

# Monica Mazzelli

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4737931/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

9  
papers

388  
citations

1306789

7  
h-index

1372195

10  
g-index

11  
all docs

11  
docs citations

11  
times ranked

487  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Short-Chain Fatty Acids and Lipopolysaccharide as Mediators Between Gut Dysbiosis and Amyloid Pathology in Alzheimer's Disease. <i>Journal of Alzheimer's Disease</i> , 2020, 78, 683-697.	1.2	183
2	Whole-blood expression of inflammasome- and glucocorticoid-related mRNAs correctly separates treatment-resistant depressed patients from drug-free and responsive patients in the BIODEP study. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2020, 10, 232.	2.4	62
3	Prospective cohort study of early biosignatures of response to lithium in bipolar-I-disorders: overview of the H2020-funded R-LiNK initiative. <i>International Journal of Bipolar Disorders</i> , 2019, 7, 20.	0.8	41
4	Comparison of Bioinformatics Pipelines and Operating Systems for the Analyses of 16S rRNA Gene Amplicon Sequences in Human Fecal Samples. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2020, 11, 1262.	1.5	36
5	Long-term effects of stress early in life on microRNA-30a and its network: Preventive effects of lurasidone and potential implications for depression vulnerability. <i>Neurobiology of Stress</i> , 2020, 13, 100271.	1.9	20
6	The Long-Term Effects of Early Life Stress on the Modulation of miR-19 Levels. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2020, 11, 389.	1.3	13
7	Social isolation in adolescence and long-term changes in the gut microbiota composition and in the hippocampal inflammation: Implications for psychiatric disorders – Dirk Hellhammer Award Paper 2021. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2021, 133, 105416.	1.3	12
8	Alterations in inflammatory pathways in the rat prefrontal cortex as early biological predictors of the long-term negative consequences of exposure to stress early in life. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2021, 124, 104794.	1.3	7
9	High-fat diet during adulthood interacts with prenatal stress, affecting both brain inflammatory and neuroendocrine markers in male rats. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2022, 55, 2326-2340.	1.2	7