

Claudia R L Cardoso

List of Publications by Citations

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56

papers

1,761

citations

21

h-index

41

g-index

59

ext. papers

2,099

ext. citations

6.1

avg, IF

4.98

L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
56	Prevalence and associated factors of non-alcoholic fatty liver disease in patients with type-2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Liver International</i> , 2009 , 29, 113-9	7.9	353
55	Prognostic Effect of the Nocturnal Blood Pressure Fall in Hypertensive Patients: The Ambulatory Blood Pressure Collaboration in Patients With Hypertension (ABC-H) Meta-Analysis. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2016 , 67, 693-700	8.5	282
54	Histopathological stages of nonalcoholic fatty liver disease in type 2 diabetes: prevalences and correlated factors. <i>Liver International</i> , 2011 , 31, 700-6	7.9	109
53	Effects of continuous positive airway pressure treatment on clinic and ambulatory blood pressures in patients with obstructive sleep apnea and resistant hypertension: a randomized controlled trial. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2015 , 65, 736-42	8.5	89
52	Prognostic impact of aortic stiffness in high-risk type 2 diabetic patients: the Rio de Janeiro Type 2 Diabetes Cohort Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2013 , 36, 3772-8	14.6	70
51	Microvascular degenerative complications are associated with increased aortic stiffness in type 2 diabetic patients. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2009 , 205, 472-6	3.1	61
50	Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease and diabetes: from physiopathological interplay to diagnosis and treatment. <i>World Journal of Gastroenterology</i> , 2014 , 20, 8377-92	5.6	53
49	Prognostic value of QT interval parameters in type 2 diabetes mellitus: results of a long-term follow-up prospective study. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2003 , 17, 169-78	3.2	53
48	Correlates of aortic stiffness progression in patients with type 2 diabetes: importance of glycemic control: the Rio de Janeiro type 2 diabetes cohort study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2015 , 38, 897-904	14.6	41
47	Mortality and predictors of mortality in a cohort of Brazilian type 2 diabetic patients. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2004 , 27, 1299-305	14.6	41
46	QTc interval prolongation is a predictor of future strokes in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Stroke</i> , 2003 , 34, 2187-94	6.7	40
45	Predictors of Development and Progression of Retinopathy in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes: Importance of Blood Pressure Parameters. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017 , 7, 4867	4.9	37
44	Prognostic impact of clinic and ambulatory blood pressure components in high-risk type 2 diabetic patients: the Rio de Janeiro Type 2 Diabetes Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2013 , 31, 2176-86	1.9	33
43	Pattern of 24-hour ambulatory blood pressure monitoring in type 2 diabetic patients with cardiovascular dysautonomy. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2008 , 31, 865-72	4.7	30
42	Aortic Stiffness as a Surrogate Endpoint to Micro- and Macrovascular Complications in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2016 , 17,	6.3	29
41	Increased aortic stiffness predicts future development and progression of peripheral neuropathy in patients with type 2 diabetes: the Rio de Janeiro Type 2 Diabetes Cohort Study. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2015 , 58, 2161-8	10.3	26
40	Factors associated with carotid intima-media thickness and carotid plaques in type 2 diabetic patients. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2012 , 30, 940-7	1.9	25

39	Predictors of development and progression of microvascular complications in a cohort of Brazilian type 2 diabetic patients. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2008 , 22, 164-70	3.2	24
38	Treatment Adherence and Its Associated Factors in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes: Results from the Rio de Janeiro Type 2 Diabetes Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Diabetes Research</i> , 2018 , 2018, 8970196	3.9	24
37	Prognostic impact of carotid intima-media thickness and carotid plaques on the development of micro- and macrovascular complications in individuals with type 2 diabetes: the Rio de Janeiro type 2 diabetes cohort study. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2019 , 18, 2	8.7	23
36	NAFLD and Increased Aortic Stiffness: Parallel or Common Physiopathological Mechanisms?. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2016 , 17,	6.3	23
35	Prognostic importance of baseline and serial glycated hemoglobin levels in high-risk patients with type 2 diabetes: the Rio de Janeiro Type 2 Diabetes Cohort Study. <i>Acta Diabetologica</i> , 2015 , 52, 21-9	3.9	20
34	Efficacy and Safety of Diacerein in Patients With Inadequately Controlled Type 2 Diabetes: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2017 , 40, 1356-1363	14.6	20
33	Aortic stiffness and ambulatory blood pressure as predictors of diabetic kidney disease: a competing risks analysis from the Rio de Janeiro Type 2 Diabetes Cohort Study. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2018 , 61, 455-465	10.3	18
32	Prevalence and factors associated with dyslipoproteinemias in Brazilian systemic lupus erythematosus patients. <i>Rheumatology International</i> , 2008 , 28, 323-7	3.6	18
31	Macro and microvascular complications are determinants of increased infection-related mortality in Brazilian type 2 diabetes mellitus patients. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2007 , 75, 51-8	7.4	18
30	Increasing aortic stiffness is predictive of advanced liver fibrosis in patients with type 2 diabetes: the Rio-T2DM cohort study. <i>Liver International</i> , 2016 , 36, 977-85	7.9	16
29	Thresholds of ambulatory blood pressure associated with chronic complications in type 2 diabetes. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2012 , 25, 82-8	2.3	15
28	Prognostic Impact of Aortic Stiffness in Patients With Resistant Hypertension. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2019 , 73, 728-735	8.5	15
27	Prognostic Importance of C-Reactive Protein in High Cardiovascular Risk Patients With Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: The Rio de Janeiro Type 2 Diabetes Cohort Study. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2016 , 5,	6	14
26	Efficacy of diacerein in reducing liver steatosis and fibrosis in patients with type 2 diabetes and non-alcoholic fatty liver disease: A randomized, placebo-controlled trial. <i>Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism</i> , 2019 , 21, 1266-1270	6.7	13
25	Correlates of aortic stiffness progression in patients with resistant hypertension: importance of clinic and ambulatory blood pressure changes. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2015 , 33, 827-34; discussion 834-5	1.9	11
24	Prognostic importance of visit-to-visit blood pressure variability for micro- and macrovascular outcomes in patients with type 2 diabetes: The Rio de Janeiro Type 2 Diabetes Cohort Study. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2020 , 19, 50	8.7	10
23	Prognostic Importance of On-Treatment Clinic and Ambulatory Blood Pressures in Resistant Hypertension: A Cohort Study. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2020 , 75, 1184-1194	8.5	10
22	Prognostic Importance of Ambulatory Blood Pressure Monitoring in Resistant Hypertension: Is It All that Matters?. <i>Current Hypertension Reports</i> , 2016 , 18, 85	4.7	10

