Jon M Erlandson

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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200 papers

15,714 citations

41344 49 h-index 120 g-index

205 all docs

205 docs citations

times ranked

205

12853 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Fin whale (<i>Balaenoptera physalus</i>) bones from a 5850 year old shell midden on San Miguel Island, California, USA. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2022, 17, 142-151.	1.4	O
2	Coring, profiling, and trenching: Archaeological field strategies for investigating the Pleistocene-Holocene-Anthropocene continuum. Quaternary International, 2022, 628, 1-17.	1.5	7
3	The Big Picture versus Minutiae: Geophytes, Plant Foods, and Ancient Human Economies. American Antiquity, 2022, 87, 614-616.	1.1	1
4	Re-evaluating terminal Pleistocene and Early Holocene settlement patterns with Chirp subbottom data from around California's Northern Channel Islands. World Archaeology, 2022, 54, 107-121.	1.1	4
5	Shellfish, Geophytes, and Sedentism on Early Holocene Santa Rosa Island, Alta California, USA. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2020, 15, 504-524.	1.4	8
6	Fladmark + 40: What Have We Learned about a Potential Pacific Coast Peopling of the Americas?. American Antiquity, 2020, 85, 1-21.	1.1	52
7	Late Pleistocene Archaeological Discovery Models on the Pacific Coast of North America. PaleoAmerica, 2020, 6, 43-63.	1.5	26
8	Maritime Paleoindian technology, subsistence, and ecology at an ~11,700 year old Paleocoastal site on California's Northern Channel Islands, USA. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0238866.	2.5	6
9	Biogeographic problem-solving reveals the Late Pleistocene translocation of a short-faced bear to the California Channel Islands. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 15172.	3. 3	4
10	Human Impacts on Ancient Marine Ecosystems. , 2020, , 5334-5336.		0
11	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0238866.		O
12	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0238866.		0
13	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0238866.		O
14	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0238866.		0
15	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0238866.		O
16	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0238866.		0
17	Archaeological assessment reveals Earth's early transformation through land use. Science, 2019, 365, 897-902.	12.6	369
18	A Paleocoastal Site Complex from Santarosae Island, California. PaleoAmerica, 2019, 5, 300-305.	1.5	4

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19	Black abalone (<i>Haliotis cracherodii</i>) population structure shifts through deep time: Management implications for southern California's northern Channel Islands. Ecology and Evolution, 2019, 9, 4720-4732.	1.9	12
20	Material conveyance in the Southern California Bight: Obsidian on Alta California's Channel Islands. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2019, , 1-18.	1.4	4
21	Late Pleistocene estuaries, palaeoecology and humans on North America's Pacific Coast. Antiquity, 2019, 93, .	1.0	2
22	Coastal dune hydrology and its influence on maritime occupation sites (12–0.2 ka) in a semiarid island, San Miguel, California, USA. Geoarchaeology - an International Journal, 2019, 34, 117-135.	1.5	0
23	Identifying Shell Middens With Historic Aerial Photos: An Example From California's Santa Cruz Island. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2019, 14, 113-122.	1.4	3
24	Widespread Evidence of Terminated Marine Transgressive Sand Supply and Failing Longshore Sand Transport to Eroding Coastal Eolian Sand Ramps during the Latest Holocene Time in Oregon and California (Pacific Coast, USA). Journal of Coastal Research, 2019, 35, 1145.	0.3	3
25	Early Red Abalone Shell Middens, Human Subsistence, and Environmental Change on California's Northern Channel Islands. Journal of Ethnobiology, 2019, 39, 204.	2.1	4
26	Working from the Known to the Unknown: Linking the Subaerial Archaeology and the Submerged Landscapes of Santarosae Island, Alta California, USA. Open Quaternary, 2019, 5, .	1.0	11
27	Paleocoastal Landscapes, Marginality, and Early Human Settlement of the California Islands. , 2019, , 59-97.		19
28	Where Carbohydrates Were Key. , 2019, , 98-134.		10
29	Mineral Resources on the Islands of Alta and Baja California. , 2019, , 171-190.		6
30	Extraordinary Biomass-Burning Episode and Impact Winter Triggered by the Younger Dryas Cosmic Impact â ¹ / ₄ 12,800 Years Ago. 2. Lake, Marine, and Terrestrial Sediments. Journal of Geology, 2018, 126, 185-205.	1.4	65
31	A tale of two mice: A trans-Holocene record of <i>Peromyscus nesodytes</i> and <i>Peromyscus maniculatus</i> at Daisy Cave, San Miguel Island, California. Holocene, 2018, 28, 827-833.	1.7	5
32	Arrival routes of first Americans uncertainâ€"Response. Science, 2018, 359, 1225-1225.	12.6	34
33	Island Archaeology, Model Systems, the Anthropocene, and How the Past Informs the Future. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2018, 13, 283-299.	1.4	25
34	Fluted and Basally Thinned Concave-Base Points of Obsidian in the Borden Collection from Inyo County, Alta California: Age and Significance. California Archaeology, 2018, 10, 27-60.	0.1	8
35	Early human dispersals within the Americas. Science, 2018, 362, .	12.6	230
36	Terminal Pleistocene–Holocene Avifauna of San Miguel and Santa Rosa Islands: Identifications of Previously Unidentified Avian Remains Recovered from Fossil Sites and Prehistoric Cave Deposits. Western North American Naturalist, 2018, 78, 370-403.	0.4	4

