Carolina MartÃ-nez-Ruiz

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4771681/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

46 papers 1,185 citations

20 h-index 34 g-index

48 all docs 48 docs citations

48 times ranked

1004 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Expansion of Naturally Regenerated Forest. Forests, 2022, 13, 456.	2.1	1
2	Overyielding in mixed pine forests with belowground complementarity: impacts on understory. European Journal of Forest Research, 2021, 140, 777-791.	2.5	7
3	The Effects of Native Shrub, Fencing, and Acorn Size on the Emergence of Contrasting Co-Occurring Oak in Mediterranean Grazed Areas. Forests, 2021, 12, 307.	2.1	4
4	Characterization of mixed and monospecific stands of Scots pine and Maritime pine: soil profile, physiography, climate and vegetation cover data. Annals of Forest Science, 2021, 78, 1.	2.0	5
5	Conceptual and methodological issues in estimating the success of ecological restoration. Ecological Indicators, 2021, 123, 107362.	6.3	20
6	Effect of the Forest-Mine Boundary Form on Woody Colonization and Forest Expansion in Degraded Ecosystems. Forests, 2021, 12, 773.	2.1	4
7	Niche Characterization of Shrub Functional Groups along an Atlantic-Mediterranean Gradient. Forests, 2021, 12, 982.	2.1	4
8	Linking soil variability with plant community composition along a mine-slope topographic gradient: Implications for restoration. Ambio, 2020, 49, 337-349.	5.5	17
9	Can mixed pine forests conserve understory richness by improving the establishment of understory species typical of native oak forests?. Annals of Forest Science, 2020, 77, 1.	2.0	16
10	Effect of the mother tree age and acorn weight in the regenerative characteristics of Quercus faginea. European Journal of Forest Research, 2020, 139, 513-523.	2.5	8
11	Understory response to overstory and soil gradients in mixed versus monospecific Mediterranean pine forests. European Journal of Forest Research, 2019, 138, 939-955.	2.5	18
12	Restauraci \tilde{A}^3 n en laderas mineras: una oportunidad para estudiar la sucesi \tilde{A}^3 n ecol \tilde{A}^3 gica en procesos de pendiente. Cuadernos De La Sociedad Espa \tilde{A} ±ola De Ciencias Forestales, 2019, 45, 107-118.	0.1	0
13	Effects of short-term grazing exclusion on vegetation and soil in early succession of a Subhumid Mediterranean reclaimed coal mine. Plant and Soil, 2018, 426, 197-209.	3.7	30
14	Risk for the natural regeneration of Quercus species due to the expansion of rodent species (Microtus arvalis). Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 2018, 72, 1.	1.4	10
15	Soil carbon stocks and exchangeable cations in monospecific and mixed pine forests. European Journal of Forest Research, 2018, 137, 831-847.	2.5	26
16	Dynamic associations between Ips sexdentatus (Coleoptera: Scolytinae) and its phoretic mites in a Pinus pinaster forest in northwest Spain. Experimental and Applied Acarology, 2018, 75, 369-381.	1.6	7
17	Can native shrubs facilitate the early establishment of contrasted coâ€occurring oaks in Mediterranean grazed areas?. Journal of Vegetation Science, 2017, 28, 1047-1056.	2.2	21
18	Especies vegetales colonizadoras de áreas perturbadas por la minerÃa en bosques pluviales tropicales del Chocó, Colombia. Biota Colombiana, 2017, 18, 87-103.	0.3	4