21	Prognostic impact of the ankle-brachial index on the development of micro- and macrovascular complications in individuals with type 2 diabetes: the Rio de Janeiro Type 2 Diabetes Cohort Study. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2018 , 61, 2266-2276	10.3	9
20	Prognostic Importance of Resistant Hypertension in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes: The Rio de Janeiro Type 2 Diabetes Cohort Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2020 , 43, 219-227	14.6	9
19	Profile of disabilities and their associated factors in patients with type 2 diabetes evaluated by the Canadian occupational performance measure: the Rio De Janeiro type 2 diabetes cohort study. <i>Disability and Rehabilitation</i> , 2016 , 38, 2095-101	2.4	7
18	Factors associated with abnormal T-wave axis and increased QRS-T angle in type 2 diabetes. <i>Acta Diabetologica</i> , 2013 , 50, 919-25	3.9	7
17	Effects of continuous positive airway pressure treatment on aortic stiffness in patients with resistant hypertension and obstructive sleep apnea: A randomized controlled trial. <i>Journal of Sleep Research</i> , 2020 , 29, e12990	5.8	7
16	Prevalence of subclinical hypercortisolism in type 2 diabetic patients from the Rio de Janeiro Type 2 Diabetes Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2016 , 30, 1032-8	3.2	7
15	Associations of the nocturnal blood pressure fall and morning surge with cardiovascular events and mortality in individuals with resistant hypertension. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2021 , 39, 1177-1187	1.9	6
14	Traditional and non-traditional risk factors for peripheral artery disease development/progression in patients with type 2 diabetes: the Rio de Janeiro type 2 diabetes cohort study. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2021 , 20, 54	8.7	6
13	Importance of hematological parameters for micro- and macrovascular outcomes in patients with type 2 diabetes: the Rio de Janeiro type 2 diabetes cohort study. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2021 , 20, 133	8.7	5
12	Prognostic Value of Changes in Aortic Stiffness for Cardiovascular Outcomes and Mortality in Resistant Hypertension: a Cohort Study.. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2022 , 79, 447-456	8.5	4
11	Prognostic impact of liver fibrosis and steatosis by transient elastography for cardiovascular and mortality outcomes in individuals with nonalcoholic fatty liver disease and type 2 diabetes: the Rio de Janeiro Cohort Study. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2021 , 20, 193	8.7	4
10	Prognostic Impact of Home Blood Pressures for Adverse Cardiovascular Outcomes and Mortality in Patients With Resistant Hypertension: A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2021 , 78, 1617-1627	8.5	4
9	Prognostic impact of short-term ambulatory blood pressure variability for microvascular and macrovascular outcomes in patients with type 2 diabetes: the Rio de Janeiro Type 2 Diabetes Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2021 , 39, 935-946	1.9	3
8	Refractory Hypertension: a Narrative Systematic Review with Emphasis on Prognosis.. <i>Current Hypertension Reports</i> , 2022 , 1	4.7	2
7	Associations Between Achieved Ambulatory Blood Pressures and Its Changes With Adverse Outcomes in Resistant Hypertension: Was There a J-Curve for Ambulatory Blood Pressures?. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2021 , 77, 1895-1905	8.5	2
6	Importance of non-invasive liver fibrosis scores for mortality and complications development in individuals with type 2 diabetes. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2021 , 35, 107879	3.2	1
5	Prognostic impact of changes in aortic stiffness for cardiovascular and mortality outcomes in individuals with type 2 diabetes: the Rio de Janeiro cohort study.. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2022 , 21, 76	8.7	1
4	Differential effects of treatment targets on risks of adverse outcomes according to diabetes duration, age and complications: Can these characteristics be used to individualize diabetes treatment? The Rio de Janeiro type 2 diabetes cohort.. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2022 , 1001024	3.2	0

- 3 Forearm Resistance-Vessel Dilatation Function During Reactive Hyperemia in Patients With Resistant Hypertension. *American Journal of Hypertension*, **2016**, 29, 1252-1260 2-3
- 2 Is blood pressure response to exercise mediated by abnormal glucose and lipid metabolism in normotensive individuals?. *Hypertension Research*, **2013**, 36, 494-5 4-7
- 1 Prolonged heart rate-corrected QT interval and cardiovascular risk in Asian populations. *Hypertension Research*, **2010**, 33, 876-7 4-7