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37	Radiocarbon dating legacy collections: A Bayesian analysis of high-precision AMS 14C dates from the Par-Tee site, Oregon. Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2018, 21, 833-848.	0.5	7
38	Collagen Fingerprinting and the Earliest Marine Mammal Hunting in North America. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 10014.	3.3	19
39	Horizon Scanning: Survey and Research Priorities for Cultural, Historical, and Paleobiological Resources of Santa Cruz Island, California. Western North American Naturalist, 2018, 78, 852.	0.4	6
40	The forest or the trees: Interpreting temporal changes in California mussel shell size. Quaternary International, 2017, 427, 243-245.	1.5	3
41	Archaeology, historical ecology and anthropogenic island ecosystems. Environmental Conservation, 2017, 44, 286-297.	1.3	75
42	A Cache Within a Cache: Description of an Abalone "Treasure-Box―from the CA-SNI-14 Redwood Box Cache, San Nicolas Island, Alta California. California Archaeology, 2017, 9, 79-105.	0.1	3
43	Finding the first Americans. Science, 2017, 358, 592-594.	12.6	113
44	Were Hominins in California â^1⁄4130,000 Years Ago?. PaleoAmerica, 2017, 3, 200-202.	1.5	40
45	Quantifying the association of chipped stone crescents with wetlands and paleoshorelines of western North America. North American Archaeologist, 2017, 38, 107-137.	0.5	16
46	Coastal Eolian Sand-Ramp Development Related to Paleo-Sea-Level Changes during the Latest Pleistocene and Holocene (21–0 ka) in San Miguel Island, California, U.S.A Journal of Coastal Research, 2017, 335, 1022-1037.	0.3	3
47	Historical ecology can inform restoration site selection: <i>the case of black abalone</i> (Haliotis) Tj ETQq1 1 0.75 Freshwater Ecosystems, 2016, 26, 470-481.	84314 rgE 2.0	
48	California's Red Abalone (Haliotis Rufescens) Middens: Comment on Glassow. American Antiquity, 2016, 81, 591-592.	1.1	2
49	High-Resolution AMS14C Dates for the Par-Tee Site (35CLT20) and Prehistoric Whale Hunting on the Oregon Coast. Radiocarbon, 2016, 58, 397-405.	1.8	8
50	Three Paleocoastal Lithic Sites on Santa Cruz Island, California. PaleoAmerica, 2016, 2, 52-55.	1.5	9
51	Tracking the origins and diet of an endemic island canid (Urocyon littoralis) across 7300 years of human cultural and environmental change. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2016, 146, 147-160.	3.0	26
52	Reply to Westaway and Lyman: Emus, dingoes, and archaeology's role in conservation biology. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2016, 113, E4759-E4760.	7.1	1
53	Reply to Ellis et al.: Human niche construction and evolutionary theory. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2016, 113, E4437-8.	7.1	4
54	Ecological consequences of human niche construction: Examining long-term anthropogenic shaping of global species distributions. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2016, 113, 6388-6396.	7.1	599