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Vulnerabilidad de los bosques naturales en el Chocó biogeográfico colombiano: actividad minera y conservación de la biodiversidad. Bosque, 2016, 37, 295-305.	0.3	11
20	Mapping forest vegetation patterns in an Atlantic–Mediterranean transitional area by integration of ordination and geostatistical techniques. Journal of Plant Ecology, 2016, , rtw112.	2.3	3
21	Natural forest expansion on reclaimed coal mines in Northern Spain: the role of native shrubs as suitable microsites. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2016, 23, 13606-13616.	5. 3	30
22	Distribution patterns of forest species along an Atlantic-Mediterranean environmental gradient: an approach from forest inventory data. Forestry, 2016, 89, 46-54.	2.3	15
23	Micrositios favorables para la regeneración natural de Q. petraea en minas de carbón. Cuadernos De La Sociedad Española De Ciencias Forestales, 2016, , .	0.1	O
24	Efecto de la exclusión de grandes herbÃvoros en la vegetación y el suelo de minas de carbón restauradas. Cuadernos De La Sociedad Española De Ciencias Forestales, 2016, , .	0.1	0
25	Formación del banco de semillas durante la revegetación temprana de áreas afectadas por la minerÃa en un bosque pluvial tropical del Chocó, Colombia. Revista De Biologia Tropical, 2016, 65, 393.	0.4	1
26	Distribution patterns of shrub vs. tree species along an Atlantic-Mediterranean environmental gradient: an approach from the third Spanish National Forest Inventory data., 2016, 25, 22-34.		1
27	Factors Affecting Herbaceous Richness and Biomass Accumulation Patterns of Reclaimed Coal Mines. Land Degradation and Development, 2015, 26, 211-217.	3.9	45
28	Recovering Quercus species on reclaimed coal wastes using native shrubs as restoration nurse plants. Ecological Engineering, 2015, 77, 146-153.	3.6	57
29	Early dynamics of natural revegetation on roadcuts of the Salamanca province (CW Spain). Ecological Engineering, 2015, 75, 223-231.	3 . 6	36
30	Shrub-induced understory vegetation changes in reclaimed mine sites. Ecological Engineering, 2014, 73, 691-698.	3.6	33
31	COLONIZATION PATTERNS OF WOODY SPECIES ON LANDS MINED FOR COAL IN SPAIN: PRELIMINARY INSIGHTS FOR FOREST EXPANSION. Land Degradation and Development, 2013, 24, 39-46.	3.9	50
32	Soil and vegetation development during early succession on restored coal wastes: a six-year permanent plot study. Plant and Soil, 2012, 353, 305-320.	3.7	71
33	Vegetation succession on reclaimed coal wastes in Spain: the influence of soil and environmental factors. Applied Vegetation Science, 2011, 14, 84-94.	1.9	93
34	Vegetation convergence during early succession on coal wastes: a 6-year permanent plot study. Journal of Vegetation Science, 2011, 22, 1072-1083.	2.2	55
35	Functional groups and dispersal strategies as guides for predicting vegetation dynamics on reclaimed mines. Plant Ecology, 2011, 212, 1759-1775.	1.6	31
36	The importance of topography and climate on short-term revegetation of coal wastes in Spain. Ecological Engineering, 2010, 36, 579-585.	3.6	65

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
37	Influence of harvesting intensity on the floristic composition of natural Mediterranean maritime pine forest. Acta Oecologica, 2010, 36, 349-356.	1.1	11
38	Evaluating different harvest intensities over understory plant diversity and pine seedlings, in a Pinus pinaster Ait. natural stand of Spain. Plant Ecology, 2009, 201, 211-220.	1.6	36
39	Soil seed bank formation during early revegetation after hydroseeding in reclaimed coal wastes. Ecological Engineering, 2009, 35, 1062-1069.	3.6	46
40	The influence of aspect on the early growth dynamics of hydroseeded species in coal reclamation areas. Applied Vegetation Science, 2008, 11, 405-412.	1.9	31
41	Evaluating different harvest intensities over understory plant diversity and pine seedlings, in a Pinus pinaster Ait. natural stand of Spain. , 2008, , 211-220.		3
42	Natural and man-induced revegetation on mining wastes: Changes in the floristic composition during early succession. Ecological Engineering, 2007, 30, 286-294.	3.6	99
43	Some factors affecting successional change on uranium mine wastes: Insights for ecological restoration. Applied Vegetation Science, 2007, 10, 333-342.	1.9	73
44	Natural revegetation on topsoiled mining-spoils according to the exposure. Acta Oecologica, 2005, 28, 231-238.	1.1	42
45	Postfire regeneration in Cytisus oromediterraneus: sources of variation and morphology of the below-ground parts. Acta Oecologica, 2004, 26, 149-156.	1.1	11
46	Effects of substrate coarseness and exposure on plant succession in uranium-mining wastes. Plant Ecology, 2001, 155, 79-89.	1.6	32