

# Thomas Hickler

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

169  
papers

19,546  
citations

17405

63  
h-index

12910

131  
g-index

177  
all docs

177  
docs citations

177  
times ranked

25025  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Land use intensification increasingly drives the spatiotemporal patterns of the global human appropriation of net primary production in the last century. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 307-322.	4.2	33
2	Biodiversity post-2020: Closing the gap between global targets and national-level implementation. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2022, 15, e12848.	2.8	32
3	Large uncertainties in future biome changes in Africa call for flexible climate adaptation strategies. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021, 27, 340-358.	4.2	36
4	The transformation of the forest steppe in the lower Danube Plain of southeastern Europe: 6000 years of vegetation and land use dynamics. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2021, 18, 1081-1103.	1.3	19
5	Climate Change Impacts on the Future of Forests in Great Britain. <i>Frontiers in Environmental Science</i> , 2021, 9, .	1.5	10
6	Projected climatic changes lead to biome changes in areas of previously constant biome. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2021, 48, 2418-2428.	1.4	8
7	Nutrient cycling drives plant community trait assembly and ecosystem functioning in a tropical mountain biodiversity hotspot. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 232, 551-566.	3.5	20
8	Saturation of Global Terrestrial Carbon Sink Under a High Warming Scenario. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , 2021, 35, e2020GB006800.	1.9	11
9	Intergenerational inequities in exposure to climate extremes. <i>Science</i> , 2021, 374, 158-160.	6.0	148
10	A research framework for projecting ecosystem change in highly diverse tropical mountain ecosystems. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2021, 195, 589-600.	0.9	12
11	Forest responses to last-millennium hydroclimate variability are governed by spatial variations in ecosystem sensitivity. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2021, 24, 498-508.	3.0	7
12	Combining European Earth Observation products with Dynamic Global Vegetation Models for estimating Essential Biodiversity Variables. <i>International Journal of Digital Earth</i> , 2020, 13, 262-277.	1.6	13
13	A comparison of macroecological and stacked species distribution models to predict future global terrestrial vertebrate richness. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2020, 47, 114-129.	1.4	32
14	TRY plant trait database – enhanced coverage and open access. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 119-188.	4.2	1,038
15	Reducing Uncertainties of Future Global Soil Carbon Responses to Climate and Land Use Change With Emergent Constraints. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , 2020, 34, e2020GB006589.	1.9	4
16	Global vegetation patterns of the past 140,000 years. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2020, 47, 2073-2090.	1.4	44
17	Projecting Exposure to Extreme Climate Impact Events Across Six Event Categories and Three Spatial Scales. <i>Earth's Future</i> , 2020, 8, e2020EF001616.	2.4	69
18	Ensembles of ecosystem service models can improve accuracy and indicate uncertainty. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020, 747, 141006.	3.9	23

