Natalie C Ban

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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50244 69214 7,070 121 46 77 citations h-index g-index papers 122 122 122 7606 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	A social–ecological approach to conservation planning: embedding social considerations. Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment, 2013, 11, 194-202.	1.9	419
2	The COVID-19 Pandemic, Small-Scale Fisheries and Coastal Fishing Communities. Coastal Management, 2020, 48, 336-347.	1.0	261
3	"Twoâ€Eyed Seeingâ€: An Indigenous framework to transform fisheries research and management. Fish and Fisheries, 2021, 22, 243-261.	2.7	237
4	Cumulative impact mapping: Advances, relevance and limitations to marine management and conservation, using Canada's Pacific waters as a case study. Marine Policy, 2010, 34, 876-886.	1.5	191
5	Communities and change in the anthropocene: understanding social-ecological vulnerability and planning adaptations to multiple interacting exposures. Regional Environmental Change, 2016, 16, 907-926.	1.4	186
6	Integrated Land-Sea Conservation Planning: The Missing Links. Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics, 2011, 42, 381-409.	3.8	181
7	Understanding protected area resilience: a multiâ€scale, socialâ€ecological approach. Ecological Applications, 2015, 25, 299-319.	1.8	173
8	The MPA Guide: A framework to achieve global goals for the ocean. Science, 2021, 373, eabf0861.	6.0	170
9	The implementation crisis in conservation planning: could "mental models―help?. Conservation Letters, 2011, 4, 169-183.	2.8	164
10	Integrating connectivity and climate change into marine conservation planning. Biological Conservation, 2014, 170, 207-221.	1.9	162
11	Well-being outcomes of marine protected areas. Nature Sustainability, 2019, 2, 524-532.	11.5	160
12	Incorporate Indigenous perspectives for impactful research and effective management. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2018, 2, 1680-1683.	3.4	149
13	Poverty and protected areas: An evaluation of a marine integrated conservation and development project in Indonesia. Global Environmental Change, 2014, 26, 98-107.	3.6	148
14	Why people matter in ocean governance: Incorporating human dimensions into large-scale marine protected areas. Marine Policy, 2017, 84, 273-284.	1.5	135
15	Emerging frontiers in social-ecological systems research for sustainability of small-scale fisheries. Current Opinion in Environmental Sustainability, 2013, 5, 352-357.	3.1	127
16	Systematic marine conservation planning in data-poor regions: Socioeconomic data is essential. Marine Policy, 2009, 33, 794-800.	1.5	115
17	Designing, implementing and managing marine protected areas: Emerging trends and opportunities for coral reef nations. Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology, 2011, 408, 21-31.	0.7	113
18	Systematic Conservation Planning: A Better Recipe for Managing the High Seas for Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Use. Conservation Letters, 2014, 7, 41-54.	2.8	110

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19	Merging topâ€down and bottomâ€up approaches in marine protected areas planning: experiences from around the globe. Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems, 2014, 24, 128-144.	0.9	107
20	Social and ecological effectiveness of large marine protected areas. Global Environmental Change, 2017, 43, 82-91.	3.6	107
21	Adaptive capacity: from assessment to action in coastal social-ecological systems. Ecology and Society, 2017, 22, .	1.0	107
22	A mismatch of scales: challenges in planning for implementation of marine protected areas in the Coral Triangle. Conservation Letters, 2010, 3, 291-303.	2.8	100
23	Secure sustainable seafood from developing countries. Science, 2015, 348, 504-506.	6.0	94
24	Adaptive governance to promote ecosystem services in urban green spaces. Urban Ecosystems, 2016, 19, 77-93.	1.1	89
25	Comparing and Integrating Communityâ€Based and Scienceâ€Based Approaches to Prioritizing Marine Areas for Protection. Conservation Biology, 2009, 23, 899-910.	2.4	87
26	Socio-economic and management implications of range-shifting species in marine systems. Global Environmental Change, 2012, 22, 137-146.	3.6	83
27	A modelling approach to assess the impact of land mining on marine biodiversity: Assessment in coastal catchments experiencing catastrophic events (SW Brazil). Science of the Total Environment, 2019, 659, 828-840.	3.9	82
28	Addressing Criticisms of Large-Scale Marine Protected Areas. BioScience, 2018, 68, 359-370.	2.2	81
29	Indigenous peoples' rights and marine protected areas. Marine Policy, 2018, 87, 180-185.	1.5	81
30	Prioritizing Land and Sea Conservation Investments to Protect Coral Reefs. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e12431.	1.1	78
31	How wild is the ocean? Assessing the intensity of anthropogenic marine activities in British Columbia, Canada. Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems, 2008, 18, 55-85.	0.9	75
32	Advancing Social Equity in and Through Marine Conservation. Frontiers in Marine Science, 2021, 8, .	1.2	75
33	Coastal and Indigenous community access to marine resources and the ocean: A policy imperative for Canada. Marine Policy, 2018, 87, 186-193.	1.5	74
34	Governing large-scale social-ecological systems: Lessons from five cases. International Journal of the Commons, 2014, 8, 428.	0.6	69
35	Indigenous Systems of Management for Culturally and Ecologically Resilient Pacific Salmon (<i>Oncorhynchus</i> Spp.) Fisheries. BioScience, 2021, 71, 186-204.	2.2	68
36	A practical approach for putting people in ecosystemâ€based ocean planning. Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment, 2014, 12, 448-456.	1.9	66