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55	Marginalization of the Margins: The Importance of Smaller Islands in Human Prehistory. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2016, 11, 155-170.	1.4	46
56	Pinnipeds and Paleocoastal Middens: A Case Study From Point Bennett, San Miguel Island, California. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2016, 11, 294-303.	1.4	4
57	Coastal Versus Interior: Some Thoughts on the Archaeology of California's Channel Islands. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2016, 11, 443-446.	1.4	2
58	California's Red Abalone (<i>Haliotis rufescens</i>) Middens: Comment On Glassow. American Antiquity, 2016, 81, 591-592.	1.1	4
59	12,000 Years of Human Predation on Black Turban Snails (Chlorostoma funebralis) on Alta California's Northern Channel Islands. California Archaeology, 2015, 7, 59-91.	0.1	7
60	Reply to Holliday and Boslough et al.: Synchroneity of widespread Bayesian-modeled ages supports Younger Dryas impact hypothesis. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2015, 112, E6723-4.	7.1	5
61	Chipped stone crescents from America's Far West. North American Archaeologist, 2015, 36, 119-140.	0.5	4
62	Ecology of the Kelp Highway: Did Marine Resources Facilitate Human Dispersal From Northeast Asia to the Americas?. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2015, 10, 392-411.	1.4	86
63	Coasting out of Africa: The potential of mangrove forests and marine habitats to facilitate human coastal expansion via the Southern Dispersal Route. Quaternary International, 2015, 382, 31-41.	1.5	56
64	Three Late Paleocoastal Shell Middens on Santa Cruz Island, California. PaleoAmerica, 2015, 1, 113-115.	1.5	9
65	Bayesian chronological analyses consistent with synchronous age of 12,835–12,735 Cal B.P. for Younger Dryas boundary on four continents. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2015, 112, E4344-53.	7.1	86
66	Central place foraging and shellfish processing on California's Northern Channel Islands. Journal of Anthropological Archaeology, 2015, 40, 33-47.	1.6	26
67	Sea level, paleogeography, and archeology on California's Northern Channel islands. Quaternary Research, 2015, 83, 263-272.	1.7	88
68	Recent Progress, Trends, and Developments in Island and Coastal Archaeology. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2015, 10, 3-27.	1.4	39
69	Stemmed Points, the Coastal Migration Theory, and the Peopling of the Americas. , 2015, , 49-58.		9
70	Eyed Bone Needles from a Younger Dryas Paleoindian Component at Tule Lake Rock Shelter, Northern California. American Antiquity, 2014, 79, 776-781.	1.1	7
71	Darts, Arrows, and Archaeologists: Distinguishing Dart and Arrow Points in the Archaeological Record. American Antiquity, 2014, 79, 162-169.	1.1	20
72	Ecological Change on California's Channel Islands from the Pleistocene to the Anthropocene. BioScience, 2014, 64, 680-692.	4.9	50

