

Peter Schuster

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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39
papers

224
citations

1163117

8
h-index

996975

15
g-index

39
all docs

39
docs citations

39
times ranked

321
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Thawing plateau time indicating the duration of phase transition from ice to water is the strongest predictor for long-term durable pulmonary vein isolation after cryoablation for atrial fibrillation. <i>Europace</i> , 2022, 24, .	1.7	0
2	Pacemaker and AV node ablation after multiple AF ablation procedures: a patients perspective - The PANAMA PAPER. <i>Europace</i> , 2022, 24, .	1.7	0
3	Cryoballoon versus radiofrequency catheter ablation: insights from Norwegian randomized study of persistent atrial fibrillation (NO-PERSAF study). <i>Europace</i> , 2022, 24, .	1.7	1
4	Performance of an active fixation bipolar left ventricular lead vs passive fixation quadripolar leads in cardiac resynchronization therapy, a randomized trial. <i>Journal of Arrhythmia</i> , 2021, 37, 212-218.	1.2	3
5	Clinical outcome of cardiac resynchronization therapy in patients randomized to an active fixation bipolar left ventricular lead versus a passive quadripolar lead. <i>Scandinavian Cardiovascular Journal</i> , 2021, 55, 153-159.	1.2	2
6	The Roles of Fractionated Potentials in Non-Macroreentrant Atrial Tachycardias Following Atrial Fibrillation Ablation: Recognition Beyond Three-Dimensional Mapping. <i>Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2021, 8, 759563.	2.4	2
7	Adherence to oral anticoagulant treatment and risk factor assessment six months after DC-conversion of atrial fibrillation. <i>Scandinavian Cardiovascular Journal</i> , 2020, 54, 179-185.	1.2	1
8	Accuracy and usability of single-lead ECG from smartphones - A clinical study. <i>Indian Pacing and Electrophysiology Journal</i> , 2019, 19, 145-149.	0.6	34
9	They still like to get a letter – Patient preference for follow-up after radiofrequency ablation for atrial fibrillation. <i>International Journal of Healthcare Management</i> , 2019, , 1-4.	2.0	0
10	Long-term follow-up in patients treated by stent implantation for post-ablation pulmonary vein stenosis. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology</i> , 2018, 53, 309-315.	1.3	6
11	P285Temperature plateau during the thawing phase of cryoballoon ablation correlates with adequate freezing effects. <i>Europace</i> , 2018, 20, i39-i39.	1.7	0
12	Troponin T release comparing manually or magnetically guided radiofrequency ablation for AVNRT- a MAGMA AVNRT substudy. <i>Scandinavian Cardiovascular Journal</i> , 2018, 52, 362-366.	1.2	0
13	Entrapment and retrieval of a diagnostic electrophysiological catheter in the Chiari network. <i>Journal of Arrhythmia</i> , 2018, 34, 647-649.	1.2	8
14	P1127Usability of single lead ECG from smartphones: the USELESS pilot?. <i>Europace</i> , 2018, 20, i211-i211.	1.7	0
15	Letter by Schuster Regarding Article, “Outcomes and Management of Patients With Severe Pulmonary Vein Stenosis From Prior Atrial Fibrillation Ablation” • <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2018, 11, e006581.	4.8	0
16	Incidence and clinical predictors of subsequent atrial fibrillation requiring additional ablation after cavotricuspid isthmus ablation for typical atrial flutter. <i>Scandinavian Cardiovascular Journal</i> , 2017, 51, 123-128.	1.2	15
17	Atrioventricular nodal ablation in patients with resynchronization therapy and atrial fibrillation – long term results. <i>Scandinavian Cardiovascular Journal</i> , 2017, 51, 138-142.	1.2	1
18	Multicenter, randomized comparison between magnetically navigated and manually guided radiofrequency ablation of atrioventricular nodal reentrant tachycardia (the MagMa-AVNRT-trial). <i>Clinical Research in Cardiology</i> , 2017, 106, 947-952.	3.3	7