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37	A novel approach to model exposure of coastal-marine ecosystems to riverine flood plumes based on remote sensing techniques. Journal of Environmental Management, 2013, 119, 194-207.	3.8	64
38	A review of Indigenous knowledge and participation in environmental monitoring. Ecology and Society, 2020, 25, .	1.0	62
39	A review of successes, challenges, and lessons from Indigenous protected and conserved areas. Biological Conservation, 2020, 241, 108271.	1.9	59
40	Promise and problems for estimating management costs of marine protected areas. Conservation Letters, 2011, 4, 241-252.	2.8	58
41	Research advances and gaps in marine planning: towards a global database in systematic conservation planning. Biological Conservation, 2018, 227, 369-382.	1.9	58
42	Synthesizing theories of natural resource management and governance. Global Environmental Change, 2016, 39, 45-56.	3.6	55
43	A method for incorporating climate change modelling into marine conservation planning: An Indo-west Pacific example. Marine Policy, 2013, 38, 16-24.	1.5	53
44	Better integration of sectoral planning and management approaches for the interlinked ecology of the open oceans. Marine Policy, 2014, 49, 127-136.	1.5	53
45	Managing Small-Scale Commercial Fisheries for Adaptive Capacity: Insights from Dynamic Social-Ecological Drivers of Change in Monterey Bay. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0118992.	1.1	51
46	Advancing marine cumulative effects mapping: An update in Canada's Pacific waters. Marine Policy, 2015, 58, 71-77.	1.5	50
47	Diving back in time: Extending historical baselines for yelloweye rockfish with Indigenous knowledge. Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems, 2018, 28, 158-166.	0.9	50
48	Efficient and equitable design of marine protected areas in Fiji through inclusion of stakeholder-specific objectives in conservation planning. Conservation Biology, 2015, 29, 1378-1389.	2.4	46
49	Contributions of Indigenous Knowledge to ecological and evolutionary understanding. Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment, 2022, 20, 93-101.	1.9	46
50	Incorporating Effectiveness of Community-Based Management in a National Marine Gap Analysis for Fiji. Conservation Biology, 2011, 25, 1155-1164.	2.4	45
51	WTO must ban harmful fisheries subsidies. Science, 2021, 374, 544-544.	6.0	45
52	Cumulative effects of planned industrial development and climate change on marine ecosystems. Global Ecology and Conservation, 2015, 4, 110-116.	1.0	44
53	Minimum data requirements for designing a set of marine protected areas, using commonly available abiotic and biotic datasets. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2009, 18, 1829-1845.	1.2	43
54	Hindsight in marine protected area selection: A comparison of ecological representation arising from opportunistic and systematic approaches. Biological Conservation, 2011, 144, 1866-1875.	1.9	42