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19	Levers and leverage points for pathways to sustainability. <i>People and Nature</i> , 2020, 2, 693-717.	1.7	141
20	Including vegetation dynamics in an atmospheric chemistry-enabled general circulation model: linking LPJ-GUESS (v4.0) with the EMAC modelling system (v2.53). <i>Geoscientific Model Development</i> , 2020, 13, 1285-1309.	1.3	12
21	Global ecosystems and fire: Multi-model assessment of fire-induced tree cover and carbon storage reduction. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 5027-5041.	4.2	55
22	Climate Extreme Versus Carbon Extreme: Responses of Terrestrial Carbon Fluxes to Temperature and Precipitation. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2020, 125, e2019JG005252.	1.3	29
23	A Dynamic Model for Strategies and Dynamics of Plant Water-Potential Regulation Under Drought Conditions. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2020, 11, 373.	1.7	17
24	Fire hazard modulation by long-term dynamics in land cover and dominant forest type in eastern and central Europe. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2020, 17, 1213-1230.	1.3	52
25	Pronounced and unavoidable impacts of low-end global warming on northern high-latitude land ecosystems. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2020, 15, 044006.	2.2	25
26	Vegetation biomass change in China in the 20th century: an assessment based on a combination of multi-model simulations and field observations. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2020, 15, 094026.	2.2	6
27	Detection and annotation of plant organs from digitised herbarium scans using deep learning. <i>Biodiversity Data Journal</i> , 2020, 8, e57090.	0.4	20
28	Understanding the uncertainty in global forest carbon turnover. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2020, 17, 3961-3989.	1.3	45
29	Quantitative assessment of fire and vegetation properties in simulations with fire-enabled vegetation models from the Fire Model Intercomparison Project. <i>Geoscientific Model Development</i> , 2020, 13, 3299-3318.	1.3	63
30	Comparing future shifts in tree species distributions across Europe projected by statistical and dynamic process-based models. <i>Regional Environmental Change</i> , 2019, 19, 251-266.	1.4	26
31	The concerns of the young protesters are justified: A statement by <i>Scientists for Future</i> concerning the protests for more climate protection. <i>Gaia</i> , 2019, 28, 79-87.	0.3	56
32	Adaptive responses of animals to climate change are most likely insufficient. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 3109.	5.8	285
33	A Continental-Scale Validation of Ecosystem Service Models. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2019, 22, 1902-1917.	1.6	28
34	Historical (1700–2012) global multi-model estimates of the fire emissions from the Fire Modeling Intercomparison Project (FireMIP). <i>Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics</i> , 2019, 19, 12545-12567.	1.9	64
35	Linking scales and disciplines: an interdisciplinary cross-scale approach to supporting climate-relevant ecosystem management. <i>Climatic Change</i> , 2019, 156, 139-150.	1.7	13
36	Tree mortality submodels drive simulated long-term forest dynamics: assessing 15 models from the stand to global scale. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2019, 10, e02616.	1.0	93

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37	Decadal biomass increment in early secondary succession woody ecosystems is increased by CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 454.	5.8	68
38	Regional adaptation of European beech ( <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> ) to drought in Central European conditions considering environmental suitability and economic implications. <i>Regional Environmental Change</i> , 2019, 19, 1159-1174.	1.4	15
39	Response of simulated burned area to historical changes in environmental and anthropogenic factors: a comparison of seven fire models. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2019, 16, 3883-3910.	1.3	32
40	An R package facilitating sensitivity analysis, calibration and forward simulations with the LPJ-GUESS dynamic vegetation model. <i>Environmental Modelling and Software</i> , 2019, 111, 55-60.	1.9	7
41	Taxon and trait recognition from digitized herbarium specimens using deep convolutional neural networks. <i>Botany Letters</i> , 2018, 165, 377-383.	0.7	42
42	Bioenergy cropland expansion may offset positive effects of climate change mitigation for global vertebrate diversity. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2018, 115, 13294-13299.	3.3	82
43	Simulated Impacts of Soy and Infrastructure Expansion in the Brazilian Amazon: A Maximum Entropy Approach. <i>Forests</i> , 2018, 9, 600.	0.9	12
44	Biodiversity-rich European grasslands: Ancient, forgotten ecosystems. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2018, 228, 224-232.	1.9	105
45	Effect of changing vegetation and precipitation on denudation – Part 2: Predicted landscape response to transient climate and vegetation cover over millennial to million-year timescales. <i>Earth Surface Dynamics</i> , 2018, 6, 859-881.	1.0	32
46	Effect of changing vegetation and precipitation on denudation – Part 1: Predicted vegetation composition and cover over the last 21 thousand years along the Coastal Cordillera of Chile. <i>Earth Surface Dynamics</i> , 2018, 6, 829-858.	1.0	25
47	Evapotranspiration simulations in ISIMIP2 – Evaluation of spatio-temporal characteristics with a comprehensive ensemble of independent datasets. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2018, 13, 075001.	2.2	38
48	Evaluating changes of biomass in global vegetation models: the role of turnover fluctuations and ENSO events. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2018, 13, 075002.	2.2	3
49	A reference genome of the European beech ( <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L.). <i>GigaScience</i> , 2018, 7, .	3.3	58
50	Great uncertainties in modeling grazing impact on carbon sequestration: a multi-model inter-comparison in temperate Eurasian Steppe. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2018, 13, 075005.	2.2	14
51	Emergent climate and CO <sub>2</sub> sensitivities of net primary productivity in ecosystem models do not agree with empirical data in temperate forests of eastern North America. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 2755-2767.	4.2	43
52	Hydrological conditions and carbon accumulation rates reconstructed from a mountain raised bog in the Carpathians: A multi-proxy approach. <i>Catena</i> , 2017, 152, 57-68.	2.2	27
53	Challenging terrestrial biosphere models with data from the long-term multifactor Prairie Heating and CO <sub>2</sub> Enrichment experiment. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 3623-3645.	4.2	42
54	Cross-realm assessment of climate change impacts on species' abundance trends. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 1, 67.	3.4	83