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73	Egill's Grave? Archaeology and Egils Saga at Kirkjuhóll, HrÃsbrú. Cursor Mundi, 2014, , 45-53.	0.0	15
74	Oxygen isotope analysis of California mussel shells: seasonality and human sedentism at an 8,200-year-old shell midden on Santa Rosa Island, California. Archaeological and Anthropological Sciences, 2014, 6, 293-303.	1.8	20
75	Of Seals, Sea Lions, and Abalone: The Archaeology of an Historical Multiethnic Base Camp on San Miguel Island, California. Historical Archaeology, 2014, 48, 122-142.	0.3	14
76	Nanodiamond-Rich Layer across Three Continents Consistent with Major Cosmic Impact at 12,800 Cal BP. Journal of Geology, 2014, 122, 475-506.	1.4	54
77	The Island Chumash and Exchange in the Santa Barbara Channel Region. American Antiquity, 2014, 79, 570-572.	1.1	16
78	Human Impacts on Ancient Marine Ecosystems. , 2014, , 3536-3538.		8
79	Archeology, deep history, and the human transformation of island ecosystems. Anthropocene, 2013, 4, 33-45.	3.3	84
80	Waterfowl and Lunate Crescents in Western North America: The Archaeology of the Pacific Flyway. Journal of World Prehistory, 2013, 26, 173-211.	3.6	20
81	Shellfish, Seasonality, and Stable Isotope Sampling: \hat{l} (sup>18 (sup>0 Analysis of Mussel Shells From an 8,800-Year-Old Shell Midden on California's Channel Islands. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2013, 8, 170-189.	1.4	32
82	Shell middens and other anthropogenic soils as global stratigraphic signatures of the Anthropocene. Anthropocene, 2013, 4, 24-32.	3.3	54
83	Human acceleration of animal and plant extinctions: A Late Pleistocene, Holocene, and Anthropocene continuum. Anthropocene, 2013, 4, 14-23.	3.3	125
84	Looking forward, looking back: Humans, anthropogenic change, and the Anthropocene. Anthropocene, 2013, 4, 116-121.	3.3	45
85	Archeology and the Anthropocene. Anthropocene, 2013, 4, 1-7.	3.3	80
86	From the <i>Island of the Blue Dolphins </i> : A Unique Nineteenth-Century Cache Feature From San Nicolas Island, California. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2013, 8, 66-78.	1.4	2
87	Interpreting archaeological fish remains. Antiquity, 2013, 87, 890-892.	1.0	3
88	Channel Island Amol Points: A Stemmed Paleocoastal Type from Santarosae Island, Alta California. California Archaeology, 2013, 5, 105-121.	0.1	20
89	Paleocoastal Lithic use on Western Santarosae Island, California. North American Archaeologist, 2013, 34, 49-69.	0.5	8
90	Archaeological survey, paleogeography, and the search for Late Pleistocene Paleocoastal peoples of Santa Rosa Island, California. Journal of Field Archaeology, 2013, 38, 324-331.	1.3	47

