

Janet E Mertz

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

20
papers

1,198
citations

516561

16
h-index

752573

20
g-index

20
all docs

20
docs citations

20
times ranked

1426
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Reactivation of Epstein-Barr Virus by HIF-1 α Requires p53. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2020, 94, .	1.5	12
2	Hypoxia-inducible factor-1 α plays roles in Epstein-Barr virus's natural life cycle and tumorigenesis by inducing lytic infection through direct binding to the immediate-early BZLF1 gene promoter. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2017, 13, e1006404.	2.1	55
3	Lenalidomide, Thalidomide, and Pomalidomide Reactivate the Epstein-Barr Virus Lytic Cycle through Phosphoinositide 3-Kinase Signaling and Ikaros Expression. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2016, 22, 4901-4912.	3.2	41
4	Cellular Differentiation Regulator BLIMP1 Induces Epstein-Barr Virus Lytic Reactivation in Epithelial and B Cells by Activating Transcription from both the R and Z Promoters. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2015, 89, 1731-1743.	1.5	75
5	Differentiation-Dependent KLF4 Expression Promotes Lytic Epstein-Barr Virus Infection in Epithelial Cells. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2015, 11, e1005195.	2.1	79
6	Regulation of the latent-lytic switch in Epstein-Barr virus. <i>Seminars in Cancer Biology</i> , 2014, 26, 60-68.	4.3	219
7	An Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV) Mutant with Enhanced BZLF1 Expression Causes Lymphomas with Abortive Lytic EBV Infection in a Humanized Mouse Model. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2012, 86, 7976-7987.	1.5	102
8	Reversal of transforming growth factor- β induced epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition and the ZEB proteins. <i>Fibrogenesis and Tissue Repair</i> , 2012, 5, S28.	3.4	6
9	Transforming Growth Factor β -Induced Reactivation of Epstein-Barr Virus Involves Multiple Smad-Binding Elements Cooperatively Activating Expression of the Latent-Lytic Switch BZLF1 Gene. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2011, 85, 7836-7848.	1.5	36
10	The ZIR Element of the Epstein-Barr Virus BZLF1 Promoter Plays a Central Role in Establishment and Maintenance of Viral Latency. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2011, 85, 5081-5090.	1.5	15
11	Either ZEB1 or ZEB2/SIP1 Can Play a Central Role in Regulating the Epstein-Barr Virus Latent-Lytic Switch in a Cell-Type-Specific Manner. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2010, 84, 6139-6152.	1.5	53
12	Cellular MicroRNAs 200b and 429 Regulate the Epstein-Barr Virus Switch between Latency and Lytic Replication. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2010, 84, 10329-10343.	1.5	73
13	ZEB1 Regulates the Latent-Lytic Switch in Infection by Epstein-Barr Virus. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2007, 3, e194.	2.1	73
14	Estrogen-Related Receptor α 1 Transcriptional Activities Are Regulated in Part via the ErbB2/HER2 Signaling Pathway. <i>Molecular Cancer Research</i> , 2007, 5, 71-85.	1.5	103
15	ZEB1 and c-Jun Levels Contribute to the Establishment of Highly Lytic Epstein-Barr Virus Infection in Gastric AGS Cells. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2007, 81, 10113-10122.	1.5	49
16	Binding of hnRNP L to the Pre-mRNA Processing Enhancer of the Herpes Simplex Virus Thymidine Kinase Gene Enhances both Polyadenylation and Nucleocytoplasmic Export of Intronless mRNAs. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , 2005, 25, 6303-6313.	1.1	59
17	Pre-mRNA processing enhancer (PPE) elements from intronless genes play additional roles in mRNA biogenesis than do ones from intron-containing genes. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2005, 33, 2215-2226.	6.5	22
18	ZEB Negatively Regulates the Lytic-Switch BZLF1 Gene Promoter of Epstein-Barr Virus. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2003, 77, 199-207.	1.5	67

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19	Identification of a Novel Element Involved in Regulation of the Lytic Switch BZLF1 Gene Promoter of Epstein-Barr Virus. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2001, 75, 867-877.	1.5	44
20	Expression from herpesvirus promoters does not relieve the intron requirement for cytoplasmic accumulation of human β -globin mRNA. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 1991, 19, 7231-7234.	6.5	15