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55	Expansion of deciduous tall shrubs but not evergreen dwarf shrubs inhibited by reindeer in Scandes mountain range. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2017, 105, 1547-1561.	1.9	49
56	Merging paleobiology with conservation biology to guide the future of terrestrial ecosystems. <i>Science</i> , 2017, 355, .	6.0	260
57	Broadleaf deciduous forest counterbalanced the direct effect of climate on Holocene fire regime in hemiboreal/boreal region (NE Europe). <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2017, 169, 378-390.	1.4	61
58	Continental climate gradients in North America and Western Eurasia before and after the closure of the Central American Seaway. <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 2017, 472, 120-130.	1.8	16
59	Fire has been an important driver of forest dynamics in the Carpathian Mountains during the Holocene. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2017, 389, 15-26.	1.4	64
60	Regional contribution to variability and trends of global gross primary productivity. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2017, 12, 105005.	2.2	65
61	Photosynthetic productivity and its efficiencies in ISIMIP2a biome models: benchmarking for impact assessment studies. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2017, 12, 085001.	2.2	41
62	Benchmarking carbon fluxes of the ISIMIP2a biome models. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2017, 12, 045002.	2.2	30
63	Cross-taxa generalities in the relationship between population abundance and ambient temperatures. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2017, 284, 20170870.	1.2	17
64	Predicting habitat affinities of plant species using commonly measured functional traits. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2017, 28, 1082-1095.	1.1	38
65	Mapping local and global variability in plant trait distributions. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, E10937-E10946.	3.3	159
66	Long-term land-cover/use change in a traditional farming landscape in Romania inferred from pollen data, historical maps and satellite images. <i>Regional Environmental Change</i> , 2017, 17, 2193-2207.	1.4	35
67	Assessing the impacts of 1.5°C global warming “ simulation protocol of the Inter-Sectoral Impact Model Intercomparison Project (ISIMIP2b). <i>Geoscientific Model Development</i> , 2017, 10, 4321-4345.	1.3	410
68	The Fire Modeling Intercomparison Project (FireMIP), phase 1: experimental and analytical protocols with detailed model descriptions. <i>Geoscientific Model Development</i> , 2017, 10, 1175-1197.	1.3	159
69	Comparing correlative and process-based modelling approaches in a boreal forest identifies important areas for model development. <i>Silva Fennica</i> , 2017, 51, .	0.5	2
70	Macroecology meets IPBES. <i>Frontiers of Biogeography</i> , 2016, 7, .	0.8	0
71	The status and challenge of global fire modelling. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2016, 13, 3359-3375.	1.3	274
72	Modelling the potential distribution, net primary production and phenology of common ragweed with a physiological model. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2016, 43, 544-554.	1.4	11