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91	Paleocoastal Flaked Stone Heat Treatment Practices on Alta California's Northern Channel Islands. California Archaeology, 2013, 5, 79-104.	0.1	14
92	Flightless ducks, giant mice and pygmy mammoths: Late Quaternary extinctions on California's Channel Islands. World Archaeology, 2012, 44, 3-20.	1.1	30
93	A trans-Holocene historical ecological record of shellfish harvesting on California's Northern Channel Islands. Quaternary International, 2012, 264, 109-120.	1.5	43
94	Macrobotanical food remains from a trans-Holocene sequence at Daisy Cave (CA-SMI-261), San Miguel Island, California. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2012, 39, 33-40.	2.4	25
95	Re-evaluating the origins of late Pleistocene fire areas on Santa Rosa Island, California, USA. Quaternary Research, 2012, 78, 353-362.	1.7	10
96	Foundations for the Far West: Paleoindian Cultures on the Western Fringe of North America. , 2012, , .		1
97	As the world warms: rising seas, coastal archaeology, and the erosion of maritime history. Journal of Coastal Conservation, 2012, 16, 137-142.	1.6	76
98	Our disappearing past: a GIS analysis of the vulnerability of coastal archaeological resources in California's Santa Barbara Channel region. Journal of Coastal Conservation, 2012, 16, 187-197.	1.6	50
99	10,000 years of human predation and size changes in the owl limpet (Lottia gigantea) on San Miguel Island, California. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2011, 38, 1127-1134.	2.4	63
100	Paleoindian Seafaring, Maritime Technologies, and Coastal Foraging on California's Channel Islands. Science, 2011, 331, 1181-1185.	12.6	261
101	From Asia to the Americas by boat? Paleogeography, paleoecology, and stemmed points of the northwest Pacific. Quaternary International, 2011, 239, 28-37.	1.5	101
102	Younger Dryas environments and human adaptations on the West Coast of the United States and Baja California. Quaternary International, 2011, 242, 463-478.	1.5	22
103	Shellfish and the Chumash: Marine Invertebrates and Complex Hunter-Gatherers on Late Holocene San Miguel Island, California. North American Archaeologist, 2011, 32, 267-290.	0.5	10
104	Reply to Hudgens et al.: Bald eagles, no-analog ecological scenarios, and conservation strategies on the Channel Islands. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, .	7.1	2
105	Conflicts in natural and cultural resource management: Archaeological site disturbances by seals and sea lions on California's Northern Channel Islands. Journal of Field Archaeology, 2011, 36, 312-321.	1.3	6
106	Where were the northern elephant seals? Holocene archaeology and biogeography of <i>Mirounga angustirostris </i> . Holocene, 2011, 21, 1159-1166.	1.7	26
107	Could the Health Decline of Prehistoric California Indians be Related to Exposure to Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) from Natural Bitumen?. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2011, 119, 1203-1207.	6.0	15
108	Searching for Santarosae: Surveying Submerged Landscapes for Evidence of Paleocoastal Habitation Off California's Northern Channel Islands. When the Land Meets the Sea, 2011, , 11-26.	0.1	11

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109	Chipped Stone Crescents and the Antiquity of Maritime Settlement on San Nicolas Island, Alta California. California Archaeology, 2010, 2, 185-202.	0.1	11
110	Island and Coastal Archaeology: Innovation, Change, and New Directions. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2010, 5, 1-2.	1.4	2
111	Pleistocene to historic shifts in bald eagle diets on the Channel Islands, California. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2010, 107, 9246-9251.	7.1	33
112	Archaeology Meets Marine Ecology: The Antiquity of Maritime Cultures and Human Impacts on Marine Fisheries and Ecosystems. Annual Review of Marine Science, 2010, 2, 231-251.	11.6	154
113	Diversity in North Pacific shellfish assemblages: the barnacles of Kit'n'Kaboodle Cave, Alaska. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2010, 37, 3359-3369.	2.4	13
114	Seals, Sea Lions, and the Erosion of Archaeological Sites on California's Channel Islands. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2009, 4, 125-131.	1.4	7
115	Coastal Exploitation. Science, 2009, 325, 952-953.	12.6	55
116	Mollusks and Mass Harvesting in the Middle Holocene. California Archaeology, 2009, 1, 269-289.	0.1	11
117	Fishing from past to present: continuity and resilience of red abalone fisheries on the Channel Islands, California. Ecological Applications, 2009, 19, 906-919.	3.8	53
118	An Early Maritime Biface Technology at Daisy Cave, San Miguel Island, California: Reflections on Sample Size, Site Function, and Other Issues. North American Archaeologist, 2009, 30, 145-165.	0.5	14
119	Shock-synthesized hexagonal diamonds in Younger Dryas boundary sediments. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2009, 106, 12623-12628.	7.1	84
120	Origins and antiquity of the island fox (<i>Urocyon littoralis</i>) on California's Channel Islands. Quaternary Research, 2009, 71, 93-98.	1.7	57
121	A trans-Holocene archaeological record of Guadalupe fur seals (<i>Arctocephalus townsendi</i>) on the California coast. Marine Mammal Science, 2009, 25, 487-502.	1.8	25
122	Contextual and chronological hygiene in interpreting Paleocoastal sites of North America's Pacific Coast. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2009, 28, 2539-2541.	3.0	4
123	Fishing up the Food Web?: 12,000 Years of Maritime Subsistence and Adaptive Adjustments on California's Channel Islands. Pacific Science, 2009, 63, 711-724.	0.6	76
124	Islands, Zooarchaeology, and Historical Ecology. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2009, 4, 139-140.	1.4	2
125	Comparing Faunal Remains and Subsistence Technology at CA-SMI-507: A 9,000-Year-Old Paleocoastal Shell Midden on San Miguel Island, California. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2009, 4, 195-206.	1.4	7
126	Marine Shellfish Harvest on Middle and late Holocene Santa Barbara Island, Alta California. California Archaeology, 2009, 1, 109-123.	0.1	3

