Babak Khoramian

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4771226/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

20 papers 364 citations

932766 10 h-index 18 g-index

22 all docs 22 docs citations

times ranked

22

570 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Phenotypic and genotypic determination of \hat{l}^2 -lactamase-producing Escherichia coli strains isolated from raw milk and clinical mastitis samples, Mashhad, Iran. International Dairy Journal, 2022, 133, 105406.	1.5	2
2	Milk metabolites, proteins and oxidative stress markers in dairy cows suffering from <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> subclinical mastitis with or without spontaneous cure. Journal of Dairy Research, 2021, 88, 326-329.	0.7	5
3	Diagnostic accuracy of milk oxidation markers for detection of subclinical mastitis in early lactation dairy cows. Comparative Clinical Pathology, 2020, 29, 95-101.	0.3	4
4	Evaluating the effectiveness of two bovine mastitis vaccines and their influences on oxidant and antioxidant capacities of milk. Tropical Animal Health and Production, 2020, 52, 1493-1501.	0.5	13
5	Development of three multiplex-PCR assays for virulence profiling of different iron acquisition systems in Escherichia coli. Iranian Journal of Microbiology, 2020, 12, 281-288.	0.8	2
6	Phenotypic and genotypic study on antimicrobial resistance patterns of E. coli isolates from bovine mastitis. Microbial Pathogenesis, 2019, 132, 355-361.	1.3	25
7	Staphylococcal subclinical mastitis in dromedary dairy camel. Journal of Camel Practice and Research, 2017, 24, 175.	0.0	O
8	A high prevalence of tylosin resistance among aureus strains isolated from bovine mastitis. Veterinary Research Forum, 2017, 8, 121-125.	0.3	3
9	Therapeutic effects of a combined antibiotic-enzyme treatment on subclinical mastitis in lactating dairy cows. Veterinarni Medicina, 2016, 61, 237-242.	0.2	0
10	Comparison of virulence factors and capsular types of Streptococcus agalactiae isolated from human and bovine infections. Microbial Pathogenesis, 2016, 91, 1-4.	1.3	22
11	Comparison of virulence factors and biofilm formation among Staphylococcus aureus strains isolated from human and bovine infections. Microbial Pathogenesis, 2015, 88, 73-77.	1.3	49
12	A high prevalence of mupirocin and macrolide resistance determinant among Staphylococcus aureus strains isolated from burnt patients. Burns, 2012, 38, 378-382.	1.1	45
13	Evaluation of biofilm production and characterization of genes encoding type III secretion system among Pseudomonas aeruginosa isolated from burn patients. Burns, 2012, 38, 1192-1197.	1.1	69
14	Multiple-locus variable number of tandem repeats (VNTR) fingerprinting (MLVF) and antibacterial resistance profiles of extended spectrum beta lactamase (ESBL) producing Pseudomonas aeruginosa among burnt patients in Tehran. Burns, 2011, 37, 1202-1207.	1.1	30
15	Comparison of the effects of gonadotropin-releasing hormone, human chorionic gonadotropin or progesterone on pregnancy per artificial insemination in repeat-breeder dairy cows. Research in Veterinary Science, 2011, 90, 312-315.	0.9	19
16	Characterization of Staphylococcus aureus strains isolated from raw milk of bovine subclinical mastitis in Tehran and Mashhad. Acta Microbiologica Et Immunologica Hungarica, 2011, 58, 113-121.	0.4	34
17	Time-kill study and synergistic activity of cell-wall inhibitor antibiotics in combination with gentamicin against Enterococcus faecalis and Enterococcus faecium. Acta Microbiologica Et Immunologica Hungarica, 2011, 58, 219-226.	0.4	7
18	Molecular analysis and antimicrobial susceptibility of methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus in one of the hospitals of Tehran University of Medical Sciences: High prevalence of sequence type 239 (ST239) clone. Acta Microbiologica Et Immunologica Hungarica, 2011, 58, 31-39.	0.4	21

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Multiple-Locus Variable Number of Tandem Repeats Fingerprinting (MLVF) and Virulence Factor Analysis of Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus aureus SCCmec type III. Polish Journal of Microbiology, 2011, 60, 303-307.	0.6	10
20	Multiple-locus variable number of tandem repeats fingerprinting (MLVF) and virulence factor analysis of methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus SCCmec type III. Polish Journal of Microbiology, 2011, 60, 303-7.	0.6	4