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73	Ecological networks are more sensitive to plant than to animal extinction under climate change. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2016, 7, 13965.	5.8	180
74	7000-year human legacy of elevation-dependent European fire regimes. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2016, 132, 206-212.	1.4	70
75	Tree and timberline shifts in the northern Romanian Carpathians during the Holocene and the responses to environmental changes. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2016, 134, 100-113.	1.4	43
76	Environmental Impacts of Terrestrial Ecosystems. <i>Regional Climate Studies</i> , 2016, , 341-372.	1.2	2
77	Predicting long-term carbon sequestration in response to CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment: How and why do current ecosystem models differ?. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , 2015, 29, 476-495.	1.9	99
78	Potential impact of large ungulate grazers on African vegetation, carbon storage and fire regimes. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2015, 24, 991-1002.	2.7	37
79	Climate-vegetation modelling and fossil plant data suggest low atmospheric CO <sub>2</sub> in the late Miocene. <i>Climate of the Past</i> , 2015, 11, 1701-1732.	1.3	26
80	Modelling short-term variability in carbon and water exchange in a temperate Scots pine forest. <i>Earth System Dynamics</i> , 2015, 6, 485-503.	2.7	8
81	Using ecosystem experiments to improve vegetation models. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2015, 5, 528-534.	8.1	249
82	Origin of the forest steppe and exceptional grassland diversity in Transylvania (central-eastern Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT/Overlock 10 Tf 50 3	1.4	90
83	Long-term population dynamics of a migrant bird suggests interaction of climate change and competition with resident species. <i>Oikos</i> , 2015, 124, 1151-1159.	1.2	41
84	Is drought-induced forest dieback globally increasing?. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2015, 103, 31-43.	1.9	89
85	The sensitivity of wet and dry tropical forests to climate change in Bolivia. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2015, 120, 399-413.	1.3	22
86	A cross-taxon analysis of the impact of climate change on abundance trends in central Europe. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2015, 187, 41-50.	1.9	44
87	Last Millennium hydro-climate variability in Central-Eastern Europe (Northern Carpathians, Romania). <i>Holocene</i> , 2015, 25, 1179-1192.	0.9	65
88	Modelling CO <sub>2</sub> Impacts on Forest Productivity. <i>Current Forestry Reports</i> , 2015, 1, 69-80.	3.4	54
89	Intercontinental divergence in the climate envelope of major plant biomes. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2015, 24, 324-334.	2.7	32
90	Nitrogen feedbacks increase future terrestrial ecosystem carbon uptake in an individual-based dynamic vegetation model. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2014, 11, 6131-6146.	1.3	54

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91	The impact of climate-vegetation interactions on the onset of the Antarctic ice sheet. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , 2014, 41, 1269-1276.	1.5	10
92	Implications of incorporating N cycling and N limitations on primary production in an individual-based dynamic vegetation model. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2014, 11, 2027-2054.	1.3	476
93	On the potential vegetation feedbacks that enhance phosphorus availability – insights from a process-based model linking geological and ecological timescales. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2014, 11, 3661-3683.	1.3	29
94	Where does the carbon go? A model-data intercomparison of vegetation carbon allocation and turnover processes at two temperate forest free-air CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment sites. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2014, 203, 883-899.	3.5	263
95	Evaluation of 11 terrestrial carbon-nitrogen cycle models against observations from two temperate forest free-air CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment studies. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2014, 202, 803-822.	3.5	378
96	Using dynamic vegetation models to simulate plant range shifts. <i>Ecography</i> , 2014, 37, 1184-1197.	2.1	89
97	Modeling forest dynamics along climate gradients in Bolivia. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2014, 119, 758-775.	1.3	24
98	Which is a better predictor of plant traits: temperature or precipitation?. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2014, 25, 1167-1180.	1.1	323
99	The influence of interspecific interactions on species range expansion rates. <i>Ecography</i> , 2014, 37, 1198-1209.	2.1	196
100	Comprehensive ecosystem model-data synthesis using multiple data sets at two temperate forest free-air CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment experiments: Model performance at ambient CO <sub>2</sub> concentration. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2014, 119, 937-964.	1.3	95
101	12,000-Years of fire regime drivers in the lowlands of Transylvania (Central-Eastern Europe): a data-model approach. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2013, 81, 48-61.	1.4	104
102	Risk assessment for Iberian birds under global change. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2013, 168, 192-200.	1.9	32
103	How can we bring together empiricists and modellers in functional biodiversity research?. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2013, 14, 93-101.	1.2	24
104	Coupling a physiological grazer population model with a generalized model for vegetation dynamics. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2013, 263, 92-102.	1.2	35
105	Forest water use and water use efficiency at elevated CO <sub>2</sub> : a model-data intercomparison at two contrasting temperate forest FACE sites. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2013, 19, 1759-1779.	4.2	314
106	Millennial Climatic Fluctuations Are Key to the Structure of Last Glacial Ecosystems. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e61963.	1.1	43
107	Tree Migration-Rates: Narrowing the Gap between Inferred Post-Glacial Rates and Projected Rates. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e71797.	1.1	110
108	Biotic modifiers, environmental modulation and species distribution models. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2012, 39, 2179-2190.	1.4	48

