in tumorigenesis Genes and Development, 1996, 10, 2055-2066.	2.7	153
105	The RUNX3 Tumor Suppressor Upregulates Bim in GastricEpithelial Cells Undergoing Transforming Growth FactorÎ ² -Induced Apoptosis. Molecular and Cellular Biology, 2006, 26, 4474-4488.	1.1	151
106	Bcl-2 expression promotes B- but not T-lymphoid development in scid mice. Nature, 1994, 368, 457-460.	13.7	150
107	Positive and negative selection of T cells in T-cell receptor transgenic mice expressing a bcl-2 transgene Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 1994, 91, 1376-1380.	3.3	148
108	cIAPs and XIAP regulate myelopoiesis through cytokine production in an RIPK1- and RIPK3-dependent manner. Blood, 2014, 123, 2562-2572.	0.6	145

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109	The manipulation of apoptosis for cancer therapy using BH3-mimetic drugs. Nature Reviews Cancer, 2022, 22, 45-64.	12.8	144
110	Multiple triggers of cell death in sepsis: death receptor and mitochondrialâ€mediated apoptosis. FASEB Journal, 2007, 21, 708-719.	0.2	143
111	AMP kinase–mediated activation of the BH3-only protein Bim couples energy depletion to stress-induced apoptosis. Journal of Cell Biology, 2010, 189, 83-94.	2.3	142
112	BH3-only proteins in apoptosis at a glance. Journal of Cell Science, 2012, 125, 1081-1087.	1.2	141
113	FADD/MORT1 regulates the pre-TCR checkpoint and can function as a tumour suppressor. EMBO Journal, 2000, 19, 931-941.	3. 5	139
114	lonizing Radiation and Chemotherapeutic Drugs Induce Apoptosis in Lymphocytes in the Absence of FAS or Fadd/Mort1 Signaling. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 2000, 191, 195-200.	4.2	139
115	Puma and to a lesser extent Noxa are suppressors of Myc-induced lymphomagenesis. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2009, 16, 684-696.	5.0	137
116	Peripheral Deletion of Autoreactive CD8 T Cells by Cross Presentation of Self-Antigen Occurs by a Bcl-2–inhibitable Pathway Mediated by Bim. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 2002, 196, 947-955.	4.2	136
117	Rel-deficient T cells exhibit defects in production of interleukin 3 and granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 1996, 93, 3405-3409.	3.3	135
118	Essential role for the BH3-only protein Bim but redundant roles for Bax, Bcl-2, and Bcl-w in the control of granulocyte survival. Blood, 2003, 101, 2393-2400.	0.6	133
119	Puma Is a Dominant Regulator of Oxidative Stress Induced Bax Activation and Neuronal Apoptosis. Journal of Neuroscience, 2007, 27, 12989-12999.	1.7	133
120	Pro-Apoptotic Apoptosis Protease–Activating Factor 1 (Apaf-1) Has a Cytoplasmic Localization Distinct from Bcl-2 or Bcl-XL. Journal of Cell Biology, 2000, 149, 623-634.	2.3	132
121	B Cell Growth Is Controlled by Phosphatidylinosotol 3-Kinase-Dependent Induction of Rel/NF-κB Regulated c-myc Transcription. Molecular Cell, 2002, 10, 1283-1294.	4.5	132
122	Immature surface Ig+ B cells can continue to rearrange kappa and lambda L chain gene loci Journal of Experimental Medicine, 1993, 178, 1263-1270.	4.2	129
123	Fatal Hepatitis Mediated by Tumor Necrosis Factor TNFα Requires Caspase-8 and Involves the BH3-Only Proteins Bid and Bim. Immunity, 2009, 30, 56-66.	6.6	128
124	Functional characterization of the Bcl-2 gene family in the zebrafish. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2006, 13, 1631-1640.	5.0	127
125	BCL-XL and MCL-1 are the key BCL-2 family proteins in melanoma cell survival. Cell Death and Disease, 2019, 10, 342.	2.7	125
126	Enforced Bcl-2 Expression Inhibits Antigen-mediated Clonal Elimination of Peripheral B Cells in an Antigen Dose–dependent Manner and Promotes Receptor Editing in Autoreactive, Immature B Cells. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 1997, 186, 1513-1522.	4.2	123