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55	Practical Approaches and Advances in Spatial Tools to Achieve Multi-Objective Marine Spatial Planning. Frontiers in Marine Science, 2019, 6 , .	1.2	42
56	Conservation Objectives and Seaâ€Surface Temperature Anomalies in the Great Barrier Reef. Conservation Biology, 2012, 26, 799-809.	2.4	40
57	Recasting shortfalls of marine protected areas as opportunities through adaptive management. Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems, 2012, 22, 262-271.	0.9	40
58	Key information needs to move from knowledge to action for biodiversity conservation in Canada. Biological Conservation, 2021, 256, 108983.	1.9	40
59	Understanding Characteristics that Define the Feasibility of Conservation Actions in a Common Pool Marine Resource Governance System. Conservation Letters, 2013, 6, 418-429.	2.8	39
60	Assessing trade-offs in large marine protected areas. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0195760.	1.1	38
61	Indigenous knowledge and federal environmental assessments in Canada: applying past lessons to the 2019 impact assessment act. Facets, 2020, 5, 67-90.	1.1	37
62	Advancing Land-Sea Conservation Planning: Integrating Modelling of Catchments, Land-Use Change, and River Plumes to Prioritise Catchment Management and Protection. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0145574.	1.1	36
63	Effectiveness of shoreâ€based remote camera monitoring for quantifying recreational fisher compliance in marine conservation areas. Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems, 2017, 27, 804-813.	0.9	36
64	Identifying potential marine climate change refugia: A case study in Canada's Pacific marine ecosystems. Global Ecology and Conservation, 2016, 8, 41-54.	1.0	35
65	A framework for understanding climate change impacts on coral reef social–ecological systems. Regional Environmental Change, 2016, 16, 1133-1146.	1.4	35
66	Indigenous knowledge as data for modern fishery management: a case study of Dungeness crab in Pacific Canada. Ecosystem Health and Sustainability, $2017, 3, .$	1.5	35
67	Setting the stage for marine spatial planning: Ecological and social data collation and analyses in Canada's Pacific waters. Marine Policy, 2013, 39, 11-20.	1.5	34
68	A Social–Ecological Systems Approach to Assessing Conservation and Fisheries Outcomes in Fijian Locally Managed Marine Areas. Society and Natural Resources, 2017, 30, 1096-1111.	0.9	33
69	Linking marine conservation and Indigenous cultural revitalization: First Nations free themselves from externally imposed social-ecological traps. Ecology and Society, 2018, 23, .	1.0	33
70	Applying empirical estimates of marine protected area effectiveness to assess conservation plans in British Columbia, Canada. Biological Conservation, 2014, 180, 134-148.	1.9	31
71	Modeling catchment nutrients and sediment loads to inform regional management of water quality in coastal-marine ecosystems: A comparison of two approaches. Journal of Environmental Management, 2014, 146, 164-178.	3.8	31
72	Keeping the †Great' in the Great Barrier Reef: large-scale governance of the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. International Journal of the Commons, 2014, 8, 396.	0.6	31

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73	Moving Toward Spatial Solutions in Marine Conservation with Indigenous Communities. Ecology and Society, 2008, 13, .	1.0	30
74	Linking ecosystem processes to communities of practice through commercially fished species in the Gulf of Alaska. ICES Journal of Marine Science, 2017, 74, 2024-2033.	1.2	30
75	Strong historical and ongoing indigenous marine governance in the northeast Pacific Ocean: a case study of the Kitasoo/Xai'xais First Nation. Ecology and Society, 2019, 24, .	1.0	30
76	Marine conservation planning in practice: lessons learned from the Gulf of California. Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems, 2013, 23, 483-505.	0.9	29
77	Canada at a crossroad: The imperative for realigning ocean policy with ocean science. Marine Policy, 2016, 63, 53-60.	1.5	28
78	An approach to incorporating inferred connectivity of adult movement into marine protected area design with limited data. Ecological Applications, 2019, 29, e01890.	1.8	28
79	Factors Affecting Disaster Preparedness, Response, and Recovery Using the Community Capitals Framework. Coastal Management, 2018, 46, 335-358.	1.0	27
80	The mangrove-fishery relationship: A local ecological knowledge perspective. Marine Policy, 2019, 108, 103656.	1.5	27
81	Barriers and opportunities for social-ecological adaptation to climate change in coastal British Columbia. Ocean and Coastal Management, 2019, 179, 104808.	2.0	27
82	Historical and contemporary indigenous marine conservation strategies in the North Pacific. Conservation Biology, 2020, 34, 5-14.	2.4	27
83	Interplay of multiple goods, ecosystem services, and property rights in large social-ecological marine protected areas. Ecology and Society, 2015, 20, .	1.0	26
84	Where do national and local conservation actions meet? Simulating the expansion of ad hoc and systematic approaches to conservation into the future in Fiji. Conservation Letters, 2012, 5, 387-398.	2.8	23
85	How far have we come? A review of MPA network performance indicators in reaching qualitative elements of Aichi Target 11. Conservation Letters, 2020, 13, e12746.	2.8	23
86	"We monitor by living here― community-driven actualization of a social-ecological monitoring program based in the knowledge of Indigenous harvesters. Facets, 2019, 4, 293-314.	1.1	22
87	Beyond Marine Reserves: Exploring the Approach of Selecting Areas where Fishing Is Permitted, Rather than Prohibited. PLoS ONE, 2009, 4, e6258.	1.1	21
88	A synthesis of the prevalence and drivers of non-compliance in marine protected areas. Biological Conservation, 2021, 255, 108992.	1.9	21
89	Diverse Fisheries Require Diverse Solutions. Science, 2009, 323, 338-339.	6.0	20
90	Drivers of recreational fisher compliance in temperate marine conservation areas: A study of Rockfish Conservation Areas in British Columbia, Canada. Global Ecology and Conservation, 2015, 4, 645-657.	1.0	20