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127	Human impacts on ancient shellfish: a 10,000 year record from San Miguel Island, California. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2008, 35, 2144-2152.	2.4	134
128	Life on the edge: early maritime cultures of the Pacific Coast of North America. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2008, 27, 2232-2245.	3.0	118
129	Wildfire and abrupt ecosystem disruption on California's Northern Channel Islands at the Ållerød–Younger Dryas boundary (13.0–12.9ka). Quaternary Science Reviews, 2008, 27, 2530-2545.	3.0	120
130	Dogs, humans and island ecosystems: the distribution, antiquity and ecology of domestic dogs (Canis) Tj ETQq0 (O O.rgBT /C	Overlock 10 T
131	Racing a Rising Tide: Global Warming, Rising Seas, and the Erosion of Human History. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2008, 3, 167-169.	1.4	68
132	The protracted Holocene extinction of California's flightless sea duck (<i>Chendytes lawi</i>) and its implications for the Pleistocene overkill hypothesis. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2008, 105, 4105-4108.	7.1	75
133	Forty Years Later: What Have We Learned about the Earliest Human Occupations of Santa Rosa Island, California?. North American Archaeologist, 2008, 29, 37-64.	0.5	12
134	How Old is MVII?â€"Seaweeds, Shorelines, and the Pre-Clovis Chronology at Monte Verde, Chile. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2008, 3, 277-281.	1.4	23
135	Isolation, Interaction, and Island Archaeology. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2008, 3, 83-86.	1.4	3
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137	Human Impacts on Ancient Marine Ecosystems. , 2008, , .		81
138	Highlighting the Significance of Island and Coastal Archaeology. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2007, 2, 1-3.	1.4	3
139	An Historic Chinese Abalone Fishery on California's Northern Channel Islands. Historical Archaeology, 2007, 41, 117-128.	0.3	22
140	Human responses to Middle Holocene climate change on California's Channel Islands. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2007, 26, 351-367.	3.0	93
141	Ages, distributions, and origins of upland coastal dune sheets in Oregon, USA. Geomorphology, 2007, 91, 80-102.	2.6	26
142	Archaeological implications of a bald eagle nesting site at Ferrelo Point, San Miguel Island, California. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2007, 34, 255-271.	2.4	17
143	Measuring subsistence specialization: Comparing historic and prehistoric abalone middens on San Miguel Island, California. Journal of Anthropological Archaeology, 2007, 26, 474-485.	1.6	14
144	Evidence for an extraterrestrial impact 12,900 years ago that contributed to the megafaunal extinctions and the Younger Dryas cooling. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2007, 104, 16016-16021.	7.1	456