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109	Connecting dynamic vegetation models to data – an inverse perspective. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2012, 39, 2240-2252.	1.4	144
110	A physiological analogy of the niche for projecting the potential distribution of plants. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2012, 39, 2132-2145.	1.4	68
111	Trends in biomass burning in the Carpathian region over the last 15,000 years. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2012, 45, 111-125.	1.4	69
112	Refugee species: which historic baseline should inform conservation planning?. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2012, 18, 1258-1261.	1.9	24
113	Specialization of Mutualistic Interaction Networks Decreases toward Tropical Latitudes. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2012, 22, 1925-1931.	1.8	290
114	Why Would Plant Species Become Extinct Locally If Growing Conditions Improve?. <i>International Journal of Biological Sciences</i> , 2012, 8, 1121-1129.	2.6	4
115	Reconstructing range dynamics and range fragmentation of European bison for the last 8000 years. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2012, 18, 47-59.	1.9	51
116	Potential implications of future climate and land cover changes for the fate and distribution of persistent organic pollutants in Europe. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2012, 21, 64-74.	2.7	18
117	Increasing range mismatching of interacting species under global change is related to their ecological characteristics. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2012, 21, 88-99.	2.7	152
118	Projecting the future distribution of European potential natural vegetation zones with a generalized, tree species-based dynamic vegetation model. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2012, 21, 50-63.	2.7	372
119	Towards novel approaches to modelling biotic interactions in multispecies assemblages at large spatial extents. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2012, 39, 2163-2178.	1.4	340
120	Restoring Broadleaved Forests in Southern Sweden as Climate Changes. <i>World Forests</i> , 2012, , 373-391.	0.1	10
121	Species Richness-Environment Relationships of European Arthropods at Two Spatial Grains: Habitats and Countries. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e45875.	1.1	13
122	Agro-climatic resources and challenges to food production in Cameroon. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2011, 26, 251-273.	1.7	12
123	The Contribution of Vegetation and Landscape Configuration for Predicting Environmental Change Impacts on Iberian Birds. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e29373.	1.1	46
124	Effect of climate-driven changes in species composition on regional emission capacities of biogenic compounds. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2011, 116, n/a-n/a.	3.3	16
125	TRY – a global database of plant traits. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2011, 17, 2905-2935.	4.2	2,002
126	Structuring sustainability science. <i>Sustainability Science</i> , 2011, 6, 69-82.	2.5	421