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91	A metaâ€analysis reveals global patterns of sediment effects on marine biodiversity. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2019, 28, 1879-1898.	2.7	20
92	Lessons from bright-spots for advancing knowledge exchange at the interface of marine science and policy. Journal of Environmental Management, 2022, 314, 114994.	3.8	20
93	Linking classroom learning and research to advance ideas about social-ecological resilience. Ecology and Society, 2015, 20, .	1.0	19
94	Great Barrier Reef Noâ€Take Areas Include a Range of Disturbance Regimes. Conservation Letters, 2016, 9, 191-199.	2.8	19
95	Addressing distribution equity in spatial conservation prioritization for small-scale fisheries. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0233339.	1.1	19
96	Evaluating approaches for scalingâ€up communityâ€based marineâ€protected areas into socially equitable and ecologically representative networks. Conservation Biology, 2020, 34, 137-147.	2.4	18
97	Reciprocal Contributions between People and Nature: A Conceptual Intervention. BioScience, 2022, 72, 952-962.	2.2	15
98	Insights on fostering the emergence of robust conservation actions from Zimbabwe's CAMPFIRE program. Global Ecology and Conservation, 2019, 17, e00538.	1.0	14
99	Social-Ecological Determinants of Access to Fish and Well-Being in Four Gwich'in Communities in Canada's Northwest Territories. Human Ecology, 2020, 48, 155-171.	0.7	14
100	Imprecise and weakly assessed: Evaluating voluntary measures for management of marine protected areas. Marine Policy, 2016, 69, 92-101.	1.5	13
101	Nonâ€native species are a global issue for marine protected areas. Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment, 2019, 17, 495-501.	1.9	11
102	Enabling conditions for effective marine spatial planning. Marine Policy, 2022, 143, 105141.	1.5	11
103	Indigenous food harvesting as social–ecological monitoring: A case study with the Gitga'at First Nation. People and Nature, 2020, 2, 1085-1099.	1.7	10
104	Applying a Low Cost, Mini Remotely Operated Vehicle (ROV) to Assess an Ecological Baseline of an Indigenous Seascape in Canada. Frontiers in Marine Science, 2020, 7, .	1.2	10
105	Access rights, capacities and benefits in small-scale fisheries: Insights from the Pacific Coast of Canada. Marine Policy, 2021, 130, 104581.	1.5	10
106	Effects of changing ocean temperatures on ecological connectivity among marine protected areas in northern British Columbia. Ocean and Coastal Management, 2021, 211, 105776.	2.0	10
107	Differences and similarities between Indigenous and conventional marine conservation planning: The case of the Songhees Nation, Canada. Marine Policy, 2021, 129, 104520.	1.5	9
108	Managing Marine Protected Areas in Remote Areas: The Case of the Subantarctic Heard and McDonald Islands. Frontiers in Marine Science, 2019, 6, .	1.2	8

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109	From concepts to comparisons: A resource for diagnosis and measurement in social-ecological systems. Environmental Science and Policy, 2020, 107, 211-216.	2.4	8
110	Understanding barriers, access, and management of marine mixed-stock fisheries in an era of reconciliation: Indigenous-led salmon monitoring in British Columbia. Facets, 2021, 6, 592-613.	1.1	8
111	"Borders don't protect areas, people do― insights from the development of an Indigenous Protected and Conserved Area in Kitasoo/Xai'xais Nation Territory. Facets, 2020, 5, 922-941.	1.1	8
112	Cumulative Effects of Environmental Change on Culturally Significant Ecosystems in the Inuvialuit Settlement Region + Supplementary Appendices 1 to 3 (See Article Tools). Arctic, 2016, 69, 391.	0.2	8
113	Improving compliance of recreational fishers with Rockfish Conservation Areas: community–academic partnership to achieve and evaluate conservation. ICES Journal of Marine Science, 2020, 77, 2308-2318.	1.2	7
114	Pacific Canada's Rockfish Conservation Areas: using Ostrom's design principles to assess management effectiveness. Ecology and Society, 2015, 20, .	1.0	6
115	Synthesizing and communicating climate change impacts to inform coastal adaptation planning. Facets, 2020, 5, 704-737.	1.1	6
116	Advancing social-ecological research through teaching: summary, observations, and challenges. Ecology and Society, 2017, 22, .	1.0	4
117	Using Forecasting Methods to Incorporate Social, Economic, and Political Considerations Into Marine Protected Area Planning. Frontiers in Marine Science, 2021, 8, .	1.2	3
118	Methods for identifying spatially referenced conservation needs and opportunities. Biological Conservation, 2021, 260, 109138.	1.9	3
119	Improving effort estimates and informing temporal distribution of recreational salmon fishing in British Columbia, Canada using high-frequency optical imagery data. Fisheries Research, 2022, 249, 106251.	0.9	3
120	Fishing communities at risk. Nature Climate Change, 2019, 9, 501-502.	8.1	2
121	Conservation Actions at Global and Local Scales in Marine Social–Ecological Systems. , 2017, , 143-168.		1