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19	10-year follow-up after radiofrequency ablation of idiopathic ventricular arrhythmias from right ventricular outflow tract. <i>Indian Pacing and Electrophysiology Journal</i> , 2016, 16, 88-91.	0.6	4
20	Premedication and preoperative information reduces pain intensity and increases satisfaction in patients undergoing ablation for atrial fibrillation. A randomised controlled study. <i>Applied Nursing Research</i> , 2015, 28, 268-273.	2.2	7
21	Remote magnetic versus manual catheters: evaluation of ablation effect in atrial fibrillation by myocardial marker levels. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology</i> , 2011, 32, 37-43.	1.3	24
22	TEE time? ICETEE time! IntraCardiac Echocardiography probe used for TransoEsophageal Echocardiography. <i>Europace</i> , 2010, 12, 1787-1788.	1.7	2
23	Proportionality of rate response to metabolic workload provided by a rate adaptive pacemaker with automatic rate profile optimization. <i>Europace</i> , 2005, 7, 54-59.	1.7	10
24	Assessment of regional timing of left ventricular systolic longitudinal movement by Doppler tissue synchronization imaging in structurally normal hearts. <i>European Journal of Echocardiography</i> , 2005, 6, 336-343.	2.3	4
25	Reducing atrial tachycardia and atrial fibrillation episodes with a prevention and treatment device and tailored treatment. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2005, 99, 51-58.	1.7	2
26	Device treatment of atrial tachycardia—minor additional effect of repeating pacing sequences. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2005, 104, 10-14.	1.7	3
27	Techniques for identification of left ventricular asynchrony for cardiac resynchronization therapy in heart failure. <i>Indian Pacing and Electrophysiology Journal</i> , 2005, 5, 175-85.	0.6	2
28	Reverse remodelling of systolic left ventricular contraction pattern by long term cardiac resynchronisation therapy: colour Doppler shows resynchronisation. <i>Heart</i> , 2004, 90, 1411-1416.	2.9	10
29	Color Doppler Tissue Velocity Imaging Demonstrates Significant Asynchronous Regional Left Ventricular Contraction and Relaxation in Patients with Bundle Branch Block and Heart Failure Compared with Control Subjects. <i>Cardiology</i> , 2004, 102, 220-227.	1.4	6
30	Color Doppler Tissue Velocity Imaging Can Disclose Systolic Left Ventricular Asynchrony Independent of the QRS Morphology in Patients with Severe Heart Failure. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2004, 27, 460-467.	1.2	25
31	Feasibility of color doppler tissue velocity imaging for assessment of regional timing of left ventricular longitudinal movement. <i>Scandinavian Cardiovascular Journal</i> , 2004, 38, 39-45.	1.2	10
32	Colour tissue velocity imaging can show resynchronisation of longitudinal left ventricular contraction pattern by biventricular pacing in patients with severe heart failure. <i>British Heart Journal</i> , 2003, 89, 859-864.	2.1	35
33	A31-2 The first atrial antiarrhythmia pacing sequences provide most success. <i>Europace</i> , 2003, 4, B47-B47.	1.7	0
34	P-154 Should cardiac resynchronization therapy of severe heart failure be combined with backup defibrillator?. <i>Europace</i> , 2003, 4, B103-B103.	1.7	0
35	P-023 Atrial tachycardia is even distributed over the day. <i>Europace</i> , 2003, 4, B72-B72.	1.7	0
36	P-023 atrial tachycardia is even distributed over the day. <i>Europace</i> , 2003, 4, B72.	1.7	0

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37	P-154 Should cardiac resynchronization therapy of severe heart failure be combined with backup defibrillator?. Europace, 2003, 4, B103.	1.7	0
38	A39-4 Echocardiographic methods are feasible to select heart failure patients that will improve by cardiac resynchronization therapy. Europace, 2003, 4, B61.	1.7	0
39	P-059 Stable treatment success of atrial antitachycardia pacing during long term follow up. Europace, 2003, 4, B81-B81.	1.7	0