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145	The Kelp Highway Hypothesis: Marine Ecology, the Coastal Migration Theory, and the Peopling of the Americas. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2007, 2, 161-174.	1.4	263
146	Human Impacts on Nearshore Shellfish Taxa: A 7,000 Year Record from Santa Rosa Island, California. American Antiquity, 2007, 72, 735-756.	1.1	89
147	Middle Holocene climate change and human population dispersal in western North America. , 2007, , 531-557.		3
148	Straw Boats and the Proverbial Sea: A Response to †Island Archaeology: In Search of a New Horizon'. Island Studies Journal, 2007, 2, 229-238.	1.5	17
149	Intrashell Radiocarbon Variability in Marine Mollusks. Radiocarbon, 2006, 48, 387-400.	1.8	87
150	An Early Holocene/Late Pleistocene Archaeological Site on the Oregon Coast? Comments on Hall Et Al. (2005). Radiocarbon, 2006, 48, 237-240.	1.8	4
151	Exploring Landscapes Beneath the Sea Submarine Prehistoric Archaeology of the North Sea. (CBA) Tj ETQq1 1	0.784314 rg	BT ₂ /Overlock
152	Taphonomy and site formation on California's Channel Islands. Geoarchaeology - an International Journal, 2006, 21, 567-589.	1.5	37
153	A 6,000 Year Old Red Abalone Midden from Otter Point, San Miguel Island, California. North American Archaeologist, 2006, 27, 69-90.	0.5	15
154	The Archaeology of Islands and Coastlines. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2006, 1, 1-3.	1.4	5
155	Oceans, Islands, and Coasts: Current Perspectives on the Role of the Sea in Human Prehistory. Journal of Island and Coastal Archaeology, 2006, 1, 5-32.	1.4	176
156	Beads, Bifaces, and Boats: An Early Maritime Adaptation on the South Coast of San Miguel Island, California. American Anthropologist, 2005, 107, 677-683.	1.4	29
157	From Pleistocene Mariners to Complex Hunter-Gatherers: The Archaeology of the California Channel Islands. Journal of World Prehistory, 2005, 19, 169-228.	3.6	152
158	Reassessing Human Settlement on the South Coast of San Miguel Island, California: The Use of 14C Dating as a Reconnaissance Tool. Radiocarbon, 2005, 47, 11-19.	1.8	16
159	The Holocene 15,8 (2005) pp. 1227-1235 A geoarchaeological chronology of Holocene dune building on San Miguel Island, California. Holocene, 2005, 15, 1227-1235.	1.7	44
160	A Viking-age Valley in Iceland: The Mosfell Archaeological Project. Medieval Archaeology, 2005, 49, 195-218.	0.5	24
161	The antiquity of Olivella shell beads at CA-ORA-64: AMS radiocarbon dated between 9420 and 7780 cal BP. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2005, 32, 393-398.	2.4	21
162	Radiocarbon dating and the "old shell―problem: direct dating of artifacts and cultural chronologies in coastal and other aquatic regions. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2005, 32, 1641-1648.	2.4	61

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163	Busted Balls Shell Midden (CA-SMI-606): An Early Coastal Site on San Miguel Island, California. North American Archaeologist, 2004, 25, 251-272.	0.5	14
164	Coastal paleogeography and human land use at Tecolote Canyon, southern California, U.S.A Geoarchaeology - an International Journal, 2004, 19, 141-165.	1.5	3
165	lce ages and ecological transitions on temperate coasts. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 2003, 18, 33-40.	8.7	140
166	The Haynes Inlet weirs: estuarine fishing and archaeological site visibility on the southern Cascadia coast. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2003, 30, 1023-1035.	2.4	30
167	Early New World maritime technologies: sea grass cordage, shell beads, and a bone tool from Cave of the Chimneys, San Miguel Island, California, USA. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2003, 30, 1161-1173.	2.4	33
168	Late Holocene Cultural Developments Along the Santa Barbara Coast., 2003,, 166-182.		5
169	Kelp forest ecosystems: biodiversity, stability, resilience and future. Environmental Conservation, 2002, 29, 436-459.	1.3	1,482
170	A 9700-year-old shell midden on San Miguel Island, California. Antiquity, 2002, 76, 315-316.	1.0	13
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