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127	Impacts of changing frost regimes on Swedish forests: Incorporating cold hardiness in a regional ecosystem model. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2010, 221, 303-313.	1.2	24
128	Multiple stressors on biotic interactions: how climate change and alien species interact to affect pollination. <i>Biological Reviews</i> , 2010, 85, 777-795.	4.7	259
129	Holocene land-cover reconstructions for studies on land cover-climate feedbacks. <i>Climate of the Past</i> , 2010, 6, 483-499.	1.3	214
130	Modelling exploration of the future of European beech ( <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L.) under climate change – Range, abundance, genetic diversity and adaptive response. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2010, 259, 2213-2222.	1.4	206
131	Masting behaviour and dendrochronology of European beech ( <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L.) in southern Sweden. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2010, 259, 2160-2171.	1.4	112
132	Challenges in elevated CO <sub>2</sub> experiments on forests. <i>Trends in Plant Science</i> , 2010, 15, 5-10.	4.3	46
133	Last glacial vegetation of northern Eurasia. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2010, 29, 2604-2618.	1.4	103
134	Disentangling the effects of climate and people on Sahel vegetation dynamics. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2009, 6, 469-477.	1.3	97
135	European emissions of isoprene and monoterpenes from the Last Glacial Maximum to present. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2009, 6, 2779-2797.	1.3	37
136	Determinants of local ant (Hymenoptera: Formicidae) species richness and activity density across Europe. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2009, 34, 748-754.	1.1	12
137	Water limitation prevails over energy in European diversity gradients of sheetweb spiders (Araneae: Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rggT /Overlo	1.2	8
138	An ecosystem model-based estimate of changes in water availability differs from water proxies that are commonly used in species distribution models. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2009, 18, 304-313.	2.7	52
139	Alien species in a warmer world: risks and opportunities. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2009, 24, 686-693.	4.2	1,031
140	Effects of human land-use on the global carbon cycle during the last 6,000 years. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2008, 17, 605-615.	1.0	136
141	Links between Terrestrial Primary Production and Bacterial Production and Respiration in Lakes in a Climate Gradient in Subarctic Sweden. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2008, 11, 367-376.	1.6	87
142	Effects of species composition, land surface cover, CO <sub>2</sub> concentration and climate on isoprene emissions from European forests. <i>Plant Biology</i> , 2008, 10, 150-162.	1.8	87
143	Exporting the ecological effects of climate change. <i>EMBO Reports</i> , 2008, 9, S28-33.	2.0	6
144	CO <sub>2</sub> fertilization in temperate FACE experiments not representative of boreal and tropical forests. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2008, 14, 1531-1542.	4.2	276

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145	Exploring climatic and biotic controls on Holocene vegetation change in Fennoscandia. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2008, 96, 247-259.	1.9	122
146	Next generation of elevated [CO <sub>2</sub> ] experiments with crops: a critical investment for feeding the future world. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2008, 31, 1317-1324.	2.8	154
147	Incorporating the effects of changes in vegetation functioning and CO <sub>2</sub> on water availability in plant habitat models. <i>Biology Letters</i> , 2008, 4, 556-559.	1.0	41
148	Predicting global change impacts on plant species' distributions: Future challenges. <i>Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics</i> , 2008, 9, 137-152.	1.1	966
149	MACIS: Minimisation of and Adaptation to Climate Change Impacts on Biodiversity. <i>Gaia</i> , 2008, 17, 393-395.	0.3	10
150	Process-based estimates of terrestrial ecosystem isoprene emissions: incorporating the effects of a direct CO <sub>2</sub> -isoprene interaction. <i>Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics</i> , 2007, 7, 31-53.	1.9	276
151	A global inventory of N <sub>2</sub> O emissions from tropical rainforest soils using a detailed biogeochemical model. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , 2007, 21, .	1.9	136
152	CO <sub>2</sub> inhibition of global terrestrial isoprene emissions: Potential implications for atmospheric chemistry. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , 2007, 34, .	1.5	111
153	Palms tracking climate change. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2007, 16, 801-809.	2.7	126
154	Changes in European ecosystem productivity and carbon balance driven by regional climate model output. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2007, 13, 108-122.	4.2	135
155	Uncertainties in projected impacts of climate change on European agriculture and terrestrial ecosystems based on scenarios from regional climate models. <i>Climatic Change</i> , 2007, 81, 123-143.	1.7	304
156	Dynamic Global Vegetation Modeling: Quantifying Terrestrial Ecosystem Responses to Large-Scale Environmental Change. , 2007, , 175-192.		222
157	THE IMPORTANCE OF AGE-RELATED DECLINE IN FOREST NPP FOR MODELING REGIONAL CARBON BALANCES. , 2006, 16, 1555-1574.		116
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