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127	The Bcl-2 family and cell death regulation. Current Opinion in Genetics and Development, 1998, 8, 68-75.	1.5	123
128	Deletion of the BH3-only protein <i>puma</i> protects motoneurons from ER stress-induced apoptosis and delays motoneuron loss in ALS mice. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2007, 104, 20606-20611.	3.3	122
129	DNA repair processes are critical mediators of p53-dependent tumor suppression. Nature Medicine, 2018, 24, 947-953.	15.2	122
130	Loss of Bim Increases T Cell Production and Function in Interleukin 7 Receptor–deficient Mice. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 2004, 200, 1189-1195.	4.2	118
131	Loss of the BH3-only protein Bmf impairs B cell homeostasis and accelerates γ irradiation–induced thymic lymphoma development. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 2008, 205, 641-655.	4.2	116
132	Apoptosis-promoted tumorigenesis: \hat{l}^3 -irradiation-induced thymic lymphomagenesis requires Puma-driven leukocyte death. Genes and Development, 2010, 24, 1608-1613.	2.7	115
133	Intrahepatic Murine CD8 T-Cell Activation Associates With a Distinct Phenotype Leading to Bim-Dependent Death. Gastroenterology, 2008, 135, 989-997.	0.6	114
134	The Role of Bim, a Proapoptotic BH3â€Only Member of the Bclâ€2 Family, in Cellâ€Death Control. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2000, 917, 541-548.	1.8	113
135	Death squads enlisted by the tumour suppressor p53. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 2005, 331, 786-798.	1.0	112
136	Proapoptotic BH3-Only Bcl-2 Family Member Bik/Blk/Nbk Is Expressed in Hemopoietic and Endothelial Cells but Is Redundant for Their Programmed Death. Molecular and Cellular Biology, 2004, 24, 1570-1581.	1.1	110
137	Intracellular localization of the BCL-2 family member BOK and functional implications. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2013, 20, 785-799.	5.0	109
138	BCR – ABL activates pathways mediating cytokine independence and protection against apoptosis in murine hematopoietic cells in a dose-dependent manner. Oncogene, 1998, 16, 335-348.	2.6	108
139	The histone deacetylase inhibitors LAQ824 and LBH589 do not require death receptor signaling or a functional apoptosome to mediate tumor cell death or therapeutic efficacy. Blood, 2009, 114, 380-393.	0.6	108
140	Novel murine homeo box gene on chromosome 1 expressed in specific hematopoietic lineages and during embryogenesis Genes and Development, 1991, 5, 509-520.	2.7	104
141	FAS Ligand, Bcl-2, Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factor, and p38 Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 2000, 192, 647-658.	4.2	103
142	The combined absence of NF-ÂB1 and c-Rel reveals that overlapping roles for these transcription factors in the B cell lineage are restricted to the activation and function of mature cells. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2002, 99, 4514-4519.	3.3	103
143	The BH3-only protein Puma plays an essential role in cytokine deprivation–induced apoptosis of mast cells. Blood, 2007, 110, 3209-3217.	0.6	103
144	Glucose Induces Pancreatic Islet Cell Apoptosis That Requires the BH3-Only Proteins Bim and Puma and Multi-BH Domain Protein Bax. Diabetes, 2010, 59, 644-652.	0.3	103

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145	Anti-apoptotic proteins BCL-2, MCL-1 and A1 summate collectively to maintain survival of immune cell populations both in vitro and in vivo. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2017, 24, 878-888.	5.0	103
146	Proapoptotic BH3-only protein Bim is essential for developmentally programmed death of germinal center-derived memory B cells and antibody-forming cells. Blood, 2007, 110, 3978-3984.	0.6	99
147	BCL-2 family member BOK is widely expressed but its loss has only minimal impact in mice. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2012, 19, 915-925.	5.0	99
148	Fas-mediated neutrophil apoptosis is accelerated by Bid, Bak, and Bax and inhibited by Bcl-2 and Mcl-1. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 13135-13140.	3.3	98
149	Flexible Usage and Interconnectivity of Diverse Cell Death Pathways Protect against Intracellular Infection. Immunity, 2020, 53, 533-547.e7.	6.6	98
150	Mechanisms of \hat{A} cell death in diabetes: A minor role for CD95. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 1998, 95, 13818-13822.	3.3	96
151	Ultraviolet radiation triggers apoptosis of fibroblasts and skin keratinocytes mainly via the BH3-only protein Noxa. Journal of Cell Biology, 2007, 176, 415-424.	2.3	96
152	Tissue expression and subcellular localization of the pro-survival molecule Bcl-w. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2001, 8, 486-494.	5.0	94
153	The proapoptotic BH3-only proteins Bim and Puma are downstream of endoplasmic reticulum and mitochondrial oxidative stress in pancreatic islets in response to glucotoxicity. Cell Death and Disease, 2014, 5, e1124-e1124.	2.7	93
154	Bcl-2–regulated apoptosis and cytochrome c release can occur independently of both caspase-2 and caspase-9. Journal of Cell Biology, 2004, 165, 775-780.	2.3	91
155	Apoptosis induced by proteasome inhibition in cancer cells: predominant role of the p53/PUMA pathway. Oncogene, 2007, 26, 1681-1692.	2.6	91
156	Generalized Resistance to Thymic Deletion in the NOD Mouse. Immunity, 2004, 21, 817-830.	6.6	90
157	Concomitant loss of proapoptotic BH3-only Bcl-2 antagonists Bik and Bim arrests spermatogenesis. EMBO Journal, 2005, 24, 3963-3973.	3.5	90
158	"Decisions, decisions …†β-catenin–mediated activation of TCF-1 and Lef-1 influences the fate of developing T cells. Nature Immunology, 2001, 2, 823-824.	7.0	89
159	Transforming Growth Factor \hat{l}^2 -Dependent Sequential Activation of Smad, Bim, and Caspase-9 Mediates Physiological Apoptosis in Gastric Epithelial Cells. Molecular and Cellular Biology, 2005, 25, 10017-10028.	1.1	89
160	Loss of PUMA protects the ovarian reserve during DNA-damaging chemotherapy and preserves fertility. Cell Death and Disease, 2018, 9, 618.	2.7	89
161	Maximal killing of lymphoma cells by DNA damage–inducing therapy requires not only the p53 targets Puma and Noxa, but also Bim. Blood, 2010, 116, 5256-5267.	0.6	87
162	The role of the bcl-2/ced-9 gene family in cancer and general implications of defects in cell death control for tumourigenesis and resistance to chemotherapy. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta: Reviews on Cancer, 1997, 1333, F151-F178.	3.3	85

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163	Proapoptotic BH3-Only Protein Bid Is Essential For Death Receptor–Induced Apoptosis of Pancreatic β-Cells. Diabetes, 2008, 57, 1284-1292.	0.3	85
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